# Scientific American.

#### For the Scientific American. The Nebular Hypothesis.

The manner in which, and the materials of of which solar systems were created, have en- much nearer to their primaries than the pri- article, as if its deadly qualities were known gaged the attention of the most expanded imaries to the sun; and the rotations of the for-i to everybody; but the truth is, everybody does minds in all ages; and we might perhaps as mer on their axes are much slower than those not know of the destructive qualities of carwell acknowledge that the subject is beyond of the latter; the length of a lunar day being bonic acid gas, nor of its still more deadlyfelour comprehension, were it not for the fact that many things which remained mysteries since man's creation, have lately been, and are being elucidated in the clearest manner. One fact of great importance is now conceded by every ingenious philosophic investigator, namely, that the Creator, like every other judicious mechanic, adapts means to ends, and employs agents to accomplish his glorious and beneficent purposes; and if "he is without variableness or shadow of turning," it is but reasonable to suppose that he always operated in the same manner.

J. B. Dodds argues that electricity contains all the elements of matter and thinks all things were created of its substance; and that it is a substance, is proved by its making holes through solid bodies when launched from the clouds. All astronomers who have explored space with powerful telescopes, state that there are in the illimitable expanse, vast bodies of ethereal matter, called nebulous, and supposed to be partially condensed electricity on account of its rarity. La Place, who took up astronomy where his predecessors had left to allow sufficient time for a more regular arit, supposes all solar systems to have been formed from this nebulous matter; and that, governed by those laws which the Creator has established to regulate all things, creation is still progressing, and new worlds are still bursting into progressive being in the following manner :- It is well known that celestial bodies have a rotary motion on their axes; and. when these partially condensed electrical masses have attained sufficient auxiliary rotary motion to create a centrifugal force that overbalances the power of cohesive attraction of the particles composing those masses, they throw off a part of their equatorial surface matter which has the greatest velocity, being farthest from their axes. This part, as well as that remaining, being yet in a fluid state, contract again into globular bodies by virtue of the attraction of aggregation inherent in every particle of matter, just as water falling from the clouds forms spherical drops. When the central mass becomes still further condensed, it throws off other planets in succession, until the central mass, which retains nearly all the uncondensed electricity, and remains as a central sun to the whole system. becomes sufficiently reduced to proportion the centrifugal force on its surface to the central force of attraction. But the parts thrown off still retaining their state of fluidity, and receiving also a rotary motion on their axes by the projectile force that casts them off. throw off parts from their equatorial regions also, and these are called moons, and rings in Saturn.

Whatever may be thought of this theory. called the nebular hypothesis, it cannot be denied that it is the only one that will account for existing facts, a few of which may be named :-

distances at which the planets are placed from their respective suns, and the secondaries, or moons, from their primary planets, show that they were cast off at different times and with

2nd. Kirkwood's Analogy-which gives a or more of the stop-cocks being left open. or two ago, advanced a theory that there were rule to calculate the lengths of their respec- This is not an uncommon occurrence; I have more than one coal basin in the Schuvlkill retive days, when the time of their revolution known ignorant persons blow out the flame of gion-that the coal strata were thrown into round the sun, or of the secondaries around a gas burner, as they would a lamp, and have saddles at a number of places, where the their primaries, is given, and vice versa-con- also known of their turning the key so as ms would be found very deep, and near the very pleasant, the evening mild and serene, firms the nebular hypothesis, by showing that to extinguish the light, and then throw the surface. Recent experiments have demonand so continued formany days. the projectile force with which they were cast pipe open again, or partially so. In the artistrated the correctness of his theory. "A peroff, gave them a rotation on their axes propor- | cle referred to, it is hinted that many diseases pendicular proof shaft," says the Philadelphia Monument to the Founder of the Smithsonian tional to their orbital velocities, and to the are caused by inhaling gas that escapes through Institute. Ledger, "has just been sunk in the red-ash Dr. Stone, the sculptor, has prepared a delarger planets the greater rotary motion pro- leaky pipes. This is not so; the inhalation range, below St. Clair, on Mr. Carey's land, of carburetted hydrogen in minute quantities, portional to their sizes. sign for the monument to Smithson, to be which, after passing through the two middle 3rd. Every person knows that the larger a never produced any disease whatever. It is placed in the Institute grounds. It is to be grey-ash veins, has, at the depth of 400 feet unable to support combustion or respiration; heated body is, the longer it requires to cool nineteen feet in height-the pedestal ten, and from the surface, revealed the first big whitethe statue nine. The space between the (to radiate its heat); and we are accordingly this is the reason why life is lost by it, still ash vein, 28 feet thick, and of splendid qualiplinth and frieze is six feet. From this cylinformed that the larger planets, which were that does not prove it to be poisonous. I ty; which was the thing to be demonstrated.' of course cast off before the earth was, have speak of its inhalation in very minute quantiindrical plane, projects four allegorical groups in basso-relievo, representing young Freedom, not yet lost sufficient of their primeval heat to ties, for in no other condition will it be inha-News From Europe in Five Days. condense them down to the consistency of led by any consumer of gas for one day. Men The authorities of Newfoundland have emblematic of America in the progression of granted to Mr. H. B. Tibbitts and associates. development to maturity. The frieze itself water on our globe; and they may therefore engaged in the manufacture of gas are very carries out and completes the minorities of the equire many ages yet to become habitable for healthy, in general, and as a gas fitter, and of New York, the exclusive right to construct such beings as we are: the density of Jupiter <sup>1</sup> while engaged in the works, I have inhaled <sup>1</sup> and use the magnetic telegraph across that <sup>1</sup> allegory, and alone is worth close study.

and Uranus being about one-fifth, and of Saturn one-tenth that of the earth.

4th. The secondary planets are located the same as of a lunar month.

the plane of the equator (equinoctial, rather) combustion of charcoal; all persons ought to of the sun, and those of the secondaries do not vary very much from the planes of the equi-their children among their household words. noctials of their respective primaries, except | These facts would be more generally under-Uranus; and all revolve in planes which cut stood, if people, instead of reading works of the bodies around which they move into two fiction, which have a pernicious tendency, equal parts, through their centres; but it is easily understood that, if the mass cast off by rican. a central body were to separate more from one side of its equator than from the other side, the axis of that central body might be somewhat changed.

6th. The heat and consequent fluidity of the sun must have been much greater when the primary planets were thrown off, than that of the primaries when they cast off their moons; and these latter being so much smaller than the former, would therefore cool much sooner. and nitrogen, which last named gas is as unfit We find, accordingly, that the mountains on | to support life as carburetted hydrogen. Supour moon are much higher in proportion to her size than the mountains on the earth,showing that the moon cooled so fast as not rangement of her surface matter.

7th. On the supposition that the earth was once in a fluid state, Newton calculated that, in consequence of the centrifugal force generated by her rotation, her equatorial diameter must be longer than the polar, while the French mathematicians contended for the contrary; but, when the question was atterwards decided by measurement, it was found that Newton's ratio of the two diameters was as nearly right as the data on which his calcuation was founded, would allow.

I have given the merest sketch of a subject ou which a volume might be written, and at which many still sneer, without attempting a scientific argument against this hypothesis but the more the proofs above stated are contemplated and compared with the laws of inertia and motion, the clearer and stronger will the evidence in favor of the nebular hypothesis appear. H. R. SCHETTERLY. Howell, Mich.

## [For the Scientific American.] Gas and Leakage of Pipes.

In the case mentioned on page 179, this volume of the Scientific American, whereby a number of persons lost their lives by inhaling a great quantity of gas which had escaped from pipes, the question may be asked, "how did so much gas escape on that particular night-did the pipes burst ?" .A gas pipe never bursts from the simple pressure of the gas, for the pressure is very limited, while the pipes, being so small, are very strong. A large leak could be detected during the day, by the offensive odor and suffocating nature of the gas. I admire the goodness and wisdom of the Creator in giving us this useful agent for illuminating our streets and dwellings, and en-1st. The greatly varying and progressive | dowing it with qualities which make it a good servant, and from becoming our master by the warning it gives of its presence in any dangerous quantity. As a practical man of twenty years' experience, I give it as my opinion that the accident referred to, was caused by one

effect.

Carbonic acid gas is mentioned in the said low, "carbonic oxide." People in general do 5th. The orbits of the planets lie nearly in not know that both gases are given off by the know this; parents should teach this fact to would read suchworks as the Scientific Ame-

> The gas used for general illumination is named "carburetted hydrogen," from its being composed of carbon (charcoal) in a gaseous state, and hydrogen gas. While undergoing combustion, the carbon unites with the oxygen of the atmosphere, and forms carbonic acid gas; the hydrogen unites with the oxygen of the atmosphere and forms vapor of water. The atmosphere is composed of oxygen posing one volume of gas to have been consumed in lighting a room, it requires the oxygen of fifteen volumes of air for its combustion, and it thus leaves in the atmosphere two volumes of carbonic acid gas, twelve volumes of nitrogen, and two volumes of vapor of water-in all sixteen volumes of gases unfit for respiration. This does not apply to gas alone, but to the combustion of all hydro-carbonsoil, tallow, and wax lights. We should be taught by this how important a subject that of "ventilation" is; it is not generally understood, and therefore not generally appreciated. W. Colinson. Yours,

New York.

Testimony to the Value of the Meat Biscuit. MESSES. EDITORS-In a recent number of Biscuit," invented by a Texian gentleman by the name of Borden. Having had an opportunity to test the qualities of the Extract Meat, as it is sometimes called, I am induced. through your columns (if you please), to add my testimony to its merits. I have used it not only at my table, but have prescribed it frequently for several months past, as an article of diet, for a variety of diseases. Being, by a peculiar process, dispossessed of the tendinous portions of the meat (of which it is mainly composed), renders it very easy of digestion, and when taken into the stomachs of dyspeptic individuals. instead of experiencing the general sense of refreshment and restitution of the tree. vigor. As an article of diet, tor a person under any circumstances afflicted with indigestion, observation has forced upon me the conviction that it is invaluable. I have prescri-

bed it as diet for the convalescent with results equally happy to the patient and satisfactory to myself. The inventor is to me a stranger but I trust he will pardon the liberty which I take in calling the attention of the medical faculty to the Meat Biscuit. Try it, gentle-E. W. Spafford, M. D. men.

Portlandville, N. Y., April 3, 1852.

#### New Theory of Coal Basins.

different projectile forces. A Mr. McGinnes, of Pottsville, Pa., a year

it, in great quantities, without any injurious | island, for the period of thirty years. The grant is designed to facilitate Mr Tibbitts in his scheme for the establishment of steam and telegraphic communication between New York and Liverpool, or London, in five days. The telegraph is to extend from New York to St. Johns, from whence a line of steamers is to run to Galway, where another line of telegraph is to commence, extending to London. This latter line will, it is said, be completed during the current year. The distance from St. Johns to Galway, is 1,647 miles, or about five days' sail.

### The Telegraph in Mexico.

MESSRS. EDITORS-I came out here last summer, from Philadelphia, for the purpose of constructing and carrying on the Electro-Magnetic Telegraph. We had 130 miles completed by the first of November, extending the line from the city of Mexico to Nopalucan, and taking in its course the city of Puebla. We have men at work completing it to Vera Cruz; our materials are on the ground, and even considering that the country is one of difficulties, we hope to be able to extend the electric spark to the eastern coast by the middle of April next-after which it is contemplated to extend other lines throughout the Republic. This is the first and only successful new improvement that has as vet been introduced into this country, and it bids fair to be both profitable and useful, and may doubtless be regarded as a stepping-stone to other national improvements. WM. MCREA. City of Mexico, Feb. 25, 1852.

#### Freezing of Vegetables.

Contrary to the general opinion, treezing is not necessarily destructive of life in vegetables. At Charles Island, in Hudson's Bay, according to Captain James, the trees had to be thawed by fire before they could be cut down, and there is no doubt that the roots are as well frozen as the stem since the vegetation prospers in Siberia, where the following observations have been made :- A well was dug your paper I noticed an article upon "Meat 400 feet deep, and the temperature at 50 feet was 18° Fah., at 77 feet 19°, at 119 feet 22°, at 300 feet 28°, at 382 feet 31°. At this place the ground is frozen to the depth of 400 feet; the cold reaches 58° below zero, and the mean temperature of the two winter months is 40° below zero. During the 128 days during which there is no frost, the strata of eternal ice are never thawed to a greater depth than 3 feet.-[Ex.

[It is not a general opinion in the United States, that freezing is destructive to vegetable life. Every man who has lived in the northern States knows better. His axe, if he has ever made the forest bow beneath his sturdy usual train of distressing symptoms, to which stroke, has told him oftentimes of the comthey are subject after their meals, they feel a plete penetration of frost into the interior of

#### Curious Phenomenon.

A phenomenon at sea is thus described by Capt. Leslie, of the bark Guilford :- Arrived at Rio. Feb. 10th, in lat. 27.00 N., long 61.00 W. in the northern board near the constellation of Ursa Major, the sky from N. to N. E. by E., assumed the most beautiful appearance I have ever witnessed. It appeared as if a vast volcano, bursting suddenly out beyond the visible horizon, threw its retulgent shadows on the sky to the altitude of 25° to 30°, producing the most vivid colors, some of the brightest scarlet, others of the most beautiful yellow, intermixed with streaks and columns of fire. The whole producing one of the most grand and beautiful phenomena imaginable. Its duration was ten minutes, at the end of that time it gradually vanished and finally was lost to view. The weather had been

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