ASPECTS OF THE PLANETS FOR DECEMBER. URANUS

is morning star, and holds the place of honor on the planetary record of December, for he is the only planet whose progress on the celestial track is diversified by a noteworthy incident. On the 20th, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, he is in quadrature with the sun, having accomplished half his journey from conjunction to opposition.

Uranus has of late been in an exceptionally favorable situation for observations concerning his disk and figure. The last time he was in an equally favorable position was in the years 1842 and 1843. Professor Young has improved the opportunity for viewing him in the great Princeton telescope. He detected markings on his disk, shadowy resemblances of the belts on Jupiter's disk, and hopes to use them as the data for determining the time of the planet's axial rotation. Schiaparelli, of Milan, has employed the same favorable opportunity for making a series of observations on the figure of Uranus. His observations agree with those made by Professor Mädler in 1842 and 1843, and indicate that Uranus is the most elliptical of all the planets, excepting Saturn.

To those who have only seen Uranus through an ordinary telescope as a tiny sphere of a delicate sea-green hue, it seems almost beyond belief that a powerful telescope wielded by a practiced hand can bring to view belts on his disk and an elliptical outline to his figure.

The right ascension of Uranus is 11 h. 52 m.; his declination is 1° 36' north; and his diameter is 3.6".

Uranus rises on the tirst about 1 o'clock in the morning; on the 31st he rises a few minutes after 11 o'clock in the evening.

JUPITER

is morning star, the present being the last month in which he will play this part for some time to come. He will be the most superb object in the heavens on moonless nights throughout the month, appearing now above the horizon at half-past 8 o'clock, and rising earlier every night, until at the close of the month his shining face looms above the eastern hills at half-past 6 o'clock. It seems anomalous to call a planet that rises so early in the evening a morning star, but astronomers class the outer planets as morning stars from conjunction to opposition, without regard to the time of rising.

The famous red spot that for five years formed an interesting feature on the planet's disk faded rapidly away during the last winter and spring, and has not been seen since the middle of May, when it was exceedingly faint. No one can tell if it will be seen again, for no one knows the cause that produced it. If any vestige remains, it is safe to say that it will be found by some of the eagle-eyed observers who are diligently scanning the face of our giant brother.

Interesting telescopic observations have been made on the Jovian disk that give positive indications of an atmosphere enveloping the huge planet. Satellites and stars when occulted disappear and then flash up again. This phenomenon has been frequently observed, and can be explained by the intervention of clouds in the planet's atmosphere. In the case of occultations, clouds may intercept temporarily the light of satellites or stars, which may flash up again assoon as the clouds have passed. In the case of satellites eclipsed by the shadow of Jupiter, the flashing up at intervals of the light of the satellites may be caused by their passage through darker regions in the penumbra of the planet's shadow due to such clouds.

Professor Pickering, of the Cambridge Observatory, records a very interesting observation made by him on the 14th of last April. A star of the seventh magnitude was occulted by Jupiter a little more than two hours after midnight. For about two minutes before the final disappearance the star alternately disappeared and reappeared without any obvious reason, as if it were playing hide-and-seek with the clouds. The immersion of the star about twenty-eight minutes afterward took place in the most orderly manner without a single fluctuation of light. These little incidents are of great moment in the attempt to find out the constitution and physical conditions of the huge planet. It is by heaping up such observations in boundless measure that results bearing some impress of certainty will finally be neached.

Those who are unable to make telescopic researches con-

the evening; on the 31st he rises a few minutes before 8⁴ well worthy of being mentioned, because it shows how very o'clock.

SATURN

is evening star. He has commenced his travel toward the softly shining, and no one privileged to behold him in a a large proportion similarly dying there. -C. V. Riley. large telescope will ever forget the magnificent picture.

The right ascension of Saturn is 4 h. 19 m.; bis declination is 19° 24' north: and his diameter is 19.4".

morning; on the 31st he sets soon after half-past 4 o clock.

NEPTUNE

is evening star. He threads his course over the starry concave with snail-like pace, and is above the horizon nearly the entire night. As he cannot be seen, he is of little account to the ordinary observer.

The right ascension of Neptune is 3 h. 8 m.; his declination is 15° 46' north; and his diameter is 2.6".

morning; on the 31st he sets about half-past 3 o'clock.

VENUS

the horizon about an hour after sunset, and must be looked who can command a clear view of the eastern and western horizons

tion is 24° 20' south; and her diameter is 10.8".

MERCURY

ning; on the 31st she sets about half-past 6 o'clock.

is evening star and is swiftly making his way from superior conjunction to eastern elongation.

The right ascension of Mercury is 16 h. 42 m.; his declination is 23° 27' south: and his diameter is 4.6".

Mercury sets on the 1st not far from half-past 4 o'clock in the evening; on the 31st he sets at 6 o'clock.

THE MOON.

time, and 24 minutes later Boston time. On the 1st, at 27 in a vacuum of sulphuric acid. minutes after 4 o'clock in the morning, the new moon of the 29th of November is in conjunction with Venus, being 5° 9' north. On that evening the moon sets about two hours, and Venus one hour after the sun. Sharp-sighted observers may pick up the fair star and the slender crescent, though they will be beyond their nearest approach and not close together. ever painted on the celestial canvas-that of Venus and the young moon in conjunction.

On the 11th, the moon pays her respects to Neptune at a respectful distance north. It will be remembered that condifference in latitude or declination. On the 12th, the moon some positions in southern declination, between 18° and 71° south, Saturn is occulted by the moon for the 9th and last time during the year. On the 16th, the moon is at her nearest point to Jupiter; on the 18th, to Mars; on the 21st, to Uranus; and on the 31st, to Mercury.

swings round for the second time to the near neighborhood of Venus. The conjunction takes place at twenty-two the charming exhibition of celestial glory can be seen with specifications of a patent washbowl that would tip over just

easily single experiments may lead to false bopes and conclusions. A certain proportion of the last named larvæ (P. rapa)---the proportion differing in the lots treated-perishsun and from the earth. He is therefore receding from us | ing before, or while transforming to the chrysalis state. and growing less bright than when in opposition. But the They became flaccid and discolored, and after deatb were diminution is not yet perceptible. As soon as darkness little more than a bag of black putrescent liquid. I should covers the earth, he takes his place among the stars, slowly have at once concluded that the yeast was a success had I receding from the neighborhood of the gentle Pleiades and not experienced the very same kind of mortality in previous ruddy Aldebaran as he makes his way over the celestial rearing of this larva, and bad I not, upon returning to the track. Every observer bas a kind word for the planet so field from which the larvæ in question were obtained, found

Copper Sulphide.

H. Schultze has recently published in the Journal fur Saturn sets on the 1st at a quarter before 7 o'clock in the Prakt. Chemie an interesting memoir on soluble antimony trisulphide, in which it is pointed out that perhaps other sulphides will also prove to be soluble. M. Spring, having to prepare pure sulphides and oxides which were needful in an investigation with which he was engaged, had the opportunity to observe that several of these bodies can easily be obtained in the colloidal state. The observations of Schulze concerning the solubility of antimony and arsenic trisulphide in pure water completely agree with the author's re-Neptune sets on the 1st about half-past 5 o'clock in the sults. He finds further that copper sulphide is readily and completely soluble in pure water on proceeding as follows:

A dilute solution of copper sulphate in ammonia is treated with a current of sulphureted hydrogen until all the copper is evening star and will soon put on glorious apparel. Be- is thrown down as sulphide. The black precipitate is then fore the month closes, there will be no difficulty in finding washed by decantation with sulphureted hydrogen water. the fairest of the stars in the western sky. She is now above As soon as ammonia sulphate or hydrosulphate is no longer present in the washings, the sulpbide passes gradually into for two and a half degrees south of the sunset point. At solution, and there is ultimately obtained a black liquid the close of the month, she is above the horizon two hours with a slight greenish fluorescence. This black liquid passes after sunset and must be looked for about two and a half like water through a filter. On examining it in a stratum of degrees north of the sunset point. She will then set a few 2 centimeters in depth the colors appear brown and the presminutes after Jupiter rises, a charming sight for observers ence of suspended copper sulphide cannot be admitted; the solution is clear. This solution can be boiled without decomposition, and if gently evaporated on the water bath, The right ascension of Venus is 17 b. 48 m.; her declina- the sulphide is left as a black varnisb. Small quantities of solution of salts quickly cause the black liquid to coagulate, Venus sets on the 1st at half-past 5 o'clock in the eve- especially when the liquid is hot. Precipitated copper sulphide, which is then readily taken up by water in the colloidal state, loses this property, even if dried in a vacuum at common temperature. The author adds that the pure dry copper sulpbide thus obtained is not black, as generally asserted, but of a fine dark green. If submitted to a pressure of 6,500 atmospheres it forms blocks of a deep blue metallic luster. Manganese peroxide, obtained by treating manganous hydroxide with hypochlorous acid, passes when perfectly washed into a deep brown solution. The behavior of antimony trioxide, tin oxide, and tin sulpbide is similar. The December moon fulls on the 13th at 20 minutes after The author has obtained more than 50 grammes of this body 10 o'clock, Washington time, 12 minutes later New York as a reddish brown transparent nitrous mass by evaporation

How the Inventor Plagues his Poor Wife.

A facetious chap connected with one of our daily newspapers give the following amusing burlesque on the trials of an inventor's wife:

"It is all very well to talk about working for the heathen," This will be the first of a series of views in which during the said one, as the ladies put up their sewing, "but I'd like to winter we shall enjoy some of the most charming pictures have some one tell me what I am to do with my busband." "What is the matter with bim?" asked a sympathetic old lady. "William is a good man," continued the first, waving her glasses in an argumentative way, "but William will invent. He goes inventing round from morning till hight, junctions among the heavenly bodies take place when the and I have no peace or comfort. I didn't object when he longitude or right ascension is the same, regardless of the invented a fire escape, but I did remonstrate when he wanted me to crawl out of the window one night last winter to see makes a close conjunction with Saturn, being 55' south. In bow it worked. Then he originated a lock for the door that wouldn't open from midnight until morning, so as to keep burglars out. The first time he tried it he caught his coattail in it, and I had to walk around him with a pan of hot coals all night to keep him from freezing." "Why didn't he take his coat off?" "I wanted him to, but he stood On the 31st, she has made the circuit of the planets and around till the thing opened itself, trying to invent some way of unfastening it. Tbat's William's trouble. He will invent. A little while ago he got up a cabinet bedstead that would minutes past 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when Venus is 6° 51' | shut and open without handling. It went by clockwork. cerning the Jovian planet can at least admire his stately and south. Star and crescent will make a lovely picture on the William got into it, and up it went. Bless your heart, be majestic appearance in the starlit sky, where he reigns su- early evening sky. The moon sets on that evening two staid in there from Saturday afternoon till Sunday night, preme during nearly the whole time that darkness veils the hours and a half, and Venus two hours after the sun, and when it flew open and disclosed William with the plans and

The right ascension of Jupiter is 8 h. 27 m.; his declination is 19° 35' north; and his diameter is 40'8'.

Jupiter rises on the 1st at half-past 8 o'clock in the evening: on the 31st he rises at half-past 6 o'clock.

MARS

is morning star. He may be readily recognized by his proxbright star on the east of bim. His short reign, bowever, bealtby insects. will soon commence, when for a month before and a month present will be reacbed.

The right ascension of Mars is 9 b. 30 m.; bis declination is 17° 25' north; and his diameter is 10.4".

out money and without price.

BACTERIAL DISEASE OF THE IMPORTED CABBAGE WORM.

when it got so full. The result was that I lost all my rings and a breastpin down the waste pipe. Then he got up a crutch for a man that could also be used as an opera-glass. Whenever the man leaned on it up it went, and when he

put it to his eye to find William, it flew out into a crutch Prof. S. A. Forbes, State Entomologist of Illinois, has found larve of Pieris raps (the imported cabbage worm) and almost broke the top of bis head off. Once he invented seriously affected around Normal, Ill., by a disease which in a rope ladder to be worn as a guard chain and lengthened imity to Jupiter, being a short distance southeast of his far a few hours causes them to decay and reduces them to a out with a spring. He put it round his neck, but the spring more brilliant rival. Though comparatively small, he is black, almost fluid condition, dissolving at the touch. He got loose and turned it into a ladder and almost choked him not a planet to be despised, especially when within two i finds the disease due to immense numbers of bacteria, ex- to death. Then he invented a patent boot heel to crack nuts months of opposition. He seems just now to be running cessively minute, and that they can be cultivated artificially with, but he mashed his thumb with it and gave it up. Why, away from Jupiter and to be running after Regulus, the in beef brotb and thus introduced and propagated among he has a washtub full of inventions. One of them is a prayerbook that always opens at the right place. We tried

This black rot of the cabbage worm has been known to it one morning at church, but the wheels and springs made after opposition, the culmination of his brilliancy for the us for some years, and is quite widespread. We bave made such a noise that the sexton took William by the collar and reference to it on page 70 of our Bulletin on the cotton told him to leave his fire engines at home when he came to worm (1881), in connection with some experiments with worship. The other day I saw him going up the street with yeast ferment, in the following words: "An incident con- a model of a grain elevator sticking out of his hip pocket, Mars rises on the 1st about a quarter before 10 o'clock in nected with these experiments which I made is, however, and he is fixing up an improved shot tower in our bed room."