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LIST OF PATENT CLAIMS

lasged from the United States Patent Office FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 2, 1853

FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUG. 2, 1853 REED MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS-By J. A Bazin, of Canton. Mass : I claim, in the construction of or gans, reed, and other similar instruments of music, first, fatting the thirds. sixths. and sevenths of the scale by means of the regulating cylinder, construc-ted as described, or by any other analogous contri-vance, as set forth. Second, the valve, constructed, as described, of the two parts, with the two springs or their equivalents, in combination with the perforated plate, for the purpose of sounding the note fiat or sharp, as set forth Third, the combination and arrangement of the sliding bar, the buttons, the bent wires, by which

Third, the combination and arrangement of the sliding bar, the buttons, the bent wires, by which means the key board may be unlocked and moved in either direction by one hand, as set forth. Fourth, I claim the use of two or more wind-chests in the same instruments, for the purpose of providing a separate supply of air for the bass and treble notes, as set forth. Fifth, the peculiar arrangement of the bellows and wind-chests, the latter being placed below the former, and communicating with the reed box by means of flexible passages passing up through the bellows, as described. which arrangement of parts evables me to make use of two wind chests, as set forth. forth

Sixth, hanging the pedal with a movable fulcrum to prevent friction upon the foot, and to enable it to be operated with more ease and convenience, as set forth.

Seventh, the construction and arrangement of the air passages above and below the reed as described, for the purpose of admitting the air, and permitting it to escape at the butt end of the reed, as set forth

it to escape at the butt end of the reed, as set forth Eighth, the presser bar, so constructed and ar-ranged, as to keep down the rear portion of all the valves, while their frontportion is left free to be operated by the keys, thereby modifying the tone of all the notes of the instrument, as set forth.

SEED PLANTERS-By G. W. Brown, of Tylerville Ill Ante-dated Feb. 2, 1853 : I claim, first, the os-cillating horizontal wheels, or distributors, in the

cillating horizontal wheels, or distributors, in the bottom of the hoppers, having slots and holes of various sizes, in combination with the stationary caps and pins for the discharge of different kinds and quantities of seeds, as set forth. Second, I also claim the arrangement of the cov-ering rollers, mounted as described, and performing the purpose of covering the seed, elevating the cut ters, in turning around, and also in adjusting them to different depths, as set forth.

SEED PLANTERS-By Lebbens Caswell, of Harri-son, Me.: I claim placing the axle of the gauge wheels on a fulcrum, in an adjustable slide, as de-sorribed, so as to plant at any desired, and at the same time a uniform depth, as set forth.

WATER REGULATOR FOR STEAM BOILERS-By S. R. Clime, of Philadelphia, Pa.: I claim the water chambers described, and the contrivance and machinery, by which their action is aided and facilitated.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS-By H. B. Conant, of Genera, Wis.: I claim constructing the supporter with two encompassing springs, attached respective-ly at their centers to the front and hind pads (the hind spring being slightly curved upwards in the middle, and the front spring correspondingly curved downward, and both springs straight on their flat sides, as described, and unting said springs at their adjacent ends, with straps of adjustable lengths, whereby its pressure may be varied at pleasure, and the same supporter worn by persons of different si-zes, as set forth. zes, as set forth.

having the requisite spaces between them, as de scribed.

chines, and has been in successful operation, in this

Flax Culture in Indiana does not admit the products of combustion [See notice of this invention on page 204, Vol. 8 Mr. R. T. Brown, of Crawfordsville, in a from the fire to mix with the vapors or gas-Sci. Am] communication to Governor Wright, Presies evolved in the process of calcination, as ARRANGEMENT OF PIPES FOR HOT BLAST FUR-NACES- By Jesse Young, of Franklin Furdace, Ohio : d claim the arrangement of a series of angular hori zonata blocs, three short vertical connecting pipes. a lip or lips. at the end of each section. to ensure the bolt holes, and other corresponding parts to come and rest opposite to each other, as each suc dent of the Indiana State Board of Agriculsuch products would render these vapors unfit zontal pipes, three short vertical connecting pipes, which also serve as supports or pedestals, and a hol-low base, through which the cold air passes into the pipes, and upon which hollow base the pipes rest, by which arrangement the air is made to pass slowly through the pipes and base, and is exposed a sufficient length of time to the action of the heat to become heated with a small expenditure of fuel. or the manufacture of sulphuric acid. With ture, savs come and rest opposite to each other, as each suc ceeding section is sunk to its place; and when th-structure is made to rest upon a graded bottom, as the work progresses, and is held thereto by superin cumbent weight, when completed. I do not claim any one, or any number of the elements specified, except in combination with all the others, nor when used for any other purpose than that specified "I send you enclosed a few samples of flax the chamber, furnace, or retort employed, he cotton presented to me by the Hon. H. L. connects suitable flues or pipes, to carry away the vapors, in which he condenses the vola-Ellsworth, of Lafayette. Mr. Ellsworth has tized metals, while the sulphurous vapors are secured the machinery necessary for the manufacture of cotton, and will have it in opecarried away to suitable chambers, and pro-TEMPLES FOR LOOMS-By J. A. Scholfield, of Westerly, R I: I claim the application of a sta tionary spur plate, to the temple, with the pins in said plate inclined at an angle to the breast beam, so as to allow the cloth to be drawn down over the tops of said pins, as the lay beats up, and from their inclination, preventing the cloth from receding, du ring the backward motion of the lay, as described. [This is a valuable invention, and one which will ceeded with in the ordinary manner of obtainration early in the season. He has on hand enhance the iron interests at the West very extenthe stem grown on 120 acres last season, ing sulphuric acid from them. sively. See brief description of this invention of When sulphuric acid is not needed, the prowhich, from experiments already made, will. page 107, Vol. 8.) he supposes, yield about 300 pounds per acre cess of calcination may be much facilitated, MANUFACTURE OF PAPER STUFF-By J T. Coupier MANDFACTURE OF PAPERSTUFF-By J T. Coupier & M. A C Mullier, of Paris, France – By atented in France, May 7, 1551: We do not claim the use of al-kaises in the treatment of regetable fiber for the pre-paration of paper pulp; nor do we claim the indivi-dual parts of the apparatus employed in our process But we claim first, the process described, of redu-cing straw and other similar regetable matters into pulp for making paper, said process consisting in ap-plying and circniating the solution of the hyorate of soda or potash in the manuer described, and at or about the strength indicated, in combination with of cotton similar to No. 2 of the enclosed speby introducing a much larger quantity of air, which will be an advantage to the smelters. cimens. The expense of reducing the fibre STEAM BOILERS-by John M. Reeder, of Memphis, STEAM BOILERS-OY Join M. Reeder, of Memphas, Tenn : I claim the application to steam boilers of a stem and the two valves, and the mode of their ope-ration, which will, at ary given pressure, allow the water in the boilers, to pass freely on the fire un derneath them, thereby retaining the steam and pre-vent explosion. as described. to this state, after the stem is produced, is The inventor also proposes to use a portion of heated oxygenated air at times, to assist about two cents per pound, which, at the usual price of cotton (10 cents) will leave eight the calcination of metallic ores. [Condensed and selected from the "London cents per pound, or \$24 per acre for the farmer who produces it. To this must be added Mechanics' Magazine." MACHINES FOR MAKING SPIKES-By J. R. Rich-

ardson. Jas. Waterman, & Ebenezer Wilder, of New Oastle, Pa.: We claim, first, the manner of forming the point of the spike, as described, viz, by means of the combination of the wide dies, reating on the discs of the rollers, and the pointing rollers, arran-ged as set forth. Second we claim slightly withdrawing the header.

ged as set forth. Second, we claim slightly withdrawing the header, after the head is completed. for the purpose of re-lieving the jaws from its pressare, before they begin to open, and holding it in that position, with the spike head therein, until the jaws are opened, and the movable jaw and die are nearly or quite withdrawn from the spike, then withdrawing the header to its farthest notifung the soliton the dies. also sing the spike to farthest position from the dies, allowing the spike to fall, thus causing the header to perform the duty of a clearer, as described.

a creater, as described. Third, we claim the combination of the cutting guide loop, the cutter and the holder, as construct ed and operating with the movable jaw and movable die, for the purpose of cutting off the blank at suf ficient distance from the ends of the dies to leave

Geient distance from the ends of the dies to leave material for the head, and carrying it over to the stationary jaw, at the same operation, as described Fourth, we also claim attaching the gauge firmly to the carriage of the pointing rollers. So that it will be withdrawn as the point is drawn out by the roll-ers. and returned to its position, when the pointers are withdrawn without any other mechanism to ac-tuateit, as described.

[See description of this excellent machine onpage 188, Vol. 8, Sci. Am]

ATMOSPHERIC TELEGRAPH AND RAILWAY-By I A Richardson of Boston, Mass. Patented in Erg land Dec 7, 1852: I claim, first, the check plate, consisting of three pieces, two being stationary, and the third or middle one, rerolving between them, air tight, constructed as described, or in any manner substantially the same, and for the purposes set forth forth.

Second, the turn table constructed as described, of

Second, the turn table constructed as described, of the ring and its station box, in combination with the two rings, or their equivalents. as set forth. Third, the method of announcing the arrival of the plunger, by means of the compression of the air within the cylinder at the instant of the arrival of the plunger, ogerating through the orifice in the cy linder, the waive, and the hammer, as described, or in any other manner equivalent thereto, the com-pressed air beiog the agent. Fourth, I claim the combination of the pendant lever with the valve and spring, or anologous devi-ces, by which means the valve is drawn up to its seat when no longer kept open by the pressure of the atmosphere, and firmly locked in that position, until the lever is again tripped by the passing plun-ger or load.

ger or load.

[See engravings of this invention on page 265, Vol. 81

PRINTING PRESSES—By S. P. Ruggles, of Boston, Mass Ante-dated Feb 2, 1853 : I claim the combi-nation of the adjustable gauge with the diverging spriogs for catching and guiding the edge of the sheet when it is sliding to its position, as described. INDICATING THE HEIGHT OF WATER IN STEAM

BOILERS-By Nathan Thompson, Jr, of Williams-burgh, N. Y.: I do not claim either floats or valves, or chambers or levers as my invention, nor the com-bination of a float within a boiler, with indicators or alarms.

I claim the method, as described, of slowing and I claim the method, as described, of slowing and stopping the main engine, by means of a float, or its equivalent, which is governed in its position by the height of the water in the boiler, whereby I am en-abled to furnish a reliable and not to be diregarded intimation of the level of the water in the boiler. Secondly, I claim a hook and pin, or their equiva-lents in combination with a boiler float, whereby said float is prevented from acting during ordinary fluctuations of the water level, as specified.

(I'he boat is made to work the throttle valve-ED

MACHINERY FOR MAKING RAILECAD CHAIRS-By Wm. Van Anden, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y : I claim the combination of rollers with adjustable shear stocks for cutting and shaping the lups of wrought-iron railroad chairs, as set forth, and their combina-tion with the dies for that purpose. I also claim the use of a movable drop, upperhalf or female die, in combination with a stock, as set forth, and their combination with the discharging apparatus operated as set forth. I also claim the use of adjustable and removable

apparatus operated as set forth. I also claim the use of adjustable and removable benders, in bender stocks, in combination with the le-vers and came on the main shaft, for operating the same in an oblique and downward direction, and their combination with the dies and cutters for ma-

the apparatus, as described, by which means we are enabled to effect the reduction of a very large amount of pulp with a comparatively small quantity of li-quor, and preserve the requisite strength in the li-quor, and also obtain facility for its evaporation We do not claim the use of hypochlorites for bloching pulp but we also ascending the amplor

bleaching pulp, but we claim, secondly, the employ-ment of hypochlorites in the process of bleaching staw or similar vegetable matter, when process of obtaining staw or similar vegetable matter, when prepared as described, for the purpose of making taper, that is to say, using themat or about the strength set forth, viz; 3 deg-eee Baume; and we claim this degree ef strength only when employed upon such materials.

[This is a singular claim truly.]

ELASTIC TYPE FOR PRINTING ON IRREGULAR SURFACES - By Julios Herriet, of New York City, (assignor to J. Gaylord Wells, of Hartford, Ct : I claim making by casting in moulds, or by pressure plates with raised characters or figures, the entire substance of such plates being sufficiently elastic as to adapt it to printing, as described.

HOT AIR ENGINES-By A O. Willcox, of Philadel phia, Pa : I do not claim the use of renovating discs outside of the working cylinder, either when alter-nately travelling through the heated and cold air, or when stationary, and alternately transmitting heated and cold air, as I am aware such have been heater used efore used.

I claim placing the economizing discs within or at taching them to the driving piston itself, whereby I am enabled to effect the complete rarefaction of the heated air, while the piston is descending, and be-fore the cold air is again let into the cylinder, as described.

[This appears to be like Stirling's Air Piston : see page 668 "Galloway History "-ED.]

page 668 "Galloway History "-ED.] I also claim enclosing the exhaust end of each single acting working oplinder, with an air tight head, when combined with a self acting valve, which opens from said exhaust end of the cylinder into the eduction gipe, in order to exclude the external at-mosphere; and also for the double purpose of ena-bling any degree of rarefaction to take place within the exhaust end of the cylinder, without the return of air from the reservoir, and to allow the spent air finally to escape to said reservoir, as set forth. I also claim enclosing each working cylinder with-in a jacket (of any suitable materiai), regularly in-creasing in thickness from the bottom to the top, in such a manner that when it is surrounded by water or other fluid, the temperature of the workingcylin-der will be kept reduced to a proper and nearly uni-

der will be kept reduced to a proper and nearly uni-form degree (without much waste of heat), so as not to injere the lubricating fluid inside, whereby I am enabled to apply the heat of the furnace immediately under said cylinder, thus obviating the use of an expansion heater, as described.

ANTI FRIOTION BOXES - By G. T. Parry, of Spring Garden, Pa (assignor to John Rice, of Philadelphia, Pa : I claim making the rollers in the form of dou-ble frustrums reversed, and united at theirbases, and travelling in circular grooves of nearly correspond-ing form of the surfaces between which the rollers are interposed as set forth.

DESIGNS.

SEWING BIRD--By A. Gerould & J. H. Ward, of Middletown, Ot.

COOKING STOVE-By Julius Holzer, of Philadel-phia, Pa. (assignor to North, Chase & North.

A Complimentary Letter.

MESSRS. EDITORS-I cannot let this opportunity pass of thanking you for the able manner in which your paper has treated many important subjects of late. Its firm unyield. ing opposition to all forms of humbug and imposture, which come before the world under the name of "new invention," has prevented many unscientific persons from investing their property in worthless machinery. Its strict construction of such patent " claims " as have of late grown so broad as to become unjust monopolies, and threaten to retard rather than advancement of the useful arts. S. D. T.

intelligent readers; it is a spontaneous tribute -we shall always endeavor to merit such

the value of the seed, which will range from \$6 to \$8 per acre-giving a final result of \$30 at least for each acre. This is Mr. Ellsworth's calculation.

Recent Foreign Inventions.

BURNING AND APPLYING GAS.-J. Whichord, and S. E. Rosser, of London, patentees. This invention consists; firstly, in an improvement in the mode of burning and applying gas for lighting. This is effected by the introduction of a ventilating bell and tube, placed in a convenient and suitable position above the gas-burner. These are made with a trough or channel, to receive the condensation of any aqueous vapors arising from the combustion of the gases; the said trough or channel being so placed that the aqueous products can either be carried away by a pipe (or other means) or become evaporated, and driven off through the chimney when the gas is burning.

Secondly, in effecting such an arrangement of the globes, glasses, and chimneys of gas burners, as to introduce a current of cold air between the external surface of the ventilating bell or glass, and the interior of the globe which encloses the gas-burner; and also a second current between the external surface of the gas-chimney and the inner surface of the ventilating glass or bell. In this arrangement the pendent glass or bell above the burner dips down below the mouth of the surrounding globe, and at the same time descends externally below the upper orifice of the chimney of the gas-burner. By this means the atmospheric air, which can only enter at the top of the globe, is made to descend between the inner surface of the globe and the outer surface of the pendent bell, carrying with it the whole of the products of the combustion of the gas up the ventilating tube.

Thirdly, in an improved mode of applying gas for heating purposes. The gas burner of a stove is, in this case, placed within or under a tube or casing for conveying the heat through a chamber surrounded with water or other fluid. This chamber or casing is made with a trough or channel placed in a suitable position for conveying off the condensed aqueous vapors that may be formed inside the chamber by the combustion of the gases, and is so placed, that the aqueous products can be either carried away by a pipe, (or other means) or become again evaporated and carried up through the chimney. The tube or casing may be made similar to the worm of a still or refrigerator, and have its end turned down to carry the aqueous products off into a vessel placed to receive them.

SMELTING METALLIC ORES.-T. B. Smith, facilitate the business operations of the country has been of great service. It has very of Bristol (England) patentee .- This inven-RAILROAD CAR WHEELS-By T. J. Eddy, of Wa terford, N. Y. : I claim a cast-iron car wheel made in one piece, in which one end of the hub is usited to the rim by means of a disc, and the other by means of a series of spokes, as set forth. king wrought-iron railroad chairs. properly exposed the hyperbolical statements tion has reference more particularly to the Bing wrought-iron raircoa chairs. OBVIATING THE DANGER FROM STEAM BOILER BXPLOSIONS-By Stephen Waterman, of Williams-burgh, N Y.: I do not confine myself to placing the cold water reservoir on the top of the safety-chamber, as it may be placed in other positions, and instead of communicating with the safety chamber, may communicate with the steam space of the boil-er; nor do I confine myself to the particular mecha-nical means by which the tearing apart of the safety plate is made to open the communications between the water reservoir and the boiler, and eafety cham-ber of the daily press in regard to the novelty first operation in smelting sulphuret copper, and efficiency of machines and apparatus of and other ores; namely, their calcination, by PAPER RULING MACHINE-By C. S. Boynton, of New York City: I claim, first, the employment or use of the guides, by which the paper may be pro perly adjusted upon the apron, and fed underneath the pens. doubtful utility, and convinced the public that which a portion of the sulphur is expelled, Technology is a department of knowledge in and the metals they contain are oxidized .which most of our newspaper editors are sad-The inventor proposes to avoid the inconvethe pens. Second, I claim the guides or stops attached to the selvedge of the endless apron, for the purpose of elevating the pens from the paper, at required distances, according as the guides or stops are ad-justed upon the apron, and thereby causing the pa per to be ruled in lines of the desired length, and ly deficient. I wish you complete and connience and injury of the ordinary process caused by allowing the free vapors to pass tinued success in all your undertakings for the into the open air; and, by condensing the ber But I claim the combination with the safety-chamber and safety plate of a cold water reservoir, which has means of communication at the lower part with the safety chamber or steam space in the boiler, and at the upper part, with the steam space in the boiler, which said means of communication are closed when the boiler is in proper operation, by cocks, or their squivalents, which arecaused to open by the tearing apart of the safety plate in any man ner as described, for producing the effect set forth Seneca Falls, N. Y., July 30, 1853. gases which are evolved in the process in flues or pipes, to use the sulphurous vapors for The above letter is from one of our most the manufacture of sulphuric acid. For these [This is an excellent improvement on such mapurposes he uses nearly closed chambers, furnaces, or retorts, which are heated from withcity, for some time.-ED. opinions. SUBMARINE TUNNELS-By J. R. Miller, of Jersey City, N J.: I claim constructing submarine avenues by casting them in short managable sections, sink ing each successively to its place, and uniting their ends successively, by means of flanches, bolts and packing, as described, when these are combined with line of ing at the ord of each castion to apsure out, and by passing heated air into these he