## Siruntifit Mlatryethtr．

## UsefuL Statistics．

In 1820，the number of books in all the pub lic libraries of Germany amounted to $4,000,000$ without reckoning memoirs，pamphlets，manu－ scripts，etc．
Many animals，which under ordinary cir－ cumstances are perfectly innoxious，become armed with a salivous poison when infuriated． Man himself becomes somewhat poisonous when highly excited by anger．
The light of the full moon is to that of ou day only as 1 to 90,000 ．
If the smallest quantity of air be admitted into a vacuum，in which a delicate air ther－ mometer is enclosed，the diminution of the space occasions an elevation of temperature， and the enlargement occasions cold．
In Eagland，the only natural temperature that is agreeable lies between 60 and $70^{\circ}$ ；in this climate（lat． $35^{\circ} 40^{\prime}$ N．，long． $79^{\bullet} 3^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ ．） between 70 and $80^{\circ}$
Thirty years，ago，a new method of taking the lives of animals destined for the market which greatly diminished their sufferings，was extensively employed in London．It was ef fected by nitrogen．The meat was said to re－ tain its freshness better，have a more agreea ble taste，and more easily preserved．Why was it laid aside？
It is calculated that a person has 1600 op－ portunities of leaving London in the course of 24 hours by stage coaches．

At one time，the number of letters daily distributed by the post－office at Paris was about 32，000，and of journals 1,800 ；whilst in Lon－ don，in the same year，the amount of letters was 163,000 ，and of journals 26,000 ．

Thenard succeeded in causing pure water to absorb exygen to the enormous extent of 650 times its volume．Its taste was rendered slightly astringent and bitter．
Sugar taken in lumps is an antidote for ver－ digris；vinegar counteracts the dangerous ef fects of alkaline substances and narcotics and white of eggs those of corrosive subli mate．
Sanctoris invented the thermometer in 1590 ； re－invented by Corn．Drebbel， 1620 ；improved by Reaumer，1730，but reduced to a correct standard by Fahrenheit in 1724.
Steel was known to the Greeks，in the time of Homer－about 1000 B．C．
The first newspaper printed in Boston was ＂The News Letter，＂April 24，1704；in Phi ladelphia，＂The American Weekly Mercury，＇ Dec．22， 1719 ；in New York，＂The New York Gazette，＂Oct．16，1725；in Rhode Island， ＂The Rhode Island Gazette，＂Oct．， 1732 ；in New Haven，Conn．，＂The Connecticut Ga－ zette，＂ 1755 ；in New Hampshire， 1756 ；in Providence， 1762 ；in Kentucky，1787；in Ten nessee， 1790.
Knowledge is the true alchemy that turns every thing it touches into gold．It gives us dominion over nature，unlocks the store－houses
of creation，and opens to us the treasures of the universe．
To make us happy we require not much less than every thing ；to make us miserable，no much more than nothing will suffice．

According to Herschel，the equatorial diam eter of the earth is $7,925 \cdot 648$ miles ；the polar 7，899•170．
Water at the depth of 362 miles from the surface would be as heavy as mercury；and air as heavy as water at 34 miles；while at the centre the density of marble would be increas－ e． 119 times．
The fact that the temperature gradually in creases towards the centre of the earth，at tracted the attention of philosophers more than a century ago ；in 1807 D＇Aubuisson revived the investigation．The greatest depths at which experiments have been conducted，are 1713 feet in Mexico， 1584 in England and 1300 in Germany．
If the density of air at the surface of the earth be represented by one，at 7 miles above the earth it will be 1－4th，at 14 miles $1-16$ th， at 21 miles $1-64$ th $^{\text {r }}$ and so on ； 100 cubic inch es of air at the temperature of $60^{\circ}$ weigh $30 \frac{1}{2}$ grains．

The proportion of land to sea is，accurately， as 266 to 734．The dry land，therefore，oc－ cupies $52,353,231$ square miles，and the ocean an area of $144,463,427$ ．
During the last thousand years the deltoid deposits of the Rhore has gained upon the Mediterranean from 4 to 6 miles．Notre Dame des Ports was a harbor in 898，but is now a league from the shore ；Psalmodiwas an island in 815，and is now two leagues from the sea． and the Tower of Tignaux，erected on the shore in 1737，is already a Frenchmile from it．
The greatest heights with which we are ac－ quainted are those of the Himmaleh range in Asia，the Dhawalagiri Peak being 28,077 feet， and the Jewahir 25,747 ．Of the Andes，the Nevado di Sorato is 25,250 feet，and Illimani 24,450 ．The Alps rise to 15,668 feet，the Py－ renees to 11，283；Geesh（in Abyssinia）is 15，000，and Teneriffe gives 12,180 ．
The animals peculiar to a country consti－ tute its＂Fauna＂and the plants its＂Flora．＂ As naturalists speak of the existing Fauna and Flora of any country，so geologists speak of the fossil Fauna and fossil Flora of certain geological epochs and formations．
In Europe there are three centres of volca
 Iceland（Hecla），and of the azores．J．W．O．
History of Propellers and Steam Navi－ gation．
［Continued from page 296.$]$ Fig． 60.
 floats of paddle wheels oblique in order to al ow the blades to enter the water with an in reasing surface upon the principle of the wedge，to reduce the tremulous motion of the vessel caused by the direct action of the com mon blades upon the water．Among the many plans for this purpose，we present one paten ted by a Mr．Biram，an English engineer． In figure 60 we have a side view and fig． 61 is a perspective view．
In this the floats A are supposed to be made of iron－plate，and consists of two parts；one part is a flat plate rivetted to the ring and arm， and this is metby a second plate slightly curved and set obliqely to the axis of the pad－ dle．By this arrangement the float enters the water gradually，and communicates to it an angular motion at right angles to its own plane．The water as it recedes from the ob－ lique float is thrown upon the parellel side－ plate，and being thus confined，it is supposed give the same amount of reaction as would produced by action of the common float．


It will be observed that the action of the oats upon the water is angular，as is fully hown．It of ten happens that to get rid $n$ ter being greater than the one intended to be emoved．This was the case with Robertson Buchanan＇s feathering paddle wheel．To Buchanan＇s feathering paddle wheel．To
make the buckets enter and leave the water
vertically，so much friction was caused by
the means he employed that the attempt to the means he employed that the attempt to supersede the common paddle，resulted in a
complete failure．
This paddle wheel of Biram，although ithas the floats entering the water gradually，yet the small interval allowed for the water to re cede before full immersion of the float，affords no great remedy that way，and on the other hand，the water must re－act from one ob－ ique surface upon the succeeding one，there－ by givingit two motions．

## Accoustics．

The intensity of sound，like that of attrac tion，diminishes in the inverse ratio of the squares of the distances of the sounding body， when opposing currents of air or other obsta－ les do not interfere．
According to experiments made by the French Academicians，the velocity of sound at a temperature of $55^{\circ}$ Fahr．is ascertained to be 1.044 feet per second；but it has been variously given by different philosophers．Ac－ cording to Flamstead and Halley，it is 1,142 according to recent experiments in Holland，its mean velocity is 1,120 feet per second．
A whisper，so far as it goes，travels as fast as the report of a cannon；it also describes equal spaces in equal times．The strength of sound is greatest in cold and denise air，and least in that which is warm and rarefled．Du－ ring Captain Parry＇s first voyage，in lat 7.40 $40^{\prime}$ N．，people might be heard conversing dis tinctly，in a common tone of voice，at a dis－ tance of one mile．
Sound travels through different media with various velocities．Through air，at 1,130 feet per second ；water， 4,900 ！cast iron， 11,090 ； steel， 17,000 ；glass， 18,000 ；wood， 4,636 to 17，000．
Two sets of sonorous vibrations of equal in－ tensity，and encountering each other in oppo－ site phases of vibrations，will interiere and site phases of vibrations，will interiere and
become mutually checked；and thus silence become mutually checked；and thus silence
be produced by the confict of two sounds．So－ horous vibrations，on impinging on a plain urface，are reflected from it in such a manne that the angles of incidence and reflection are that th
equal．
A per
A perfect echo ensues after the lapse of 0.1 cond．
Sound is reflected by curved surfaces in the me manner as light and heat．
Method of computing Distances by Sound．－Assuming that sound passes through the air，uniformly，at the rate of 1.142 feet in a second，or through a mile in about $42-3$ se－ conds，any distance may be readily found，in eet，by multiplying the time，in seconds，which the sound takes to arrive at the ear，by 1,142 ； or in miles by multiplying the same by 3－14
Note．－The time taken $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{q}} \mathrm{r}$ the passage o sound，in the interval between seeing a flash of lightning，or that of a gun，and hearing the eport，may be observed by a watch or a se－ cond＇s pendulum ；or it may be determined by he beats of the pulse，counting，on an ave rage，about 70 to a minute，for persons in m erate health，or $5 \frac{1}{3}$ pulsations for a mile．
Example：1．－After observing a flash of ightning，it was 12 seconds before $I$ heard the thunder：required the distance of the cloud from which it came ：$-12 \times 3 \div 14=2,4-7$ miles， Ans．
Lightcomes from the sun in about 8 mi nutes；hence light travels at the rate of 200,000 miles per second；or，according to Sir ．Herschel，at the rate of 192,500 miles in a second．

Mathematics of Bees
The warmest admirers of honey and greatest friends to bees，will never，I presume，contend that the young swarm，who begin making ho－ ney three or four months after they are born， and immediately construct these mathemati cal cells，should have gained their mathemati cal knowledge as we gain ours，and in three months＇time outstrip Mr．Maclaurin in math－ ematics as much as they did in making honey． It would take a senior wrangler at Ca mbridge en hours a day，for three years together，to know enough mathematics for the calculation of these problems，with which not only every queen bee，butevery undergraduate grub，is equainted the moment it is born．－［Sidne $]$

Petrification．
About sixty miles above Georgetown，Wil－ liamson County，La．，there is a valley of pe－ trifications probably unequalled on the globe． Not only prostrate trees are petrified into the finest flint，but leaves of trees，flowers of plants，and often the whole plant bearing fruit is petrifled．A large tarantala was found as natural as life，sitting on a rock，completely and in every part turned to stone．An enor－ mous Indian arrow head has also been found． The petrifications and the floral beauties there hardened into rock，would astonish and delight the naturalist．

## Divisibility of Matter．

A remarkable instance of the divisibility of matter is seen in the dyeing of silk in cochin－ eal，where a pound of silk，containing eight score threads to the ounce，each thread 72 yards long，and the whole reaching 104 miles， when dyed scarlet，does not receive above a drachm additional weight；so that a drachm of the coloring matter of the cochineal is ac－ tually extended through more than 100 miles In length；and yet this minute quality is suffi－ cient to give an intense color to the silk with which it is combined．

It is estimated that by December next four thousand miles of plank road will be in use in Ohio．

## LITERARY NOTICES．

Griffith＇s Naval Architecture．－Number 0 of this superb work is just issued．It has three excel－ nt plates，and some of the most appropriate and ju－ rused．On our editorial page，there is a notice of a splendid present presented to Mr．Griffth by the Em－ peror Nicholas．To those who have taken this work， we would say，that the model sent to the Emperor，is＇ lescribed in No． 3.
the Phrenological Journal－This able monthly magazine for June，published by Fowlers \＆Wells， contains a biography and likeness of John Quincy Adams，and a number of other excellent articles．
＂Three Strong Men，＂a new 25 cent novel by Alex－ ander Dumas，just published by Dewitt \＆Davenport， Tribune building．
Shakspeare＇s Dramatic Works，No．17，published byhilips，Sampson \＆Co．，Boston，contain the pop－ ular play entitled＂King John．＂This work，when Shakspeare ever issued Price 25 cents per number Sha kspeare ever issued．Price 25
tor sale by Dewitt \＆Davenport．
＂The Miner＇s Daughter，a Tale of the Peak，＂by Charles Dickens，has just oeen issued by Dewitt \＆ ds after the style of its renowned author，piquant and truthful en deliniation．
 FIFTH YEAR OF
The Best Mechanical Paper SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is oommen ed dabout the 20th of Sept．ench yenr，and is
hie best paper for Mechanics and inventors published
in the world． Each volum
in the world．
End


