## Planing Machines. (Concluded from our last.)

Formation of saws and other cutters, to work with a rotative motion. The most obvious mode is, the making the cutter of one dition to the modes in common use, one may piece, consisting of steel, or iron with steel be the putting the machine, if not too bulky, welded on to it, as far as is necessary for strength and sharpness. In some instances, however, there may be an advantage in making it in pieces, for instance, in annular segments, fastened to an included cylinder: the other beasts of draught, may be applied, at larger it is, the greater will be the advantage in thus composing it; and, if a part only is worn out, or damaged, that part may bereplaced, without injury to the rest. Another mode of composition is, to make the teeth distinct from each other, as well as from the cylinder from which they are to project : they will thus be separately bedded in the cylinder, taking on and off, as occasion may require. This is a mode I have practised with particular advantages, in the instance of the moulding cutter, and the planing roller, above spoken of. For the construction of borers, see the article of boring. p. 293 to 305.

How to present the same determinate parts of a number of pieces successfully to the action of a tool. First, Where the intended stations are disposed along the length of a piece. In this case, fix the piece on a sliding bed, in such a manner as to be moveable in the di. rection of its length : let the sliding bed be furnished with a stop, in the form of a pin or bolt, projecting, for example, from the side, to be inserted, or to drop of itself, into holes or notches in the bench, one for each of the positions required. Or, instead of being made in the bench itself, these holes or notches may be made in a piece of wood or metal, moveable in a groove, or otherwise, along the course which the sliding-bed is to take. In this way, similar pieces may, at equi-distant or otherwise correspondent points of their respective lengths, be exposed to the action of a borer, for example, a saw, a file, or any other tool adapted to the hole, incission, or mark, which they may be intended to receive. pp 375, 376.

Advancement, viz. of the piece to the tool, or of the tool to the piece. For the case where the motion by which the work is performed in of the reciprocatiog kind, instructions have, under the head of Sawing by a reciprocating motion, being given by reference to present practice. When the motion is of the rotative kind, though the advancement may be performed by hand, yet regularity may be more effectually insured by the aid of mechanism. For this purpose, one expedient is the connecting, for instance, by cogged wheels, the advancing motion of the piece with the rotative motion of the tool: another expedient is, employing a power so as to gain purchase; in which case, the facility of insuring regularity will be according to the quality of purchase gained. For short distances, this may be done commodiously enough by a lever or screw; but, where the advancement is to have a long range, the rack and pinion is more convenient; the rack, for example, being fixed to the sliding bed, in a direction parallel to that of its motion, and the pinion which moves it turned by a winch. Or, instead of the action of the hand, a weight may be employed; or, for a very short space, a spring. pp. 383,384.

The several modes of working above spoken of are the fruit of my own invention, matured more or less by my own practice. The description I have given of them is such as, according to the best of my judgment, would be sufficient to enable any man that chose it to put them in practice to advantage. In some of the instances, the contrivance is no more than what any intelligent mechanic, conversant in the particular branch of work which it is calculated to facilitate, may, by help of these instructions, be able to exe self, for the purpose at least of that particular branch of work. In others, especially where the invention is such as to comprise a new and entire machine, the assistant of a millwright or engineer by profession, whose business implies an acquaintance with machinery in general, may require to be called in. These several inventions I accordingly claim the ex clusive right of exercising, and that in all the variations of which they are susceptible, and in respect of all sorts or materials to

tions in which, and such materials on which, | which are sections upon a longitudinal plane, they may have already been practiced without my knowledge. As to the mode of giving the ribband-lines. 3. The body plan, which motion to any of the above machines, in adinto a carriage, and driving the power from the rotation of the wheels on which the carriage runs: in this way, besides the advantage of propability, the power of horses, or an expense less than that of erecting a horsemill. In witness thereof, &c. pp. 387, 388. of the Repertory of Arts, Vol. 10, London 1793.

# Oplum Drunkenness.

The opium smoker in his heaven is a fearful and sad sight, although, perhaps, not so degrading to the eye as the drunkard from spirits, lowered to the level of the brute, and wallowing in his filth. The idiot-smile and deathlike stupor of the opium debauchee has something far moreawful to the gaze than the brutality of the latter. Pity, if possible, takes the place of other feelings, to behold the faded cheek and haggard look of the being abandoned to the power of the drug; whilst disgust is uppermost at the sight of the human creature levelled to the beast by intoxication.

One of the streets in the centre of Singa pore, East Indies, is wholly devoted to shops for the sale of this poison; and here, in the evening may be seen after the labors of the day is over, crowds of Chinese, who seek these places to satisfy their depraved appetites.

The rooms where they sit and smoke are surrounded by wooden couches, with places for the head to rest upon, and generally a side room is devoted to gambling. The pipe is a reed of about an inch in diameter, and the aperture in the bowl for the admission of opium is not larger than a pin's head. The drug is prepared with some kind of incense, and a very small portion is sufficient to charge it, one or two whiffs being the utmost that can be inhaled from a single pipe; and the smoke is taken into the lungs, as from the hooka in India. On a beginner, one or two pipes will have an effect, but an old stager will continue smoking for hours. At the head of each couch is placed a small lamp, as fire must be applied to the drug during the process of ir. haling; and from the difficulty of filling and properly lighting the pipes, there is generally a person who waits upon the smoker to perform the office. A few days, says Lord Joselyn, of this fearful luxury, when taken to excess, will impart a pallid and haggard look to the features, and a few months, or even weeks, will change the strong and healthy man into little better than an idiot skeleton. The pain they suffer when deprived of the drug, after long habit, no language can explain; and it is only to a certain degree under its influence that their faculties are alive. In the hours devoted to their ruin, these infatuated people may be seen, at nine o'clock in the evening, in all the different stages. Some entering, half distracted, to feed the craving appetite they have been obliged to subdue during the day; others laughing and talking under the influence of the pipe; while the couches around are filled with their different occupants, who lie languid, with an idiot-smile upon their countenance, too completely under the influence of the drug, to regard pass ing events, and fast merging into the wished for consummation. The last scene in this tragic play is generally a room in the rear of the building, a species of morgue, or dead-house, where lie those who have passed into the state of bliss an opium-smoker madly seeksan emblem of the long sleep to which he is blindly hurrying."

## Names in Nautical Aerhitecture.

The principal Plans in Ship-building are: 1. The sheer draught, sheer plan or elevation, which is a vertical and longitudinal view of the ship representing her outboard works from the wales upwards and also keel, stem, and stern-post, with a sectional view of the frames laid off at their proper distances upon the keel and marked from the dead flat in numerical figures towards the stern-post and in letter of the alphabet towards the stem. 2. which they are applicable, saving such varia- The half breadth plans, or floor plans,

whereon are represented the water-lines and is a representation of vertical transverse sections before, at, and abait the dead-flat. Of the Models used in ship building we may notice the following: A bulkshead-model, is one formed by vertical pieces of board representing half frames which are fastened to a board corresponding with the centre line of the vessel; A key model, or water-line model, is tormed of pieces of board laid on each other horizontally : these boards being all shaped manner, without regard to expense, and we from the lines on the paper, when put togeth are now ready to supply orders for any of the er and fairly adjusted present the true form of the ship. The Lines employed in ship build printed, on the most liberal terms. A large ing are as follows : 'The bearding-line, buttock-lines, and bow lines, longitudinal received from London, Glasgow, and other curves at the buttock and bow representing the ship's body cut in vertical sections. The cutting down line, a curve in the sheerdraught corresponding to the upper surface of to us, and the work desired shall be promptly the throats of the floor amidships, and to the under side of the keelson. Diagonal lines or ribband-lines, cutting the hody-plan diagonally from the timbers to the middle line : they regulate the position of the ribbands and when laid down on the floor-plan give points (called surmarks) at their intersection of the frames for the bevellings of the timbers. The level-line, a horizontal line struck between the surmarks of a floor timber upon which line a large square is placed with a plummet in order to set the floor-timber when laid upon the keel to proper level. The middle line, or centre-line, a line run from the stem to the stern-post, dividing the ship into two equal parts; rising line, an elliptical line drawn on the plan of Elevation to determine the sweep of the floor-heads throughout the ship's length and thus ascertain the shape of the bottom as to its being full or sharp. The top-timber line, or top-breadth line, acurve | of describing the height of the top-timbers, which gives the sheer of the vessel.

The ships built in this city, are copied after faultless models-and every outline is preserved, The model is cut and carved until it suits the tast of the naval architect

### The Great WEHUU CHINE

The famous wall which divides China from Tartary, is a wonder of the world. The Chinese say it is more than 3000 miles in length ; but it does not exceed fifteen hundred. Its course is not always even sometimes descending into deep valleys, at others rising to the top of lofty mountains. Its height constantly varies ; being much greater in certain situations, especially in the valleys, whilst in some places it does not rise higher than fifteen feet. In some parts this wall is built entirely of stone and brick mixed; and such is its breadth that carriages can drive along the top at ease. The interior of the wall is filled up with earth and it was built of that breadth not only for convenience in time of war, but also to facilitate the transport of materials when it was building, as it otherwise would have been impossible to carry it over steep and precipitous spots. It would in fact, have been beneath their advanced civilization to pass rocks, ravines and mountains, without providing a passage for horse and foot soldiers. Although it was built more than eighteen hundred years ago it is still so perfect that it does not appear to have been finished above a century. It is decayed only in a few places, and these dilapidations the Tartars, who are now in possession of China, do not trouble themselves to repair They only preserve and defend the gates through which there is much traffic. Under the native Chinese Government, one million of soldiers were employed to guard and garrison this marvellous work.

### The Business of Rochester.

There are now at Rochester twenty flour- lack of assistance then. ing mills, with over one hundred runs of stones. Forty daily, weekly and semi-weekly religious societies. The quarterly receipts newspapers. There were manufactured there present population is believed to be between new. 35 and 40,000.

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bic feet of air contained in the building you | rates well and you say it does, it is worth a wish to warm with hot water, and you may easily know the size of the boiler required for your purpose. Every cubic foot of water evaporated in a boiler at a pressure of 15 lbs. to the square inch will heat 2000 feet of enclosed air to an average temperature of 75 degrees, and each square foot of surface of steam pipe will warm 200 cubic feet.

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