514.-Herrman Müller and Charles Majer (assignors to
themselves, Fritz Kasefang and Louis Beauche) of
chines:
We claim, first, The fixed concave surface, $G$, in combination with
rollers, $E$ and $F$, closing roller, $D$, and knives, $r$ r-the whole being the rollers, E a and F, closing roller, D, and knives, $r$ r-the whole being
constructed and operated in the manner and for the purpose substanconstructed and ope
tially as described.
Second, The fixed tially as described.
Second, The fixed concave surface, $P$, in combination with the two
side rollers, $N$ and 0 , the fork, $L$, and the sliding plate, M-the whole side rollers, N and O , the fork, L , and the sliding plate, M -the whole
being constructed and operated in the manner and for the purpose sub-
stantially a s set frith. stantially as set forth.
Third, The sliding
for the rolling of the outer leal, with its rack, $R$, and its stantially as described. cover, $m$,
 515.-William Turner (assignor to J. Y. Norton and J. ponnd
cating Componnd:
516.-T. H. Dodge, of Washington, D. C., for an Improvement in Mowing Machines
I claim, first, The combination with the drag bar or shoe and heel of
the finger beam, of E. Ball's "Ohio Mower," pateuted DDeember 1,
the finger beam, of E. Ball's "Ohio Mower," patented December 1,
1857 of a lifting lever and cord or chain, whereby the driver can cause
the heel of the finger beam to rest very lightly on the stubble or ground
$r$ be raised entirely above both.
Second, I also claim extending the drag bar back, so as to permit the
finger beam to fold over in rear of the driver's seat, in combination
with a rear extension piece fr it E-ISSUES.
33.-M. A. Howell, Jr. (assignee of J. H. Elward), of Ottawa, Ill., for an Improvement in Mole Plows. Pat ented Nov. 13, 1860:
I claim, first, In combination with a plow or machine for purposes of
underground draining, a stationary coutter, and a coulter the front edge underground draining, a stationary coutter, and a coulter the front edge
of which may be moved laterally, for the purpo se and substantial $y$ as
described described. The sections, e $d$ and $c$, in combination with the ooulters, a
Second.
and $b$, when arranged as and for the purposes set forth, substantially as described.
Third, The movable coulter, a, in combination with the side draft, as
, Third, at the link or oo op at t, on the side of the bean, A, through
epther of the slot in the transerse piee upon the forward end of the
ett [See engraving on another page.]
34.-S. H. Ransom \& Co, of Albany, N. Y., assignees of Washburn Race, of Seneca Falls, N. Y., for an Improvement in Registers for Stoves. Patented April 4, 1846 :
e claimn connecting the expansion rod with the register in the manC. B. Hoard of W
C. B. Hoard, of Watertown, N. Y., for an Improved Method of Winding Timekeepers by Currents of Air Patented April 3, 1860 :
I claim winding a clock or other timekeeper by means of a current of
air produced by a pipe, fue, or ther artificial channel, employ ed for
ventilation, or otherwise actuating an air motor
36.-P. H. Jackson, of New York City, for an Improvement in Ships' Winches. Patented August 7, 1855: I claim the pawl, 4, and counterweight, 6 , constructed as specified, so
 ble pawl, 4, below said wheel, in combination with a double-acting
heaver as specified, by which arrangement a windlass or winch can be
rotated in either direction by the use of one ratchet wheel, as described and shown.
I also claim the pawl, a, formed with two arms or points, assetforth,
in combination with the socket or plate receiving the handspike or I also ciaim the pawl a, formed with two arms or points ass et forth,
in combination wwith the socket or plate receiving the hand spike or
heaver, aid pawl being reversible in the manner specified sthat the
arm not in action becormes a counterweight the heaver, said pawl being reversible in the manner specified, so that the
arm not in action becomesa counterweight to the arm or point taking
the ratchet teeth, as set forth. 37.-Suspended.
38.-William Wharton, Jr., of Philadelphia, Pa., for an provement in Transferring Cars from one Track to Another Patented Sept. 18, 1860
I claim the employment, in connection with sidings or turnouts on
 those of the siding that the wheles may be transerred from the control
of the rails on one track to that of the rairs of the other. by a lateral
thunst caused by the wheels bearing against the side only of the said
guide rail, as set forth.

DESIGN.
John Long, of Massillon, Ohio, for a Design for a Cooking Stove

## 

W. A.H., of R. I.-We have no other knowledge of the heel attachment than that contained in Mr. Aiken's claim.
W. McC., of Miss.-We know of no mode of making the color of polk berries permanent.
J. T., of C. W.-If you want to learn to take photographs, you had better apply to some one familiar with the art to teach you. T. D. J., of Mich.-Smoke will fall whenever it becomes as
W. F. D., of Mass.-We have known cement cisterns to be used for warm water, and know no reason why they should not be kuitable to hold boiling hot water, as cement consists of lime, silica and alumina, calcined.
J. T., of Ill.-We suspect that all others who may try it will find your plan for transferring fur from the natural skin to sheets of india-rubber impracticable as well as yourself.
B. R. E., of Iowa.-Artificial noses have been made by cinting a strip from the forehead and grafting it upon the nose. If you would like to go through this operation, you can apply to some
surgeon in yourneighborhood. We suppose an artificial bridge could be made of india-rubber, but we do not know of any person engaged in the manufacture.
J. K., of Mass.-Send us your address, and we will forward you our pamphlet of advice to inventors. The tableswhichyouask for, giving the expansion of different metals with heat, \&c., we shall pro bablypublish soon.
W. P. K., of Mass.-Your request to publish an article on church organs will be duly considered. It is a subject in which very few of our readers fee
W. R., of Me.-We know of no beam engines now in opera$t$ ion with the connecting rod arrangedas you propose; but such en-
gines have been described in the earlier works on the steam engine, gines have been described in the earlier works on the steam engine, and we saw one in operation about 20 years ago.
. M., of Wis.-We do not know of any one who is engaged in manufacturing the patent alarm bedstead of J. C. House. In Vol sluggard in the act of being thrown upon the floor by the mechani attachment of the bedstead
A. E T., of Ohio.-The bit of stone you send us is probably quartz, but the piece is not large enough to permit a thorough ex-
amination.
R. T., of Pa .-By boiling a piece of cloth composed of cot ton and wool for several minutes in moderately diluted sulphuric acid, the cotton will be destroyed, while the wool will scarcely be affected. This is one method that is employed to detect cotton in suspicious wolen fabrics.
B. \& S., of C. W.-We advise you to address the Collinsve Company, Colinsvilie, Conn. They are making cast-steel plows. H. W. T., of Mass.-We do not believe that the tables you speak of would be of generalinterest to our readers.
. F. DeN., of S. C.-By an advertisement in another column you will see that you can get sulphate of ammoniain a crude form for manure from Dodge, Colvill \& Olcott, No. 188 Pearl-street, this city.
J. F. H., of Ky.-On page 345, Vol. I. (new series) of the Scientific American
its ores are described.
A. E. W., of N. Y.-By referring to No. 18, Vol. I. (new series), you will find an engraving and notice of such a plate as you want.
T. C. H., of N. Y.-If you will procure a copy of our recent edition of the Patent Laws you will find all the information you need on the question of the abandonment of an invention. The price of the pamphlet is 25 cents
D. A., of Ohio.-You should put your deed on record beforecommencing a suit for infringement. By procuring a copy of the Patent Laws and Information published by us (price 25 cents) you will find an answer to your inquiry about the use of patented in
ventions.
H. G., of Penn.-As you suggest, a tank of water as a target in experiments with artillery might furnish a very accurate measure of the penetrating power of the shot, from the perfectly uniform and homogeneous characterof the substance penetrated. But would not the inconvenience resulting from the escape of water through the shot holes be an insuperable objection to the use of such a target?
. M., of Texas.-It would occupy too much of our space to describe the mode of making stearine candles from tallow, but you will find the process fully described in Morfitt's work on
and candles, published by Parry \& McMillan, of Philadelphia.
W. J. B., of Ala.-The sheet metal which you call " crystallized tin" is sheet iron coated with zinc, and is called "galvanized iron." It is not produced by an acid, as you suppose, but by preparing the sheet iron in a peculiar manner and dipping it into molten zinc. You will find the process fully described on page 269, Vol. XII. old series), of the Scientific American
. M. L., of Ky.—The fly-wheel of your sawmill to which the pitman lis attached does not appear to be properly balanced, and thismayaccount for the jumping of the other wheel and the wear of the journal on the side to which the pitman is attached man connection, and see what eff ects will result.
. McC., of Ala.-Carbon or hard coal is insoluble in acids and all other common solvents. Soapstone is decomposed with nuriatic acid, but it is not useful for any purpose known to us excep in its solid pure state

## Money Received

At the Scientific American Office on account of Patent office business, for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 23, 1861 :-
W. F., of Conn., \$30; W. \& G., of Fla., \$300; L. G., of La., \$20; L. P., of Conn., $\$ 10$; J. A. W., of Miss., $\$ 30$; C. D., of N. Y., $\$ 25$; E. B., of N. Y., $\$ 57$; L. L. K., of Mass., $\$ 58$; A. S., of N. Y., $\$ 25$; T. C., of
Cal., $\$ 35 ;$ A. N., of Pa., $\$ 25$ C. C. P., of N. Y., $\$ 55 ;$ J. O. W., of N. Y., \$58; C. M. L., of Ohio, \$25; J. P. T., of Md., \$55; H. J. H., of IIl., $\$ 25 ;$ J. W. \& J. S. H., of IIL, $\$ 25$; J. B. S., of N. Y., $\$ 25$; McC. \& B., of Mo., $\$ 25$; E. G., of Mass., $\$ 25$; W. H. G., of N. Y., $\$ 25$; L. S., of
Vt., $\$ 55$ J. \& R., of N. Y., $\$ 30 ;$ G. S. C., of Ill. $\$ 30$; C. A. W.,
 $\$ 30$; G. W. B., of N. Y., $\$ 30$; W. T. A., of Iowa, $\$ 15$; S. M. D., of
Mass. $\$ 30$; C. N. B., of Pa., $\$ 25$; I. S., of N. Y. $\$ 20$; P. H., of Pa., $\$ 25$; W. H. D., of Cal., $\$ 40$; C. C., of Ill., $\$ 12$; E. B. S., of Conn., $\$ 55$; S. M. G, of Vt., \$25; G.G. L., of Del., $\$ 25$; W. B. Q., of II., $\$ 25$; D. F., of N. Y, \$25; J. A. De B., of N. Y., \$25; J. N., of N. Y. \$25; H. P., of N. Y., \$25; J. B, S., of Conn., \$15; L. \& W., of N. Y., \$30; J. R. R., of Mass., $\$ 165$; J. V., of Mich., $\$ 25$; B. R., of Mass., $\$ 25 ;$ G. McK., of Ala., $\$ 30$; W. J. P., of N. Y., $\$ 30$; W. W. R., of W1s., $\$ 30$; C. T. B., of Mass., \$30; E. H. L., of N. Y., \$10; C. H., of La.., \$62, M. A. ., of Ill, $\$ 35$; G. \& S., of Mass., $\$ 25$; J. H. C., of Pa., $\$ 25$; J. B. P.,
in Miss., $\$ 25$; D. L. of N. Y., $\$ 25 ;$ A. Q., of N. Y., $\$ 30 ;$ C. W., of S. C., $\$ 25$; G. W. B., of N.Y., $\$ 25$; R. \& W., of N. Y., $\$ 25$.

Specifications, drawings and models belonging to parties with the following initials have been forwarded to the Patent office during the week ending Feb. 23, 1861 :-
C. H., of La. ; M. A. S., of nl .; E. G., of Mass.; W. \& J., of Mich. . R., of Mass.; G.N. C., of Conn.; W.T. A., of Iowa; P. H., of N. N., G.; A. M., of N. Y.; T. S. W., of Pa.; J. P. T., of Md.; D. F., of Mass.; C. N. B., of Pa.; A. N., of Pa.; C. C., of In.; E. B. S., of Conn.; D. L., of N. Y.; J. A. DeB., of N. Y.; W. H. G., of N. Y.; C. S., of N
Y.; J. N., of N. Y.; R. \& W., of N.Y.; H. P., of N. Y.;C. M. L., of Ohio.

New Books and Periodicals Received.
The Medical and Surgical Reporter.-S. T. Butler, M.D, and R. J. Lewis. M. D, editors and proprietors, Philadelphia.
Thi saluablepublication contains a good deal of information, which
is interesting to theinon-professional reader as well as that which interis interesting to the nea
ests physicians alone.
a Comprehensive Grammar of the English Language.


Bryant and Stratton's Commercial Aritimetic.-New York: Phinney, Blakeman \& Mason, No. 61 Walker-street; Buffalo, There is a great mass of practicuii information in this book, but the
definitions are about as puzzling and dificult of comprehension as it 18
possible for words to make them

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(and. I doubt not, justy deserved) the reputation of energy, marked
ability and uncompominging fidelity in performing your profesional
Visery $\begin{aligned} & \text { ability and uncompromising fidelity in performing your professiona } \\ & \text { engagements. } \\ & \text { Very respecfull, } \\ & \text { Your obedient servant, } \\ & \text { J. HOLT. }\end{aligned}$

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MECHANICS, FARMERS AND WORKING MEN
The attention of the enterprising and industrious portion of the community is directed to the following statements and liberal inducements
illinois central railroad company, which, as they will perceive, will enable them, by proper energy, perand families, with, comparatively speaking, very little capital. LANDS OF ILLINOIS.
No state in the Valley of the Mississippi offers so great an inducement to the settler as the State of Illinois. There is no portion of the world whereall of the conditions of climate and soil so admirably combine to produce those two great staples-corn
Illinois.
of the State lies within the zone of the cotton regsions, while the soil is admirably adapted to the growth of tobacco and hemp; and the whea is worth from fifteen to twenty cents more per bushel than that raised further North. RICH ROLLING PRAIRIE LANDS.
The deep rich loam of the prairies is cultivated with such wonderful facility that the farmers of the Eastern and Middle States are moving
to Illinois in great numbers. The area of Illinois is about equal to that of En gland, and the soil is so rich that it will suuport twenty millions
of people. EASTERN AND SOUTHERN MARKETS.
These lands are contiguous to a railroad 700 miles in length, which
connects with other roads, and navigable lakes and rivers, thus affording an unbroken communication with the Eastern and Southern mar kets. application of capital.
Thus far, capital and labor have been applied 'to developing the soil; che great resources of the State in coal and iron are almost untouched. The invariable ruie that.the mechanical arts flourish best where food and fuel are cheapost, will follow at an early day in Hilinois, and in the course of the next ten years the natural laws and necessities of the be engaged in the State of Illinois in various manufacturing pursuits.

RAILROAD SYSTEM OF ILLINOIS.
Over $\$ 100,900,090$ of private capital have been expended on the rail roads of Illinois. Insemuch as part of the income from several of State expenses, the taxes are light, and must, consequently, everyday decrease.

THE STATE DEBT.
The State debt is only $\$ 10,105,398.14$, and, within the last three'years has been reduced $\$ 2,959,746.80$; and we may reasonably expect that in ten years it will become extinct.

PRESENT POPULATION
The State is rapidly filling up with population; 868,026 persons having been added since 1851), making the present population $1,722,663-8$ ratio of 102 per cent in ten years.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.
The agricultural products of Minois are greater than those of any $1,500,000$ tuns. The wheats sent out during the past year exceeded $1,500,000$ tuns. The wheat crop of 1860 approaches $35,000,000$ of bushels, while the corn crop yields not less than $140,00,000_{3}$ bushels.

FERTILITY OF THE SOIL
Nowhere can the industrious farmer secure such immediate results for his labor as upon these prairie soils, they being composed of a deep, rich loam, the fertility of which is unsurpassed by any on the globe
tO actual cultivators.
Since 1854, the company have sold $1,300,000$ acres. They sell only to actual cultivators, and every contract contains an agreement to culti-
vate. The road has bean constructed through these lands at an expense vate. The road has been constructed through these lands at an expense
of $\$ 30,000,000$. In 1850, the population of the forty-nine counties through which it passes was only 335,593 , since which 479,923 have been added. making the whole population 814,891-a gain of 143 per cent.
EVIDENCES OF PROSPERITY.
As an evidence of the thrift of the people, it may be stated that 000,000 tuns of freight, including $8,600,000$ bushels of grain and 250,000 barrels of flour, were forwarded over the line last year. EDUCATION.
men will find the free school system encouraged by the State, and endowed with a large revenue for the support of schools. Their children can live in sight of the church and Great Western End

PRICES AND TERMS OF PAYMENT
The prices of these lands vary from $\$ 6$ to $\$ 25$ per acre, according to location, quality, \&c. First-class farming lands sell for about $\$ 10$ or $\$ 12$ per acre; and the relative expense of subduing prairie land as comThe terms of sale for the bulk of these lands will be

ONE YEAR'S INTEREST IN ADVANCE,
at six per cent per annum, and six interest notes at six percent, payable respectively in one, two, three, four, five and six years from date of years from date or sale; the contract stipulating that onetenth of the tract purchased shall be fenced and cultivated, each and every year, for five years from the date of sale, so that, at the end of five years, one-half shall be fenced and under cultivation.

TWENTY PER CENT WILL BE DEDUCTED
from the valuation for cash, except the same should be at six dollars per acre, when the cash price will be five dollars.
and terms of payment, can be had on application to
J. W FOSTER, Land Commisioner, Illinois Central Railroad,

Chicago, IIL
For the names of the towas, villages and cities situated upon the
nlinois Central Railroad, see pages 188, 189, 190, Appleton's Railway

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## Improved Stump Extractor.

The accompanying engraving represents a stump extractor permanently mounted on wheels, so that as soon as it has performed its work in one place, it is ready to be remojed to another; and in which the pulley, screw and lever are combined to multiply the power to any desirablextent. The engraving illustrates the machine in the operation of extracting a stump, but it is equally applicable to raising rocks or other heavy substances. A stout frame, A, is supported on two wheels, B B, which are inclined outward at the bottom, so as to give a broad base to the machine to prevent it from being upset, and to prevent the wheels from interfering with the extracting of the stump. The axles of the wheels are braced at their outer ends by stiff rods, C C, to prevent them from being bent or broken by the great downward pressure upon them. A pulley block is attached to the stump


LYONS' IMPROVED STUMP EXTRACTOR.

to le extracted, and through this block passes a chain which is secured to the top of the frame at one end, while the other is led over a roller at the top of the frame and connected to the nut, $d$. Through the nut, $d$, passes the long screw, $e$, which is connected by smooth journals to the frame, and has the hand-wheel, F, rigidly secured to its lower end, so that by turning the screw the nut, $d$, and the end of the chain which is attached to it are drawn down, thus raising the stump from the ground. If no very great power is required to raise the stump, the screw, $e$, may be turned by hand ; but if the resistance is too great to be thus overcome, then a further multiplication of power is employed to turn the wheel, F. To this end, a beveled pinion is arranged to mesh into a beveled gear upon the wheel, $\mathbf{F}$, and around the drum, $g$, on the shaft of this pinion is wound the cord, $h$, to which oxen or a horse may be attached, thus turning the wheel, F , with very great power. The pinion may be thrown into or out of gear at will. The nut, $d$, is prevented from turning by the smooth rods which pass through its two wings.
,The prominent advantages of this machine are its perfect portability (being always mounted on its wheels) and its almost irresistible lifting power.
Application for a patent for this invention has been made through the Scientific American Patent Agency, and further information in relation to it may be obtained by addressing the inventor, J. B. Lyons, 48 Washington street, Baltimore, Mḍ.

## Cheap Cisterns and Filters.

The following information on this important topic, taken from the American Farmer, is contributed by John Milkinson, landscape gardner and rural architect, and will be found very useful for farmers :-
A cistern of the dimensions that I shall describe will hold one thousand gallons, will cost but eight dollars, and its capacity may be doubled for less than fifty per cent additional cost. One of this size will be found
sufficient for farmers' families generally, and will in sure soft water, which is rare in wells. The following are the directions for excavating cisterns: Stake and line out a plat near the building 8 by 10 feet; excavate this one foot in depth; then set the lines in 18 inches on all sides ; then excavate all within the lines, or 5 by 15 feet, to the depth of 14 feet in the middle, making the middle level some 9 inches in width, sloping the banks on all the sides and ends to the lines last placed, which will make a section of the pit either way V-shaped, except that nine inches of the bottom will be level. In digging the banks use care not to disturb the soil not thrown out. When the digging is completed, plaster the bottom, the level part, with a good coat of cement mortar, and place a board on it to stand on to do the balance of the work, cutting the board in two equal parts before laying it on the mortar. This done, plaster the entire surface on the
pressure of wind in a tornado, the body of the canvas being rent, while the seams remained entire. We are informed that sewing machines may be readily,employed in making sails on this plinn; but their use in sewing canvas on the flat seam method is too inconvenient to be advantageous. Capt. Sands' improvement ap:pears to be one of considerable value, and there is a prospect of its extended introduction.
During a discussion which recently took place in the New York Legislature respecting the annual appropriation of the curator and taxidermist of the State Cabinet of Natural History, Mr. Chapman, in opposition, said: "When a recent Emperor of Russia came to the throne, he went to reviewing the expenditures of the royal household. Finding a charge for goose oil he investigated it, and learned that some centuries ago some goose oil had been purchased to anoint the nose of a royal baby, since which time an item of goose oil had been included whenever a baby had been born, though none had been used. This curator watching the stars, the stuffed birds, and beasts and aquaria, and the taxidermist belonged to the same category. He had found that $\$ 5,000$ were paid yearly for these fossils, \&c.; that the state of New York had little stuffing done for several years, and it was but a goose-oil expense after all. For the past year it appears that one stone had been added to the collection, and one duck had been stuffed.

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