

## NEW bOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS

A Compendious Grammar of the Greek Language. By Alpheus Crosby, Professor Emeritus of the Greek Language and Literature in Dartmouth College. Woolworth,
Ainsworth \& Co., 51,53 , and 55 John Street, New York; Ainsworth \& Co., 51,53 ,
111 State Street, Chicago.
This is an abridagement of the ewell known and long highly appreciated Greek Grammar by the same author, which has now reached its forty-fourth edition. The abridgement is, however, a sumficient vade mecum for the stu-
dent in his progress through school and coliege. The intention has been to
 grammar for the beginner, eve sumfceently comprexensive to accompany
hagnerism and Electricrity By William Allen Miller,
M.D., LL.D., Professor of Chemistry in King's College, London, etc. Corrected from the Fourth London Edition. New York: John Wiley \& Son, 15 Astor Place.
This work is identical with the portion of Miller's excellent work on
Chemical Physics," irom paze 313 on ward to the end of the books. Some tables, scarcely germane to the subject matter of the reprint, are added.
The booz forms a good manual of magnetism and electricity up to the date (1864) of the third edition of "Miller's Chemical Physics."

Estieftics, or the Science of Beauty. By John Bascom,
Professor in Williams College. New York and Chicago: Professor in Williams College.
Woolworth, Ainsworth \& Co.
The pressure, upon ourtime, of other duties has precluded such a perusal of this work as a fair criticism demands. A cursory examination, however,
leads us to pronounce it a very useful and entertaining volume. We discern. leads us to pronounce it a very useful and entertaining volume. We discern.
however. that the author does not abstract the conception of beauty from the conventionalities, religious belief, and even superstitions of mankind,
since, in establishing his standards of beauty in literature and art, he defers to all these, deprecating that which violates the " rroprietie"" of society as below the true standard. Now, we respectrully suggest this is not a " science
of beauty," as the author styles it in his preface, but a dissertation thereon, having reference, at least in part, to the moral and religious effect of certain having reference, at least in part, to the moral and religious effect of certain
things which, scientifcaily judged, are beautiful in the extreme, but which things which, scienticaily juage, are beautiril in the extreme, but which
our author denounces as inconsistent with a taste for the beautiful, because, to the prurient mind, they suggestim moral 1deas. To such an argument
this, the most fttingreply is that art " abors not for prurient minds."
Speeches, Addresses, and Letrers on Industrial and Fi-
nancial Questions, to which is added an Introduction,
${ }^{\text {together with Copious Notes and an Index. By William }}$
dustrial Publisher, 406 Walnut Street. Price, $\$ 3.00$, Industrial lublisher, 406 Walnut Street. Price, $\$ 3.00$.
To review this book adequately would require a column of our' paper. It is a large octavo, filled with the views of a strong protective tarif padvo.
 tion and labor. Such a book cannot fanl to be interesting and proftable
reading, whenit is, as in the present case, the work of a strong mind devoted reading, whenit it, as in the present case, the work of a strong mind devoted
to the consideration of such topics throug a life of public service. The and important. The book deserves, and will secure, large sale, though many will doubtless take issue with the author in some of his views. But such a book, whether it agrees or disagrees with opinions already formed, arouses public attention to vitally important questions, the discussion and settlement of which cannot be delayed without danger. In this way the
First Help in Accidents and Sickness. A Guide in the Absence, or Before the Arrival of Medical Assistance.
Published with the Recommendation of the Highest Published with the Recommendation of the Highest
Medical Authority. Boston: Alexander Moore. Medical Authority. Boston: Alexander Moore

## This appears orth in its title.

The american Journal of Microscopy, which was among the journals burned out in the recent Chicago fre, will hereafter be published at Racine, Wisconsin. By those interested in microscopic science, this publication
will be cordially welcomed on its reappearance. Mr. George Mead is the will be cordially welcomed on its reappearance. Mr. George Mead
editor and publisher. An advertisement appears on another page.

## applications for extension of patents.

 Machins for Foryive Shert Mrial Pass.-E. A. Smead, CorningN. F ., has petitioned for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing February 14, 1872 .
Harvester. - Joseph B. Butterfield, Philadelphia, Pa., administrator of Jesse S. Butterfield, deceased, has petitio
patent. Dey of hearing, February 14, $18 i 2$.
Machine for Paciing Flour.-J. Mattison, Oswego, N. Y., has peti tioned for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing, Feb. 21, 1872.

## Value of Extended Patent

Did patentees realize the tact that their inventions are likely to be more
productive of proft during the seven years of extension than the first full term tor which their patents were granted, we think more would avail themselves of the extension privilege. Patents granted prior to 1861 may be
extended for seven years, tor the benefit or the inventor,or of his heirs in case extended for seven years, for decease of the former, by due application to the Patent Oftce, ninety days before the termination of the patent. The extended time inures to
the benefit of the inventor, the assignees under the frst term having no ights under the extension, except bv special agreement. The Governmen fee for an extension is $\$ 100$, and itis necessary that good prof essional service be obtained to conduct the busine is before the
tion as to extensions may be had ly addressing

MUNN \& CO., 37 Park Row.

## Inventions Patented in England by Americans.

Crom November 9 to No
[Compiled from the Commissioners of
Canal boat.-W. F. Goodwin, Metuchen, N. J.
Heatine bolt Rodi.-G. C. Bell, Buffale, New York city
Utimzation of Tin Pickie.-G. Lander,
Utilization of Tin Picele.-G. Lander, New York city
Watrer Meter.-G. W. Copeland, Malden, Mass.

## Foreign Patents,

The population of Great Britain is $31,000,000$; of France, $37,000,000$ Bel gium, 5,000,000; Austria, 36,000,000; Prussia, 40,000,000; and Russia, 70,000,000. Patents may be secured by American citizens in all of these countries.
Now is the time, whilebusiness is dull at hoike, to take advantage of these mmense toreign fields. Mechanical improvements of all kinds are alway
ime in demand in Europe. There will never be a better time than the present to take patents abroad. We have reliable business connections with the
princlpal capitals of Europe. A large share of all the patents secured n foreigncuat dress MUNN \& Co., 57 Park Row, New York. Circulars with full intorma
tion on foreign patents, fornished free.

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The paper that meets the eye of manufacturers throughou +he United States-Boston Bulletin, $\$ 400$ a year. Advertisements 17c. a line. Francis Schleicher,Consulting,Analytical and Man'fg Chemist nformation , quantity, L. A. M. Pascol's watent Burglar AlarmBiglow, New Haven, Conn. Please address M. K., Box 313, Shreveport. will send, to any address, a plan and specification of my im provements in setting Steam Boilers, together with a shop
$\$ 25$. Address, for particulars
O. Ranney, Corry, Pa., Box 264 .
Basket Splint Machine Makers, address B. B. Eastman, Huntington, Mass.
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Babbit \& Co., Plattsburgh, N. Y.
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to ability. D. L. W., Station A., New York.
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E. 9 th street. N New York, and1202N $2 d$ street. ©t. Louis, Mo.
Dickinson's Patent Shaped Diamond Carbon Points and Adjustable Holder for dressing emery whels, grindstones, etc. See Scientific
American, July 24 and Nov. 20, 1869. 64 Nassau st., New York. Railway Turn Tables-Greenleaf's Patent. Drawings sent on application. Greenleaf Machine Works, Indianapolis, Ind.
Peck's Patent Drop Press. For circulars address manufacturers. Milo. Peck \& Co.. New Haven. C
o Ascertain where there will be a demand for new Machin ery, mechanics, or manufacturers' supplies, see Man sfacturing Ne
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## Guswers to Correspondents.

SPECIAL NOT E.-This column is designed for the general interest and in. tructionof our readers, not for gratuitous replies to questions of a purel when paid:for as advertsements at $1 \cdot 00$ a line, under the head of ' 'Busines and Personal.,
C. L., of Pa.-We cannot detect any silver in the mineral Prevention of Fermentation.-Cider can be prevented from becoming fermented by passing ozone thr
ncrustation in Boilers.-E. S. F. should put clean oyster shells in his boiler. These will keep it clean by attracting all the particle
of carbonate of lime.-F. W. A. S., of Cal of carbonate of lime.-F. W. A. S., of Cal.
Canker in the Mouth.-In answer to F. S. C., November 18th, I will say: Take a piece of common blue vitriol, and either make a
wash by diluting in water, or simply rub the vitriol over the affected part, Wash by diluting in water, or simply rub the vitriol over the affected part,
taking care not to swallow any of the vitriol. I have used it a great many taking care not to swallow any of the vitriol. I have use
many times, and never knew it to fail.-J. C. C., of N. J.
S. H., of - A perpetual motion, in the sense in which the term is used in mechanics, must supply its own power.
H. A. S., of N. Y.-A siphon cannot conduct water over a hight greater than that to which water can be raised by the pressure of
the air at the point where the siphon is placed, less the hight of a column the air at the point where the siphon is placed, less the hight of a colum Whose pressure would overcome the friction of the water in the short leg
of the tube. It is atmospheric pressure alone that causes the water to rise in the short leg of the siphon. Your query relative to the motion of rise in the short leg of the siphon. Your query relative to
a rolling wheel has been repeatedly answered in this column.
W. M., of Pa.-The pressure of the atmosphere is all that raises water in an atmospheric pump. Such pumps are called suction raises water in an atmospheric pump. Such $p$.
pumps only by those unfamiliar with hydraulics.
Worms in Hickory.- Cut the hickory at a time when the bark will peel off. That is generally from Jun
West, find this to be the right time.-G., of 0 .
Squeaking Boots.-In your-issue of November 25. I noticed a remedy for squeaking boots, namely, to saturate the soles withkerosene
oil. A much pleasanter way is to have your boots made to order, and oil. A much pleasanter way is th have your boots made to order, and
between each layer ofleather in the sole, have apiece of oiled silk inser bet ween each layer of leather in the sole, have apiece of oiled silk
ed. This is a sure preventive. Let Jones try it.-G. L. F., of N. F.
Cutting Bevels.-In reply to C. H. S. : The surest, quick est, and best way to cut a bevel is to cut it in a box. To cut a miter on
beveled work, place it in a miter box, fiving it the same bevel in the bo that it is to have in the work, and cut it with a saw, in the manner of cu ting any other miter.-C. T., of Vt.
ncreasing Power.-In answer to E. K., Nov. 4, I would like to say, it will be a disadvantage to put a fly wheel on his saw arbor.
Ifhis saw runs at a high speed, as it ought to, it will take a certain amount Ifhis saw runs at a high speed, as it ought to, it will take a certain amoun
of power to run the fy wheel; this is always a dead loss. In sawing of power to run the fiy wheel; this is always a dead loss. In sawing
short work, it might serve to equalize the speed, but no one can gain power by its use.-F. C.S., of Conn.
Blast for Waste Shaft.-J. H. B., of Ohio, writes: "I am producing an exhaust or suction in pipes with a blast from a fan, which shelled corn, and all kinds of grain. This I do without anything going through the fan or blower. But, sir, do you know of anything in use that does this?" Answer-Machines for removing sawdust and small rubbish Laying out Hoppers, etc.-C. H. S. asks for a rule for laying out the miter of lioppers, wagon seats, etc. I give the following sim-
ple and accurate rule: Bevel the top or bottom edge of the sides of the ple and accurate rule: Bevel the top or bottom edge of the sides of the
hopper to the same angle that the sides stand at; then lay a bevel set at a hopper to the same angle that the sides stand at; then lay a bevel set at
true miter on the beveled edze, and that will lay off the joint. When the sides stand at different angles, bevel the edge of each side to correspond with the angle of that side. If the corners are to be a square joint, lay a T square on the beveled edge instead of a true miter.-G. S. N.
Setting Saw.-A circular saw that is filed and set right for splitting is not rightfor cross cutting, and viceversa. If J. H. M. Wants a saw for doing both kinds of work, let him fle the front edge of the teeth
in a line with the center of the saw, giving the teeth a slight bevel top and in a line with the center of the saw, giving the teeth a slight bevel top and
front. ln setting the saw, use a hammer, holding a prece of iron against front. In setting the saw, use a hammer, holding a prece of iron against
the saw on the opposite side. Do not set the teeth at the points, the saw on the opposite side. Do not set the teeth at the points, but as
near the base as possible. I think this will give him a saw that will cut smoothly, and as near right for both kinds of work as he can get.-F. C. s., of Conn.

Spring in Shafting.-Answer to query 5, No. 22, current volume. Ten years since, our factory, in the basement of which was
shafting of cast iron, from three to four inches diameter, in sections about shafting of cast iron, from three to four inches diameter, in sections about
ten feet long, was, burned down. These were entire, but crooked as ten feet long, was, burned down. These were entire, but crooked as
snakes, six to ten inches out of iine. When we rebuilt, they were utilsnakes, six to ten inches out of iine. When we rebuill, they were util-
ized, by being heated (by wood fres, made on the ground) to a red heat at the point to be straightened. At those points a steady pressure was applied; the shafts were forced into line, fitted, and are now in use, " as good as new."-R. L. B.
Exterminating Rats.-In your paper No. 14, Sept. 30, 1871, query 21, T. C. H. Wishesto knowsome means of expelling rats from
a building. Let him catch, by any ordinary trap, three rats, put them in a cage constructed of wire, in any place which is plagued by this animal, and give them no food whatever. On the third day he will find only
two rats, one being eaten up by the two others, and on the sixth day, only a single rat in the cage. Let him give the survivor his liberty on the sexenth day, and he will be, in the course of one week, rid of all the rats,
except the one monster which ate up his two brothers, and which he may seventh day, and he will be, in the course of one week, rid of all the rats,
except the one monster which ate up his two brothers, and which he may
feedfor sympathy's sake. Thismode was adopted with great success in feedf or sympathy's sake. Thismode was adopted with great success in
a building in the former Thiergarten, at Vienna, where all other means to a building in the former Thiergarten, at Vienna, where all ot
expel these animals were useless.-L. s., of Vienna, Austria.
L. B. S., of Mass.-The compound engine is an engine having two cylinders, one a high pressure and the other a low pressure. In
thehigh pressure cylinder the steam is used non expansively, and it exhausts from this cylinder intothe low pressure cylinder, where it is expanded as much aspracticable, and then exhaustedintoa condenser. The method admits of more convenient application in marine engines, Where,
to obtain the same amount of expansion, a long cylinder would be needed. With the general adoption of surface condensers, marine boilers are not now liable to scale, and they carry a much higher pressure of steam than
formerly, rendering the expansion of steam much more important than was the case when low pressures were the rule. For details of construction of various engines, made on the compound principle, you will fnd it necessary to rea
ing a specialty.
Curious Freak of Twin Steam Boilers.-Will you allow me to say, for the benefit of H. P. S., of Kansas City, Mo., that the dificulty lies only in his not having steam pipes large enough to allow the
steam to pass freely from one boiler to the other, so as to equalize the pressure, attendant upon a larger amount of steam being generated in onc boiler than the other and vice versa? No one can keep a fire perfectly
regular, and therefore boilers set in the manner he states should be connected by a pipe of ample size to allow the pressure to equalize itself;
when that is done there will be no trouble. The only curious freak about the boilers lies in the use of so small a pipe to connect them at the top. A six inch pipe wuold answer the purpose very well; then, if he chooses to
use a two inch one to lead from that to the engine, good; but a four inch

