## CIBNT

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## poetry.

## THE SABBATH

by ebenezer elliot
Sabbath holy !
To the lowly
Still thou art a welcome day. When thou cometh, earth and ocean, Shade and brightness, rest and motion, Help the poor man's heart to pray.

Sun-walked forest,
Bird, that soarest
O'er the mute, empurpled moor, Throstle's song, that stream-like flowest, Wind, that e'er dew-drop goest, Welcome now the woe-worn poor.

## Little river

Young forever!
Cloud, gold-bright with thankful glee, Hap py woodbine, gladly weeping, $G$ nat, within the wild rose keeping, Oh , that they were blessed as thee!

## Sabbath holy !

For the lowly
Paint with flowers the glittering sod; For affliction's sons and daughters, Bid thy mountains, woods, and waters ! Pray to God, the poor man's God!

## From the fever,

(Idle never,
Where on Hope, Want bars the door) From the gloom of airless alleys, Lead thou to green hills and valleys, Weary landlord's trampled poor.

Pale young mother, Gasping brother, Sister toiling in despair, Grief-bowed sire, that life long diest, White-lipped child, that sleeping sighest, Come and drink the light and air.

Tyrants curse ye,
While they nurse ye,
Life for deadliest wrong to pay : Yet, 0 Sabbath ! bringing gladness Unte bearts of weary sadness. Still art thou "The Poor Man's Day."

## THE SEAMSTRESS.

Hark, that rustle of a dress, Stiff with lavish costliness; Here comes one whose cheeks would flush But to have her garments brush 'Gainst the girl whose fingers thin Wove the weary broidery in ; And in the midnights, chill and murk, Stitched her life into the work; Bending backward from her toil, Lest her tears the silk might spoil ; Shaping from her bitter thought Heart's-ease and forget-me-bot; Satirizing har despair
With the emblems woven there!

## Bakers in Paris.

The number of bakers in Paris is 604, divided into four classes, according to the amount of business. The first class consists of such upwards of four sacks of flour a day, and the fourth such as bake less than two.

IMPROVED FELLOE MACHINE.---Figure 1.


This is a machine for cutting felloes of 1 in a moveable step at its lower end, and havwheels out of plank, on which valuable im- ing a circular plate $a$, secured to its upper end, provements have been made by Joshus \& Levi Adams, and T. H. Mores of Amherst, Mass., who have taken measures to secure a patent for the same. Fig. 1. is an elevated section of the machine at the line $X X$ of fig. 2 , which is a horizontal view, with the friction wheels removed. The same letlers refer tolike parts on both the figures.
A is a frame, B is an uprightshaft resting
Figure 2.

vibrating timber at its upper end and with / or shoulder at its lower end, which shoulda a friction wheel and pulley $f$ at the top, and a gang of pulleys $g$ below, around which is seen the band $h$ extending arcusid a pulely $i$ on $B$. $G$ is a lever arranged below the frame and secured at one end to the front of the same by a pin upon which it moves and at its opposite end upon a similar lever $j$ which is cennected to a cross head, moving between upright ways. H is a vertical screw shaft passing through a screw in the cross head and having a button
or shoulder at its lower end, which shoulda turns in a permanent block in the frame. Q is a lever moving on a fulcrum and connected at the end by a rod, which is connected to a lever below the frame baving a weight hung on its upper end to counterbalance the weigh $f$ the vertical ohaft of cutters and levers to re lieve the screws of part of the pressure and prevent it from wearing. K 6g. 2 is a horizontal beam containing the boxes in which the cupper ends of the upright bozes turn and it is
provided with tennons at the ends which fit into mortices in the vertical parts of the frame and has cords attached to its ends one of which with a weight passes over a pulley in the outside and the other cord passes over another pulley and is attached to a lever $Z \mathrm{~W}$, moving on a fulcrum, for lowering the cross head bs lowering the said lever.
When it is desired to cut a felloe, the plank from which it is to be cut is placed upor the tables and firmly secured by the dogs and clamps $l$. The upright shaft is then set in motion by the friction wheels being brought in contact by the lever and therefore the cutter shaft by the band $h$ is set in motion. The cutters E E, are set in the cutter heads by tbe straps $d d$, so that one cutter shall move in a circle cutting the outside of the felloe and the other cuts the inside curcle, while the cutter shaft can be raised or lowered by the lever $G$, to cut the required depth. The dogs and clamps can be shifted on the table for larger or smaller fellues, and the cutters can be shifted on C C C, to correspond with the same.
By the end view, any person will get a good idea of the construction of this machine, but there are some little nice arrangements not herein exhibted, but the general arrangement is. We cannot say more in favor of this machine, than tostate, that the felloes formed by it sell at a higher price than any other in our city.

## RACLROAD NEWS.

St. Lawrence and Atiantic Railroad,
The report of the directors of this road has been published. The road has been opened 30 milesand is defonitsly located 100 miles, or within 27 miles of the boundary. Owing to some difficulty, not explained, the corps of civil engineers employed by the company had adandoned the undertaking simultaneously, both chiefs and assistants.
The North Carollna Central Rallroad.
The bill to incorporate this important Railroad Company, which passed the House of Commons on the 18th ult., by 59 to 53 , passed in the Senate to its third reading on the 20th ult., by 22 to 19 . Its capital is $\$ 3,000,000$, of which individuals are required to subscribe $\$ 1,000,000$, and the State $\$ 2,000,000$. The main stem is to run through Raleigh and Salisbury to Charlotte, after intersecting the Wil. mington and Weldon road near Goldsboro'.
Influence of Rallroad in Mussachusetts.
Travelling on Railroads in Massachussetts has become as familiar as riding in omnibusses, and people arrive in Boston from places at considerable distances, transact business, and depart homeward, with no more concern than one would bestow upon a walk from the Delaware to the Schuylkill. One instance of this is to be noted in the fact, that in the list of members of the Legislature, fifteen Senators and ninety-two Assembly-men are set down as boarding " at home."
Lexlugten and Frankfort Ky. Rallroad. Five hundred tons of rails for the above raitroad reached Louisville a few weeks ago and the remainder will soon follow. This road is expected to be finished by 1st October neat.
Notice has been given in the Canadian Parliament to enquire if ministers have taken ady steps to prevent the bridging of Lake Champlain by the Ogdensburgh Railroad Company, thereby violating the existing treaties, which guarantee to Britioh subjects and to the United States, the uninterrupted navigation of the lake.
Gieat complaints are made about the miserable condition and bad management of the Central Railroad, Georgia. Those Railroads that are constructed in the inost durable manner always pay best. A miserable flat rail for original cheapness, is ultimate dons.

