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35,428.—J. Q. Adams, of Highspire, Pa., for Improvement in Horse Rakes:

I claim the combination of the spring plates, M. M. with the rake teeth, II, when turning on a sepurate shalt or axis from said rake teeth, for the double purpose of holding the rake teeth down more firmly, and of raising them from the ground when required, substantially as specified.

35, (29.—J. S. Atterbury, James Reddick and T. B. Atterbury, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for Improvement in the manufacture of Hollow Glass Ware in Bas-relief:

We claim a new manufacture consisting of glass ware with open illuminated relief work on its surface, substantially as described.

Illuminated relief work on its surface, substantially as described.

35,430.—J. S. Atterbury, James Reddick and T. B. Atterbury, of Pittsburgh, Pa., for Improvement in the manufacture of Hollow Glass Ware:

We claim a new manufacture of glass ware, which, while it shall have smooth surfaces both without and within, and while its internal structure is entirely solid without any open spaces or interstices left therein, shall present the appearance of cut or pressed glass, substantially as and for the purpose above described.

stantially as and for the purpose above described.

35,431.—George Bailey, of Buffalo, N. Y., for Improved Baggage Check:

I claim the described method of checking baggage, that is to say, by attaching to the article a ticket holder, and inserting therein a card which is the counterpart of the one given to the traveler, substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

35,432.—C. F. Barager, of Candor, N. Y., for Improved Reversible Plow:

I claim the combination of the movable or swinging section of mold board, I, spindle, J, gear wheels, K c, and pivoted beam, E, with the fixed sections of mold board, II, when arranged to operate in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

manner and for the purpose set forth.

[This invention consists in a peculiar manner of attaching a swinging section of mold board on the side of a plow having two shares, and connecting it with the beam in such a manner that it may be turned to correspond with either of the plow shares, and thus adapt the implements to use as a right or left-hand plow as may be desired, by simply turning the beam in one or the other direction.]

35,433.-W. B. Bement, of Philadelphia, Pa., for Improve-

ment in Stands for Machines:
I claim the main supporting structure of machines, having a cabinet
r safe tool receptacle formed therein, when cast in one entire piece,
ssentially in the manner and for the purposes set forth and described.

35,434.—W. B. Broadwell, of Springfield, Ill., for Improvement in Corn Plows:
I claim in combination with the bar, G, and clamps, H H, the fender or guard, I, applied to the beams, A A, and bar, G, as and for the purpose specified.

[The object of this invention is to obtain a corn plow which may be

readily adapted for use, either as a single or two-horse plow. The invention consists in constructing the implement of two distinct parts, each being provided with two plows, and connected in such a mauner that they may be readily detached when one part only is re quired: the means employed for connecting the two parts of the plow admitting of being adjusted so as not to interfere with the plants or breakdown the same as the machine is drawn along. The invention also consists in using in connection with the implement thus constructed, a fender or guard'so constructed and arranged as to protect the plants from clods or earth which might otherwise be thrown upon them by the action of the plow.

35,435.—S. B. Conover, of New York City, for Improvement in Potato Diggers:
I claim, iirst, The combined rotary screen, conveyer and weed separator, formed of two spiral parts, JJ, connected to a common axis or shaft, I, and provided with openings, a a, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

purpose set forth. Scoop or share, M, and rotary screen, conveyer, and weed sep intor, having a shake motion as described in combination with the tilting receivers, P Q, all arranged for joint operation as and for the purpose specified.

This invention relates to an improved machine for digging potatoes: In in invention relates to an improved machine for digging potatoes, and of that class in which a rotary screen is employed be separate the potatoes from the earth, and deposit the former in snitable reoeptacles.]

oeptacles.]
35,436.—J. W. Coombs, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., for Improvement in Coal Scuttles:
I claim, first, The combination of the scuttle, A, hinged ash box, E, sbaking sleve, B, and handle, I, all constructed, arranged and operating in the manner and for the purposes set forth.
Second, The combination with the sleve, D, and scuttle, A, of the ring, h, as and for the purpose specified.
Third, The arrangement of the join ted removable lid, C, in combination with the scuttle, A, as and for the purpose described.
Fourth, The combination with the hinged lid, C, and bale, B, of spring ears, f, each provided with two sockets, g g, as and for the purposes specified.

[I'his invention consists in the arrangement of a movable sieve in the interior of a coal scuttle, in combination with an ash or dirt box, hinged to the bottom of said scuttle in such a manner, that by the action of said sieve the good coal can be separated from dirt or ashes that may be mixed with it, and that the moisture which generally adheres to coal, and which causes coal scuttles to rust and wear out in a short time, is permitted to pass through said sieve down into the ash-

short time, is permitted to pass through said sieve down into the ashbox without injurious influence on the sides of the scuttle.]

35,437.—L. C. Crowell, of West Dennis, Mass., for Improvement in Aerial Machines:

I claim the arrangement of the hinged wings, A, car, B, and pyramidal winged steering apparatus or rudder E, in combination with the adjustable hinged propeller, C, constructed and operating, substantially in the manner and for the purpose shown and described.

[This invention consists in the arrangement of two or more flatsharp pointed hinged wings, capable of being turned up into a horizontal position or down into a vertical position, and of one or more rotary hinged propellers, the shafts of which can be brought in a horizontal or in a vertical position, or to any desired inclination, in

combination with a pyramidal winged steering apparatus or rudder. motion of the whole machine can be controlled by the position given to the propeller, to the wings, and to the rudder.]

35,438.—B. F. Field, of Sheboygan Falls, Wis., for Improvement in Seeding Machines:

I claim, first, The combination of the grain measuring slide, Gerew, f. thumb nut, g. index, i, and data, K, with the bottom, a, and shut-off slide, I, when arranged in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

the seed apertures in the hopper, and indicating on a dial the quantity of grain sown per acre; also an arrangement of grass seed hopper inside the hopper; also in a peculiarly-formed agitator, consisting of elliptically-formed disks of sheet metal, secured in an oblique position on a horizontal shaft. J

on a horizontal shaft.]

35,439.—D. R. Fraser, of Chicago, Ill., for Improvement in Piston Packing:

First, I claim employing through means, substantially as described, the combination of the expanding action and compressing action of steam at one and the same time upon the ring or rings, I, of a piston, substantially as and for the purposes described.

Second, The arrangement of the valves, their seats, their springs and their chambers, with relation to the piston head and follower and the packing rings, for the purposes described.

Third, The construction of the ring, C, substantially as and for the purpose described.

Fourth, I claim the arrangement and combination of the packing rings, C H I, the whole constructed in the manner and for the purpose described.

rmgs, C. H. I, the whole constructed in the manner and for the purpose described.

Fifth, I claim the combination and arrangement of the wedge, E, or its equivalent with the centering bolt or screw, D, of the piston, substandally in the manner and for the purposes described.

Sixth, The interposition of self-adjusting wedges, B, substantially in the manner and for the purposes described.

Seventh, Adjusting the purcking by means of wedges, B, applied between it and the arms of the piston head, A, whether the wedges be operated automatically or otherwise, for the purpose set forth.

Eighth, The spaces, p, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

35,440.—C. H. Frost, of Peekskill, N. Y., for Improve-ment in Heaters:

I claim, first, The extension of the corrugations of the fire pot from the top to the bottom, and opening into the ashpit, substantially as set forth.

at forth.

Second, The combination of a grate and fire pot, in such a manner sto leave the spaces formed by the corrugations of the fire pot and bottantially as set forth.

substantially as set forth.

35,441.—H. N. Fryatt, of Belleville, N. J., for Improved Centrifugal Machine for Filtering Liquids:
I claim, constructing the centrifugal machine for filtering purposes, with an annular filtering chamber surrounding a central reception chamber, the said filtering chamber having a closed top and bottom, and its sides being formed of an outer and inner pervious cylinder, with the inside filled with pulverized charcoal or its equivalent, substantialty as and for the purpose set forth.
I also claim in combination with the central reception chamber, and the annular filtering chamber, the cap extending inward over the reception chamber, and the inner cylinder to form a chamber in which the liquid accumulates before pressing through the filtering chamber, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

35,442.—I. A. Heald, of Washington City, D. C., for Improvement in Machines for Making Cigars:
I claim, first, A series of grooved and smooth rollers, IF F G G', constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose set Second roll.

d, The combination of cylinders, I I', and cylindrical castings, structed and operating substantially as and for the purpose

Second, The combination of Substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

Third, The combination of rollers, K K', with the cylinder, I', operating substantially as described and for the purpose set forth. Fourth, Apron, L, and friction roller, t, in combination with rollers, K K', constructing and operating substantially as set forth. Fifth, Finger, p, or its equivalent, when operated substantially as described and for the purpose set forth. Sixth, The revolving shding shaft, N, constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose specified.

25 142 — Edward Heaton, of New Haven, Conn., for Im-

35,443.—Edward Heaton, of New Haven, Conn., for Improvement in Ordnance:
I claim the construction of the screw breech, with the ball seat, dd, and a charge chamber, D, which is contracted at i i, toward the seat, as and for the purpose shown and described.

[This invention is more especially intended for ordnance. Its principal object is to enable accurate firing to be performed with iron projectiles without the use of packing of soft metal or other material, and to obviate in a great degree the escape of gases around the sides of such projectiles.]

35,444.—Jacob Holben, of Allentown, Pa., for Improvement in Operating Grinding Mills:

I claim the method specified of cleaning millstones by the use of sugar or other similar substance in cleaning the stones.

sugar or other similar substance in cleaning the stones.

35,445.—Samuel Holdsworth, of Durham, England, for Improvement in Looms. Patented in England, May 17, 1860:

Iclaim, first, The combination of the saddle, C, the catch, E, the traverse bar, F, and instrument, G, the switch bar, J, and the doffer plate, k, the whole applied and operating substantially as set forth to insert and withdraw the terry or pite wires in a loom. Second, The construction of the lever, E', through which the mechanism for inserting and withdrawing the pile or terry wires is actuated, with a curved slot, B*, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

actuated, with a curved slot, B*, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. Third, The combination of the pusher, H, and the instrument, N, constituting a means of transferring the wires from the position to which they are withdrawn from the fabric to that from which they are reinserted, substantially as described. Fourth, The comployment of the supporting post, N2 of the instrument, N, as a means of tightening the weft, substantially as specified. Fith, The combination for oiling or intricating the terry or pile wires of a vessel, u3, a grooved or channeled bar, u, and a sponge, u4, the whole applied and operating substantially as set forth. Sixth, The combination of the picking nipples, v'v2, attached to the wheel, P, the levers, P'v2, the shaft, P5, the sectors, P5 P9, and the straps, P6 P7, connecting the levers with the pickors when arranged and operating as specified.

Seventh, The combination of parts, for operating the tappets, consisting of the separate shaft, S, the internal toothed wheel, A, and the pinion, Q', the whole applied and operating substantially as specified. [This seems to be an important invention. Its object can be understood by the claim, but it would be impossible to explain the mechanism intelligibly without drawings.]

ism intelligibly without drawings.]

35,446.—P. N. Horseley, of Jersey City, N. J., for Improvment in Ventilators for Hats:

I claim the air arrangement of the sliding ring, C, in combination with a hat or head covering, B, and connected to the same by rods, e, and spring sockets, c, or by other equivalent means, substantially as and for the purpose shown and described.

[This invention consists in the arrangement in the interior of a hat or other head covering of a movable frame, one part of which is attached to the hat or head covering, while its other part is made to slide in and out in such a manner that whenever the wearer desires, the hat or head covering can be raised from the head, and returned in such a position, that the air has free access to the interior of the hat or other head covering all around the head, and that by this action an agreeable and cooling ventilation is effected.]

35,447.—William Howard, of Flushing, N. Y., for Improvement in Coal-Oil Lamp Chimney:

I claim, as an improved article of manufacture, a chimney and cone made with the bases of the two parts joined together; the cone being placed within the chimney, and the latter being provided with apertures, b, to admit air between the cone and chimney, all as shown and described.

35,448.—A. S. Hudson, of Sterling, Ill., for Improved

Spring Spur: I claim, first, The employment or use of the curved spring arms, B, in combinator, with the spur, A, substantially in the manner and for the purpose shown and set forth. Second, The arrangment of the looped wire, C, passing under the foot in combination with the curved spring arms, B, applied and operating as and for the purpose specified.

35,449.—T. S. Hudson, of East Cambridge, Mass., for Improvement in Inkstands:
I claim, an ink stand as constructed with the separate annulus, d, combined with the perforated cap, b, and cover, g, in manner, and so as to operate therewith, substantially as described.

as to operate therewith, substantially as described.

35,450.—Jacob Jahraus and J. G. Bickel, of Buffalo, N. Y., for Improvement in Faucets:

First, We claim the combination of a force pump or syringe, with the faucet, when constructed and operating substantially as described. Second, We claim the formation of the holes, op, in the key of a faucet with the tubes, o q, for the purpose of producing a self-acting vent, substantially as described.

35,451.—W. H. Johnson, of Springfield, Mass., for Im proved Marine Propeller:
I claim, a propel'er for vessels, consisting of a rigid vibrating arm, I, to which is pivoted an elastic blade, M, substantially as specified.

II, to which is pivoted an elastic blade, M, substantially as specified.

35,452.—Frederic Kettler. of Milwaukie, Wis., for Improvement in Rotary Pumps:

I claim, first, The combination of cog rollers, D, with piston, C, and plate, E, as shown and described.

Second, The abutments, E, and plates, E', and pistons, C, as combined and arranged with the whole apparatus.

Third, The elevation, F', in combination with the spring, F, arranged and combined with the apparatus as described.

Fourth, The volute spring, G, arranged in the manner and for the purpose specified, in combination with the apparatus, forming a packing around the axle, A.

Fifth, Valve, m, in combination with the apparatus, in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

35,453.—Arthur Kinsella, of Cascades, Washington Territory, for Improvement in Aerial Machines:

I claim, the arrangement of the generator, D, and condenser, E, connecting with the cylinder, C, by means of pipes, dd'gg', and stop cocks, e'e'h h', operated by crank shafts, i, as described, in combination with the fan wheels. F F', tubes, G G', and with the rocket-shaped balloon, A, the whole being constructed and operating in the manner and for the purpose specified.

This invention consists in the employment or use of a gas generator and condenser, counceted to a suitable cylinder by means of pipe provided with stopcocks that are alternately opened and closed by the motion of the crankshaft, in combination with fanwheelsand discharg pipes passing out at the stern of the rocket-shaped balloon, and with a steering gear in such a manner, that by the action of the faunwheel the air is forcibly driven out at the stern of the balloon, and the latter is propelled in the same manner as a rocket, and at the same time the urse of the balloon can be governed at pleasure.

35,454.-William Koss, of McGregor, Iowa, for Improved

35,454.—William Koss, of McGregor, Iowa, for Improved Trace Fastening.

I claim the adjustable trace fastening, consisting of the double spring plate, B, lunged at, D, the rod, S, and springs, F, and P, all constructed and arranged as described and set forth.

35,455.—T. S. Lambert, of Peekskill, N. Y., for Improvement in Boilers and Tea Kettles:

I claim, first, The construction and combination of a lag and ball, in such a manner by grooves or pins that the weight of the boiler when inclined in pouring will fasten the two together, substantially as set forth.

Second. The combination of the arm. A. figure 3. of the cover with

as set forth.

Second, The combination of the arm, A. figure 3, of the cover with the lug and ball, in the manner substantially as set forth.

35,456.—J. B. Leverich, of New York City, for Improvement in Cover for Gun Locks:
I claim the employment or use of a cover, A, of india-rubber, cloth, or other suitable material impervious to water, having in its ends elastic bands, a. or their equivalent, substantially as described for the purpose of protecting the lock of fire-arms.

[This invention consists in the employment of a horse for the purpose of protecting the coat of fire-arms.]

[This invention consists in the employment of a bag of son tight material, and provided with elastic bands at its ends in such a manner that the same can be stretched over the lock of a gun or other firearm, and that when thus stretched over the lock, the bands embrace closely the stock and the barrel of the gun on either side of the lock, thus forming a sure protection to the lock against water or other impurities, and when the firearm is to be used, said bag can easily be turned back, so as to expose the lock and give free access to the

35,457.—E. B. Manning, of Cromwell, Conn., for Improvement in Tea and Coffee Pots:

I claim an improvement in the construction of Britannia pots, by making the lower body and bottom of such vessels of iron or a meta capable of bearing much greater heat than Britannia, substantially a and for the purpose set forth.

35,458.—Morris Mattson, of Boston, Mass., for Improvement in Douche Baths:

ment in Douche Baths:
I claim a bath apparatus, consisting essentially of two or more tank I relaim a bath apparatus, consisting essentially of two or more tank I or reservoirs containing water of different temperatures, the outle from which nnite in one delivery pipe, and are commanded by a suit able cock or cocks, substantially in the manner specified, for the pur pose specified.

35,459.—John Maxheimer, of New York City, for Improvement in Bird Cages:
I claim the arrangement and combination of the cups, C, with the cage, A, and sliding doors, B, as shown and described; so that the door will rest upon the cups, holding them in place and preventing the waste of seed; also permitting the filling of the cups without their removal; likewise entirely closing the opening when the cup are removed for cleaning, all as set forth.

[This invention consists in attacking the seed and water cups to the

[This invention consists in attacking the seed and water cups to the age in a novel way, and using in connection therewith sliding doors arranged in such a manner relatively with the cups, that when the latterare detached or removed from the cage for the purpose of being cleaned, the doors will fall by their own gravity, and close the open ings in which the caps are fitted so as to prevent the escape of the bird, the doors also when the cups are adjusted to the cage serving as guards to prevent the seed being thrown from the cups by the bird and at the same time admitting of the cups being replenished with seed and water without removing them from the cage.]

35,460.—R. S. Merrill, of Lynn, Mass., for Improvement in Coal-Oil and other Lamps:
I claim the combination of an oil reservoir and burner, under the arrangement set forth, so that the burning part of the wick shall be constantly supplied with oil, automatically, substantially as described.

35,461.—Jacob Miller, of Canton, Ohio, for Improvement in Fanning Mills:
I claim, first, in combination with the main shoe and its riddle, the transverse trough and its riddle, for the purpose of giving the grain a second cleaning as it passes to the side of the machine, substantially

second cleaning as a passes of the state of the second cleaning as a sescribed.

I also claim in combination with the transverse trough and its riddle, a conducting pipe for introducing a blast into the trough, to give the grain a second action of air as it passes over the transverse riddle, substantially as described.

I also claim the so arranging of the riddle or riddles in the trough, sthat they may be inclined to either side of the machine, for the prose and substantially in the manner set forth.

purpose and substantially in the manner set forth.

35,462.—Jacob Miller, of Canton, Ohio, for Improvement in Fanning Mills:

I claim, first, in combination with the main riddle and shoe, an auxiliary riddle on the side of the fanning mill to give the grain a second cleaning, substantially as described.

I also claim in combination with the auxiliary riddle, a conducting pipe or air passage for introducing a blast to said riddle, substantially as described.

I also claim in combination with the main riddle and shoe, and the auxiliary riddle, a conveying apparatus for bringing the grain from underneath the main riddle to the auxiliary riddle, substantially as described.

I also claim the so constructing of the fanning mill and the auxiliary riddle, as that the latter may be used on either side of the machine preferred, substantially as described.

preferred, substantially as described.

35,463.—Jacob Miller, of Canton, Ohio, for Improvement in Fanning Mills:

I claim the arrangement of the riddle, C. E. and conducting board, D, with the two wind passages, and the delivery spout or trough, I, for the purpose of subjecting the grain to a double or second current of air to clean it, substantially as described.

35,464.—Jonathan Mosteller, of Lock Haven, Penn., for Improved Cement for Roofing and for other Purposes:

I claim the combination of the ingredients mentioned, with the mode and manner of applying and coloring the same, substantially as described and for the purpose set forth.

described and for the purpose set forth.

35,405.—Alvan Munson, of Peterborough, N. H., for Improvement in Pumps:
I claim, first, Having the piston, H, provided with a V-shaped edge, a*, at the outer part of its valve seat when used in connection with the groove or channel, b, in the chamber, A, and the projection, a, of the cheek, valve, D, arranged as shown to admit of the escape of water from the pump by the depressing or forcing down of the piston, as and for the purpose set forth.

Second, Connecting or securing the handle, K, to the shaft, G, by means of the eye, e, collar, L, provided with the teeth, b, the notches, i, in shaft, G, and the nut, M, all arranged as shown, whereby the position of the handle, K, may be changed or varied on the shaft, as circumstances may require.

[This invention consists in constructing the body or chamber of the

of This invention consists in constructing the body or chamber of the pump of sector form in its transverse section, and having the same provided with an oscillating valvular plunger and piston, and a check or retaining valve, whereby a combined lift and force pump of very simple construction is obtained, and one that may be readily repaired when necessary, its valves being rendered very accessible, and one also which will admit of the water escaping at the termination of its work in order to prevent difficulty from freezing.]

work in order to prevent difficulty from freezing.]
35,466.—G. W. Nichols, of Wheatland, Iowa, for Improvement in Rotary Pumps:
I claim the combination of the eccentric inner driving cylinder, B, transmitting the water through itself, with the outer cylinder, B, and piston, C, substantially as specified.
I also claim the sliding piston, C, transmitting the water to the cylinder, B, in combination with said cylinder, B, and outer cylinder, A, substantially as specified.
I also claim the combination of the transmitting cavities, c c, in the piston, C, with the valve aperture, p, p, in the cylinder, B, arranged and operating substantially as specified.
I also claim the combination of the side chambers, t, t, and perforated partitions, b b, in the cylinder, B, with the piston, C, substantially as set forth.
I also claim the employment of the revolving driving shelf. Descriptions

as set forth.

I also claim the employment of the revolving driving shaft, D, as the elevating pipe, in combination with the cylinders, A and B, substantially as specified.

I also claim the combination of the tubes, I and m, arranged and operating substantially as and for the purpose specified.

35,467.—F. E. Oliver, of New York City, for Combination of Pencil Sleeve and Eraser:

I claim as an article of manufacture the combined sleeve and eraser, constructed to operated substantially in the manuer and for the purposes specified.

35,468.—Frederick Pohlman, of Coxsackie, N. Y., for Improvement in Hay and Straw Cutters:
I claim, first, The combination of the kinfe with the lever, C, the treadle, G, and the shaft, H, the whole acting as and for the purposes named.

Second, The feeder, J, as connected with the shaft, H, and the

named. Second, The feeder, J, as connected with the shaft, H, and the springs, M and N, and as supported by guide, K, and working in the transverse slot, as described, the whole constructed in the mainter and working essentially as and for the purposes set forth.

35,469.—D. C. Rand and M. Wadhams, of Perinton, N.Y., for Improvement in Drying Grain and similar Substances:

stances:
We flaim the employment of a rotating cylinder for containing and keeping in motion the material acted upon, provided with a valve or valves, or their equivalent, acting automatically for the admission of air for ventilating the contents, substantially in the manner and for the purposes shown and described.

35,470.—C. W. Rawson, of Little Prairie Ronde, Mich., for Improvement in Stump Extractors:
I claim the combination of the gearing, C E E, with the shaft, B, and drums, D D', the latter having the ropes, F F, wound on them in the same ducetion, and all arranged on a framing, A, for joint operation, and and for the purpose set forth.

35,471.—H. B. Record, of Turner, Maine, for Improvement in Tree Protectors: I claim the shield and bonnet, made, constructed and used in man-ner and form substantially as described.

ner and form substantially as described.

35,472.—Nathan Richardson, of Gloucester, Mass., for Improved Fish Cutter or Bait Mill:

I claim the combination of the series of triangular teeth, J, acting as cutters, with the opposite series of triangular teeth, J, acting both as entires and feeders, with the washers, K, substantially as described for the purpose specified.

35,473.—G. J. and H. W. Ross, of New York City, for Improvement in Hydrants:

I claim the arrangement of the spring with the rotary eduction pipe in the manner shown and described.

This invention consists in having the cluetion nine of the hydrant connected with a cock in the main or supply pipe, and so arranged as to turn and operate the cock, that is to say, open and close it; the eduction pipe being connected with a spring, so applied as to anto matically close the valve, and cut off the supply of water when the operator releases the eduction pipe after tuning it for a supply of

35.474.-T. W. Roys, of Southampton, N. Y., for Improved

Rocket Harpoon:

I claim the combination of a harpoon and rocket with a bomb, substantially as described, for the purpose of killing whales.

I also claim the bar, g, connecting the barb of the harpoon with the shank of the rocket and its barbsor wings, e e.

35,475.—T. W. Roys, of Southampton, N. Y., for Improvement in Propellers:

I claum making the tracks or ways, on the bottom and in the inside of the vessel, as described, and arranging the propeller therein, and operating the same, substantially in the manner as set forth.

operating the same, substantially in the manner as set forth.

35,476.—T. W. Roys, of Southeampton, N. Y., for Improved Apparatus for Raising Stanken Whales to the Surface of the Water:

I claim, first, The construction of an instrument for raising whales, with side eyes or clasps, by which it may be guided by the harmoon line to the body of a whale as described.

Second, The formation of an eye on a whale ruiser through which a hawser may be hauled by means of a cod line, in the manner specified.

hawser may be hauled by means or a coaling, ... fied.

Third, The use of a burbed instrument combined with a small line

on reels, substantially as described, for the purpose of attaching a hawser to a whale.

35,477.—F. M. Ruschhaupt and John Schulte, of New York
City, for Improved Percussion Powder:
We claim the application of tauin, pyrogallic acid, or substances analogons in physical and chemical properties to them, in a manuer as described and for the purpose set forth.

35,478.—Samuel Slocomb, of East Cambridge, Mass., for

Improvement in Inkstands:

I claim the improved piston and well inkstand as made with the ground or air-light joint arranged on the top of the neck of the ink reservoir, and on the bottom of the flanch of the ink cup and with the annular space between the neck and the cup as set forth.

J. W. Stout, of Raritan, N. J., for Improvement

in Harvesters: I claim the combination and arrangement of the frame. F, on axies, D, D, of the wheels, B B, with the gearing, E E H H, ratch I I, pawls, J J, and bevel gears, K L, substantially as and for the particular of the p

[This invention relates to an improvement in that class of reaping nd mowing machines, which have their sickles and driving gear at tached to a frame which is allowed to swing on the axle of the wheels, on which the main frame is mounted.l

35,480.-Harvey Mann, of Bellfonte, Pa., for Improvement

lin Aless.

Aleas are strong the steel at its edges, and bending it into a Ushape so as to stip over the end of the blank or iron part of o be welded thereon, substantially in the manner and for the prepresented.

ax, to be welded thereon, substantially in the manner and for the purpose represented.

35,481.—L. J. Whitcomb and W. E. Prall, of Maineville, Ohio, for Improvement in Apparatus for Evaporating Saccharine Juices:

We claim, first, The arrangement of a range of boiling pans upon a common level, communicating through apertures, adapted to be simultaneously opened or closed by the connected series of deflecting valves, E, constructed and operating substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Second, The arrangement of side defectors or settling pans, II H/, adapted to be elevated and depressed and operated in the manner set forth.

Third, The decanting fancet, J j j', having a provision for gradual descent of the discharging aperture or ventage, as and for the objects stated.

Fourth, The arrangement of the reservoir, M, which receives crude sap from the mill, and discharges the same into the first boiling pan by a pipe, N, which traverses the furnace for pre-heating the crude sap, as set forth.

sap, as set form.

35,482.—Jonathan White, of Antrim, N. H., for Improved Apple Parer:

I claim my improved apple-paring machine made substantially as described, viz., not only with its paring tool, h, or the stock, G, thereof, applied to a vibratory arm, F, controlled by a spring, or its equivalent, and with its apple mandrel, A, supported by a vibratory frame, B, but with a stationary toothed sector, d, and a train of gears, a b c, and with a cam, i, and stop, k, the whole being so as to operate substantially in the manner and for the purpose as specified.

35,483.—C. J. Woolson, of Cleveland, Ohio, for Improvement in Cooking Stoves:

I claim the construction and arrangement of the perpendicular and horizontal connecting bars, in the fire chamber of cooking stoves, in the manner described and for the purposes set forth.

35,484.—Horatio Worcester, of New York City, for Improvement in Iron Frames of Pianos:

1 claim the plate, made in two pieces, D and F, connected by a hinge or coupling. F, the effect of both being to give a more full and complete vibration to the sounding board.

plete vibration to the sounding board.

35,485.—David Zug, of Shaefferstown, Pa., for Improvement in Harvesters:

I claim, first, The tubulated and flauged pawl heads, 61, connected with the main shaft or axle, W, of the machine, in combination with the ratchet box, b, which forms the hub of the traction wheels, B, and is supported on the tubes, e, of the pawl heads; for the purpose and in the manner specified.

Second, I claim the double flauged and slotted hanger, 5, constructed and applied in the manner and for the purpose specified.

Third, I claim the specific construction and arrangement of the hinge plate, \(\Phi_1 \), on the dividing shoe, L, in combination with the loose and changeable perforated lng, o, for the purpose set forth.

combination with the loose and changeable perforated ing, o, for the purpose set forth.

Fourth, I claim the arrangement and construction of the T-flanged, sliding screw boxes, III H2, in combination with the screw, F, for regulating the reel shaft in the manner specified.

35,486.—S. E. Cleveland (assignor to Jonathan Mayhew & T. S. Ray), of Buffalo, N. Y., for Improvement in Head Lights for Locomotives:

I claim, first, The combination and arrangement of the perforated tube, E, oil and wick chamber, A, and perforated shield, G, the said perforated tube being connected to the bottom of the oil chamber, for the purpose of modifying the supply of air to the interior of the wick and flame, and the perforated shield being connected to the toty for the purpose of modifying the supply of air to the exterior of the wick and flame, and the perforated shield being connected to the toty for the purpose of modifying the supply of air to the exterior of the wick and flame substantially as described.

Second, A double or compound stuffing box having two glands, the smaller within the larger, constructed and operating substantially as set forth.

Second, A toution of the sile chamber downwardly, as represented by the flat tube, I, in combination with the rack end pinion and narrow ring, for raising and lowering the circular wick, substantially as

row ring, for raising and lowering the circular wick, substantially as set forth.
Fourth, The sliding bottom, F, in combination with the perforated trube, E, for opening and closing the mouth of the tube, substantially as set forth.

35,487.—J. C. Conklin, of Yorktown, N. Y., assignor to G. W. Depew, of Peekskill, N. Y., for Improvement in Harrows:

Harrows:

I claim the application of the teeth bars of a harrow to an axle in such a manner that each tooth or pair of teeth may move independently of the rest, substantially as set forth.

such a manner that each tooth or pair of teeth may move independently of the rest, substantially as set forth.

35,488.—James C. Cooke (assignor to himself and Julius Hotchkiss), of Middletown, Conn., for Improvement in Breech-loading Firearms:

I chaim, first, The operation of the breech end of the firearm is short distance by the movement of the grand lever, and offers a resistance through its connections in a line or nearly so with the bore of the sarrel, and moves out of the bore of the firearm, downward and backward, when the lever guard is moved in a converse direction, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Second, Constructing the socketed breech piece, B, with a screw thread, e, and with an aperture, h, so as to receive a sleeve, f, and admit a pin wrench to holes in the sleeve, and also that the sleeve may be made to follow the plug, b, and snpport it when an outward adjustment is made, allin the manner and for the purposes set forth.

Third, The beveled shoulder piece, d, in combination with the beveled breech piece, B, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Fourth, The combination of the link, G, and shoulder piece, d, snbstantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Fifth, The combination of the link, G, and shoulder piece, d, snbstantially as and for the purposes set forth.

53,489.—H. S. Phillips (assignor to himself and G. E. Noble), of Westfield, Mass., for Improvement in Sash

Fasteners:

I claim the combination of the rack, 4, and cogwheel, 6, with the rack, 5, and fastener, 7. constructed and arranged in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

for the purpose set forth.

35,490.—J. B. Schalkenbach, of Triers, Prussia, assignor to E. Justh, of San Francisco, Cal., for Piano Orchestra:

I claim, first, The application, in combination with harmoniums, pianofortes, or other instruments played by keys, of percussion in struments, such as drums, cymbals, tam-tam and triangle, arranged substantially as described, whereby the player is enabled to play the said percussion instruments by making use of his hand or arm while playing with the fingers on the keys of the other instrument, substantially as set forth.

Second, The use for playing the drum or cymbal of elastic sticks, g g n o p, arranged and having springs, j, applied to their butts and operated by means of keys, g2 g2 n2 o2 p2, connected with the butts, all substantially as set forth.

Third, The employment of mechanism, substantially such as is represented in figures 3 and 4, and described, applied to operate upon the keys to retain the valves of the harmonium or other wind instrument, in an open condition when desired, substantially as set forth.

Fourth, The metallic tubes or funnels, U U, applied in combination with the harmonium or other reed instrument, substantially as specified.

Fifth. The relative arrangement of the several percussion instru-

with the harmonium of other reed instrument, substantially as specified.

Fifth, The relative arrangement of the several percussion instruments, consisting of the drum, cymbal lam-tam and triangle and their playing mechanism, substantially as set forth.

35,491.—B. S. Stokes (assignor to himself and W. H. Burwick), of Manchester, N.H., for Improvement in Mouth Pieces for Cigars and Pipes:

I claim the construction substantially as described, of ventilating mouth pieces for cigars and pipes, so that one or more currents of cold air may be inhaled into the mouth, at the same time the smokels received through ducts independent of the smokeduct, for the purposes set forth.

received through ducts independent of the smokeduct, for the purposes set forth.

35,492.—H. D. Stover and E. S. Wright, of New York City, assignor to said H. D. Stover, for Improvement in Scroll Sawing Machines:

We claim, first, The method of hanging the saws by means of straps to the forward and segmental ends of two walking beams or levers, the rear end of which is restrained by a spring, arranged and operating substantially in the manner set forth.

Second, The method of permanently rare that in glibe real state imision throughout the whole stroke of the saw, he read so far spring applied to each end of the saw, the two springs of a spring applied to each end of the saw the two springs of the instructed arranged and operating as described, to read as a state of the saw the meaning with the manner set forth.

Second, The method of regulating the amount of tension to the saw by combining with each of the tension-producing springs a screw or its equivalent, so operating upon the said spring as to increase or decrease its elasticity, both the springs and serve being arranged in eachierry, so that the regulating of the tension may be effected while the the saw is in motion, substantially in the manner described.

Fourth, In combination with the slide piece or buckle we claim a guide block, constructed and arranged as described to admit of adjustment within an adjustable guide bed, in accordance with the length and rake of the saw.

Filth, The employment of vulcanized india-rubber springs, the constructed, so that the springs shall operate by virtue of compressibility in contradistinction of the tensibility of india rubber.

35,493.—Dwight Tracy, of Worcester, Mass., assignor to himself and I. P. Halle, of Var Varle, Cita Carlon bears and the same and the limited and the limited and the limited and the limited the same and the limited and the limited the same and the limited the same and the same

in contransunction of the tensibility of india rubber.

35,493.—Dwight Tracy, of Worcester, Mass., assignor to himself and J. P. Hale, of New York City, for Improvement in Spools for Sewing Thread:

First, I claim uniting the parts of spools and forming the tube or barrel thereof, by the stock of the heads turned inward, substantially as described and specified.

Second, I claim securing the heads upon the tube or barrel by pinching them between the flanger raised in the tube or barrel, substantially as set forth and specified.

35,494.—W. A. Barlow, of Elkhorn, Wis., for Improvement in Stoves:

5,494.— W. A. Barlow, of Elkhorn, Wis., for Improvement in Stoves:

I claim the combination of the four tubes, E E E E, cap, C, body. S, deeming and cover, K, door, N, damper, G, opening, H, valve, I, or n place thereof the self-regulator, M, with hollow bisse, A, with partitions, a a, llue, F, connecting rods, D, in the manner shown and decribed, all being arranged as and for the purpose set forth.

[The object of this invention is to obtain a stove by which the heat will be radiated more perfectly than hitherto, and in which stove the

draft may be changed with great facility, from a direct to a circuitous one, and vice versa.1

25,495.—Richard Montgomery, of New York City, for Improved Shield for Iron-clad Vessels:

Lainn a shield, arranged and operating substantially in the manner set forth.

set forth.

35,496.—Richard Montgomery, of New York City, for Improvement in Apparatus for Bending Corrugated Plates of Metal:

I claim the construction and arrangement of formers so shaped and fitted to each other as to prevent the spreading or crinking of corrugated beams or plates, while in the process of being hent into curves, in the manner described, and for the purposes set forth.

RE-ISSUES.

RE-ISSUES.

1,313.—Jacob Swartz, of Buffalo, N. Y., for Improvement in Harvesters. Patented Nov. 14, 1854. Re-issued June 5, 1860:

I claim, in combination with the main frame of a harvester and a short laterally-projecting finger bar carrying cutters reciprocating in a straight line, a shoe whose tront end is stoped forward and upward above the points of the fingers, substantially as shown, through which said finger bar receives all its connection with the main frame of the machine, when said shoe is secured to the main frame through the medium of a hinge connection.

said nager our receives all its connection with the main frame of the medium of a hinge connection.

1,314.—Jacob Swartz, of Buffalo, N. Y., for Improvement in Harvesters. Patented Nov. 14, 1854. Re-issued June, 5, 1860:

1 claim, first, In combination with the main frame of a harvester, and the finger bar, 6, and shoe, F, or their equivalents, the coupling arm, E, or an equivalent thereof, which, when drawn forward by said main frame, will draw forward said finger bar and vary the longitudinal distance of its heel from the frame, when raised and lowered in respect thereto, substantially as described.

Second, Making that end of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, which is connected with hangers, C and D, with a front and rear branch, for the narpose specified.

Third, Making the vibrating end of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, with a front and rear branch, for the purposes specified.

Fourth, Making the central portion of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, of less width than the front of the front branch to the rear of the rear branch of its inner end where the hinge pins pass through.

Fifth, Making the central portion of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, of less width than the front of the front branch to the rear of the rear branch of its vibrating end, where the hinge pins pass through.

Sixth, Making the branch, b, of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent. Fifth, Making the central portion of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, of less width than from the front of the front branch to the rear of the rear branch of its vibrating end, where the hinge pins pass brough.

Sixth, Making the branch, b, of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, to extend further back than its branch, d.

Seventh, Making the branch, c, of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, to extend further forward than branch a.

Eighth, Hinging branches, a and b, of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, each to a different member of the machine.

Ninth, Causing branch, c, of the coupling arm, E, or its equivalent, accoupt one cavily in the shoe, F, or its equivalent, and branch d, occupy a different eavity therein.

To compare the heal of the finger bar and branch, c, in front of and of corresponding hight with branch, d.

2315.—Jacob Swartz, of Buffalo, N, Y., for Improvement

lent, over the heel of the finger bar and branch, c, in front of and of a corresponding hight with branch, d.

1,315.—Jacob Swartz, of Buffalo, N. Y., for Improvement in Harvesters. Patented Nov. 14, 1854. Re-issued June 5, 1860:

I claim, first, The combination with the main frame of a harvester of the coupling arm, E, finger bar, G, and cutter bar, n, substantially in the manner described.

Second, The combination with the main frame of a harvester of the coupling arm, E, finger bar, G, cutter bar, n, and pitman, p, or their equivalents, substantially in the manner described, whereby the relative position of the cutters and fingers to each other are not materially varied, when raised or lowered in respect to said main trame. Third, Limiting the distance which the inner end of the above-described cutting apparatus will vibrate from and toward the main frame to which it is connected by the upright post, Q, arm, R, hinge pins, a' and b', vertical slot, c', and set screw, d', or their equivalents, substantially as described.

Fourth, So connecting said cutting apparatus to the main frame of the nachine, by the post, Q, arm, R, hinge pins, a' and b', vertical slot, c', and set screws, d', or their equivalents, that it can be retained at various hights above the ground, substantially as described.

1,316.-J. H. Snyder, of Troy, N. Y., for Improvement in Manufacturing Railroad Chairs. Patented July 13,

I claim making the continuous jaw or lip of railroad chairs by rolling and forming the same by means of suitably shaped rollers mount-

ed and running in conjunction with each other, substantially as de-scribed and set forth.

I asso chim the forming of continuous jaws or lips of railroad chairs by rolling into the solid iron of the flunge, on the blank bar of which the said lips are composed, and which things for said jaw or lips is raised upon the blank bar, as adoressaid, by means of said rollers, do scribed and set forth, or by means of any rollers substantially the same.

DESIGNS.

1,600.—A. C. Barstow, of Providence, R. I., for Design for a Parlor Stove.

1,601.—T. G. Bering, of Philadelphia, Pa., for Design for a Fence.

1,602.—J. G. Folsom and B. D. Whitney, of Winchendon, Mass., assignors to J. G. Folsom aforesaid, for Design for a Sewing Machine Frame. 1,603.—P. H. Jackson, of New York City, for Design for a Fire-place Frame.

PATENTS FOR SEVENTEEN YEARS.



The new Patent Laws enacted by Congress on the 2d of March, 1861, are now in full force, and prove to be of great benefit to all parties who are concerned in new inventions.

The duration of patents granted under the new act is prolo SEVENTEEN years, and the government fee required on filing a cation for a patent is reduced from \$30 down to \$15. Other changes n the fees are also made as follows :-

On filing each Caveat
on filing each application for a Patent, except for a design \$15
On issningeach original Patent
On appeal to Commissioner of Patents\$20
on application for Re-issue
On application for Extension of Patent
on granting the Extension
On filing Disclaimer
On filing application for Design, three and a half years\$10
On tiling application for Design, seven years\$15
On tiling application for Design, fourgeen years

The law abolishes discrimination in fees required of foreigners, ex cepting reference to such countries as discriminate against citizens o the United States-thus allowing English. French, Belgina, Austrian Russian, Spanish, and all other foreigners except the Canadians, to enjoy all the privileges of our patent system (exceptin cases of designs) on the above terms.

During the last sixteen years, the business of procuring Patents for new inventions in the United States and all foreign countries has been conducted by Messrs. MUNN & Co., in connection with the publica tion of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN; and as an evidence of the country, we would state that we have acted as agents for more than FIFTEEN THOUSAND Inventors! In fact, the publishers of this paper have become identified with the whole brotherhood of faventors and Patentees at home and abroad. Thousands of Inventors for whom we have taken out Patents have addressed to us most flattering testimonials for the services we have rendered them, and the wes the which has inured to the Inventors whose Patents were secured through this Office, and afterward illustrated in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, would amount to many millions of dollars! We would Specification Writers than are employed at present in our extensive Offices, and we are prepared to attend to Patentbusiness of all kinds in the quickest time and on the most liberal terms.

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Persons having conceived an idea which they think may be patent able, are advised to make a sketch or model of their invention, and submitti to us, with a full description, for advice. The points of novelty are carefully examined, and a reply written corresponding with the facts, free of charge. Address MUNN & C. No. 37 Park-row, New

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not extend to a search at the Patent Office to see if a like invention has been presented there, but is an opinion based upon what knowledge we may acquire of a similar invention from the records in our Home Office. But for a fee of \$5, accompanied with a model or drawing and description, we have a special search made at the United States Patent Office, and a report setting forth—the prospects of obtaining a Patent &c., made up and mailed to the Inventor, with a pamphlet, giving instructions for further proceedings. These preliminary examinations are made through our Branch Office, corner of F and Seventh-streets, Washington, by experienced and competent persons. 5,000 such examinations have been made through this office during the past three years. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, N. Y.

How to Make an Application for a Fatent. Everyapplicantfora Patent must furnish a model of his invention. If susceptible of one; or if the invention is a chemical production, he must furnish samples of the ingredients of which his composition consists, for the Patent Office. These should be securely packed, the nventor's name marked on them, and sent, with the government fees by express. The express charge should be prepaid. Small models from a distance can often be sent cheaper by mail. The safest way to remit money is by draft on New York, payable to the order of Munu & Co. Persons who live in remote parts of the country can usually purchase drafts from their merchants on their New York correspondents; but, if not convenient to do so, there is but little risk in sending bank mail, having the letter registered by the postmaster. Address MUNN & Co., No. 37 Park-row, New York,

Caveats.

Persons desiring to file a Caveat can have the papers prepared in the shortest time by sending a sketch and description of the invention Thegovernment fee for a Caveat, under the new law, is \$10. A pamphlet of advice regarding applications for Patents and Caveats, in En-

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We are very extensively engaged in the preparation and securing of Patents in the various European countries. For the transaction of this business, we have offices at Nos. 66 Chancery-lane, London; 29 Boule vard St. Martin, Paris; and 26 Rue des Eperonniers, Brussels. We think we can safely say that THREE-FOURTHS of all the European Patent's secured to American citizens are procured through our Agency.

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Circulars of information concerning the proper course to be pursued in obtaining Patents inforeign countries through our Agency, the repurements of different Patent Offices, &c., may be had gratis upon application at our princing office, No. 37 Park-row, New York, or either

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We are prepared to undertake the nvestigation and prosecution of re ected cases, on reasonable terms. The close proximity of our Wash ington Agency to the Patent Office affords us rare opportunities for the examination and comparison of references, models, drawings, documents, &c. Our success in the prosecution of rejected cases has been verygreat. The principal portion of our charge is generally left de pendent upon the final result.

All persons having rejected cases which they desire to have prosecuted are invited correspond with us on the subject, giving a brief history of the case, inclosing the official letters, &c.

Assignment's of Patents.

The assignment of Patents, and agreements between Patentees and nanufacturers, carefully prepared and placed upon the records at the Patent Office. Address MUNN & Co., at the Scientific American PatntAgency, No. 37 Park-row, New York

It would require many columns to detail all the ways in which the inventor or Patentee may be served at our offices. We cordially invite all who have anything to do with Patent property or inventions to call at our extensive offices, No. 37 Park-row, New York, where any ques tions regarding the rights of Patentees, will be cheerfully answered.

Communications and remittances by mail, and models by express (prepaid), should be addressed to MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row. New



H. K., of Wis .- Your application for a patent is now pend ing before the Patent Olice. We cannot, therefore, introduce into the paper any such additional matter as you describe. If the ad-ditional improvement is important, you had better make a new case of it: in fact, you can proceed in no other way.

J. G. S., of Conn.-Whether a third party could patent, or use a combination composed of elements existing in two prior patdepends altogether on the nature of the patented cla

S.M., of Del.—The changing of one fluid for another in a chamber, for keeping cool the tube of a kerosene lamp wick not be patented. For a description of Adamas see page 340 of this

W. A. C., of Mass.-We can supply the back numbers of the Scientific American to January last. We shall be happy to enroly our friend's name amongstour list of subscribers. It is not new to provide a cannon with a central twisted •r rilled rod, and construct projectiles for the same with twisted or rifled central openings to fit the same rod, for the purpose of obtaining rotary mo-

W. S., of Ill .- You do not require anying redient in boiling water to soften the timber that may be boiled therein, such as plow handles, for the purpose of bending them. Steaming timber will nswer just as well as boiling it.

R. H., of Pa.-Cement to stop the seams of a boiler from leaking, should always be applied inside. In a locomotive the usual high pressure stearn, the best cement is of little

O. O., of N. Y .- Water may be admitted into the Stevens floating battery by pumping or by a valve in the bottom. It is discharged by a pump. Water ballasting is employed in some of the coal carrying vessels in England.

J. W., of N. J.—Gem salt must be a local term. If it is used for petrifying substances, as you have stated, it is probably the fluate of linie.

J. L. H., of Minn .- There is not any metallic alloy that will expand and contract, as packing in a cylinder, in the same latio as the cast iron of the cylinder. One square foot of grane surface, and nine square feet of effective heating surface, are allowed for the horse power of a boiler. Only one half the flue or the tube surface is considered effective heating surface,

J. H. G., of Iowa.—So far as we have been able to ascertain, American sweet potatoes have not yet become an article of export to Europe. If packed in dry saw dust and kept dry, we think they would keep on a voyage across the Atlantic.

H. R., of N. Y .- There is no published work extant which tains illustrations and descriptions of the improved apparatus lately introduced for heating buildings with dry fire heat, hot water and steam. You can only obtain a practical knowledge of these by examining them in buildings where they have been put up. We thought you wished to get a work like Griscom's or Reid's, chiefly devoted to ventilation.

T. E. M., of Phil.—Plaster of Paris figures may be bronzed by giving them a few coats of size, allowing each to dry, then applying the bronze as a varnish. Bronze powders of all colors can be purchased at almost every store where artists' materials are sold. You may mix these powders with glue, or with lac varuish, and apply them to the figures with a brush. The bronze may also be dusted on when the size is damp. Melted pitch is about the best cemen known to us for an aquarium. Cocoa nut oil is obtained by grinding the kernel of the nuts and submitting this to pressure in bags. It is said to be inferior to obye oil for the hair.

glish and German, furnished gratis on application by mail. Address J. II. B., of Minn.—We cannot recommend you to a bet-ter source for obtaining information respecting governors of steam engines than the published volumes of the Scientific American.
These contain illustrations of most of the improved governors. The gyroscopic governor is illustrated on page 193, Vol. III. (new series.) We do not know where A. Judson, the inventor of the Judson Valve

> W. P., of Md.—The law is silent as to the time when the \$20 additional fee should be paid on the issue of Letters Patent. If you have no good reasons for delay, we advise you to forward the fee at once and have your patent issue, as you are less likely to encounter an interfering application.

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Money Received

At the Scientific American Office on account of Patent Office business, during one week preceding Wednesday, June 11,

J. E. T., of N. Y., \$15; J. B. W., of N. J., \$10; H. B. S., of Ill., \$15; A. D., of Pa., \$15; J. H. & G. W. S., of N. Y., \$25; M. W., of Ky., \$15; W. H. G., of N. Y., \$80; C. & C., of Pa., \$10; F. & A., of N. Y., \$22; C. F. B., of R. I., \$40; J. D., of Mich., \$35; E. W., of Mass., \$25; S. S. B., of O., \$15; T. M. G., of Me., \$25; J. E. K., of N. Y., \$20; J. K. B., of Ind., \$25; S. M., of Del., \$25; K. & H., of Wis., \$30; C. M., of N. B., \$20; A. S. B., of Conn., \$25; T. & M., of Conn., \$25; R. K., of Mass., \$15; J. C. & Co., of Mich., \$15; G. W. H., of Id., \$10; D. U., of Ill., \$15; B. S., of N. J., \$15; H. II., of N. Y., \$10; L. & P. K. 0., of N. Y., \$15; B. R., of Mass., \$40; K. & M., of Ill., \$25; D. & R., of Iwas, \$25; J. A. R., of N. Y., \$15; J. S. R., of N. Y., \$15; J. T., of N. Y., \$30; E. G. H., of Mass., \$40; C. C. M., of N. Y., \$15; J. C. R., of N. Y., \$15; W. H. C., of N. Y., \$15; S. S. H., of Wis., \$30; S. B. E., Jr., of Me., \$25; R. F., of Mass., \$25; W. S. H., of O, \$25; J. G. Y., Jr., of Me., \$25; C. S. I., of Ind., \$25; H. B. B., of Mass., \$25; W. H. 57., of Me., \$25; C. S. J., of Hu., \$25; H. B. B., of Muss., \$25; W. H.
W., of N. Y., \$25; H. T. P., of Muss., \$25; J. H. H., of N. H., \$25; G.
P. P., of Coun., \$10; G. B. H., of N. Y., \$25; L. L., of N. Y., \$25; C.
W., of N. Y., \$20; J. H. K., of Pa., \$20; J. C. M., of H., \$20; R. D.
D., of Iowa, 20; P. & P., of H., \$20; E. M. C., of N. Y., \$20; H. B., of
N. Y., \$20; D. C., of N. Y., \$10; F. W., of N. J., \$20; H. W. O., of
Coun., \$20; A. & M., of Wis., \$50; B. & E. H., of He, \$20; A. B. C., of
N. Y., \$20; W. B., of N. Y., \$20; J. S. B., of Ind., \$20; A. B. C., of
Lower, \$20; H. K. of Wis., \$20; S. & A. of Mass., \$45; M. H. of Lower,
Superscript of the country of the superscript of the superscript of the country of the superscript of the superscript of the country of the superscript of the superscrip 10wa, \$20; H. K., of Wis., \$20; S. & A., of Mass., \$45; M. H., of Iowa, \$20; J. D. S., of Ill., \$20; W. F., of Germany, \$20; C. & G. M. W., of N. Y., \$40; R. A. T., of N. Y., \$20; N. McG., of N. Y., \$15; M. R. S., of N. Y., \$30.

Specifications and drawings and models belonging to parties with the following initials have been forwarded to the Patent

Dilice from June 4th to Wednesday, June 11, 1862—
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