

SSUED FROM THE UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 18, 1860.

orted Officially for the Scientific America

\*.\* Pamphlets giving full maticulars of the mode of applying for atents, size of model required, and much other information useful to vventors, may be had gratis by addressing MUNN & CO., Publishers f the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, New York.

0.905. -John Allen, of Union, N. Y., for an Improvement in Harrow

III HEFTOWS: I claim the combination and arrangement of the vertical oblong links, g, and horizontal oblong hook links, h h, substantially as described thereby the double advantage of allowing a free vertical and horizontal lay to the sections of the harrow, and a very efficient and convenent teams of connecting and disconnecting them readily is secured at the ame time.

0,906.—E. C. Atkins, of Indianapolis, Ind., for an Im-proved Method of Attaching the Handle to Saws: I claim the attachment of the ear or tang to cross-cut saws by means (a screw and open slot passing in at the end, or on the edge of the saw ear the end. 0.906.

0,907.—E. G. Atwood, of Derby, Conn., for an Improve-ment in Skeleton Skirts: I claim the combination of a series of hoops to form the skirt, with a rnes of flattened spiral springs extending from the waist band or upper oop to the bottom of the skirt, crossing the intermediate hoop and at-uched by any well-known means for the purpose set forth.

0,908:-L. P. Brady, of Mount Joy, Pa., for an Improve-ment in Rakes for Harvesting Machines: I claim the overlapping plate, F, on the rake handle, E, and the guide ad, G, on its side, in combination with the slotted swivel, C, and per-endicular crank pin, H, when combined and arranged in the manner escribed for the purpose specified.

0,909.—Lysander Button and Robert Blake, of Waterford, N. Y., for an Improved Coupling for Hose Pipe: Iclaim the folding handle lever or levers attached to a part or parts of ich coupling for hose and pipes as require a rotary movement of said art or parts in the act of setting up, as set forth.

0,910.—Cyrus Chambers, Jr., of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improvement in Paper Folding Machines: I claim, first, Sliding or moving the paper on or between bars or their juivalents, by means of revolving wheels or rollers, whose surfaces me in contact with the paper as and for the purpose specified. Second, The combination of revolving surfaces with bars and stops, "their equivalents, arranged substantially as and for the purpose de-ribed.

3.901.—J. W. Church, of Cold Water, Mich., for an Improved Fastening for Hame Tugs: I claim the combination of the self-locking perforated slide with the erforated bed piece, in the manner and for the purposes substantially ishown and described.

-John Ende, of Buffalo, N. Y., for an Improvement ),912.

**1**, **512**, — John Ender, of Burato, N. 1., for an improvement in Horse Collars: I claim the manner in which the clips, G.G. Fig. 4, and hold-back ngs, D.D. Fig. 1, are attached, as described and for the purpose set

ngs, D D, Fig. 1, are attacned, as used to a superior and the second sec

),913.-John Durham, of Cherry Grove, Ohio, for an Im-

),913.—JOAD LURINAM, OF CHARLES, STATES, Proved Boot Jack: Droved Boot Jack: I class the combination of the frame, A, with the folding indented otch, B b b', and the lid, C c, adapted to hold the crotch to its open sition, and to cover it in closed position, substantially as set forth.

),914.-G. N. Fairchild and Thomas Joyce, of New York City, for an Improvement in Collimators: e claim the combination of the two wires, c d, with each other and the mirror, D, as shown and described.

[The object of this invention is to produce a simple, cheap and reli-le instrument with which straight lines, running from one point to other, at a great or a small distance, and running in a horizontal, a inclined direction, can be determined in an easy and dy manner.

Nyl5.—J. P. Fisher, of Rochester, N. Y., for an Improve-ment in Carriage Wheels: I claim The combination of the binding rods, c, with the hollow spokes hub, H, and felloes, f, in the manner shown and described.

This invention consists in the construction of an entirely metallic heel and axle for common carriages, and which will afford the greates ssible strength with no more weight than that of wooden ones.]

1,916.—E. F. M. Fletcher, of Georgia Plains, Vt., for an Improvement in Water Wheels:
I claim the combination of the two hemispherical hubs, D D, shaft B, neave and tapering buckets, d d, and springs, E, the whole being contracted and arranged and operating in the manner and for the purses set forth.
This invention consists in the employment or use of wheels formed having real hubble set table to contract hubble and should be defined in contract hubble set table to contract hubble set table to contract hubble set of the used in contract hubble set table to contract hubble set of the used in contract hubble set table to contract hubble set of the used in contract hubble set table to contract hubble set of the used in contract hubble set of the used i

having spiral buckets attached to central hubs, and also used in con this may spin to detect string so applied to the wheels as to regulate clow with the buckets spring so applied to the wheels as to regulate e capacity of the issues, according to the force or supply of water, so at the wheel will always work economically, or, in other words, give

t the maximum power of the head under varying hights of the same.] 1,917.-Cornelius Godfrey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., for an Im-

provement in Boilers: I claim the arrangement of boiler and furnace or furnaces with the eam chamber, as described and for the purpose set forth.

18.—Joseph Grice, of New York City, and R. H. Long, of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improvement in City Rail-1.918 road Cars

road Cars: We claim, firs, The employment in combination with the rear end the frame or car body, A, of a truck pivoted in advance of the axle or les, and so constructed and arranged with an arc, d, and suitable aring plate and friction rolls as to have the entire weight supported by truck brought on the said arc, d, substantially as described, for the wroat sat forth

I'm g plate and iteration is add arc, d, substantiany as used are a provided at the state of the second, We claim the employment of two trucks in combination with frame, A, when the two trucks are each constructed with a single , d, which sustains the entire weight of the car, and both pivoted at ints lying between the axle, substantially as described, for the pur-

30,919.—J. F. Hammond, of Lynn, Masss., for an Improved Cement for Roofing: I claim the combination of the within-mentioned ingredients, or their quivalents, in substantially the proportions specified.

30,920.—Jacob Hiney, of Hartford, Conn., for an Improvement in Faucets for Bottles:
 I claim the conical and pointed valve, h, its stem, 1, and the hollow tube, g, with the screw portion, c, in combination with the screw stem, a, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

(This invention consists in applying to a faucet constructed in a pecu-

In a more a pointed valve which will allow the stem of the facet to be passed through a bottle cork while it is in the bottle, and which will also serve as a valve for opening and closing the orifice in the stem of the faucet.

30,921.—R. W. Hix, of New York City, for an Improve-ment in Railroad Car Brakes: I claim the combination with the brake shaft, B, of the geared cap, J, geared wheels, G, and pinlon, H, in the manner and for the purposes shown and described.

(This invention consists in applying to the ordinary brake shaits, in stead of the hand wheel at present used, a circular box with a movable

scap, which box contains three or more spur wheels having station bearings and which engage with the teeth of a pinion that is keye on that is keved to the brake shaft, and also with inside gearing on the movable cap, so that by turning the cap the motion will be transmitted to the brake shaft and multiplied according to the size of the central pinion.]

Shart and multiplied according to the size of the central pinion.j 30,922.—Jedediah Holcomb, of Brandon, Vt., for an Im-provement in Platform Scales: I claim, first, The combination of the jointed rods, c2, connected by the link, D, and six links, B, for supporting the same, with the frame, A, and weighing levers, E, of a platform scale, for the purposes set for the support of the support of the support of the same, with the frame, A, and weighing levers, E, of a platform scale, for the purposes set for the support of the support of the support of the same, with the frame, A, and weighing levers, E, of a platform scale, for the purposes set A, a forth

forth. Second, I also claim the use of the extension case, R, in combination with the stationary case, P, weighing levers, E, and scale beam, T, for the purposes set forth.

the purposes set torth. 30,923.—J. R. Jacob, of Elizabethtown, Ky., for an Im-proved Valve Gear for Steam Engines: I claim the combination of the forked independent rocker, K, work-mg on the valve rockshaft, the two arms, I J, with their studk, cd, rigidly attached to the said rockshaft, and the spring, f; the whole ap-field in relation to each other and operating substantially as set forth.

This invention is more especially designed for a direct-acting engi such as are used for pumping and other purposes for which a rotary motion is unnecessary. It may, however, be applied to an engine with a rotary shaft. It consists of a forked rocker worked upon, but independently of, an ordinary valve rockshaft by a connection with the pis-ton rod or other reciprocating portion of the engines, and operating upon an ordinary valve rockshaft, in combination with a spring acting up on another arm thereof, to cause the valve to be first moved gradually to a position to close the steam port at either end of the cylinder, as th piston approaches the other end, and then to be moved suddenly suffly pison approaches the one can, and then be the order at the last men-ciently further to give a full opening to the steam port at the last men-tioned end, to admit steam to move the piston in the opposite direction.]

30,924.—John Jameson, of Gateshead, England, for an Im-

30,924.—Join Jameson, of Gatesnead, England, for an improved Apparatus for Expanding and Compressing, Elastic Fluids. Patented in England June 11th, 1860: I claim the combination of the apparatus to produce those action which I have called "borrowing and lending," with the apparatus for performing the functions of what I have called the "compressing ap paratus, substantially as described.

paratus, substantially as described.
30,925.—F. C. Leypoldt, of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improvement in Apparatuses for Cutting Button Holes: I claim an instrument for cutting button holes, combining the levers, A and C, when arranged and jointed in the manner described, and extuating the cutter, B, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

30,926.—Isaac Miers, of Clay Lick, Ohio, for an Improve-ment in Cultivators:

ment in Cultivators: I claim the arrangement of the longitudinally adjustable side beams, C D, straps, a a' b b', and adjusting plate, d, with the center beam, B, plows, E FG, adjustable handles, h h, and standards, y y, all as shown and described, for the purposes set forth.

[This invention consists in the arrangement of the center shovel or plow, in three-toothed cultivators, in the rear of the side plows. It also consists in making the side beams adjustable longitudinally. By means of the said arrangement of the center plow it divides the ridge of mold formed by the combined inner furrows of the side plows and throws it up each way, from the center towards therootsof the corn, in addition to the ridge thrown up to the rows by each of the side plows.]

30,927.—P. P. Mills, of Washington, Ohio, for an Improve-ment in Sugar Cane Leaf Stripper: I claim the described leaf stripper for sorghum or sugar cane, consist-ing of two or more elastic blades, D E, and the semi-circular plates, E, the whole being arranged and combined on a block or frame, A, for the purpose and in the manner set forth and explained.

30,928.-D. K. Nixon, of Sandyville, Ohio, for an Improved Device for Preventing Hogs from Rooting: I claim the combination of the metallic part, A, having the opening, B, with two or more pins or wires, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

I of

et forth. I also claim the curved or projecting points, C C, with the lower part I also claim the curved or projecting points, C C, with the lower part I f A, as set forth. I further claim bending the lower ends of the pins in, as shown at c, or the purposes set forth.

for the purposes set forth. 30,929.—W. H. Pease, of Dayton, Ohio, for an Improve-ment in Tobacco Cutters: I claim, in connection with the endless belts, C C', arranged as de-scribed, and the throat, d, the revolving knives, E F, and screw thread, G, the same being arranged and made to operate substantially as and for the purpose specified. —John Pike, of Syracuse, N.Y., for an Improved 30,930

wnen used for the purposes specified. 30,931.—Robert Plews, of Smithfield, R. I., for Improved Cylinders for Spinning Frames: I claim the improvement in the process of manufacturing tin plate cylinders described, consisting in perforating the edge of each plate of which the several sections of the cylinder are composed with a series of holes, whereby, on the application of heat, the air is expelled and the soldering metal is permitted to flow over the entire surfaces in contact.

soutering metal is permitted to flow over the entire surfaces in contact 30,932.—F. W. Robinson, of Richmond, Ind., for an Im-provement in Grain Separators: I claim, first, Obtaining a separate and independent discharge of grain from the grain carrier, D, and straw carrier, E, by means of a division board, a, and the inclined bottom board, G, the upper line of the straw carrier, E, being arranged below the place of the cellular grain carrier, D, so as to obtain a fall between the carriers, substantial-ly as specified. Frain carrier, D, So as to volume a set of board, m, arranged in relation by as specified. Second, I claim the deflecting plate or board, m, arranged in relation to the shoe, F, and ians, L, as set forth, to effect the object stated.

plane, one of which conducts the grain and strawfrom the threshing cylinder and delivers the straw on the other endless carrier, separating a frame, A, when the statistic beneficient of the statistic base of the statist the grain and chaff from the straw and depositing it on the shoe

© 1861 SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, INC

air is turned downwards into the shoe and drives the partially threshed heads back, and they are elevated and again submitted to the threshing operation, while the chaff and other impurities pass out over the back end of the shoe.

13

end of the shoe.] 30,933.—J. S. Royce, of Cuylerville, N. Y., for an Improve-ment in Harvesting Machines: I claim, first, The downward curved, arched, metallic frame, A, con-structed as described, in combination with the driving wheel, D, the pinion or pitman shaft, S, and its rod, the cutting apparatus and the wheel, W, for the purpose set forth and substantially as set forth. Second, The arched projection of the frame, F', in combination with the adjustable cross piece, C', and its friction wheel, W', and the rod, r, for the purpose set forth, and substantially as described.

for the purpose set forth, and substantially as described. 30,934.—G. M. Selden, of Troy, N. Y., for an Improvement in Eave Troughs: I claim the combination and arrangement, substantially as described, of the air passages or fue spaces with an eave's trough and its conductor, located upon a building, as usual, and with a warm air apartment or hot air furnace, for the purpose of preventing the damage which ordinarily results to the building from the freezing within, and consequent over-flowing of the conductor and eave's trough by the water which some-times runs from melting snow or lee on the roof in freezing weather.

30,935.—S. A. Skinner, of West Berkshire, Vt., for an Improvement in Fountain Pens:
 1 claim the combination and emanagement of the combination of the combina

provement in Fountain Pens: I claim the combination and arrangement of a valve, f, separate from the agitator, H, with a spring pen-carrier, B, arranged with respect to the agitator, h, and the branch, e, provided with a valve opening and extending from the ink fountain, as described. I also claim the improved mode of muking the spring tongue, k, viz., with corrugations, the same being for the purpose described.

30,936 .- J. J. Slocum, of New York City, for an Improved

30,936.—J. J. Slocum, of New York City, for an Improved Rotary Engine: I claim, first, The arrangement of the rotary winged abutment, F, in combination with the notary piston, A, constructed and operating as and for the purpose specified and arrangement of the notched disk, I, with the spring catch, J, plate, H, with the rollers, b and e, and rotary abutment, F, constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose set forth. (This invention consists in the employment of a rotary winged abut-

nent, in combination with a rotary piston, in such a manner imparting to said abutment a rotary motion at certain intervals, the piston is allowed to pass by unobstructed. It also consists in arranging on the shaft of the piston a notched disk with a spring catch, in co tion with two sets of rollers, attached at different distances from the center of a plate that is screwed to the axle of the rotary abutment in er that, by the action of the notched disk on the outer set such a mar of rollers, the abutment is kept perfectly stationary, until, by the combined action of the spring catch and the two sets of rollers, the abut-ment is partially rotated.]

30,937.-E. N. Steere, of Providence, R. I., for an Improvement n Oiling Spindles: I claim the tube, B, or its equivalent, constructed and arranged, with he step and bolster of a spindle, substantially asd escribed, for the pur-vose specific

pose specified. 30,938.—S. M. Stone, of New Haven, Conn., for an Im-proved Means for Ventilating Buildings: I claim the use of the pure air passage as A, in combination with the passage, E E, and smoke pipe, **•**, when the whole is constructed, ar-ranged and litted to produce the result as described.

30,939.-Claude Sturel, of New York City, for an Improve-

ment in Fire Escapes: I claim the arrangement of the platforms, D, alternately on opposite sides of the framework, and holding them rigidly parallel to the deck of the wagon in all conditions of the frame, by means of the bars, d or their equivalents, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

30,940.—Horace Tupper, of Buffalo, N. Y., for an Improvement in Turnouts for Street Railroads: I claim the inclined wave or swell, D, in combination with the rails, A B and F, operating in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

30,941.-D. T. Ward, of Mansfield, Ohio, for an Improved

Churn : Churn : claim the disk or wheel, C, constructed as described, and, in connec-therewith, the rim or collar, D, arranged in the manner and for the pose specified.

30,942.—Seth Wheeler, of Albany, N. Y., for an Improve-ment in Ash Sifters:

I claim the use of lever, G, treadle, F, and spring, E, when used in ombination with the sieve, B, substantially and for the purpose speci-

ided.
<

scribed.
30,944.—Hirsch Heinemann and John Buser, of New York City, assignors to Hirsch Heinemann aforesaid, for an Improvement in Machines for Covering Cord:
We claim, first, The arrangement of the revolving creel, f, to twist the strand, with a revolving carrier plate, e, for laying the silk or other ibersupon the outside of said strand, when each has a separate revol-ving motion, so as to make different sizes and characters of strands, as set forth.

hoersupon no. so as to make different sizes and characteristic set of the set forth. Second, We claim the construction of the cap, 1, and jaws, 0 o, in combination, to guide the strand so that the covering material may be laid evenly thereon, as set forth. Third, We claim the revolving bobbin, t, and fly frame, acting as spo-cified, in combination with the covering apparatus, to twist in a cord or cut the strand as it passes from the covering apparatus, as set forth.

cut the strand as it passes from the covering apparatus, to twist in a corf or 30,945.—Xavier Karcheski (assignor to L. T. Valentine), of New York City, for an Improvement in the Manufacture of Vegetable Parchment:
 I claim the application, to certain parts of the paper, of starch or some other gelatineus substance, either plain or colored, substantially water-mark.

[The object of this invention is to produce vegetable parchment equal, or nearly so, in strength to the animal parchment, and of a uni-form transparency, with indelible water-marks, in such a manner that

papers of the same character.]

papers of the same character.] 30,946.—Peter Keffer, of Read ng, Pa., assignor to himself and D. A. Ulrich, of Berks county, Pa., for an Improve-ment in Car Brakes: I claim, first, The spring sliding rod and its projection, q, in combina-tion with the slotted arms, T and T', and the frame, X, with its roller, e, the said arms being operated and motion being communicated from the said frame to the brake bars by the devices described, or their equiva-lents.

ients. Second, The levers, K and K', hung to the pin, I, on which the tru turns in combination with the rods, L and L', and rods, M and M'----whole being arranged and operated as and for the purpose specified. -the

30,947.—J. L. Mahan (assign or to D. Stuart and R. Peterson), of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improvement in Gas Stoves:
I claim the inner chamber, D. diminishing in size toward its mouth, d, the outer chamber, c, the plain plate, F, the plate, m, of wire gauze, for its equivalent, and the hot air passage, i, when the said plain plate, forms a continuation of the wire gauze and when the whole of the above named parts are arranged, in respect to each other, as and for the purpose set for h.

30,948.—Andrew Parkinson, of Norwish, Conn., assignor to James Parkinson, of Newark, N. J., for an Improvement in Looms: I claim the employment of a comb, substantially such as described, in ombination with the lay of a loom, substantially as and for the purpose pecified. 30,949.-C. P. S. Wardwell, of Lake Village, N. H., assignor to S. H. Dotem, of Plymouth, Mass., for an Improved

Comb Cleaner: I claim, as a new article of manufacture, a comb cleaner, constructed ubstantially as described and set forth.

substantially as described and set forth.
30,950.—Parker Wells, of Middleton, Mass., assignor to E. Townsend and William Wells, of Boston, Mass., for an Improvement in Pegging Machines:
I claim changing the supply of pegs of one length for others of a different length, by substantially the means described for changing the position of the peg wood channels, v v'.
Also the described arrangement of the awl and driver hars, h and g, when they are connected with a slide, l, which is made to reciprocate substantially as and by the means described of the shaft, e, both with regard to its direction of rotation and described of the shaft, e, both with regard to its direction of rotation and position by which the usual gage on the reging heat near a rangement described by which the whole of the ped-driving mechanismis changed in its position relative to the pinlon, b, which the pest of the sole carrier, for the purpose of altering the angle at which the pest are starts. Name a substimulation of the period to the substantial second second

the angle at which the pegs are set in the work. 30,951.—C. E. Bertrand, of New York City, for an Improve-ment in Tanks for Crystallizing Sugar: In the manufacture and rething of sugar, I claim the method de-scribed of extracting the crystallizable sugar from the secondary pro-ducts or drainings of ordinary sugar molds, by the employneet of a capacious tank, having combined with it a perforated discharge tube and plug or stopper, both or either capable of rotation, the whole being constructed and arranged substantially as set forth and operated in the manner and for the purposes specified.

30.952.

Anner and to the purposes specified. 80,952.—Levi Bissell, of North Bergen, N. Y., for an Im-provement in Stove Pipes: I claim the heads of the safe as constructed in combination with regis-ers and inside pipes, g.g., when said pipes are provided with ventilating locks, and all arranged as and for the purpose set forth. 30, 953.-John Blue, of Covert, N. Y., for an Improvement

30, 953.—John Blue, of Covert, N. 1., for an angle in Harvesters:
I claim the combination of the knee joint, i, with the reel standard, ft', shad, B, and bearings, kt', when these several parts are arranged for operation in the manner described, for the purpose specified.
30,954.—Gabriel Boos, of New York City, for an Improvement in Machines for Enameling Moldings:
I claim the arrangement and construction of the front piece, A, and side transe, C, in combination with the guide pieces, J, for the parto are of changing the machine easily to any width of molding as well as to make thereby the surface of the molding to act as guide for the machine, substandally as described.

,500.—E. D. Bootman, of Janesville, Wis., for an Im-promement in Automatic Attachment to Keyed Musi-cal Instruments: claim, first, The use and application of the spherical balls, i, or their dynamics, when used substantially as described and for the parpose crited.

ec da

equivalents, when used substantially as described and for the purpose described. Second, I claim the construction and use of a cylinder made of any suitable material, with a continuous spiral groove cut around the cylin-der similar to a screw, which groove is crossed at proper distances by like grooves running parallel with the shart or axis of the cylinder, thereby forming at the crossings of the grooves proper receptacles for the balls, i, substantantially as described and for the purpose set forth. Third, The employing a belt or cloth, v, in combination with rollers to keep the balls, i, in their places on the cylinder, and to propel the cyl-inder in performing music, substantially as described, or any arrange-nent ac complishing substantially the same object. Fourth The side or lateral novement of the sliding carriage, C, in combination with the ways, X X, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

ment ac complishing substantiatly the same organization of the solution of the stress of the solution with the ways, X X, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. Fourth, J, and conductors, K, or their equivalents, when used substantially as shown and described, or any arrangement accomplishing substantially as shown and described, or any arrangement accomplishing substantially as shown and described, or any arrangement accomplishing substantially uses and for the purpose described. Seventh, The new and supplication of the servey, x, and slide, t, or their equivalents, substantially as shown and for the purpose described. Seventh, The nse and application of the servey, x, and slide, t, or their equivalents, when used in connection with the oscillating lever, K, or their equivalents, and slide, t, or their equivalents, when used in connection with a schnider to give a longitudinal motion to the same as it revolves, substantially as and for the purpose described. Beyond, The area meent and combination of the lever, P, with the commetting lever, m, spring catch, u, weight, o, and pulley, X, substantially as described and for the purpose set forth. Ninth, Telaim the mamer of the levers, y and w, pins, t, wheel, an m, or any arrangement accomplishing the same thing. Eleventhi, I claim the method described of pressing down the keys upon the organor melodeon by means of the levers, y and w, pins, t, wheel, an m, or any arrangement accomplishing the same thing. Eleventhi, I claim the application and use of the devices composing my attachment, substantially as described, in combination with an organ plane, more any arrangement accomplishing the same thing.



J. H. A., of Md.-Conical rifle balls are both molded and stamped from the solid metal. Some of the machinery we have for nplishing this latter purpose is quite complicated.

D. P. F., of Mass .- The edition of the patent laws which we annonneed, last week, as being in press, is now out, and you can be supplied with a copy on receipt of seven three-cent stamps.

C. C., of N. Y.-We cannot tell you the amount of sulphur that is in the iron ore which you have sent us, without an analysis of it; hut from inspection, we consider it worth working if you find it in ndance as good as the specimen (No. 2) in the packag

- J. T., of N. Y.-Multiply the quantity of water in pounds which passes in one minute into the vertical hight of your fall and divide the product by 33,000. This will give you the power of the fall, from which deduct one-third, and you will have the actual power hot wl
- J. R., of Pa.-The beautiful, glossy, black varnish for iron work may be made by fusing one pound of amber in an iron vessel and adding, while hot, one quart of boiled linseed oil and three ounces each of dark rosm and asphaltum, in powder. When the whole is thoroughly incorporated take it off, and, when cool, add about one pint of turpentine. Several coats of this varnish are put on, and the ar-ticles are dried, after each application, in a warm oven.

E. R., of Ill.-The cheapest gas that you can use as an explosive agent, when mixed with air, is carburcted hydrogen.-that used for illumination. Water, when decomposed into its elementary gases, is highly explosive, but no vapor known to us will explode un-less mixed with air or oxygen. An explosive gas engine, *per se*, is not patentable, hut sene of your arrangements may possess novel and patentable features. You will find sulphuric acid cheaper than hydrochloric for obtaining hydrogen gas, by decomposing water with zine

L. C. G., of Cal.-" Hitchcock's Geology" is a little old but you will find it instructive. Hugh Miller's "Old Red Sandstone' interesting. By the time you have read these, perhaps Dr. Stevens work on the geology of the United States will be out, and this will give you the information you need.

J. R., of Ga.-We do not know of any stimulant offered for sale here as a substitute for tobacco. If the use of the weed is in juring your health, regard it as an enemy and treat it accordingly. A substitute might prove to be a remedy worse than the disease. J. B. C., of III.—We do not know of any other State but

Virginia that has a special law against the free introduction and sale of patents. The design of it was to subser le the purposes of domestic Its constitutionality has never been tested.

C. P. P., of Ala.-So long as you can take oath that you are a citizen of the United States, so long will you be entitled to apply for a patent on the payment of a fee of \$30. We cannot say what is the ultimate result of the present state of things; we will come out right in the end.

To Southern Inventors.-We are in receipt by every mail of letters from our Southern clients, asking "in what relation they stand to the Patent Office in case their respective States should accede from the Union? We answered this inquiry fully in our issue of the 15th ult. We will now state, however, in brief, that so long as an applicant can swear that he is a citizen of the United States, he will required to pay only \$30. The matter is therefore one that must be settled by the conviction which the applicant himself entertains on this point

C. W. S., of Oregon.-We suppose that when a bird, at a great hight, appears to float without motion upon the air, he is really slowly falling through it.

J. S. B., of N. Y.-We have published but one article with the caption "Does a Red Hot Stove Burn the Air." You will find it on page 21, Vol. II. (new series). There are other articles relating to

the ne subject; onc entitled "A South-cast Rain," on page 226, and "A Hint in Regard to Steam Pipes and Furnaces,' on one, hea page 415. Vol. I. (new series).

A. D. W., of Miss .- Smee says that in electro-plating, gold is best reduced from the auro-cyanide of potassium, and silver from the argento-cyanide of potassium. But the proper solution to be used depends upon the material on which it is to be deposited. Your only safe course is to get practical instructions from some one experienced in the art; otherwise you are not only liable to destroy your materials but to blow yourself up with some fulminating metal.

J. W. G., of Mass .- You can neither make, use, nor sel any pattented article without becoming liable to the patentee for in-fringement of his patent. There are patent blowers which you may use as a substitute for a blacksmith's bellows. Dimpfel's patent blower is manufactured at the Novelty Works, this city. your blower is an improvement, but we cannot tell without being fur nished with a more minute description

T. H., of Pa.-We do not understand what you mean by a machine for "pointing iron." If you mean a spike cutting machine there are several of these machines which have been patented, and ome have been described in former volumes of this journal. The rule for calculating the pressure which a boiler made of good American iron will sustain, is to take the tensile strain which one square inch of the iron will bear, divide it by 3 (for the weakening effect of rivering), and by the diameter of the boiler in inches. The teusile strength of boiler plate is 60,000 pounds. A long boiler is weaker than a short

J. D., of N. Y .- You are perfectly right in stating that a

great amount of gas escapes in an unconsumed state from co burners, thus entailing a great loss, and, at the same time, poluting the atmosphere of rooms. Your remedy for this is of great import ance.

# Money Received

At the Scientific American Office on account of Patent

Office business, for the week ending Saturday, Dec. 22, 1860;—
G. N. B., of Conn., \$25; J. R. A., of Ind., \$30; G. W. C., of Ga., \$30;
A. J., of Iowa, \$25; O. S., of Conn., \$25; K. & T. C., of N. Y., \$250; S. A. 5, 10 100 a, \$25, 6, 6, 7, 0 0000, \$6, 8, 8, 8, 6, 7, 7, 7, 1000, 335; J. P. A., of Ga., \$25; E. C., of Conn., \$30; H. & M., of Ga., \$25; F. W. S., of N. Y., \$30; C. O. L., of VI., \$25; J. H., of Comu, \$25; P. T., of Va., \$25: A. & D., of N. H., \$10; A. R., of N. Y., \$25; M. A. NcL., of La., \$35; J. T., of Cal., \$30; W. F. G., of N. Y., \$25; L. F., of Mass., \$25; A. R. T., of La., \$25; W. H. D., of III., \$25; H. P. De G., of N. Y., \$30; W. G. R., of Mo., \$10; D. W. S. R., of III., \$45; G. P. R., of Mass., \$15; S. & A., of Iowa, \$18; L. C., of N. Y., \$25; A. M. F. R., of N.J., \$30; J. B. B., of Iowa, \$25; J. C. S., of N. J., \$10; T. S., of N. J., \$55; B. & B., of N. Y., \$30; A. L. F., of N. Y., \$50; E. L. G., of Conn., \$25.

Specifications, drawings and models belonging to parties with the following initials have been forwarded to the Patent Office du-

with the following initials have been forwarded to the Patent Offlee during the week ending Dec. 22, 1860.G. N. B., of Conn.; A. J., of Iowa; O. S., of Conn.; W. H. D., of Ill; J. P. A., of Ga.; S. W., of Ga.; E. G., of N. Y.; J. K. S., of N. J.;
D. W. S., of N. Y.; J. H., of Ill.; E. L. G., of Conn.; J. II., of Conn.;
J. B. B., of Iowa; W. S. W., of Conn.; J. T., of Cal.; O. C. T., of Pa. B. B., of Iowa; W. N. Y., of Conn.; J. F., of Cal.; O. C. I., of Pa.
 Cases); T. S., of N. J.; A. R. T., of La.; R. R. L., of N. Y.; C. W. S.
 H., of Ill.; A. F., of Ill.; G. P. R., of Mass.; E. & H., of N. Y.; B. &
 N. E. D., of Mo.; R. R. C., of N. Y.; W. F. G., of N. Y.; C. L. B., of
 Mass.; L. F., of Mass.; S. S. M., of S. C.; J. L., of Mass.; E. M., of
 N. Y.; R. E., of N. Y.; D. S. W. R., of Ill.; P. H. T., ot Va.; C. O. L. of Vt.; J. C. A., of Md.; A. R., of N. Y.

## Important Hints to Our Readers.

BACK NUMBERS AND VOLUMES OF THE SCIENTIFIC AMERI-CAN.-Volumes I., II. and III. (bound or unbound) may be had at this office and from all periodical dealers. Price, bound, \$1.50 per volume; by mail, \$2-which includes postage. Price in sheets, \$1. Every me-chanic, inventor or artisan in the United States should have a complete set of this publication for reference. Subscribers sho fail to preserve their numbers for binding.

BINDING .- We are prepared to bind volumes, in handsome covers, with illuminated sides, and to furnish covers for other bind-Price for binding, 50 cents. Price for covers, by mail, 50 cents ; by express or delivered at the office, 40 cents.

# IMPORTANT TO INVENTORS.

THE GREAT AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENT AGENCY.—MCSSTS. MUNN & CO., Proprietors of the SCIEXTIFIC AMERICAN inform their patrons that they are still engaged in preparing specifications and drawings and attending to the wants of inventors in very department before the Patent Oflice, such as Extensions, Appeals, Interferences, correcting imperfect papers submitted to the Patent Office AMERICAN inform their patrons that they are still engaged in preparing specifications and drawings and attending to the wants of inventors in every department before the Patent Office, such as Extensions, Appeals, Interferences, correcting inperfect papers submitted to the Patent Office by incompetent persons, examining into the novelty of inventions, arguing rejected cases, dc. The long experience Massix, MUNN & CO. have had in preparing specifications and drawings, extending over a period of sixteen y cars, has rendered them perfectly conversant with the mode of doing business at the United States Patent Office, and with the mode of doing business at the United States Patent Office, and with the grader part, of the inventions which have been patented. Informa-tion concerning the patentability of inventions is freely given, without clarge, on sending a model or drawing and description to liks office. Consultation may be had with the firm, between XINE and FOR o'clock, duily, at their PRINCIPAL OFFICE, NO. 37 PARK-ROW, NNW YORK. We have also a BRANCH OFFICE in the Citry or WASHINGTON, on the conSRN or F ANS SYNENTI STREETS, opposite the United States Pat-ent Office. This office is under the general superintendence of one of the firm, and is in duily communication with the Principal Office in New YOrk, and personal attention will be given at the Patent Office to all such cases as may require it. Inventors and others who may visit Washington, having business at the Patent Office are cordially invited to call at their office. Messrs. MUNN & CO. are very extensively engaged in the preparation and securing of Patents in the various European countries. For the transaction of this business they have Offices at Nos. 66 Chancery Lane, London, 29 Boulevard St. Martin, Paris; and 26 Rue des Eperonniers. For the transaction of this business they have Offices at Nos. 66 Chancery Lane, Onto, or yet bink we may safely say that seven-eighths of all the european. Yet think we may safely say that seven-eighths of all the paten

::— essrs. MUNN & Co.:—I take pleasure in stating that, while I held office of Commissioner of Patents, MORE THAN ONE-FOURTH OF ALL

the office of Commissioner of Phients, NORE THAN ONE-FOURTH OF ALL THE BUSINESS OF THE OFFICE CAME THEOUGH YOUR HANDS. I have no doubt that the public confidence thus indicated has been tully deserved, as I have always observed, in all your intercourse with the Office, a marked degree of promptness, skill and fidelity to the interests of your employers. Yours, very truly, CHAS MAGON CHAS. MASON.

Immediately after the appointment of Mr. Holt to the office of Post-master-General of the United States, he addressed to us the subjound very gratifying testimonial:— Messrs. Mvxx & Co.:—It affords me much pleasure to bear testimony to the able and ellicient manner in which you have discharged your duties of Solicitors of Patients while I had the honor of holding the office of Commissioner. Your business was very large, and you sustained (and, I doubt not, justly desarred) the reputation of energy, marked ability and uncompromising fidelity in performing your professional engagements. Very respectfully, Your obelient servant, J. HOLT.

Your obedient servant, J. HOLT. MESSRS, MUNN & Co.:-Gentlemain: It gives me much pleasure to say that, during the time of my holding the olifee of commissioner of Par-ents, a very large proportion of the business of incentors before the Pat-ent Olifee was transacted through your agency, and that I have ever found you ratifinit and devoted to the interests of your clients, as well as eminently qualified to perform the duties of Patent Attorneys with skill and accuracy. Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, WM. D. BISHOP. Messrs. MUNN & Co. cordially invite persons visiting ine city, or resi-dents, to call at their spacions offices, No. 37 Parkrow, and examine the models which are on exhibition, or refer to the works of reference con-tained in their horary, access to which can be had at all hours. Inventors can communicate in German, Prench, Spanish, or nearly any other language, in soliciting information from this office. Chreulars, of information regarding the procuring of patents, printed in German, may be laid on application. Communications and remittances should be addressed to MUINN & CO.

### MUNN & CO.

Publishers, No.37 Park-row, N v v Vork

Publishers, No. 37 Park-row, New York. New WITHIN REACH OF ALL, --GROVER & BÁKER'S celebrated noiseless sewing machines, No. 495 Broadway, New York. The public attention is respectfully requested to the following cards of Elias Howe, Jr., and the Grover & Baker S. M. Co.:-I A card for the Grover & Baker S. M. Co.:-Unratents being now cstabilished by the courts, we are enabled to furnish the Grover & Baker S. M. Co.:-furnish the Grover & Baker machine, with inprotenments, at greatly reduced prices. The moderate price at which machines making the Grover & Baker Stitch, can now be had, brings them within, the reach of all, and renders the use of inachines making inferior stitcles as the Grover & Baker Stitch, but also that such machines are made and the right to use them, must not only be sure to buy machines making the Grover & Baker Stitch, but also that such machines are made and stamped under our patents and those of Elias How, Jr. No. 485 Broadway, New York.

IA card from Elias Howe, Jr.] All persons are eautioned not to make, deal in, or use any sewing machines which sew from two spools and make the stitch known as the Grover & Baker stitch, unless the same are purchased from the Grover & Baker Steving Machine Company, or their agents, or iccusses, and their licensees, alone, are legally authorized under their own patents, and my said patent, during the extended term thercor, to make and sell this kind of sewing machine, und all others are piracles upon my said patent, and will be dealt with accordingly wherever found. 1

THE "NEW YORK OBSERVER," A RELIGIOUS AND THE "NEW YORK OBSERVER," A RELIGIOUS AND secular family paper, is the largest newspaper in the world. Pub-lished weekly, and devoted to religions, literary, and secular intelligence of every variety. Its mammoth sheet is so arranged as to constitute each of which is larger than a majority of its contemporaries. It is not secturian in religion, nor partisan in politics, but designed for a phone security or complete newspapers—the one religious and the other secular— each of which is larger than a majority of its contemporaries. It is not secturian in religion, nor partisan in politics, but designed for a phone with the subscription of the every evangeleal Christian tamby. It is thoroughly conservative, and opposed to all the disogranizing isms of the way. A large number of the best writers of the age as special contribu-tors and correspondents, in all the principal counties of the world, are united with a full editorial corps of long experience, to give interest and value to the paper. The Religious Department, besides its editorial articles and correspondence, contains a summary of the most important movements of all Christian denominations. The Secular Sheet, in addition the foreign and domestic news, has departments of agricul-ture, of science, and of commerce—the latter embracing fulland accu-trate reports of money, produce, cattle, and other markets, up to the time of going to press. The price of the "Observer" is \$2,50 a year in advance. To every person sending us the names of five ne w subscrib-ers, with one year's payment in advance (\$12,50), we will give the sum of \$5, which in sup the deduced from the sum forwarded to us. Address SIDNEY E. MORSE, Jrs., & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New York.

# ENLARGEMENT AND IMPROVEMENT !!

**HOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER**, is the leading and largest cir-moore is in sconceled to be the best and most useful Agricultural, Horticultural, Literary and Family Newspaper of the age. The Twelfth Volume, commencing with January, 1861, will be mate-rially enlarged and otherwise improved, rendering it superior to either of its rivals or imitators in size, style, contents, &c. The enlarged Rural, will contain about one-sixth more reading, and commence with a New Serial by T. S. Arthur, Esq., in his best style. Its motio, "Excelsior," and objects, "Progress and Improvement," will be matificated in both matter and manner, rendering it worthy a largely increased national cir-culation.

matter and manner, remember culation. Now is the time to get THE BEST CHEAPEST AND MOST POPULAR! THE RURAL NEW YORKER comprises cight double quarto pages (40 columne). An index, tille page. &c., given at the close of each volume, complete for binding. TERNS, IN ADVANCE.=\$2 a year, 3 copies for \$5: 6 for \$10; 10 for \$15; 20 for \$25 03 Now is the time to subscribe and form clubs. The most liberal inducements to club agents; the best yet offered. Specimen numbers, show-bills, inducements, &c., sent free to all applicants, Address D. D. T. MOURE, Rochester, N. Y.