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## poetru.

JOIN LITTLEJOHN.
by charles mackay.
John Littlejohn was staunch and strong, Upright, and downright, scorning wrong: He gave good weight, and paid his way, He thought for himself, and said his say, Whenever a rascal strove to pass, Instead of silver, money or brass, He took bis hammer, and said with a frown, " The coin is spurious, nail it down."
John Littlejohn was firm and true, You could not cheat hım in "two and two," When foolish Arguers, might and main, Darkened and twisted the light and plain, He saw through the mazes of their speech The simple truth beyond their reach; And crushing their logic, said with a frown, ' Your coin is spurious, nail it down."

John Littlejohn maintained the right, Through storm and shine, in the World's despite;
When fools or quacks desired his vote, Dosed him with arguments learnt by rote, Or by coaxing, threats, or promises tried To gain his sapport to the wrongtul side, " Nay, nay." said John with an angry frown " Your coin is spurious, nail it down."

When told that kings had a right divine, And that the people were herds of swine, That nobles alone were fit to rule, That the poor were unimproved by school, That ceaselesstoil, was the proper fate Of all but the wealthy and the great, John shook his head, and swore with a frown, " The coin is spurious nail it down,"

When told that events would justify, A false and crooked policy.
That a decent hope of future good Might excuse departure from rectitude, That a lie of white, was of small offence, To be torgiven by men of sense, "Nay, nay," said John, with a sigh and frown,
"The coin is spurious, nail it down."
When told from the pulpit, or the press That heaven was a place of exclusiveness, That none but those, could enter there Who knelt with the " orthodox" at prayer, And held all virtues out of their pale As idle works of no avail,
John's face grew dark, as he swore with a frown,
"The coin is spurious, nail it down."
Whenever the world our eyes would blind With false pretence of such a kind. With humbug, cant, and bigotry, Or a specious sham philosophy,
With wrong dressed up in the guise of right, And darkness passing itself for light, Let us imitate John, and exclaim with a frown "The coin is spurious, nail it down."

At the bottom of a lake the water must be heavier than at the surface, and if it be deep enough, there must be a point at which a stone will not sink below it, and this has given rise to stories of ponds without bottom, because the sounding stone could never find it.

## STEAM HAMMER ENGINE.



This is an engraving representing a side elevation of an improvement in machinery for
the manufacture of malleable iron invented the manufacture of malleable iron invented
by Mr. J. Condie, of Glasgow, Scotland, and recently patented in Britain. The nature of the invention is that of a steam hammer, but it differs from Napieı's, and Lewis Kirk's, in one feature, viz. the piston is stationary and the cylinder is the hammer. We do not think that it is equal to Lirk's for a machine shop, but it possesses some novelty. In connection with the moveable cylinder, however, there is one useful improvenent claimed by the incylinder hammer, malleable iron tubes which cylinder hammer, malleable iron tubes which
are connected with the hammers and anvils, are connected with the hammers and anvils,
for the purpose of throwing in jets of water to keep them cool. These pipes are not seen in the engraving, but the mentioning of them will we trust not be overlooked by some of our mechanics. As.there are some arrangements which are not represented in this view with but a notice of the same.
Description.-A A, is the vertical standard trame bolted firmly to the foor $B$, is the cross head frame. C, is the moveable cylinder, on the butt of which is firmly attached the hammer L. D D are cylinder guides with flange fastenings bolted through the standard. E, is the piston rod, which is also the steam pipe, it being hollow and the steam admitted through it to the cglinder. $F$,
The leech has the property of exhausting the air from the spot on which it fastens, then makes his bite, and the pressure of the air drives the blood into his mouth Cupping instruments are also applied on the same
is a stuffing box of steam way, and P N, the lever operated by an arm on the spindle J , which arm is lifted up and down by a motion rod H , on the cylinder, and through a sloten the frame a handle touches alternately the lever of the throttle valve and regulates the supply of the steam K K , are screw bolts, or shifting keys, for the purpose of fixing the flanges to the required guage. G $R$, is what the inventor callshis equilibrium throttle steam valve, and is connected with the steam way; by it can be regulated the speed and power of the hammer. M , is the anvil on which the iron is placed to be acted on by the hammer slidiag up and down on the moveable cylinder. The steam is admitted between the piston and the bottom of the cylinder for the downward motion and between the piston and the top of the cylinder for the upward motion. The claim of the inventor is for a rooveable culinder as applied to the manufacture of malleable iron, and also for malleable iron tubes introduced into hammers and anvils for conducting water to keep the hammers and anvils cool. The common mode of cooling the face of the anvil when a heavy piece of forging is under the trip hammer, is simply to pour on water trom a bucket. The introduction of water by the tube is an improvement -the moveable cylinder, no doubt, gives a square blow, but it appears to us as being liable to much breakage, and therefore will be ble to much
expensive.
principle. The musquito urderstands the trade to a diamond shaving.
Cast steel requires to be hammered or rolled in order to render it fine and sound in its

## RAIL ROAD NEWS.

## Michigan Central Railroad.

The Michigan Central Road, under the management of its Eastern owners, gives the amount of its last year's earnings as follows: The total receipts from passengers during the last thirteen months, ending May, 31, 1848, were
$\$ 401,04752$ The expenses during this time 201,85846

Leaving their nel earringo it $\$ 193,18906$ The whole number of passengers who were passed over the Road, during that time was s0,231.
The road will soon be extended across the State. The grading is completed, and the road-bed ready for the superstructure.
The Commissioners of the Westchester and Philadelphia (Direct) Railroad have appointed Edward F. Gay, Esq., Engineer of the road, who will immediately proceed to survey one or more routes. A report from his. hand will afford a full and reliable exposition of the business and profits, and of the cost and eligibility of the road. It is gratifying to observe the spirit with which this desirable enterprise is conducted. We shall look for the report with interest

## Large Locomotive.

The New Castle Manufacturing Company have just completed a very large locomotive for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, which in power far surpasses ordinary engines, and is calculated to draw one thou. sand tons. It is called "Saturn." It weighs about twenty tons, and cost $\$ \mathbf{6 0 , 0 0 0}$.

The Maine Railroad Items. ger fare to Railroad has reduced its passenmodifies to nearly two cents per mile, and The E the freight tariff in conformity. between $B$ has reduced its freight charge between Boston and Salein 20 per cent. In the Portlaud, Saco and Portsmouth railroad annual report, an intimation is given of a reduction, "the rates heretofore demanded having barely given interest on the outlay." In the year ending May, 31st, the gross receipts were $\$ 160,805$ and the expenditures $\$ 101,580$. The interest paid was $\$ 11,765$, and the divi. dends, including that paid this month, $\$ 71$,555 , leaving a surplus of $\$ 18,250$. For the previous year, a surpius of $\$ 1,803$ only was realized.

The Lowell and Lawrence and the Stoneybrook Railroads have been opened with ap. propriate ceremonies.

## The Southern Magnetic Telegraph

The Southern live of Telegraph is in ope ration from New Orleans to Montgomery About 120 miles more are to be put up, in order to complete the line between New Orleans and Washington. This last link is being put up very rapidiy, and if the instruments and uperators arrive in due time, New Orleans will be in direct communication with Boston, a日d all intermediate places by the 15th July.
Items of Niagara Suspension Bridge.
Number of cables for bridge 16 ; nnmber of strands in each cable 600 ; number of strands in the ferry cable, 37; diameter of the cable half an inch; height of stone tower, 68 feet 1 inch; height of wood tower for ferry, 50 feet; base of the tower 20 square feet; size at the top 11 square feet; span of the bridge 800 feet; whole weight of the brilge 650 tons; height from the water, 230 teet; depth of the water under the bridge, 350 feet.
For foot passengers it was to be ready last Tuesday.
A new vein of platinum has been discovered in France.

