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## Galston＇s Double Force Horse Powrer．

 Mr．Maltby Gelston，of East Haddam，Ct． has invented an improvement in horse－power machines，for which he has taken measures to secure a patent．The invention has been ex－ hibited in this city，and has attracted consid． erable attention．The nature of the improve－ ment consists in enabling the horse，or animal employed，not only to employ his drawing or muscular power，but his gravity or weight as he moves round，is also applied at every point of his progress．The lever which the horse is attached to，is connected by a crank to a ver－ tical shaft，which communicates the power by gearing to other machinery．The circular plat－ form on which the animal treads does uot noveround，but it has a downward swaying motion，like that of a top，by the weight of the animal，which acts on the end of a lever secured to an eccentric pin attached to the dri－ ving crank of the lever，to which the animal is attached and which it draws：this is the principle of the action．Two animals may draw abreast，but it is intended for a simple and cheap single horse or dog power．This machine is now on exhibition at the Baltimor Mechanics Institute Fair．Regulator for Hydraulic Rams．
Mr．Joseph Osborn，of Hamden，New Ha－ ven Co．，Conh．，has invented some improve－ ments on hydraulic rams，which are worthy of attention，and for which he has taken mea sures to secure a patent．At the fountain head he employa a reservoir，in which there is a float conemected to an angle iron，which is again connected to a wire extending to a lever of the ram．This wire，by the float rising and falling，operates the valve of the machine，so that it does not require to be weighted，yet it govems the discharging orifice with the ut－ most eraetness，as required；it also worms a hammer，which is thrown out of gear when the valve is working，but when the valve is shut for some time，and for some cause may have become fastened in its socket，the ham－ mer，by the float being at a oertain height，ac－ tuates the lever，and brings down the hammer on the stem of the valve，thus setting it free and putting it into action

Revolving Cylinder Steam Engine． Mr．A．A．Wilder，of Detroit，Michigan，has invented an engine，the nature of which is de－ signated by the caption above，and for which he has taken measures to secure a patent．It has no valves，strictly speaking，the steam be－ ing cut off and let on in a pipe which forms a side gudgeon or trunnion at the middle of the cylinder．The piston rod is connected by a crank pin to a long crank，the shaft of which is set at such a distance on the other side of the cylinder as enables the piston rod and throw of the crank to obviate the dead points． An engine constructed on this principle is now in operation，and it has created no small sen－ sation among engineers and others who have seen it．We have seen a number of certifi－ cates from distinguished men，all of whom speak in no stinted terms of Mr．Wilder＇s in－ vention．

Apparatus to Meesure a Ship＇s Leeway．
Mr．Wilder is also the inventor of an instru ment for indicating the leeway which a ship makes at ses．It is a stompe instrument having a vane attached to its lower end connected by a spring and rod passing up through a tube to a pointer and index above， so as to indicate by the pointer the leeway of the ship．The vane is set on a line parallel with the keel．This instrument has been test－ ed on Lake Erie and has been highly spoken of by the Detroit papers．Measures have been taken to secure a patent．

Dr．W．H．Stenson，practical dentist，Bal－ timore，has constructed a clock which keeps the time of day，day of the week，day of the month，and also the name of the month．But the most peculiar feature is，it keeps the odd days of the month，and also leap year，and the odd minutes of every moon，so that it never requires setting．The hours are struck by an armed warrior．
$\stackrel{\text { arm }}{\square}$
tell whether there is any irregular action any organ，and by other passes of the hands rectify the disturbance．The Post says it has seen Mr．Harrington＇s skill tested in one case with remarkable success on his part．He is about to visit this city to explain the nature o his new process．
［This we suppose is to be a revival of the ld metic cure syan，which the luxuriantly for a brief space，about 40 years ago．］

## REUBEN RICH＇S CENTRE VENT WATER WHEEL AND

 SCROLL．
## Figure 1.

Figure 2.


Having received a number of communica－ 1 oumference of the wheel should be about one ions about Mr．Rich＇s Water Wheel，some sixth slower than the velocity of the water un－ asking what kind of a wheel it really was，and others，where Mr．Rich lived，\＆c．，we，after some searching，discovered that he lived at Salmon River，Oswego Co．，N．Y．，and com－ municated with him on the subject；the re－ sult of the said communication being a pam－ phlet description，by Mr．Rich，which，he states，contains the entire method of construc－ ting his wheel．From the views sent us by Mr．Rich，and the description accompanying the same，we have prepared the accompany－ ing engravings，－figure 1 being a plan view， figure 2 a view of the wheel shaft and balance crank，and figure 3 a perspective view of the bridge－trees and nether framing．The same letters refer to like parts．
This wheel is what is termed a＂centre vent＂Water Wheel－the water entering at the periphery and discharging inside below－ this will account for the peculiar motion of it in relation to the form of the buckets，as set forth in figure 1.
The following is the bill of timber for wheel No．3， 2 feet in diameter with a 3 inch bucket．（Be it understood that the wheels are cast metal，and one or two may be used on one shaft，either horizontally or vertically）：－ Bill of timber for scroll 2 feet diameter，three nch bucket－1 stick timber 4 by 8 inches， 8 feet long； 1 stick timber 5 by 8 inches， 8 feet long， 5 feet of it sawed 4 by 5 inches ：wheel vents 27 inches water．
Timber for finishing Scroll for upright shafts or two feet Wheels ：－4 gripes 4 by 7 inches， 5 feet long，hard wood ； 2 bridgetrees 6 by 8 inches， 5 feet long，hard wood； 1 plank 6 feet long， $3 \frac{1}{2}$ inches thick， 10 or 12 inches wide， hard wood； 60 feet 3 inch plank；pine or spruce； 1 box for step for shaft to run on， 8 by 8 inches， 3 inches thick，black oak．
A B D are the bottom and side timbers；C
C are the top and bottom gripes ；D D are the top and bottom bridge－trees；$F$ is the wheel；$G$ is the gate of the scroll or draught； $E$ is the rod，or，as in figure 3，the rack and pinion to raise the gate．$H$（fig．2）is the shaft，and J is a balance crank for saw mills． In all cases the buckets are made with the in－ ner or discharge apertures one－third smaller than the apertures．The velocity of the cir－
der head，to do the best business．
To Draw the Scroll．－Draw the scroll on the floor，make your calculation to be the righ distance from the wheel where you begin to scroll，and make the centre board．Scrol round the bigness to fetch the scroll within about three inches of the wheel when it comes round，and then cut your last piece of timber so as to come one inch nigher the wheel，as you will see by the draft．And on all wheels， have the sheet of water strike about one－half way off the rim where the buckets are placed between，and make your scroll pattern fitted together on the floor，and then strike the scroll on them．
Make the corners，as you will see by the draft where to place your tenons，and then number your patterns，and make the scroll according to the bill of timber as laid down in this article，for the size wheel you want．The scrolls are as many square inches in the mouth where it discharges on to the wheel，as one and a half times as much as the apertures measure－under high heads and a small quan－ tity of water，the mouth of the scroll is as small as the apertures measure；and under low heads and plenty of water，twice as large that is right to use the water to the best ad－ vantage on all sized wheels，from high to low heads of water．
The scroll should be diamonding，to suit the corner－pieces．The height of the scroll，for wheel No．3，is the length of timber mentioned ove．
The right of this wheel is owned south of the Potomac，by Gindrat \＆Co．，Winter \＆Co．， Montgornery Ala．，and G．W．Winter，Colum－ bus Georgia．To those who purchase a right， they sund a model and pamphlet of directions for the proper construction of the wheel．A wheel of 2 feet diameter（as set forth by the bill of timber for scroll above）under a ten foot fall，makes 22 revolutions per minute，and a three inch bucket vents 27 cubic inches per minute．Any person wishing to obtain all the necessary information about these wheels can obtain the same by addressing Mr．Rich．－ Persons seeking information，should state the heighth of fall，probable number of cubic inches of water，in the running stream，and
the kinds of work to which they desire to apply the wheel．
We would suggest to Mr．Rich the proprie－ ty of a complete and thorough revision of his pamphlet．There are many errors，and a want of perspicuity in it．

## Commissioner of Patents

Our readers will remember a petition that appeared in our columus some months ago，in connection with proposed changes in the Patent Ofice Department．As the allegations therein set forth were of a serious character， and are now used in other quarters to the pre judice of the Hon．T．Ewbank，we deem it a duty to state，that，though all that is stated in the petition is true，still no portion of the fault is attributable to Mr．Ewbank．Abuses have existed for some time in this department；and， at the time of Mr．Ewbank＇s nomination，the highest expectations were entertained that a reform would follow．The delay upon the confirmation of Mr．Ewbank＇s nomination rendered it impossille for him to act with efficiency，he not being a constitutional officer A herd of worthless fellows had worked int the office．There are gentlemen of high at tainments under Mr．Ewbank；men creditable to any station；Messrs．Page，Gale，Lawrence， （Renwick，with a little improvement，will be equal to any of them，）and others，need only be mentioned，to verify our opinion．With such gentlemen，（now that the Senate have confirmed Mr．Ewbank＇s nomination，）as a foundation for an efficient corps，we shall con－ fidently look for the long expected reform． Nothing short of a radical change，can satisfy the manufacturers and inventors of the coun try．Clerks，who do not work a day in the week，must be sent adrift．Examiner，or Assistant，where they are grown hoary in the office，and forgetful of the relation they sustain to the inventor，should not，against the univer－ sal wish of the inventor，be retained in the office．We know the desire of inventor fully，and are satisfied that when changes ar made，such men only can be acceptable to them as are known to be practical men，and furthermore，men having coinmon sympathies with inventors．Such are the men wanted， and such，we feel sure，Mr．Ewbank will give He is an inventor himself，and has fitted him－ self for the station，in the same school wiih those who appreciate his sterling worth．Let such terms cease in the oflice，as＂cutting heads off，＂when a rejection of an inventor＇s application takes place！Shame should man－ tle the cheek of any man who could indulge in such ferocious remarks，when perhaps the unfortunate persons thus dealt with，has suf－ fered a wanton robling of his rights．Such is the course that blasts many a just hope，and blights the prospect for honorable livelihood， of many a family in our midst．Gentlemen should recollect，that their province is only humbly to offer their opinions on matters com－ mitted to them－not to arrogate to themselves the right to dictate，or usurp．The country will sustain the Commissioner in a thorough and manly course．Unless a change takes place，what little confidence there still re－ mains，will be withdrawn，and the office with－ out the counte
Fase to exist．
號 we are pleased with the head a the department，and feel confident，that， although vilification and abuse has been his lot since his accession to the office，the inven－ tors of the country are fast becomimg aware of his excellence．－St．Louis Reveille．

New Old Invention．
By the last news from Europe，by the Ame－ rica，we see it stated that M．La Grange，an apothecary of Paris，had invelited a new bul－ let，which，on striking an object，explodes with a most destructive effect．This new Paris in－ ventionis anold American one ：W．W．Hubbell， Esq．，Attorney，Philadelphia，the inventor of the＂Solar Magnetic Engine，＂and improve－ ments on fire－arms，all of which have been il－ lustrated in our columns－made experiments with the same kind of detonating bullets，five years ago．
Jenny Lind has again arrived in New York after her Boston and Philadelphia tours．

