
$\mathcal{F}$ Our weekly List of Patents and Designs con－ Our weekly List of Patents and Designs con tains every new Patent，Re－issue and Design emana－
ting from the Department，and is prepared officially expressly for the Scientific American，and for no oth er paper in the city，consequently other journals are obliged to wait the issue of the＂Sci．Am．＂in orde to profit by the expense to which we are subject，an of course must be one week behind．Those publish ers who copy from this department in oor columns， will，in justice to us，give proper credit for the same

LIST OF Patent claims issued from the united states patent office，
For the week ending May 14， 1850. To O．P．Allen，of Ringe，N．H．，for improvement I machines for Blitting clothes－pins．
I claim cutting the sides of the outer end of the slot or fork of a clothes－pin on a regular sweep，by means of knives formed alternately on each side of the circular saw which cuts the straight part of said slot，and in the direc－ tion explained，whether said knives be made of portions of the plate of said saw，and bent outwards as described；or in separate pieces， and attached to said sides of said saw．
To A．Atwood，of Troy，N．Y．，for improveme in Stoves．
I claim the air chamber in which the air heated previously to its admission to the fuel， in combination with the spiral apertures by which the heated air is caused to impinge on the cuper surface of the fuel，substantially as described and for the purpose specified．
To L．Bissell of New York，N．Y．，for improve－ ment in connecting rods of sleam engines and other
machinery． machinery．
I claim the application of prepared india
rubber，or of any similarly effective substance， in the parts forming the joints of connecting rods of steam engines and other machinery for the purposes of preventing jars and breakage of the parts，when a reciprocating motion is ner described．
ner described．
To B．F．Broomell，of London Grove，Pa．，（Assignor to I．Jackson），for improvement in steaming grain to I．Jackson），for impre
preparatory to grinding．
I claim，in combination with a steam pipe and grain passage the deflecting partition for directing the steam upward and the grain downward，whereby the current of grain is steamed by direct contact with the current of steam at the moment before entering the mill， substantially as herein described．
To．H．C．Brown，of Xenia，Ohio，for improvement in balancing sash．
I claim，in connection，the grooves in the sash，the distribution of the several pulleys and friction wheels，and the cord attached to the bottoms of the sashes instead of their tops， whereby the cord and pulleys are kept entire－ ly out of view．
Second，The combination of the barrel axle， ratchet wheel and pin，with its case or bear－ ings，or their equivalents，with the cord and pulleys，the whole arranged and operating in the manner and for the purpose herein descri－ bed．
To D．H．Chamberlain，of Boston，Mass，for tooth－ ed segment lock for firearms．
I claim the movable toothed segment and escapement or spring pawl，or any mechanical equivalent therefer，（the said segment and es－ capement being arranged within the trigger，） and the toothed segment or arc of the hammer in combination together，and with the trigger， hammer and stock，and made to operate sub－ stantially in the manner and for the purpose above set forth．
To T．M．Collins，of Marion，Ark．，for cylinder and rough gold washers．
I claim the separating gold or other heavy substances from others of less specific gravity and water with which it may be mingled by the use of a wheel or cylinder and trough，the periphery of the former and the bottom of the latter being covered and constructed substan－ tially as herein set forth．
To N．Colver，of Boston，（Assignor to N．Colver of
Boston，Masee．，\＆W．S．Damrell，of Dedham，Mass．，） Boston，Mase？，\＆W．S．Damrell，of Dedham，Mass．，）
for Revolving Jaw Wrench．

I claim the revolving jaw block and feather， as combined together，and with the screw shank，and made to operate，substantially as herein specified．
To A．Combs，of Farmington， 0 ．，for improvement in connecting the skeins with axles．
I claim the combination with the skein of the screws，for the purpose of tightening the skein on the axle tree，as set forth．
To J．C．Dodge，of Dodgeville，Mass．，for improve ment in preventing fibres from winding on drawing I claim the in ing machines
I claim the improved manner of applying and using the roller，the same consisting in placing it not exactly in contact with the low－ er front drawing roller，but at a distance there－ from，and by means of separate or additional machinery，giving to it a rotary motion at the same velocity and in the same direction with these of the said lower front drawing roller， the whole being in the manner and for the purpose set forth．
To J．Houghton，of Ogden，N．Y．，for im ment in machines for washing table furniture．
I clam the construction of a cylinder with a cylindrical rack supported by an upright shaft resting upon and being within and sup－ ported by the cylinder，the rack having within it a conical rack and hoop to receive and hold table furniture，in combination with a curb containing a horizontal wheel with buckets to throw water upon the cylindrical rack；the whole supported by a frame，and by these me－ chanical means cleansing the surface of table furniture without the use of hands，the entire machine being arranged，combined，and opera ted substantially as herein fully set forth．
To J．L．Mott，of New York，N．Y．，for improve ment in Cooking Stoves．
First，I claim making the cover of the feed er projecting in front with curved sliding doors， substantially as described．
Second，I claim forming the bottom grate by casting projections from the edge of the fire back，or the equivalent thereof，substantially as described．
Third，I claim giving the required strength to the fire brick lining of stoves to prevent them from breaking or separating when crack－ ed by the heat，by the ineertion into them of metal rods，wires，or wire cloth，substantially as described．
Fourth，I claim the combination of the two series of flue tubes arranged one above the oth－ er and with a space between them all for the circulation and radiation of heat；for the pur－ pose of giving a greater heat at the bottom of the oven，substantially as described；and this I also claim in combination with the above arrangement of flues，as described．
And lastly I claim the method of supporting and bracing the door or doors by means of the bracing rod hinged to the door and passing through a hole below（or the equivalent there－ of）and being against the bottom of the stove， or a stop，or the equivalent thereof，substan tially as described．
To H．Patterson，of Templeton，Mass．，for improve
ments in Splint machines
I claim the combination of the circular or tubular cutters，their laterial wing knives or cutters，their rib knives or cutters，and the waste escape passage for the waste strips，sub－ substantially in the manner and for the pur－ pose set forth．
I also claim the improvement by which I aim enabled not only to make round or cylin drical splints，but to introduce them to the dipping frames，that is I do not claim the com－ bination of cutters dipping frames and pas－ sage leading from the cutters to the dipping frames，as these have been before invented and used for making square splints and setting them in the frames，but I claim，in combina tion with cutters for forming the round splints and passages，for receiving them and conduct ing．them to the dipping frames，the passages， for the escape of the waste wood or strips，they being applied together and made to operate in connection with the reducing plane iron，and the plates，substantially in the manner and fo the purpose herein described．
To A．S．Pelton，of Clinton，Conn．，for improve－
I claim the pecular serrated and duplex con－ formation of the beaters，substantially in the formation of the beaters，substantially in the
manner and for the objects herein described，
that is to say，consisting of a pair of plates，
diverging rectangulary from each other，and diverging rectangulary from each other，and
the latter consisting of teeth chamfered off from their inner side at their points as repre－ sented．
To O．L．Reynolds，of Dover，N．H．，for improve－ in sewing machines．
What I claim is，1st，the adaptation of the bearded needle，such as is used in knitting or sto cking frames，in combination with the man－ ner of closing the beard or hook thereof，pre－ vious to drawing it back with the thread，to prevent the point tearing the cloth，by passing through the hole，in the plate，in the manner substantially as herein described．
Secondly，the combination of the spring thread leader or guide，the arched spring，and friction ruller，for the purpose of leading the thread under the point of the beard of the needle
［An＇engraving of this invention will appear in the Scientific American，in a few weeks．］ To W．Scarlett．of Newark，N．J．，for improvement in Suspender Buckles．
I claim the constructing a buckle by combi－ ning a curved plate，with an angular lever， substantially in the manner herein set forth．
To J．Trees，of Salem，Pa．，fer Shell Propeller．
I claim giving the shell of a submerged pro－ peller the form of a section cut from the open extremity of sea shell of the class of which that represented in the drawing may be con－ sidered a type，the mouth of the helical tube at which the water enters being of greater area than its hinder extremity at which the water is discharged．
To J．N．Warren，of Buffalo，N．Y．，for improve ment in the joints of stove－pipes．
I claim the stove pipe herein described as a new article of manufacture．
designs.

To J．Hutchison．of Troy，N．Y．，（Assignor to De orah Powers，A．E．\＆N．B．Powers，of Lansingburg Y．，
To W．Race，of Seneca Falls N．Y．，for design for
More About the World＇s Industrial Con－ vention．
The following points of principle have been decided by Her Majesty＇s Commissioners，in answer to inquiries made by the Local Com－ mittee for the city of London：

1．Juries will be selected to award prizes ； but no competitor for a prize in any section will be allowed to act upon a jury to award the prizes in that section．
2．It is notintended to require of exhibi－ tors that they should of necessity be subscri－ bers．
3．It is not intended to exclude any person， whether he be the manufacturer，designer，in－ ventor，or proprietor of any ariticle，from ex－ hibiting it，whatever may be the regulations under which he may hereafter be required to do so．

Some misunderstanding having arisen from the use of the words，＇counting houses＇ in the building prospectus issued by the com－ missioners，they intend only to have such of－ ficers as will be required for taking money at the doors，distributing tickets，selling cata－ ogues，and conducting the other business of exhibition，and not offices for the sale of ar－ ticles intended to be exhibited，and not the transaction of commercial business；and the commissioners can therefore give no facilities or the sale of articles，or for the transaction of business connected therewith．

## Signed， <br> J．S．Russel．

Strafford N．Northcote．
The Tea Culture in South Carolina． Dr．Junius Smith，of Greenville，South Car－ lina，in a letter dated May 1st，speaks of his experiments in growing tea in this country a highly successful．The plant maintains its original physiology and follows its Chinese pa－ ternity，putting out its foliage at the same pe－ riod that it does in China．All Dr．Smith＇s plants have taken root，the buds began to de－ relope leaves about the 20th of April，though the spring has been backward，and he could then collect a sufficient quantity of leaves to make first rate tea．He says the leaves are most tender and delicate，and he can now un－ derstand why it is that we cannot obtain the first quality of tea from China．The first quite impossible to divest it of humidity by firing or roasting to eustain so long a voyage， besides the almost certainty of utterly destoy－ ing its rich and precious aroma．When the tea is cultivated here，this process of roasting may be dispensed with．With variety of soil， abundance of cheap land and facilites of trans－ portation，Dr．S．thinks that if we do not cul tivate our own tea，we ought to be tributary to those who call us barbarians．

What is Dirt ？
Old Doctor Cooper，of South Carolina，used to say to his students，＂Don＇t be afraid of a ittle dirt，young gentleman．What is dirt？－ Why nothing at all offensive，when chemically riewed．Rub a little alkali upon that＇dirty－ grease spot＇，on your coat，and it undergoes a chemical change and becomes soap．Now rub it with a little water，and it disappears；it is neither grease，soap，water，nor dirt．＇That is not a very odorous pile of dirt，＇you observe there．Well，scatter a little gypsum over it and it is no longer dirty．Everything you call dirt，is worthy your notice as students of chem－ istry．Analyze it！It will all separate into very clean elements．
＂Dirt makes corn，corn makes bread and meat，and that makes a very sweet young la－ dy that I saw one of yon kissing last night．－ So after all you were kissing dirt－particulary if she whitens her skin with chalk or fuller＇s earth．There is no telling，young gentleman， what is dirt．Though I must say that rubbing such stuff upon the beautiful skin of a young lady is a dirty practice．＇Pearl powder＇，J think is made of bismuth－nothing but dirt．＂

## Cotton Factories South and West．

It has beenestimated that there are now in operation in Georgia 40 cotton mills，employ－ ing near 60,000 spindles，and consuming 45,000 bales of cotton annually．In this esti． mate，which seems to be below the true mark， no calculation is made of the paper mills， bucket factories，iron establishments，flouring mills，\＆c．In Tennessee，it has been reported to the Secretary of the Treasury that there are 30 factories，employing 36,000 spinilles．In South Carolina，the Hon．William Gregg says there ara 16 factories，sontaining 36,500 spin－ dles and about 700 looms，consuming 15,000 bales of cotton per annum．He estimates the capital invested in these establishments at about one million of dollars，and the number of operatives they give employment to，at 1,600 ．Tere are in Alabama 12 factories，with a capital of $\$ 500,000$ ，containing 12,580 spin－ des and 300 looms，and consuming about 5,500 bales of cotton annually．It is said that machinery for others is contracted for，suffi－ cient to make the number of spindles 20,000 ， and the looms 550．In these four States there are 98 factories and 140,000 spindles．On the Ohio riverit is estimated that there are facto－ ries which，taking them in the aggregate，run 100,000 spindles．
The Staw Hat Trade in Michigan． Nearly every day we notise，says the $\mathrm{De}^{-}$ troit Tribune，large quantities of straw hats shipping from this city，east and west．The trade has become quite an important one in our State．The Malcomb Gazette says，＂we have made some enquiries as to the number of straw hats purchased in this village during the past winter，and found that the number would exceed twenty－five thousand，the estimated value of which isabouttwenty five cents each， making the aggregate value of the straw hats purchased $\$ 6,250$ ．＂This is only one county， and there are many others that will show a like result．

## －Deflexion or Iron Girders．

From experiments made by Mr．Fairbairn， of Manchester，it appears that iron loses a great deal of its strength when heated above $220^{\circ}$ ，and its uncertainties are great below the freezing point．Mr．Clark，the engineer，has described the effect of the sun of the great Conway Tube，when shining for half an hour， to be so powerful as to lift the tube vertically one inch．It is the opinion of Brunel that iron girders should not be tested with a weight exceeding the greatest load it has to bear，as the object in testing is to ascertain the sound－ ness of the casting，which may be judged of by its appearance under the load．

