## Answers to Correspondents.

PECIAL NOTE.-This column is designed for the general interest and in. struction of our readers, not for gratuitous replies to questions of a purely,
business or personal nature. We will publish such inquires, hovever, ousiness or personal nature. We will publish such inquiries, however,
when paid for as advertisements at 1.00 a line, under the head of "Business
and Personal" and Personal.
F. E. R., of Cal.-Fresenius gives the following formula for making sulphocyanide of potassium: ( $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{NS}$ or $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Cy} \mathrm{S}_{2}$ ). Mix together 46 parts of anhydrous ferrocyanide of potassium, 17 parts of car-
bonate of potassa, and 32 parts of sulphur; introduce the mixture into an bonate of potassa, and 32 parts of sulphur; introduce the mixture into an
iron pan provided with a lid, and fuse at a gentle heat; maintain the iron pan proviued with a lid, and fuse at a gentle heat; maintain the
the same temperature until the swelling of the mass which ensues at first has completely subsided and given place to a state of tranquil and clear has completety subsided and given place to a state of tranquil and clear dull redness, in order to decompose the hyposulphite of potassa which has been formed in this process. Remove the half refrigerated and still
sofic nass from the pan, pulverize it, and boil with alcohol. Let the alcosof mase from the pan, pulverize it, and boil with alcohol. Let the alcoharite in colorless crystals; to obtain the remainder, distil the alcohol from tice mother liquor. Dissolve 1 part of the salt in 10 parts of water for use.
J. B A., of Ohio, says: "I enclose you a small specimen of ore found in this vicinity, supposed by many to contain silver, discovered in
the first place by the plow turning up a piece of the rock. The owner of the first place by the plow turning up a piece of the rock. The owner of
the land dug around the mass of rock to some extent. On one edge he found that some people had had a charcoal fire, for the purpose, no doubt, of smelting it. It has been stated by the Indians that there are valuable minerals near this place. Please let me hear from you through your columns." We have examined your specimen. It is n
variety of hornblende, without a trace of silver.-EDs.
W. C. C., of Md.-The mineral you send is disintegrated steatite. It may be useful for diminishi $g$ friction, for polishing marble and glass, aud in the mauufacture of porcelain.
J. C. of Pa .-What you call the magnetic fish is simply a shape of a fish cut from a very thin piece of gold beater's skin, horn, whale-
bone, or other material which is readily afficcted by moisture. Its motion bone, or other material which is readicy afiected by moisture. Its motion
when laid in the palm of the hand, is caused by the moisture of the skin.
R. B., of N. Y.-We doubt that any screw steamer ever salled fifteen miles an hour, under canvas alone. What a steamer wouid
average, with canvas and steam both employed, depends upon too many average, with canvas and stean both employed, depends upon too many
and variable circumstances to be definitely answeren. No two vessels have the same sailing qualities, and winds are proverbially fickle
J. C. G., of N. Y.-The actual flow of a liquid from an orifice in the side or a vessel is only about two thirds that of the theoretical flow,
or that amount of flow which would take place were there there or that amount of flow which would take place were there there no con-
tracted vein. This has been determined by a great number of observations, and is the usual estimate in calculating the flow of liquids through such orifice
C. K., of Texas.-Find answer to your query about hardening tallow, on page 201, last volume.
D.-The mineral you send is an ore of iron. If fornd abundant and in situ, that is, not accidental (of which we are suspicious) it
might be worth while to test its comnercial value by a large experiment.
Annealing Steel.-1st. For a small quantity. Heat the stecl to a cherry red in a charcoal fire, then bury in sawdust, in an iron
box, covering the sawdust with ashes. Let stay until cold. 2nd. For a box, covering the sawdust with ashes. Let stay until cold. 2nd. For a
larger quantity, and when it is required to be very " soft." Pack the steel with cast iron (lathe or planer) chips in an iron box, as follows: Having at least $1 / 2$ or $\neq$ inch in depth of chips in the bottom of box, put in a layer of
steel, then more chips to fill spaces between the steel, and also the $1 / 2$ or $~$
$z$ steel, then more chips to fill spaces between the steel, and also the $1 / 2$ or $\neq$,
inch space between the sides of box and steel, then more steel; and, lastly, at least 1 inch in depth of chips, well rammed down on top of steel. Heat to and keep at a red heat for from two to four hours. Do not disturb the box until cold.-B.P.G., of Mass.
Cloth Rolls.-Cover cloth rolls with No. 3 sand paper. To prepare it, go over each sheet on the back side, with a sponge wet enough
so to damp stretch the paper, piling the sheets back to back, and face to face as fast as dampened, that they may get scasoned. The sheets being all ready, turn the pile upside down, and if the paper feels only slightly damp, proceed with the glueing on, taking care that th
matched. Much better than emery.-B.P.G., of Mass.
Temipering Spiral Springs.-Heat to a cherry red in a charcoal fire, and harden in oll. To temper, blaze off the oil three times, the

Blueing Small Articles.-Pistol barrels and articles of that kind, are blued as follows: Having a quantity of charcoal ashes on an
iron plate, or in a box, place over the fire, and heat slowly. Put the articles to be blued in the ashes, and as they get heat up, take out occasionally to sec how the color is drawing. When the color is a blue, do not take to see how the color is drawing. When the color is a blue, do not take
them out, but leave them untll they have become white again, when they should be taken out and allowed to cool. Now, by returning the articles
and reheating, you will have the " second blue." The first blue will rab and rehcating, you will have the "second blue." The first blue will rub off casily, the second blue will wear quite a long time, but in order to get
a good color, the articles should be highly polished, and free trom grease of any kind, and in no case should the articles be dipped in oil or water,
befure or after blueing, unless you wish to spoil the color.-B.P.G., of Mass.
Noisy Gears.-I think that the trouble with S. B.'s gears is in the teeth not being of the proper curve, or being irregular. If he will
measure sone of the teeth and spaces, $I$ should not be surprised if he measure some of the teeth and spaces, I should not be surprised if he
found quite a variation in them, and if so, the remedy would be a new found quite a variation in them, and if
pair that are right. - B. P. G., of Mass
Explanation Wanted.-If K. will key a 12 inch cast iron head on his boring bar, using a side tool with the cut of the tool ground at an angle of about $30^{\circ}$ with the shank, clamped on the head in such a posi-
tion that it cannot spring into the work, I think that he will not have P. G., of Mass.

Noisy Gears.-If it is a ringing noise that S. K. wishes to stop, let him wind the arms of his gear wheel with strips of cloth.-R.s.B. Latie.-The only trouble with $K$.'s lathe is, that the $\Lambda$ in the sliding carriage fits the $\Lambda$ on the shears too tight; they bind on each
other's sides, instead of on the top and bottom. If he will plane the side other's sides, instcad of on the top and bottom. If he will plane the sides
of the $\Lambda$ of the carriage ofis so that it will bind on top of the $\Lambda$, he will find of the $\Lambda$ of the carriage of: so that it will bind on top of the $\Lambda$, he will find
his trouble from breaking feed gearing will end, as, the friction will be less. -R. H., of Mass.
S. R. and D. R. R., asks: Can a locomotive engine with five feet driving wheels, run sixty miles per hour? and says further: "I know
that higher speed has been obtained, but with much larger drivers. We that higher speed has been obtained, but with much larger drivers. We
have new straight. boiler, double dome Baldwin engines, $15 \times 24$ and $16 \times x$ 24 cylinders. A hundred miles of the track is new fish bar iron, and the road is in good order. I don't believe an engine will feed with the ordinary pump (attached to the crosshead) running at that rate, nor do I believe that the drivers can be made to run five revolutions per second,
which, if done, would only carry the engine 4,710 feet, or 570 feet less than a mile in one minute. Six revolution's per second amounts to only 372 feet more than a mille in one minute. An answer will settle the argument for
and against, and your authority will be conclusive."-We do not belleve the speed named was ever attained with five foot drivers.

Pounding in Cylinder.-I am running a 75 horse engin Dunbar packing, Judson governor, and globe valves in the ends of cylin
der. My engine commenced pounding in the cylinder. I took of the fol lower, and found the rings too loose between the piston and follower. same is the trouble with S. E , , engine-E. F. S. of Conn
Ink.-Let A. S. take 2 ounces of Arnold's Japan ink, 1 oun of a very pale preparation ot India ink, 1 ounce of best carmine ink. Le
it stand one week before using. Thin, when necessars, with weak tea it stand one week before using. Thin
never with water. - R. W. B., of Wis.
Fixing Pencil or Chalk Maris.-J. H. R. asks for a ready way of fixing pencil marks. The following rule will render chalk o
pencil drawings permanent. Las the drawing on its face and give the pencil drawings permanent. Las the drawing on its face, and give the
back two or three thin coats or the tollowing, No. 1, mixture; let it dry and turn it with the chalk or penciling upwards, and give that side one or two coats also. Lastly, give it one or two coats of No. 2. This last i optional: the first doing the required work. No. 1. Isinglass or gum
arabic, 5 parts; water, 12 parts. No. 2. Canada balsam, 4 parte; turpenarabic, 5 parts; water, 1
tine, 5 parts.-G. G. R.
Plumb Rule.-I see "A Maine Carpenter" asks if th Southern and Middle States use the old time honored implement, th
plumb bob. I can answer in the negative. We sometimes see them use plumb bob. I can answer in the negative. We sometimes see them use
by brick and stone layers, and I suppose they prefer them because the roughness of their materials so quickly destroys the edges of the tool. roughess of their materials so quickiy destroys the edges of the tool.
use the most improved ad justable spirit level and plumb, and when I wish to prove it, I use the same plan I gave in a former letter, which I thank you for publishing, and which I see the "Maine Carpenter" admits as
good, though he speaks of a better one; which you have asked for, and good, though he speaks of a better one; which
which I hope soon to see.-A GA. CARPENTER
Drawing Ink.-W. R. S. can make a very black and indeli ble drawing ink by dissolving shellac in a hot aqua solution of borax, an rubbing up in this solution a fine quality of Indian ink. After using, h bright.-W.W.
Belts.-I answer F. E. H. that belts run to the highest part of pulleys, because they are tighter on those parts.-J. B. L., of Mass.
Roaches.-Borax is a sure roach killer, and is perfectly harm less to children. Sprinkle powdered borax about roach holes, and the
Ditch for Fish Pond.-Make the grade not more than one in two hundred (1-200), else the water will be muddy, and will rapidly ruin
the ditch.-W.E.S.F.
Solvents for Rubber.-Rubber will dissolve in spirits of turpentine, in ether, or in bisulphide of carbon.-W.E.S.F.
Stains of Iron and Quinine.-Wash with dilute muriatic acid, and rine
W. E. S. F.
Fireproof Whitewash.-Make ordinary whitewash an add one part illicate of soda (or potash) to every flve parts of the white
Soldering Old Ware.-Let L. E. A. use sal ammoniac in stead of zinc and muriatic acid, and the difficulties mentioned will be over
come.-W.E.S.F.

## Businfss and zersonal.

7he Charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a Line. If the N
exceed Four Lines. One Dollar and a Balr per Line woill be charged.
The paper that meets the eye of manufacturers throughou Bliss \& Williams, successors to Mays \& Bliss, 118 to 122 Ply mouthst., Brooklyn, manufacture Presses and Dies. Send for Ca
Grindstone Shafts, with plates and screw. Mitchell, Phila. Kitchen Grindstones, new plan. Mitchell, Philadelphia. Ship Grindstones, in boxes. Mitchell, Philadelphia.
Manufacturers of Chair Stock, Chairs in "knock down," or Chair Plank, send price lists to J. A. Schreck, Hazleton, Pa.
Bright and industrious American, Scotch, English, German, or French boys, of 16 years or older, who desire to learn the machinis
trade, in a first class establishment, will please address, for Box 685 , Hartford, Conn.
For sale.-Apparatus for Unluading Hay. It can put a load of hay in the barn in from 5 to 10 minutes, and can fill the barn to the roo
without diffculty. May be used to load cars or canal boats. Patented May without diff culty. May be used to load cars or canal boats. Patented May
23, 1871 . Address Alex. Smith, Hoosick Four Corners, N.Y.
Wanted-Price Lists of Plumbing and Gas Fitting Materials Mill \& Maran, Titusville P. O.. Pa
Drop Press wanted, 14 or 16 in., with Peck's Lifter. Addres C.E.C., care Van Allen, Gunn \& Co., 59 Ann st., New York.
There are no Oil Cups. or Lubricators, equal to "Broughton's," made by H. Moore, 41 Center st., New York.
Bolt Forging Machine-Patent for sale. Address John R. Abbe, 110 John st., Providence, R.I.
Lord's Boiler Powder is only 15 cts. per pound by the bbl., and
guaranteed to remove any scale that forms in steam boilers. Our Ccrular with terms and references, will satisfy all. Geo. W. Lord, 107 W. Girard ave., Philadelphia, Pa.
I want to make arrangements with some responsible party to manufacture my new Faucet, either
Princlpal, 221 Broome st., New York.
For Sale.-A Patent on Steam Mangle. Address P. Rund quist, 954 6th A venue, New York city
Improved mode of Graining Wood, pat. July 5,' 70, by J. J. Cal For Sale.-The Patent Right of the best Cooper's Croze in use. 500 coopers using it in this vicinity. The bits, being in two pieces, can be sharpened from either side. Samples to tool manufacturers gratis. bargain. Address Jno. c. Hofer, Box 138, Bellaire, Ohio
Ford's Portable To bacco Press for Planters. Will sell Virginia Maryland, Missourl. Address Ford's Tobacco Warehouse, Evansville. Ind.
Peck's Patent Drop Press. For circulars address the sole manufacturers, Milo, Peck \& Co. , New Haven, Ct.
Dickinson's Patent Shaped Diamond Carbon Points and Ad
justable Holderfordressingemery wheels, grindstones, etc. See Scientid justable Holder fordressingemery wheels, grindstones, etc.
American, July 24 and Nov. 20, 1362 64 Nassau st., New York.
Air Cylinder Graining Machine.-A perfect tool for House Painters and Manufacturers of all kinds of Decorated Ware. Complet
Machine for 850.00 . Send stamp for Circular. The Heath \& Smith Manu Mactine for 850.00 . Send stamp for Circu
facturing Co., 44 Murray street New York.

To Manufacturers and Inventors.-We have established a General Purchasing Agency for Missisiippi. Best references given. Please send Circulars and Price Lists. O Sulivan \& Bro., Jackson, Miss. For the most perfect Band Instruments in the world, send to Isaac Fiske, Worcester, Mass. Illustrated Catalogues free on application. The Patent for the best Hydrant, or Fire Plug ever invented, Railroad Bonds.-Whether you wish to buy or sell, write to Railroad Bonds.-Whether you wish
Charles W. Hassler, 7 Wall street, New York.
Best Scales.-Fair Prices. Jones, Binghamton, N. Y
Steam Watch Case Manufactory, J. C. Dueber, Cincinnati, Ohio. Every style of case on hand, and made to special order.
L. \& J. W. Feuchtwanger, Chemists, 55 Cedar st., New York, manufacturers of Silicates of Soda and Potash, and Soutuble Glase. For Hydraulic Jacks, Punches, or Presses, write for circular to E.
For mining, wrecking, pumping, drainage, and irrigating ma chinery, see advertisement of Andrews' Patents in another column.
The new Stem Winding (and Stem Setting) Movements of E. Howard \& Co., Boston, are acknowledged to be, in all respects, the most
desirable Stem Winding Watch yet offered, either of European or Ameridesirable Stem Winding Watch yet offered, either of
can manufacture. Offce, 15 Maiden Lane, New York.
Belting that is Belting.-Always send for the Best Philadel phiaOak-Tanned, to C. W. Arny, Manufacturer, 301 Cherry st., Phil'a. Send your address to Howard \& Co., No. 865 Broadway, New York, and by return mall you will receive their Dascriptive
Waltham Watches. All pricesred uced since February 1st.
Ashcroft's Low Water Detector, $\$ 15$; thousands in use ; can be applied tor less than 1. Na:nes of co.porations having thirty in use cau
be given. Send or circular. E. H. Ashcroft, Boston, Mass. To Cotton Pressers, Storage Men, and Freighters.-35-hors Engine and Boiler, with two Hydraulic Cotton Presses, capable of press.
ing 35 bales an hour. Machinery first class. Price extremely low. Wm. D. Andrews \& Bro., 414 Water st. New Yoris

Brown's Coalyard Quarry \& Contractors' Apparatus for hoisting welve-horse Enging Wm. D. A Feed Pumps. tivo Martin Boner :, suita
drews \& Bro., 414 Water st., New York.
Improved Foot Lathes, Hand Planers, etc. Many a reader o this paper has one of them. Selling in all parts or the coun
Europe, etc. Catalogue free. N. H. Baldwin. Laconia, N. H.
Presses, Dies, and Tinners' Tools. Conor \& Mays, late Mays \& Bliss, 4 to 8 Water st, opposit
Cold Rolled-Shafting,piston rods,pump rods,Collins pat.double For Solid Wrought-iron Beams, etc., see advertisement. Ad dress Union Iron Mills, Pittsburgh, Pa., for lithograph, etc.
Glynn's Anti-Incrustator for Steam Boilers-The only reliable preventive. No foaming, and does not attack metals of boilers. Price 25 cents per 1b. C. D. Fredricks, 587 Broadway, New York.
The Merriman Bolt Cutter-the best made. Send for circu T'aft's Portable Hot Air, Vapor and Shower Bathing Apparatus. aft's Portable Hot Air, Vapor and Shower Bathing Appar
Address Portable Bath Co., Sag Harbor, N. Y. (Send for Circular.) Winans' Boiler Powder.-15 years' practical use proves this To Ascertain where there will be a demand for new machinery or manufacturers ${ }^{\text {s }}$ supplies read Boston Commercial Bulletin's Manufactu

## APPLICATIONS FOR EXTENSION OF PATENTS.

Door Spring.-Edward P.Torrey, of Jersey City, N.J., has petitioned for n extension of the above patent. Day of hearing, August $23,1871$.
Maching for Clesaning Rice.-Wilson Ayer, Washington, D.c. Machine for Clesining Rice.- Wilson Ayer, Washington, D.C., has pe
itioned for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing, August 30 titione
1871.
GAs
ten
tension of the above patent. Day of hearing, August 30, 1871 .
Edar Plines for Trimmina Boot and Shoz Soles. -lsaac A. Dunham, North Bridgewater, Mass, has petitioned
patent. Day of hearing, September 6. 1871 .
STEAM GENERA rok.-Finley Latta, of Cincinnati, ohio, has petitioned for Steam Generator.-Finley Latta, of Cincinnati, Ohio, has petitit.
an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing, October 4, 1871.

## Value of Extended Patents,

Did patentees realize the fact that their inventions are likely to be mor productive of profit during the seven yea:s of extension than the ars full term for which their patents were granted, we think more would aval
hemselves of the extension privilege. Patents granted prior to 1861 may b embelves or the extension privilege. Patents granted prior to 1861 may b
extended for seven years, for the benefl of the inventor,or of his heirs in cas of the decease of the former, by due application to the Patent OHtice, ninety days before the termination of the patent. The extended time inures to he benefit of the nventor, the assignees under the first term having no rights under the extension, except by special agreement. The Government
feefor an extension is $\$ 100$, and it is necessary that good professional service feefor an extension is $\$ 100$, and it is necessary that good professional servic tion as to extensions may be had by addressing
MUNN \& CU., 3y Park Row.

## Inventions Patented in England by Americans.

May 16 to May 29, 1871, inclusive.
[Compiled from the Commissioners of Patents' Journal. Eyelet.-H. N. Smith, B. F. Carver, C.W. McCune, New York city. Eyblet.-H. N. Smith, B. F. Carver, C. .
Hearra.-S. A. Hill, C. F. Thumm, Oil City, Pa.
Lock Seal.-F. W. Brooks, New York city. Leck Seal.-F. W. Brooks, New York city.
Printina Blocks.-M. Laemmel, New York Printing Blocis.-M. Laemmel, New York city.
Printing Triegraph. - M. Lefferts, New York city Printing Trlegraph.-M. Lefferts, New York city.
Triegraph.-T. M. Foote, c. a. Randall, Brooklyn, N. y. Vise.-J. Simpson, Cleveliund, o.
Wire Fastenina. -H. W. Putnam, Bennington, vt. Wire fastening.-G. W. Putnam, Bennington,
Workina Stong.-T. W. Baxter, Chicago, Ill.

## Foreign Patents.

The population ot Great Britain, is $31,000,000$; or France, $87,000,000 \mathrm{Be}$ gium, 5,000,000; Austria, 36,000,003; Prusia, 40,000,000; and Russia, $70,000,000$
Patents may be secured by American citizens in all of these countrie Now is the time, whilebusiness is dull at home, to take adyantage of thes immense foreign fields. Mechanical improvements of all kinds are always
in demand in Europe. There will never be a better time than the present to dakepatents abroad. We have reliable business connections with the princlpal capitals of Europe. A large share of all the patents secured foreign counces americans are obtained through our Agency. Ad tion on foreign patents, furnished free.

