RE-ISSUES

F. H. Bartholomew, of New York City, for an Improved Mathod of Governing the Action of Valve Cocks. Patented June 20, 1354:

Method of Governing the Action of Valve Cocks. Patented June 20, 1954:
 I claim, first, The combination of these three elements or devices, viz: ist: a variable chamber provided with proper spectures for admission and discharge of fluid ; 20. two valves acting to open and close a passage through which water may flow, the one beling on its saut or closing the passage, when the wariable chamber is or largest and, 30. A proper connection between the values and the variable chamber is of largest and, 30. A proper connection between the values and the variable chamber is a mallest; and, 30. A proper connection between the values and the variable chamber is a salies when the capacity of the chamber is a mallest; and, 30. A proper connection between the values and the variable chamber is earlied with a start, the whole three being constructed and acting in combination subtantially in the manner and forthe purposes described, by men open ed upon by any competent force.
 Bocond, I claim the combination of two valves, a variable chamber and connection between them all, subtantially such as last entities or platform, substantially such as last entities on explosing the seat or platform, substantially such as est forth.
 Taitu, As a means of a connection, substantially such as est forth.
 Taitu, As a means of the valves and the variable chamber; all act in unison, substantially consult of water used is not a material consideration, and where yielding seats or platforms are employed to open a subjly valve. I claim the combination and the start mad governed by the variable chamber, a single valve and a yielding seat or platform, with proper connections and attachments, substantially as described.
 F. H. Bartholomew, of New York City, for an Im-

F. H. Bartholomew, of New York City, for an Improved Method of Governing the Action of Valve Cocks. Patented June 20, 1854:
 I chaim as my own invention the following devices in combination, viz: First, A pan provided with a proper rockshaft arm, or its Scend, A valve or cock to open and class.

equivalent. Second, A value or cock to open and close a passage way leading from a street main or its equivaled, to a basin of a pan closet. Third, A variable chamber condected with the valve, so as to contral its motions in either or both directions by retarding either its opening or closing, or both. Fourth, A spring, or is equivalent, compressed when the valve is opened and expanding to close the valve when the pressure upon the strength is released.

opened spring Fifth

By the second se them ar

R. M. Berry, of New York City, for an Improvement in Sewing Machines. Patented Dec. 7, 1858: I claim forming the moving feeding surface of the material cork, or its equivalent, for the purpose and in the manner substantially as described.

Bernard Hufnagel, of New York City, for an Improve-ment in Photographic Baths. Patented Oct. 5,

ment in Photographic Baths. Patented Oct. 5, 1858: I claim, first, The construction of a silver bath for photographic and ambrotype purposes, made out of two plates of glass with india-rubber packing between, and fastened together between wooden or other framework, in the manner and for the purpose substantially as specified. Second, I claim the construction of the outer or wooden box or case and the manner of fastening the same together by screwe, S, for the purpose and in the manner as set forth. Third, I claim the strangement of doors or panels, D D', in the purpose substantially as described.

William Scarlett, of Aurora, Ill., for an Improvement

William Scarlett, of Aurora, 111., for an improvement in Skates. Patented May 29, 1860: I claim, first, A skate composed of two sheet metal parts, A a A a, cut and bent into the proper form and applied together as shown. Second, The employ ment of the central stiffening bur, D, in skates of the character above described, for the purpose set forth.

or the character above described, for the purpose set torth. S. W. Tyler, of Greenwich, N. Y., for an Improve-ment in Harvesters. Patented Jan. 26, 1856: I claim the single head piece, a, or its equivalent, as an interme-mediate automatically adjusting attachment for the reciprocating outting apparatus to the carriages of harves ting machines, when combined with two or more main driving or bearing wheels and with the actuating gear in such a manner as to permit of the cutting apparticuties of the carriage of the carriage of the machines, and allow it to adjust itself to the inequalities of the ground, inde-pendently of the actuating gear and other main portions of the ma-chine, for the purposes and in the manner substantially as de-scribed.

C. E. Smith and G. I. Hardeman, administrators of J. L. Hardeman (assignor to Wm. N. Whiteley, Jr.), of Springfield, Ohio, for an Improvement in Hemp Cutters. Patented August 21, 1855: I claim, first, In combination with a cutting apparatus extending out from the side of the main frameat about right angles to the rath of motion of the mochine, substantially as described, I claim the employment of the horizontal reel, supported entirely outside of or near the stubble end of the cutting apparatus, and so constructed with curved beaters or arms, or their equivalents, that it will press or hold the standing armin against the cutting apparatus, and then sweep the failing and cut material of to the rear of the cutting ap-parants and discharge it sufficiently to one side of the machine to admit of the latter passing between the thus discharged material and the standing material to make the next cut, substantially as de-scribed. Becond, I claim, in combination with the cutting apparatu-

Seribed. Second, I claim, in combination with the cutting apparatus and real, the employment of the curved guide rod, n, arranged and ope-rating as specified, for the purpose set forth. Third, I claim, in combination with the cutting apparatus and the horizontal reel, combined and operating as described, making the end of the curved reel arms to pass around in the open, space form-ed by the divider, as described, for the purposes set forth.

end of the curved reel arms to pass round in the open space form-ed by the divider, as described, for the purposes set forth.
Charles Eldy and Jucob Shavor, of Troy, N. Y., as-signees through mense assignments of Henry Stan-ley, of Poultney, Vt., for an Improvement in Coal Stoves. Patented Jan. 4, 1845; extended for seven years from and after Jan. 4, 1859; re-issued April 10, 1860; and again re-issued May 8, 1860:
We claim the manner in which be arranged and combined as a whole the setterior purts, consisting of a projecting plinth or base, radi tiling c hums, cornice or abacus, E, cornice, O, and of two crilin-ders. The first, a fire cylinder, A, having four triangular radiating fines or columns arranged, connected and combined with the same, a communication with the air chamber, a, in said plinth or base, each forming a communication with the air chamber, a in said plinth or base, each forming a some at each corner of the said projecting plinth or base, each forming a some and set each corner of the said cornice or abacus; the second, a surmounting cylinder, A', having four trian-gular radiating fines or columns arranged, connected and combined with the esame, one at each corner of the said cornice. G, upon the fint on thereof, substantially as described and set forth.
Wo alsoclaim the arrangement and combination of the coiled r with the start and with the lower end of the said set forth.
We also claim the arrangement and combination of the coiled rinx, i, having therein the grate, k, with the intermediate chamber, E, substantially as described and est forth.

We also claim the arrangement and combination of the conical ring, i, and the solid part thereof, with the rear intermediate cham-ber, E', substantially as described and set forth. We also claim the arrangement and combination of the upper cyl-inder, A', and the flues or columns, B', and the chamber, II, con-nected therewith, with the cornice or abacus, E, or its equivalent, as a for the purposes described and set forth. We also claim the arrangement and combination of chamber, H, having therein the damper, O, and thereto attached the exit pipe, F, with the rear intermediate clumber, L', substantially as and for the purpose described and set forth. We also claim the arrangement and combination of the said shell, we also claim the arrangement and combination of the said shell, we also claim the arrangement and the fire, to ald facilitato or quantity of heat by means thereof, as described and set forth. We also claim the arrangement and to increase the volume or quantity of heat by means thereof, as described and set forth. We also claim the arrangement and combination of the conince, G, with the fines of columns, B', and with the cylinder, A', substan-tially as described and set forth.

DESIGNS.

- N. S. Vedder (assignor to Hicks, Wolfe & Co.), of Troy, N. Y., for a Design for Parlor Cooking Stoves
- A. Carew, of Cambridge, Mass., for a Design of a Mcdallion Likeness of Theodore Parker. Т A. Carew,
- D. Marshbank (assignor to himself and W. McConkcy), of Lancaster, Pa, for a Design for Stove Doors.
- John Polhamus, of New York City, for a Design for the Handles of Spoons, Forks, &c.
- G. Reed, of Taunton, Mass., for a Design for Tea Service.
- Steffe and S. H. Sailor (assignor to Cox, Whitman & Cox), of Philadelphia, Pa., for a Design for a Stove.
- J. B. Sargent and Purmot Bradford (assignor to J. B. Sargent aforesaid), of New Britain, Conn., for a Design for a Drawer Pull.
- S. Vedder (assignor to Hicks, Wolfe & Co.), of Troy, N. Y., for a Design for Cook's Stove Plates. S



W. S., of Ill.-Of two sheet iron paus for boiling sugar juice, each having 16 square feet of bottom surface and a depth of junce, such as the set of the one having straight and the other flaring sides, more juice will be evaporated in the same space of time from that with the flaring sides than from the other, if the sides are exposed to the heat of the fire. But if the bottoms of the two only are exposed, we think the one with the straight sides will eraporate somewhat quicker. Your engine being 13 inches bore, stroke 3 feet and making 50 revolutions per minute, with 80 lhe, on thesquare inch, will be 36.19 horse power. As your piston runs at the rule of 150 feet per minute, the pressure in the cylinder wilt be as nuch as 10 ibs. less thian in the boiler, and perhaps double this amount. You can only determine this with a gage. The boilerpressure is taken to be all above the atmosphere

D. P. N., of Texas.-We have never seen oysters put up in a natural state that were capable of being kept fresh in waran weather for any considerable length of time. In putting up fresh vegetables and meats in air tight cans, the latter are first filled and soldered tight, then they are placed in boiling water with the ends up, when the expanded air inside bulges out the tin, A can is now lifted out, and a small hole is pierced in the end, through which the expanded air escapes from the inside, and the hole is then immediately closed with a piece of solder.

W. I., of Litchfield.-If you desire an answer to your letter you must inform us in what State you reside. You ca a copy of Mulu's patent by addressing the Commissioner of sioner of Patente

- P. C., of England.-Machines for shearing sheep have been patented in this country, and we have illustrated some of them in the back numbers of this journal. We have not heard of the successful introduction of any of these machines into us_{ℓ} , although there is great want of a good invention for this purpo
- T. B., of C. W.-We are much obliged to you for your kindness in offering to furnish us with a drawing of the Marquis of Worcester's original steam engine, but we have what is said to be a representation of it in Stewart's rare work on the steam engine. We esteem your obliging offer none the less on this account. W shall re-produce this engraving for publication as soon as we have room for it. C. C. P., of Ohio.—The liquid which you have sent us,
- and which you state was obtained from the ground near Athens is coal oil, and similar to that found in the oil wells of Pennsylvania. It requires to be purified before it can be employed for hurning in h mpa
- J. H., of Pa.-Wc do not think there is any need of your publishing anything about your steam plow at present. You cannot help the delay, and whenever you are ready to negociate with parties you can readily make known the fact by advertise-ment through this raper. We do not think we can possibly attend the trial you speak of, as we are obliged to stand at our post of duty
- W. J. H., of Ohio.—Clocks for telling the days of the week and month, and names of the month, are common, and have been known for a century. Patents, however, are frequently granted for improvements in such **Gocks**, which are termed calen-der clocks. We have also seen a contrivance attached to a clock for telling the time in different parts of the world. If you will send us drawings of your invention, we shall be bappy to give you an opinion of its patentability,

J. H. P., of Texas.-If you have got air bubbles into your barometer, you will have to pour out the mercury, invert the e, and fill it again.

W. S. I., of Oregon.—We have no data upon which we can estimate the time required to make a carriage wheel by macollinery. We shall be happy to receive your model and act as your agent in procuring a patent for your invention.

C. R., of La.-Your suggestion in regard to an improved paper for the use of magnetic telegraphs is not new. It was carried out many years ago in Bain's chemical telegraph. Ile used chemically prepared paper, which was marked by the pas-sage of electricity conveyed to it by the point. E. O., of Va.—We have received the model and de-

scription of the improved steam governor, and we are of the opinion that a patent cannot be obtained for it. The principle is so much like Reynold's that a valid claim could not be obtained. You had better have us make a preliminary examination of the water wheel at the Patent Office.

N. R. R., of Ill.-We think our readers have had ugh of the crank motion

- A. F. O., of N. Y.-We doubt whether you can produce power by such agency as ypu speak of as cheaply as it can be pro-duced by coal and water, and doubt whether such abengine can be kept under perfect control. The only satisfactory solution to your question will be a trial.
- H. K., of N. Y.-The standard price of 22 carat gold is £3 17s, 10%d, per onnce in England. This is called the mint price of gold in that country, because £3 17s. 10%d. is coined from every ounce of standard gold.
- J. W. H., of Iowa.-You cannot weld iridium and steel together. You will find a description of the mode of electro-typing woodcuts and forms of type on page 257, Vol. I. (new series) of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.
- E. F., of Maine.-One horse will not be able to drive a 22-inch planing machine. To prevent black ink from molding, put in a little essence of cloves. To make red sealing war melt 4 oz. of shellac in a bright copper pan, then mix 1% oz. of Venice tur-pentine wnd add 3 oz. of vermillion.
- R. C. B., of Ill.-We are perfectly open to be convinced that friction is not independent of velocity when any well authen-ticated facts are shown to be inconsistent with the received doctrine.!

MONEY RECEIVED

At the Scientific American Office on account of Patent Office business, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 17, 1860 :-

Office business, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 17, 1860:-H. T. P., of Mass., \$25; H. T. S., of Mich., \$30; H. S., of N. Y., \$30; J. E. A., of Ill., \$10; J. W. S., of Ill., \$25; O. S., of Ala., \$25; A. C., of N. Y., \$30; D. W. S. K., of Ill., \$10; G. W. H., of Pa, \$25; W. A. H., of R. I., \$250; L. & B., of Mass., \$30; J. N. P., of N. Y., \$30; H. B. W., of Conn., \$35; A. M., of N. Y., \$250; E. F. F., of Ky., \$30; A. J. R., of N. Y., \$50; T. S. D., of N. Y., \$25; S. & S., of Ga., \$25; J. G., Jr., of N. Y., \$30; V. & K., of N. Y., \$32; Y. P. S., of N. Y., \$31; W. S., of Mass., \$25; D. S., of N. Y., \$30; W. H. T., of Mass., \$30; P. L., of N. Y., \$30; C. S., of Ohio, \$35; H. D., of Mass., \$30; P. L., of N. Y., \$30; D. H., of Ala., \$35; W. of Mass., \$20; C. R. C., of Cal., \$25; D. H., of Ala., \$35; W. F., of Mass., \$20; C. R. C., of Cal., \$25; D. H., of Ala., \$25; W. II. Y., of Conn., \$25; D. J. T., of Va., \$30; A. & J., of Tenn., \$25; J. E. F., of Fla., \$55; E. C. T., of N. Y., \$25; A. F. F., of Vt., \$30; J. P. W., of Ky., \$25; W. Y., of Ind., \$20; A. I., of Iowa, \$30; H, H. R., of N. Y., \$30; L. P. T., of N. Y., \$150; G. C., of Maine, \$55; J, S., of Pa., \$10; E. H., of Cal., \$35; S. & A., of Iowa, \$30; T. B. J., of Ill., \$35; F. P., of Tenn., \$30; E. B., of Ind., \$10; J. A. C., of Ohio, \$30; R. F. B., of N. Y., \$20; S. & P., of N. Y., \$25.

Specifications, drawings and models belonging to par-

Specifications, drawings and models belonging to par-ties with the following initials have been forwarded to the Patent Office during the week ending Saturday, Nov. 17, 1860:--J. E. F., of Fla.; J. L. F., of Iowa; S. & S., of Ga.; J. W. S., of Ill.; W. S., of Mass.; A. J. K., of N. Y.; J. C. H., of N. Y.; J. G., of Ohio; O. S., of Ala.; E. S., of N. Y.; J. C. H., of N. Y.; J. C. T., of N. Y.; W. H. Y., of Conn; A. & J., of Tenn.; H. T. P., of Mass.; T. S. D.; of N. J.; G. W. H., of Pa; J. P. W., ot Ky.; V. & K., of N. J.; C. S., of Ohio; E. B., of Ind; E. H., ot Cal.; P. J. A., of N. J.; H. B. W., of Conn.; A. M., of N. Y. (three cases).

NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS RECEIVED.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY for November. Ticknor & Fields, Boston. The bigh literary character of this magazine is well sustained.

WARREN'S DESCRIPTIVE GEOMETRY. General pro-NREN'S DESCRIPTIVE GEOMETRY. General pro-blems from the orflographic projections of descriptive geometry; with their applications to oblique, including leometrical projec-tions, graphical constructions in spherical trigonometry, topegra-phical projection ("one plane descriptive "). and graphic trans-formations. By S. Edward Warren, C.E., Professor of Descrip-tive Geometry and Geometrical Drawing in the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. John Wiley, No. 66 Walker-street, this city. his is a book of 469 pages, profusely illustrated with diagrams, engraved, and seems to be a learned and exhaustive treatise.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL. Published monthly at No. 25 Park.row, this city. D. C. Lindsley, editor and pro-prietor. This is one of the ablest agricultural papers in the country: we

is one of the ablest agricultural papers in the country; we take up a number without finding something valuable in it.

EDINBURGH AND WESTMINSTER REVIEWS. Published by L. Scott & Co., Gold-street.

EDINBURGH AND WESTMINSTER REVIEWS. Fullished by L. Scott & Co., Gold-street. There two reviews for the present quarter contain quite a number of dern[v, luternsting ersays. The "Westministr" " contains a review of the life of Robert Owen, and another disquisition on the North American Indians, which are of great interest to all American readers. The "Edinburgh " contains a most able article on "Gro-tius, and the Sources of International Law." These periodicals contain the essence of European literature.

THE AGE OF HORSES. By Louis Brandt, Veterinary Surgeon, of Indianola, Texas. Published in this city, by the

Surgeon, of Indiadola, Iexas. Fubilised in the pocket, contains ful mather. This little book, which may be carried in the pocket, contains ful directions for teiling the ages of horses by their teeth, written in a plain, clear manner, and fully illustrated with 46 wood engravings. From the great number of people who would like to know bow to tell the age of a horse with certainty, this work is doubless destued to have a wide circulation. It is endorsed by Dr. Dodd, the well known veterinary surgeon of Boston. The book can be had of W. F. Heins, No. 21 Nassau-street, this city. Price \$1.

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