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## RAIL-ROAD

Rails

We learn by the Railroad Journal that the London and North Western Railroad has recently laid down thirty miles of U rail with a longitudinal wooden sill forming a continuous wooden track. The work was done under the advice of Robert Stephenson, who was at one time the great advocate of the T rail. This is an evidence of a change in his opini-

A section of the "compound rail" of Mr. Winslow, Troy, N. Y., is on exhibition at the fair at C stle Garden. The rail, we believe has received the approbation of a great number of our engineers, and sections of various railroads have been laid with it. The only impediment in way of its further extension, we believe, is the greater price of American railroad in a present, in comparison with that of the English. People may say what they will, but every one wishes to buy in the cheapest market, and when the English railroad iron can be bought in New York for \$40 per ton, the American which cannot be produced for less than \$50 will not be bought. It is believed that Mr. Winslow will have his rail made in England next year, when it can be sent here and sold at the common price of the English iron, The greater price of labor is the greatitem of expense, we are told in making the American rail.

#### Mr. Riddle and Carpets.

Mr. Riddle, our commissioner at the Great Exhibition, in a letter to the Hon. John C. G. Kennedy thus writes about carpets:-

"Mr. Bigelow, of Boston, has given us an important accession of strength in the shape or some specimens of Brussels carpet woven upon power looms. Although various attempts have been made to adapt the power loom to carpet-weaving in England, there never has been any machinery perfected for that object. The loam apon which these carpets were woven has been sometime in use, and upwards of eight hundred hands are now employed in their manufacture. Each loom requires the attendance only of one girl, while, in the ordicarpet weaving by hand, a PATTE weaver is required in addition to another to draw. It is capable of producing four times the quantity in the same space or time as could be woven upon the hand-loom. s many colors can be used in weaving as in the ordinary Brussels carpet, and the specis show an even and regular thread, far sing the productions of the hand-loom." Our carpet weavers will see at once how fit Mr. Riddle was for his duties, by being so cleverly posted up on improvements. He is evidently 30 years behind the age.

#### The Largest Pile of Specie in the World.

According to a recent return in the Bank of France, the specie amounted to 607,000,000 francs, or about \$115,000,000. This, we believe, is the largest amount of specie ever collected together. The Bank of England has not had at any time over \$100,000,000. In France the legal currency is silver, and not gold, STEAM AND GAS FIRE ENGINE.



delphia, who has taken measures to secure a the severe work and requiring

attendance only. It is so propel itself to fires, and to work the pump dant operates the lever, L, which draws back is ignited, and the blower being in motion will drives the wheels, while the wheels by a contrivance are made to act the part of flys.

ply of boiler, and D is the blower for the fire. E E' are the wheels; F is the steam cylinder, and F' is the pump to throw water on the fire; this pump is a rotary one, and occupies but a small space. T is the suction hose, and shaft with a pinion on its lower end gearing into a segmental rack to guide the wheels, and make them turn easily. H is a circular head with indentations round it to receive the catch rod, I, which is pressed into the indentations by a spring below, to keep the pinion of the by suitable apparatus, until it contains sufficisteering apparatus secured from moving as required. K L are levers; P is the balance on which time steam can be raised to take its lintroduce it into our cities.

The Cause of the Potato Disease.

It is well known that the vines, in the south

of Europe, have this year been affected with

a disease akin to that of the potato, and the

Academy of Sciences, in Paris, has lately been

overwhelmed with communications upon the

disease under which the vines are suffering.

Most of these communications describe in de-

tail the circumstances and peculiarities of this

scourge; a few only attempt to account for it.

M. Robineau-Desvoidy seems to have disco-

vered the secret. He opposes the theory of

cause of the malady is a mite or acarus, fur-

been discovered before, may be that it has al-

and upon the blackened and decaying grapes.

These parts, affording no more nourishment to

the insect, it leaves them for more succulent

leaves, and at the points of their insertion into

the stalk. In thus discovering the probable

cause of the destruction of the grape vine, M.

Robineau explains away the mystery of the

forward the support below, which raises the wheels, like Stewart's engine, and they are of the axle of the driving wheels-this gearing is not represented, but to those acquainted U is the discharge hose with the nozzle on with mechanical devices, the mere mention of the same; G and G' is the steering gear; it it is enough. The engine is operated by a consists of a wheel above having a vertical lever to open the throttle valve in the usual

> When the engine is standing in the engine house, the boiler always contains a sufficient quantity of water to get up steam, and at the same time is charged with carbonic acid gas ent to work the engine for ten minutes in

The accompanying engraving is a view of the valve; R is the lever for operating the place, when exhausted. The kindling and a steam and gas engine for extinguishing fires, valve of the steam whistle, Q. A is a tele- fuel is laid in the fire box ready to be ignited invented by Mr. William L. Lay, of Phila- scopic smoke-pipe which can be elevated or in an instant. When an alarm of fire is given, lowered at pleasure; S is the hose carriage. the engineer mounts his seat, and by opening patent. It is intended to be the fireman's M N exhibit a combination of levers to raise the throttle valve, the engine will instantly up the back wheels off the ground when the propel itself in the direction of the fire, while

when there, by the rotary motion which the rod, M, and acting upon the joint, N, lifts raise steam in time to work the engine before the gas is used up. When the engine arrives back wheels, F', and holds up the back end of at the fire, by merely choking the fore A is the truck frame; B is a strong steam the engine, thereby allowing the wheels to wheels, and pulling the leves connected with tubular boiler; C is the water tank for sup- act the part of fly wheels to the crank of the the standards, the hind wheels will be raised piston rod. The rotary pump has two cog from the ground, and act as fly wheels when the rotary pump is put in motion by letting on driven by cog gearing attached to the inside the steam. The pump will force three or four hundred gallons of water one hundred and fifty or two hundred feet high per minute, which will extinguish any ordinary fire in a very few minutes. It is intended to use two 3 horse-power engines to do the work. The whole will weigh about one and a half tons. The Philadelphia councils are considering the propriety of having one built for the use of the city, and it is probable they will appropriate a sufficient sum for that purpose.

> The inventor wishes to sell an interest in the invention to a party or parties who will

vine. He has followed them throughout an entire season, and attributes to them, as to that of the vine, the astonishing devastation which, for the last five years, has accompanied the growth and maturity of the potato. The remedy is now to be discovered. If a microscopic insect is, in truth, the cause of these most destructive maladies, the next point is to prevent its propagation. The investigations of scientific men will now be brought to bear up-

### the microscopic fungus, and declares that the A New Feat.---Walking on an Inverted Plane.

on this eminently useful field of labor.

By invitation of Mr. Wood, we yesterday nished with a trunk, by means of which he had the pleasure of witnessing Mr. McCorextracts the sap destined for the nourishment mick's experiment of walking on an inverted and growth of the plant. With a powerful plane. The experiment was a private one magnifier, its eight feet, its head in the form of only a few persons being present, and was a beak, its shield, and abdomen, are easily dis- made under disadvantageous circumstances, tinguishable. One reason why it has never the preparations being incomplete, and the health of Mr. McC. being somewhat feeble. ways been sought for upon the affected leaves, The experiment, however, passed off to the entire satisfaction of all present. A heavy fra e was erected, with a slab of marble nine feet long at the top, the under surface being localities. It is to be looked for upon fresh polished like a mirror. We saw the experimenter mount his platform and adjust his unwieldy boots; then placing both feet against the surface of the marble, he swung himself off with his head downwards. Disconnecting one diseased potato. He has discovered mites and foot from the slab, and placing it firmly seveacarus upon the potato as well as upon the ral feet in advance of the other, he continued nication with London.

the alternate movement till he had taken ten steps, and arrived at the other end of the slab. We held our breath during the experiment, expecting, momentarily, that he would fall, but he appeared to walk as safely as a fly runs along the ceiling. After his descent, however, we noticed that he was much exhausted, owing to the excitement and exertion .- [Cincinnati Nonpareil.

[We will not believe in the above until we see it with our own eyes.

Improvement in Railroad Chairs.

Mr. Peter P. R. Hayden of Columbus, Ohio, has taken measures to secure a patent for an improvement in Railroad Chairs, which consists in forming the chair of wrought flat plate or bar iron, made with convex raised surfaces on its one side, which when the bar is cut to the required length for the formation of a chair. serve to make the lips thicker at or near the roots, when cut and bent, without incurring any extra labor, to give additional stren th at those parts.

A railway is to be built in Spain, from Santander, on the Bay of Biscay, to Valladolid. The length is about 140 miles. The line will ultimately be carried forward to Madrid, which capital, by means of a line of steamers from Southampton to the port of Santander, will then be brought in almost immediate commu-