## Scientific American.

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Improvements in the Use of Steam.

American," the Report of the Rumford Com-James Frost, of Brooklyn.

vard University, directing the interest thereof ledge may reasonably lead men to form a very ets, large and small, were formed by certain to be distributed to any discoverer of new correct opinion of what may be the results; laws, no sane man will doubt for a moment, for and useful properties of heat, and Mr. Frost still, it is experiment, fairly and fully tried, not the great Creator works by means. But what submitted his invention to the faculty of the for a day nor an hour, but for weeks and is a law but the flat of an intelligent being, con-University claiming the honorary reward. The months, that can alone settle the whole of the sequently the laws which reign in the unidiscovery claimed was new properties asserted, economical questions involved—fuel being but verse, which formed the stars and which guide gacity in cultivating the good will of Amerito be acquired by steam when heated apart one of them. We hope and trust, however, that them in their courses, as they did not create from water. The University turned the sub- the invention will prove to be perfectly sucject over to the Rumford Committee named, cessful, and if so, we anticipate an increased Divine Creator and Governor's will. which ignored the claims of the discoverer in | speed in our Atlantic steamers. Thus if the a curt manner. On pages 179 and 195, same saving of fuel amount to fifty per cent.—as ] Volume "Sci. Am." we illustrated Mr. Frost's the consumption of coal is now about eighty on the night of January 1, 1801. Other experiments, and brought the subject prominitums per day, and a voyage ten days-no less planets have been known from the earliest ently before the public. A patent had been than four hundred tuns offreight—deadweight times. New Asteroids have been discovered denied in Washington, but one was obtained in -will be saved, which ought to shorten the from time to time, especially of late years, and England, and E. K. Collins, Esq., after some voyage one day at least. Viewing this quest there are nowknown to be no less than twentyexperiments made for his own satisfaction, paid tion in all its bearings, and looking with hope | nine of them, and perhaps as many more may the discoverer some consideration for its use. to new and important achievements in ocean yet be discovered. Those men who overlook On the 25th of May, 1853, C. E. and S. Weth- navigation, we cannot but lament that so little ered, of the city of Baltimore, obtained a pat- credit has been given to the man who brought ent for the use of common steam and super- the subject before the public, and whose mind heated steam (Frost's "Stame,") in combina- first conceived the project of heating steam tion, for actuating engines, thus showing that apart from water for motive purposes :- we alits management, it being for some years before in vain for the record of any other person so the very important information "that it was feet. They were tested in every possible way, notoriously tyranical and despotic. With Mr. Messrs. Wethered, a new impulse, it is stated, is about to be given to steamnavigation, where-

Important operations have been going on for some time in the Collins' steamer "Arctic," for the purpose, we understand, of using stame and steam combined, instead of simple steam, as heretofore. A portion of steam, after being generated in the boiler, is carried by pipes N.Y. "Herald" of the 20th inst., claims to be portant to know that M. Mass, a very polite through the furnaces, when it becomes stame, and from thence passes to the steam chest, to motive power, but he does so in such a clum-the President with a glass of brandy on the be mixed with an equal portion of simple steam, before it enters the cylinders and actuates the pistons. It is asserted that by this means a saving of at least forty per cent. of fuel will be effected, amounting to no less than

must make a piston play more sweetly in a cy- ing to the same laws." Our constant readers will remember that we linder than dry super heated steam. The high published on page 24, Volume 5, "Scientific heat and dryness of stame, in licking up oil oids are composed—according to the nebular and injuring the packing, are also objections to hypothesis—being greater than the earth, he mittee of the American Academy of Arts and its use, (these are also insuperable obstacles to also says, "it cannot exceed one-fourth its Sciences, at Cambridge, Mass., of which Prof. | the use of hot air as a motive agent), - and on mass." Hosford was Chairman, on the alleged discov- a long voyage, we think, it would be objectionery of new properties in steam, by the late able, but the "Arctic" will determine this one time, have been in a state of gas, we do question fully. And here let us say, that al-Count Rumford left a sum of money to Har- though a sound judgment and scientific knowthe Patent Office had become more liberal in lude to the late Mr. Frost. We have looked Frost's discovery and the invention of the is due," is our motto, we allude thus feelingly, toilet table of the Queen at the opening of pleased with what they witnessed. by an entire revolution in the saving of fuel is ticles on the subject have appeared in other ogne." periodicals, (some anything but correct), and as transparent as his heated air.

## The Asteroids.

\$62,000 per annum to the Company. These uniformity in the Solar System, havenever for has not yet publicly transpired. It would changes in the principle of operating the en- a moment hesitated to propound the most ab- seem prudent to suppose, however, that he gines of the "Arctic," have not been hastily surd views in support of their notions. They did not, or else some public announcement undertaken. Through the spirit and liberality set out with assuming that all the matter of our would have been made of the fact. of Mr. Collins, a series of experiments were solar system was once in a state of gas, and made to test the merits of this invention in this that by cooling (where did the heat go?) and city, in the months of November and January gravity it began to whirl round faster and fastlast, upon a scale, reasonable in itself, to set- er, throwing off ring after ring, forming Nep- repairs which have been quietly making in this Provinces are rich in natural resources, and we tle the question in all its bearings. The first tune, Uranus, Saturn, Jupiter, &c.,—all of vessel for some time, have for their object the experiments were made with a stationary high them, by some method not explained, becom- employment of steam as the motive agent; the ing and intelligent mechanicians. pressure engine, kept by Mr. Collins for such ing for a while globes of fire—the larger one hot-air project having been returned, non est purposes, and were perfectly satisfactory; but; on the outside, and the others growing smaller inventus. Thus it is, "wonders will never it was resolved to test the invention on a lar- and smaller, until we arrive at Mercury. The cease," for this agent, after having extinguishger and more practical scale, and for this pur- relationship of these rings they calculated ed Watt and Fulton through the medium of pose the tug steamboat "Joseph Johnson" was with assumed gravity, and held up their theory some of our very scientific cotemporaries, for procured and fitted up on the North River, as the most beautiful and harmonious ever con-; a brief and intoxicating period, last year, has with the tubes running from the boiler through ceived. There was always one flaw in it, how- at last "fallen, fallen, fallen from its high esthe furnaces, to convey and super-heat a por- ever,—that was the space between Mars and tate," and bowed the knee to the gray-haired tion of steam and conduct it to the cylinder, Jupiter, which, according to their views, should veteran in mechanism—steam. where it was mixed with an equal portion of have contained a large planet, but instead simple steam. By this arrangement the simple thereof, it was found to contain a great number than one source, and as we have been unjustly and super-heated steam (stame) could be used of exceedingly small ones. But never at a the subject of much vituperation, for the cansingly, or combined, and they were thus tried. loss for some covert to hide their absurdities, did views we expressed in reference to the af-From tables kept by D. B. Martin, Engineer-in-1 they assumed that these small planets were the fair, we will take occasion, at an early opportu-Chief U.S. N., and furnished to B. F. Isher-remains of the large one which should be there, nity, of alluding to the subject at greater wood, Chief Engineer, who communicated a and which, by some unexplained cause, had length. paper on the subject to our respected cotem- become a mass of ruins. D. Vaughan, who porary, the "Journal of the Franklin Institute," seems to delight in marshalling the starry hosts, it appears that the economy of using the sim- and bringing them full tilt against one another, ple and super-heated steam combined, was 53½ like knights upon the tented field, settled the desk in our office for about a week, we are sa per cent. over the use of simple steam. This matter of the Asteroids to his own satisfaction, i tissied that they would not hastily pass a patwas less than by the stationary engine, in by assuming them to be formed from the col. ent bill containing so many absurd and really which the gain was 72 per cent. in saving tuel. lision of two planets (a light and a heavy one), ridiculous provisions as are embraced in the No information has been furnished respect- But the great astronomer, Le Verrier, in an one just reported by Senator James.

Instead of the matter of which the Aster-

That the matter in our solar system may, at not deny nor affirm, for no one can tell what | view recently with the Emperor surrounded by was its primitive condition; and that the planthemselves, are simply the expression of the

The discovery of the Asteroids belongs to the present century, the first having been seen common sense, in their zeal for such speculations—as the conflict of planets—are sure sooner or later to meet with discomfiture.

#### Royal and Republican Perfumes.

The London "Court Journal" announces treating steam, and as "Honor to whom honor: Mr. Higgins who had the honor of supplying the and the Committee, we understand, are well while presenting this information to our read- the Crystal Palace, with the Kensington perers, because a number of paragraphs and ar- fume, Lavender, Rose Water, and Eau de Col-

At the opening of the American Crystal Palin which much credit has been given to various | ace, President Pierce was supplied with a genparties, while the name of the real genius was erous shower of rain which compelled him to never introduced. Yea, more than this, Capt. seek a change of his wardrobe; this moment-Ericsson, in one of the most brazen-faced let- ous fact may not be familiar to our brethren ters we ever read, which was published in the across the water, and it is perhaps equally imthe first who employed super-heated steam as a Frenchman, had the honor also of supplying sy manner, that the absurdity of the claim is same occasion, it being feared that his Excellency would take cold without something to produce the re-action occasioned by the chill. Whether Mr. Barnum received any of those The Nebular hypothesists, in their efforts at | polite attentions or not at the re-inauguration,

## The "Ericsson" turned into a Steamer.

It is creditably reported in our city, that the

This information we have received from more

## Pateut Laws.

If any of the grave Senators could occupy a

ing the economy of using super-heated steam article in a late number of the "Comptes Ren-, Objections to it are coming to us from all and fully described.

(stame) alone, although we have been informed dus," entirely demolishes all such nonsense. quarters, and it gratifies our pride not a little that it is intended to use it in this state in the He says, "instead of explaining the existence to find them sustaining such views as we have "Arctic." It appears to us that a portion of of these bodies, by supposing an alteration in already presented. Let inventors be active in moisture in the steam (stame and steam mixed) the primitive system of the universe, we are remonstrating against its passage, and if they must be more profitable than the stame alone. now led to believe, rather, that they have been do not succeed in defeating it, there will be Steam in its nature is a partial lubricator, and formed regularly, like the others, and accord- some satisfaction in the consideration of having performed their duty.

#### A Sewing Machine in a Palace.

We have received information from our foreign correspondent, that the Emperor of France, has purchased the French Patent of Avery's American Sewing Machine, for 95,000 francs. The inventor, Dr. Avery, had an interhis ministers, at the Palace of St. Cloud, and he exhibited his machine amidst the plaudits of the Court. Louis Napoleon is a man of profound penetration, he can see into the merits and demerits of men and things with great rapidity, and he has displayed no small amount of saca by in the purchase of the above named patent, which was obtained through and arranged by our agents in Europe.

#### Steam Fire Engine.

A committee appointed by the Common Council of this city, has visited Cincinnati, at their own expense, for the purpose of seeing the efficiency of the Fire Department of that city. In order to show the New Yorkers what that city firemen could do, an alarm of fire was given, and in seven minutes thereafter every engine in the city was on the ground ready for work. Among these were the two steam fire engines, which were throwing streams of water in nine minutes after the torch was applied to kindle the fires under their boilers. Both engines threw eight streamsthrough three-quarter inch nozzles a distance of one hundred and twenty

### Ohio State Fair.

We understand that Joseph E. Holmes, late Superintendent of the Machinery Department of the Crystal Palace, has been appointed to superintend the Machinery Department of the next Ohio State Agricultural Fair, to be held at Newark, O., in the month of September next. The Ohio State Agricultural Society has always been distinguished for patronizing mechanical improvements; in this respect we think it has rather surpassed the one belonging to New York, which in other respects has no superior. The late Mr. Delafield, its President, however, was a warm patron of improvements in Mechanical Agriculture, as many of his communications to us can testify.

## Nova Scotia Industrial Exhibition.

An exhibition of industry is to be held in Halifax this fall, and it is expected that the adjacent Provinces will be ably represented there. We hope the mechanics and farmers of New Brunswick, Prince Edward's Island, &c., will be largely represented on the occasion. These knowthey contain agreat number of enterpris-

## Kentucky Mechanics' Fair.

It affords us pleasure to direct the attention of our inventors, mechanics, and manufacturers to the advertisement an another page, of the Kentucky Mechanics' Institute. Louisville. in relation to its next Annual Exhibition, to be held in that city on the 26th of next September. We have no doubt but the Fair will be conducted ably and to the satisfaction of exhibitors. The mechanics of Louisville have a high character for skill and intelligence, and whatever they undertake to do, they perform with credit to themselves, their city, and State.

## New Pavement.

Nassau street opposite the Custom House is in a state of civil blockade in consequence of the laying down of a new cast-iron pavement for the purpose of testing its qualities. It appears to be an excellent invention for the purpose, and we hope it may prove itself to be so. Those who have any desire to learn its character can do so by referring to page 244, Vol. 8, "Scientific American," where it is illustrated