Improved Patent Cart.

The inconvenience and delay which those interested experience in loading timber, calls for some remedy, and we herewith illustrate an apparatus which is designed to facilitate this business. It consists, as will be seen, of a cart having a movable tail-board, A, to which are attached the iron bars, B. These bars are fastened to the tail-board at one end; the other extremity slides through an iron box. C. which is secured to the body of the cart. There are also several reliable. They would give the weight of the mass small holes at regular intervals, into which the pin, as 23 tons, 1,924 lbs. There is but little vein rock

charcoal, and half a dozen stone-hammers were taken out; and the eastern end of the mass shows plainly that a portion has been broken off.

The average dimensions are-length, 15 feet 7 inches; width, 3 feet 7 inches (it is full 5 feet in one place); thickness, 1 foot 6 inches; giving 87.135 cubic feet. All these measurements are rather under than over the average. One measurement gave 120 cubic feet, but we consider the first figures the most



GRAMBO'S PATENT CART.

are the hooks, b, one on either side, these catch in the staples, c, provided for their reception in the bars, B. The operation of this apparatus will be very readily understood. When it is desired to secure the boards which may have been previously placed in the cart, the adjustable tail-board is drawn out to suit the required length, and the pin is then inserted in its place; the holes can be made at various distances so as to accommodate the different lengths to which timber is cut. By looking at the upper end of the tail-board on the cart, the reader will see two light iron cleats: these are provided for the reception of the tail-board seen resting against the cart wheel; this latter appurtenance, in connection with the uprights, e, permit a load as great as can be drawn by any ordinary pair of horses to be quickly and easily secured against the possibility of its working loose. This invention is a very useful one and can be made as strong as it is required to be.

A patent has been applied for through the Scientific American Patent Agency, and the patent is ordered to issue. Harrison Grambo, of No. 416 North Second street, Philadelphia, is the inventor, from whom further information can be obtained.

Large Masses of Copper.

The two great masses of copper recently discovered in the Mesnard district, Michigan, have excited considerable attention, as evidences of the inexhaustible and wonderfully productive mature of the Lake Superior copper region. Little of the first mass was above the surface when discovered, and that little was so covered by moss and small underbrush as to hardly attract attention. Upon being uncovered and the soil removed from around its sides, traces of Indian workings were found-pieces of

a, is inserted through the box and bar, as shown very attached to the block. Two pieces, one from each clearly in our engraving. Attached to the tail-board end, have been cut off the mass. Where it is cut through, the mass is pure copper, and very compact. The two pieces have been taken to the smelting works, and weighed $5\frac{1}{4}$ tuns. The second mass found was still larger, measuring 40 feet in length and 4 in breadth. It weighed about 50 tuns.

SPRAGUE'S PATENT LEVER BUCKLE.

If there is any one class of the community who are under greater obligations to our inventors than the



skaters are, we have yet to learn that fact. We illustrate herewith a new lever buckle, which is certainly a great addition to the skater's repertoire. Our engraving explains itself very fully. The frame, A, (which can be made of any metal desired, usually

brass or cast-iron, however,) has a shaft, a, through its center, over which is sprung the lever or tongue, B; this tongue is then riveted to the strap, b, at one end. The other features of the invention are not peculiar, except in the absence of holes or other devices of the kind for maintaining a rigid position of the skate or other fixture that it is intended to confine with the strap. The advantages of such a fastening as this are self-evident : it can be quickly and easily applied, the leather is not cut by holes which soon destroy its strength, and the piece confined by it can be held with any required degree of tightness. Such qualities as these should make this buckle extremely popular with skaters, and it is equally well adapted for other purposes.

The patent for this invention was procured through the Scientific American Patent Agency, May 27, 1862. Charles Goodvear. Jr., is owner of the patent, and has the buckles for sale at 345 Broadway, New York City.



VOLUME VIII.-NEW SERIES.

The publishers of this popular and cheap illustrated newspaper beg commenced. The journal will be issued in the same form and size as heretofore, and it will be the aim of the publishers to render the conthe soft of the paper more attractive and useful than ever-before. The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN has been published weekly for

eighteen years, and is the most popular and largely-circulated journal of its kind in the world. Owing to the enormous increase in the price of printing paper the

publishers are, to their regret, compelled to increase the subscription price of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN to \$3 per annum for single subscribers.

As heretofore, every number of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN will be produsely illustrated with first-lass original engravings of new in-ventions and scientific discoveries, all of which are prepared expressly for its columns

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is devoted to the interests of Popular Science, the Mechanic Arts, Manufactures, Inventions, Agriculture. Commerce, and the Industrial pursuits generally, and is valuable and instructive not only in the Workshop and Manufactory, but also in the Household, the Library and the Reading Room.

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN has the reputation, at home and abroad, of being the best weekly journal devoted to mechanical and industrial pursuits now published, and the proprietors are determined to keep up the reputation they have earned during the eighteen years they have been connected with its publication. To the Inventor !

The SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is indispensable to every inventor, as it not only contains illustrated descriptions of nearly all the best inventions as they come, but each number contains an Official Listof the Claims of all the Patents issued from the United States Patent Office during the week previous; thus giving a correct history of the progress of inventions in this country. We are also receiving, every week, the best scientific journals of Great Britan, France and Ger-many; thus placing in our possession all that is transpiring in mechanical science and art in those old countries. We shall continue to transfer to our columns copious extracts from those journals of what-ever we may deem of interest to our readers.

To the Mechanic and Manufacturer !

No person engaged in any of the mechanical pursuits should think of doing without the SCIENTFIC AMERICAN. It costs but six cents per week; every number contains from six to fen engravings of new machines and inventions which cannot be found in any other publica-tion. It is an established rule of the publishers to insert none but original engravings, and those of the first class in the art, drawn and engraved by experienced artists, under their own supervision, ex. pressly for this paper.

ressly for this paper. **TERMS.** To mail subscribers :--Three Dollars a Year, or One Dollar for four months. One Dollar and Fifty Cents pay for one complete volume of 416 pages; two volumes comprise one year. A new volume com menced on the third of January, 1863.

| CLUB RATES. | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Five Copies, for Six Months | \$6 |
| Ten Copies, for Six Months | . ЯЗ |
| Ten Copies, for Twelve Moaths | |
| Fifteen Copies, for Twelve Months | |
| Twenty Copies, for Twelve Months | 4 0 |

To all clubs of Twenty and over the yearly subscription is only 00. Names can be sent in at different times and from different \$2 00. Post-offices. Specimen copies will be sent gratis to any part of the

ountry. Western and Canadian money, or Post-office stamps, taken at par for subscriptions. Canadian subscribers will please to remit 25 cents extra on each year's subscription to pre-pay postage.

MUNN & CO., Publishers, Park Row, New York.

FROM THE STEAM PRESS OF JOHN & GRAY