very beautiful.

The adult male bird is colored as follows: The head and the upper part of the body are green, glossed with gold in some parts and with bronze in others, the tints changing according to the light. The wings are dark black-brown with a purple gloss, and the tail is dark black, bronzed on the broad, area 80 square miles, a considerable portion covered upper surface. Behind each eye is a small but conspicuous white spot slightly elongated, and there is a broad crescentshaped mark of light green on each side of the neck. The Good Hope, and 300 miles south of Kerguelen's Land. Heard under parts are of a bronze green, and the under tail coverts: Island is of volcanic origin. In the central part of the island are flecked with a little white. The female is of much the same color as the male upon the upper parts of the body, except that there is a little white upon the lower part of the back and a narrow white line behind the eye. The throat is brown, each feather being slightly edged with gray, and there is a very faint indication of emerald green on part of the throat. The young male is much like the female, but is more coppery in his hues. The throat is white, speckled with brown, because each feather is white with a brown tip. At each side of the throat there is a large patch of green intermingled with white.

Correspondence.

Colored Lights in Parlor Theatricals.

To the Editor of the Scientific American:

Having occasion to assist in getting up a series of tableaux, considerable difficulty was encountered in securing a satisfactory light. Living at some distance from New York, a sea elephants. calcium light was difficult to procure, and, moreover, too expensive. The use of gas and reflectors had been suggested. Procuring two 14 inch glass reflectors, I experimented with gas, with poor success. While the amount of light reflected an extensive beach, called Long Beach. was unsatisfactory, the interposition of a sheet of colored ume.

Compelled to fall back on colored fires, I constructed a sealers call them. furnace of tin at small expense, that succeeded beyond expectation. A tin cylinder, 18 inches in diameter, was opened glass, fastened securely in its place, constituted one side of the box, the curved inner surface of bright tin served as a reflector. A sheet iron bottom and an 8 inch heater pipe, leading from the top of the cylinder out through a convenient window into the open air, completed the apparatus. At the back of the box was constructed a sliding door large enough to freely admit the hand and closing tightly.

The peculiarity of the apparatus was:

duct rapidly away the large volume of smoke generated; pays them best.

2d. The box was made as nearly as possible air tight. The chlorate of potash furnished all the oxygen necessary other males to haul up. for combustion, and all the air necessary for draught was admitted through the slide door, which could be closed quickly upon any indication of a back draught.

The following formula for red fire gave the best results: Powdered chlorate of potash 4 Sheliac in coarse powder..... 2

This mixture burns slowly, gives a good light, contains no sulphur, and can be prepared by any druggist.

By placing the fire in tin troughs, 8 or 10 inches long, the trough, these colors can be exhibited in any desired succes-

an hour without the slightest disagreeable odor being perof value to some of your many readers, I remain,

Yours truly,

W. K. Roy.

Wappinger's Falls, N. Y., December 11, 1880.

Indian Ethnology.

Major J. W. Powell, Chief of the Bureau of Ethnology, Peron's account. Washington, lately gave to the Republic in, of Omaha, Neb., information to the effect that there are now eight official American Indians—their condition, their habit of life, their languages, their history, etc., as well as taking a census of them. These parties, who are roughing it with tents, mule teams, etc., are scattered throughout California, Nevada, Utah, New Mexico, and Arizona, and Major Powell was a little later. then on his way to visit them all to ascertain personally how they are progressing with their work. The taking of the Indian census was begun October 1, and will probably not zens of the United States, so far as practicable. Besides of the men on the matter. these eight ethnological parties who are doing this work.

air with a tremulous movement of the wings. Its move- ing with the various Indian agents. It is estimated that the only one fur seal skin, which he would sell if he was paid it performs the most graceful maneuvers as it probes the over 300,000. One of Major Powell's parties has just disto the States, pendent blossoms, searching to their inmost depths. The covered in New Mexico and Arizona a number of old ruins nest of this species is hung to the end of a twig, to which it and pueblos, which means old Indian villages. These are 1854, having landed with the first sealing party which visis woven with marvelous skill, and its whole construction is now being carefully explored. In New Mexico they have ited the island. discovered, west of Santa Fé, the largest collection of ruins For his present engagement his time was up next year, ever found on this continent.

Sea Elephants at Heard Island.

Heard Island is a barren formation 25 miles long, 6 miles with glaciers. It is situated in about lat. 53° 10' S. and long. 73° 30' E., being about 2,500 miles southeast of the Cape of a mountain, known as Big Ben, rises to a height of 7,000 feet. The island was visited by the steamer Challenger in 1874, and Mr. H. N. Moseley, in his "Notes by a Naturalist on the Challenger," gives the following particulars relating

The sealers said that the climate of Heard Island was far and they used penguin skins with the fat for fuel. more rigorous than that of Kerguelen's Land.

In winter the whole of the ground is frozen and the fire one after the other in one of the huts. streams are stopped, so that snow has to be melted in order to obtain water.

In December, at midsummer, there is plenty of sunshiny weather, and Big Ben is often to be seen.

shore, so stormy the weather.

Portuguese, from the Cape Verde Islands.

They were left on the island by the whaling vessels which

The men engage to remain three years on the island, and

then only by crossing two glaciers, or "icebergs," as the

are stationed on the beach, and live there in huts, and their again stopped. out at the side to admit a pane of glass, 16 x 24 inches. This duty is constantly to drive the elephants from this beach into the sea, which they do with whips made of the hide of air furnace, so constructed that the air when heated will be the elephants themselves.

> the term is, upon the accessible beaches elsewhere, and all the heating surfaces, making the expansion equal and there they are killed, and their blubber is taken to be boiled

In very stormy weather, when they are driven into the 1st. The large smoke pipe which was necessary to con- side of the island, hence the men find that stormy weather

beach to themselves, and cover it with cows, but allow no standard card, which is held on the end of an adjustable

had seen an old male take up a younger one in his teeth and can be determined very easily and rapidly. throw him over, lifting him in the air.

difficulty driven into the sea. They are sometimes treated with horrible brutality.

adults, which are of a light slate brown, and the young of ous expansions and contractions. To overcome these ob the Northern bladdernose, which are white.

They are suckled by the female for some time, and then by the sealers thus to lie, in order to make more oil.

of Northern seals.

seven weeks old, and that then the old ones conduct the ters will spell words. young to the water and keep them carefully in their company. The rapid increase in weight is in accordance with

Charles Goodrich gives a somewhat different account, namely, that after the females leave the young, the old parties in the field engaged in making a study of the North males and young proceed inland, as far as two miles sometimes, and stop without food for more than a month, and during this time lose fat.

> The male elephants come on shore on the Croyets for the been patented by Mr. Peter Wagner, of New York city. breeding season at about the middle of August, the females

There was said to be forty men in all upon Heard Island. Men occasionally get lost upon the glaciers.

Sometimes a man gets desperate from being in so misebe finished until next spring, owing to the scattered loca- rable a place; and one of the crew of a whaler that we met tions of the various tribes. The name of every Indian is at Kerguelen's Land said, after he had had some rum, that

there are special agents of the Census Bureau who are assist. The "boss" said, in answer to our inquiries, that he had to pass freely.

ments are singularly elegant, and while engaged in feeding total number of Indians in the United States will foot up for it; but he guessed he'd sell it anyhow when he got back

He had been engaged in sealing about the island since

but he guessed he'd stay two years more.

He'd make five hundred dollars or so before he went home, but would probably spend half of that when he touched at the Cape of Good Hope on the way. The men had good clothing, and did not look particularly dirty.

They lived in wooden huts, or rather under roofs built over holes in the ground, thus reverting to the condition of the ancient British.

Around their huts were oil casks and tanks, and a hand barrow for wheeling blubber about. There were also casks marked molasses, flour, and coal.

The men said they had as much biscuit as they wanted, and also beans and pork, and a little molasses and flour. to sea elephants, which are found there in great abundance: Their principal food was penguins (Eudyptes chrysolyhus),

Captain Sir G. S. Nares saw five such skins piled on the

MISCELLANEOUS INVENTIONS.

A tool for holding small articles or pieces of jewelry while being soldered, so as to dispense with binding wire, plaster It is possible to land in whaleboats, on the average of the of Paris, and the various inconvenient, troublesome, and whole year, only once in three days, so surf beaten is the dirty contrivances hithertofore used in such work, has been patented by Mr. Louis G. Grady, of Halifax, N. C. This We saw six sealers. Two were Americans, and two were invention consists in a bar or plate provided with articulated arms that carry tweezers, the parts being so constructed and arranged that the articles or parts can be we met with at Kerguelen's Land, their duty being to hunt placed in the tweezers and brought together and held in any required position for being soldered.

An improved time signal for railways has been patented see the whale ships only for a short time in the spring of by Mr. Horace A. Wayne, of Manlius Station, N. Y. The each year. On the more exposed side of the island there is invention consists in the combination of a clock with hands and dial as usual, and a clock movement without an escape-This is covered over with thousands of sea elephants in ment, that moves the hands of the indicating dial, and havglass, or even a film of gelatine, sensibly diminished its vol- the breeding season, but it is only accessible by land, and ing a stop lever that is released by the passing train, the two clocks being so connected that the indicator remains immovable until a train passes, when it is released and moves until No boat can live to land on this shore, consequently men its hands catch up with or indicate the clock time, and it is

Mr. Oliver Bryan, of New York city, has patented a hot pure, the heating surfaces can be readily inspected and The beasts thus ousted swim off, and often "haul up," as cleaned, and the fire will act instantly and uniformly upon the radiation of heat quick and regular.

Mr. Abraham Mayer, of New York city, has patented an improved optometer or instrument for ascertaining the numsea, they are forced to betake themselves to the sheltered ber and kind of glasses required by persons having an impaired sight, making the use of spectacles necessary. The invention consists in a case containing one or more sets of Two or three old males, termed "beach masters," hold a lenses arranged on an endless band in such a manner that a pivoted arm, can be read through the several lenses succes-The males fight furiously; and one man told me that he sively, so that the lenses suiting the eyes of the experimenter

An improved furnace for burning chaff, etc., has been The males show fight when whipped, and are with great patented by Mr. Alonzo Moore, of Bangkok, Siam. In ordinary furnaces fuel is usually supplied at intervals, which chokes to a considerable extent the evolution of gases from The females give birth to their young soon after their the combustion. In so supplying the fuel the boilers are arrival. The new-born young are almost black, unlike the exposed to sudden changes of temperature, causing injurijections is the object of this invention.

Mr. H. L. Warren, of Alma, Ohio, has patented a fan amount of light and length of burning can be regulated to a left to themselves lying on the beach, where they seem to blower for thrashers, by the use of which the feeders and nicety, and by alternating red, blue, and green in the same grow fat without further feeding. They are always allowed band cutters will be protected from the cloud of dust that constantly issues from the mouth of the machines,

This account was corroborated by all the sealers I met: Mr. James R. Barry, of Yonkers, N. Y., has patented a In a furnace of this description I burned colored fires for with. I do not understand it. Probably the cows visit combination puzzle and game apparatus, which consists of their young from time to time unobserved. I believe simila short rod, a stationary handle, and four or more balls or ceptible in the room. Hoping my experience might prove lar stories are told of the fattening on nothing of the young short cylinders having alternate numbers and letters formed upon them in such an order that when the balls are arranged Peron says that both parent elephant seals stay with the in a particular position the sum of the various columns of young without feeding at all, until the young are six or numbers will be the same, and the various columns of let-

A harness buckle, the tongue of which may be locked upon the buckle frame, and of such construction that the pull of the engaged trace or strap shall be straight, and not at an angle thereto, has been patented by Messrs. Casper L. Marschall and Anthony Marschall, of Evansville, Ind.

A calendar, to be attached to a clock and operated in connection therewith, and exhibits but one number or date at a time, and that number or date in large or plain figures, has

An improvement in the tunnels of base burning stoves, whereby the coals can be retained in the tunnel in case a weak fire is desired or in case the fire has gone out and the ashes and cinders are to be removed, so that the coal in the tunnel can be dropped on to a fresh fire, has been patented by Mr. Edward C. Smith, of Lincoln, Neb.

Mr. Charles L. Shaw, of Nora, Ill., has patented an imwritten out in full, together with age, sex, etc., and other occasionally men had to be shot; a statement which may be provement in flood gates for streams, hollows, and lowlands statistics are obtained, just the same as of the civilized citi- true or false, but which expresses, at all events, the feelings liable to be overflowed by a sudden rise of water. They are so constructed that they will not wash away, and will allow The men that we saw seemed contented with their lot, the water, and any rubbish being carried down by the water,