New Method of Producing Ice.

Franz Windhouser, of the Duchy of Brunswick, in Northern Germany, has, it is said, invented a new ice machine. The cooling process takes place in a cylinder. where the air is first powerfully condensed, then cooled by the admission of water, and finally expanded till its pressure is about equal to that of the atmosphere. This simple process, we are told, leads to astounding results, for it lowers the temperature of the air. so that after the latter has been conducted, in moderate quantities, into a space through which water flows, this water is almost immediately turned into ice, of which enormous blocks may be thus obtained if desired. The inventor is very sanguine about the utility of the machine for cooling large apartments, theaters, hospitals, and other localities where the want of pure, cool air is often much felt. No chemicals whatever are required, either for the freezing or cooling process. Of course this is all correct in theory, but practically we doubt that air can be thus used as a cooling agent with economy.

The Ocean Race.

The race between the *Dauntless* and the *Gambria* has terminated in the defeat of the former. The *Sapplo*, which started two days later, has at the present writing, July 29th, not yet arrived. The relative speed of the vessels has not been, and could not be decided by this race. The somewhat remarkable fact that the *Dauntless* arrived only an hour and forty minutes later than the *Cambria*, proves nothing, since the distances the vessels were separated on their different routes probably placed them under very different conditions of wind and weather. Beyonda transient pleasure enjoyed by talkers and betters upon the race, nothing has been gained. Per contra, two lives are lost, and the already too great sporting tendencies of American youths have received an additional stimulus.

Has the race paid? We think not.

Domestic Fowls and Destructive Insects,

It is said that M. Giot, a French entomologist, has lately found new employment for fowls. He says that French farmers have, during the past year, complained bitterly of the prevalence of worms, which infest corn and other crops, the highest cultivated fields being the most infested. Fowls are known to be the most indefatigable worm destroyers, pursuing their prey with extraordinary instinct and tenacity. But fowls cannot conveniently be kept upon every field, nor are they wauted there at all seasons. Therefore M. Giot has invented a perambulating fowl house, which is described as follows: "He has large omnibuses, fitted up with perches above, the nest beneath. The fowls are shut in at night, and the vehicle is drawn to the required spot, and, the doors being opened every morning, the fowls are let out to feed during the day in the fields. Knowing their habitation, they enter it at nightfall without hesitation, roost, and lay their eggs there."

Facts for the Ladies,

Mrs. A.V. Snow, of Port Kent, N.Y., has used a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine eleven and a half years without a cent's worth of repairs. She is a seamstress and dressmaker, and made, the first year, one hundred shirts, besides doing all her family sewing for a family of eight persons. For two years pest, the machine has earned over \$250 a year on custom work, besides doing all Mrs. Snow's family sewing. She has yet some of the first dozen of needles sent with the machine.

Becent American and Koreign gatents.

Under this heading we shall publish weekly notes of some of the more prominent home and foreign patents.

GLOVES.--D. S. Hulett, Gloversville, N.Y.--This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in re-inforcement of gloves for driving and other purposes.

UMBER COMPOUND.—A.H. Bourne, Fort Scott, Kansas.—This invention relates to a new compound of earths and minerals, for making umber, for use in painting.

MITERAND CUT-OFF BOX.-E. M. Wilcox, Bloomer, Wis.-This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in an apparatus for sawing miters and "cutting off," in the various processes incident to working in wood, whereby much labor is saved and accuracy is secured.

CHURN.-M.J. Wikoff, Stout's Postoffice, Ohio.-This invention relates to an improved arrangement of the shaft and arms of a churn dasher for istroducing air into the cream, either from the outside of the churn case, or rom the space in the case above the cream.

WOOD PAVEMENT.—Henry Dowson, Springfield, Ill.—This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in wood street pavements; whereby they are made more durable than such pavements have hitherto been, and it consists in so forming the lower portion of the blocks that double dovetail spaces are left between the blocks, in which spaces double dovetail strips

waynot to take up any of the space of the stove available for other purposes, of a magazine for holding fuel, the bottom of which is hinged or pivoted at the back part, and shelving downward and resting at the front on a rear elevation of the grate, and extending the whole length of the same, whereby the fire may be continuously fed at the back from the magazine, and the latter may have a shaking motion imparted to it by the shaking of the grate.

WATER WHEEL.—Alfred Kneass, Northumberland, Pa.—This invention relates to improvements in that class of water wheels in which the application of the water is designed to be such as to impart both direct and reac tionary force, and it consists in a peculiar arrangement of eurved buckets receiving the water at the periphery from a scroll in a direct-acting way, and discharging toward the center through issues common to two or more buckets, and above and below a central disk, by which the buckets and rim are attached to the vertical shaft.

HINGES.—S. D. Van Pelt, Anderson, Ind.—This invention relates to improvements in blind and door hinges, and consists in forming the leaves or parts which are attached to the doors or blinds, and frames in some cylindrical form, so that they may be fitted by boring round holes between the doors or blinds and the frames, half in each, when the doors or blinds are fitted and wedged up to the frames. The invention also consists in an arrangement of lugs and notches on the blind hinges, for locking them open or closed, and in a locking stud on the pintle to prevent the blind from be, ing lifted off, except when a slot in the one part coincides with the locking stud on the pintle.

SULKY CULTIVATOR.-N.G. Blauser, Etna, Ohio.-This invention has for its object to furnish an improved cultivator, light, strong, and durable of easy draft, fully under the control of the driver, and guarded from breakage should the shovel strike an obstruction.

FOLDING COUNTER STOOL.—John L. Young. New York city.—This invention has for its object to furnish an improved folding counter stool, which shall be simple in construction, reliable and efficient in use, not liable to get out of order, and which, when not in use, may be folded up close to the counter, so as to be entirely out of the way.

LIFE-PRESERVING SKIRT.—Sarah E. Saul, Brooklyn, N.Y.—This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in means; for preventing persons from drowning, and consists in a skirt made buoyant by any suitable means so that it will support a person up in the water.

ADJUSTABLE DOOR SILL.—Maurice Armstrong. Girard, Ill.—The object of this invention is to provide efficient means for excluding mud and water from beneath outside doors, and consists in an adjustable sill for the door, which, by means of a hook attached to the door, is made to rise and form a close joint with the bottom of the door

GLASS LANTERN.-McClintock Young, Frederick, Md.-This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in lanterns, whereby they are made cheaper and more useful than the ordinary globe or glass lanterns have hitherto been, and it consists in the construction and arrangement of the frame of the lantern so that the ordinary kerosene glass lamp chimney, may be used instead of the common glass globe.

SIDE SADDLE.—Fenwick Smith, Austin, Texas.—This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in side saddles, and consists in forming the saddle tree hollow, or with air chambers therein, and in the construction and arrangement of parts.

FLOATING TIDE DOCK.-William Rickard, Jersey city, N. J.-This invention relates to a new and useful mprovement in docks for repairing or building canal boats and other marine vessels, more designed for repairing canal boats, and it consists in a water-tight floating dock, with a gateway for the entrance of the boat or vessel.

CARPET UNDERLIE.—Nelson Edwards, Jericho, [Vt.—The 'object of this invention is to provide efficient means for preventing the rise of dust from carpets in sweeping or walking on them, and also for protecting the carpet and rendering it more durable than it would otherwise be; and it consists in an elastic underlie, of cellular construction, provided with self-closing slits or orifices.

SAWING MACHINE.—Moses N. Clark, Harrison city, Pa.—This invention has for its object to furnish a simple, convenient, and efficient machine to be operated by hand power, forsawing off logs and shingle stuff, and for various other purposes for which a crosscut saw is generally used.

ADDING MACHINE.—Nels Ockerlund, New York city.—This invention has for its object to furnish a simple and convenient machine, by means of which numbers may be added and subtracted quickly and accurately, and which will enable the several amounts or differences to be registered as they are obtained.

COEN PLANTER.-W. H. Littel, Prairie Du Chien Wis.-This invention for its object to furnish a simple, convenient. and effective corn planter, which shall be so constructed and arranged as to enable the corn to be readily planted in accurate check row, without its being necessary to previously mark out the ground either way.

FLOUR SIFTER.—George Gessert, Edwardsville, III.—This invention relates to a new machine for dividing and cleaning the middling, and liberating it from specks, so that a grade of flour may be produced from middling fully equal to the first grade. The invention consists in the construction of a machine, whereby the middling is reboited and exposed to an adjustable draft.

ELECTRO-MAGNET.-Ludovic Charles Adrien Joseph Guyot-d'Arlincourt, Paris, France.-This invention relates to a new system or arrangement of electro-magnets applicable to every electric apparatus, with the view of obtaining more rapid operation than could hithertobe produced, of reduc ing the necessity of regulation and of providing a reservoir with a single current.

SAFETY GUARD FOR RAILWAY CAR.—John Atwater Wilkinson, Wilson, N. Y.—This invention relates to a new attachment to railroad cars, whereby the same may be prevented from being thrown from the track over the embankment, and whereby the motion of the train is gradually stopped as soon as the wheels leave the rails. The invention consists in the application to the car or truck of a double, runner-shaped guard, arranged between the wheels, so that it will serve to support the car, when the wheels leave the rails, and to arrest it by friction on the sleepers.

Consists in so forming the blocks, in which spaces double dovetail strips

WAGON BRAKE.- Henry Racine, Paola. Kansas.-This invention relates to a brake apparatus which is connected with the neck-yoke of the draft animals by a rod running forward under the torgue, and is operated by the rearward movement given to the said connecting rod by the bolding hack of the animals when going down hill, there being also in the combination a mechanism for preventing the application of the brakes when the animals are backing, by which mechanism also the brakes may be applied independently of the said connecting rod.

ADJUSTABLE MULEY-SAW HEAD.—Philip and Michael C. Jobson, Lock Haven, Pa.—This invention has for its object to render a muley-saw head adjustable horizontally for the purpose of regulating the overhang of the saw according to the length of the feed.

SPIRIT EVAPORATING CHAMBER.—Joseph Dawson, Alexandria, Va.—The improvements relate to the evaporating chamber, which allows the liquid to present a larger evaporating surface in proportion to its quan'ity than has heretofore been attained; also to a device for preventing the wash from boiling over into the spirit chamber, and for returning the wash cooled to the evaporating chamber, when, through excess of heat, it has boiled up out of the same; also to a device which prevents the spirits from entering the cooling chamber and, at the same time, allows the wash to escape therefrom.

CHAMELEON WHIRLIGIG.—Ludwig O. Franke, Baltimore, Md.—This invention consists of two metallic disks placed together so that their peripheries coincide, and connected together by means of eyelets so as to form a whirliging which has its outer surfaces graduated and colored, so that as it is revolved it will constantly present to the eye new arrangements of colors which bear the appearance of rings.

HORSE POWER.—Robert Quinn, Whitefield, Miss.—This invention has for itsobject to furnish an improved horse power which shall be so constructed and arranged as to remove the necessity of building the houses for cotton gins, mills, and other machinery driven by horse power two stories high, while at the same time protecting the horse power machinery to be driven and material to be operated upon from the dust.

FOLDING CARRIAGE TOP.—T. H. Wood, New York City.—This invention relates to a new carriage top which is so constructed that its front part can be folded down over the driver's seat, while the front sashes are conceled in a pocket that is provided for their reception. The object of the invention is to so construct a closed carriage that it can be converted into an open phaeton without taking off or removing any part of the cover. It can then be reclosed whenever desired, while the carriage is under way.

APPARATUS FOR REMOVING OIL FROM OLEAGINOUS SEEDS, MEALS, ETS. —E.S. Hutchinson, Baltimore, Md.—This invention relates to a novel apparatus for separating oil from seeds, grain, meal, etc., and in fact from all vegetable oleaginous matter, by means of bisulphide of carbon or other chemical. The invention consists chiefly in the arranging the separating vats in pairs, so that a continuous process can be carried on, the two vats of each pair serving to supply each other.

FURNACE FOR REBURNING BONE BLACK AND REDUCING ORES.—Adam Weber, New York City.—This invention relates to improvements in furnaces for reburning bone black and reducing ores, such as patented to the same inventor the 4th day of June, 1867, No. 65,470. The invention consists in certain improvements in the construction and arrangements described in the aforesaid patent.

REIN HOLDER.-W. H. Cooper, Glover, Vt.-This invention has for its object to furnish a simple and convenient device for holding the reins when the driver wishes to leave the team standing.

WAGON HUB.-J. D. Ham, Bethany, Ga.-This invention relates to a new wagon hub which is so constructed that it can be set to always hold the rim concentric to the axle, and so that the spokes can be removed and re placed without disturbing the rim.

COMBINED TOY MONEY BOX AND WHISTLE.—J. H. Chappell, Brooklyn, N. Y.—This invention has for its object to furnish a simple and substantial toy for children which will serve as a toy ball to roll about, as a toy money box or savings bank, as a toy whistle, and which, when it contains some money will serve as a rattle.

MITERING MACHINE.—John Holzberger, Newark, N. J.—This invention has for its object to construct a mitering machine which will be adjustable to always produce a true miter, and also to make up for the wear of its parts. The invention consists in making the guide or gage, on which the articles to be mitered are held, adjustable to vary its angle.

CHIMNEY TOP.—C. W. Bache, Philadelphia. Pa.—Thisinvention has for its object to provide a chimney top which will at all times furnish a freeexit to the smoke, from whatever direction the wind may come. The invention consists in providing the foursides of the smoke stack with doors, and in connecting the opposite doors with each other in such manner that when one is closed by the force of the wind the other will thereby be opened to permit the escape of the smoke on the side opposite to the wind.

WASHING MACHINE.—Emanuel and Sabisea Cool, Buckhannan, West Va. —This invention relates to a new washing machine which is provided with aspring washboard and with a vertically adjustable corrugated roller, all operating in such manner as to produce the requisite rubbing and stamping action and perfect adjustment of parts to the treatment of coarser or finer articles.

CULTIVATOR.—C. L. Waffle, Sharon Center, Ohio.—This invention has for its object to furnish an improved cultivator which shall be so constructed and arranged that it may be readily adjusted for simply stirring up, loosen ing, and pulverizing the soil, and for throwing the soil around the plants and which shall at the same time be simple in construction and easily operated, and effective in operation in either capacity.

SELF-OILER FOR RAILROAD CAR JOURNAL BOXES.—Charles Ihrig, Jersey City, N. J.—This invention has for its object to construct a self-oiling journal box for the axle searings of railroad cars, and consists it. the application to the box of a pump for conveying the lubricating material from the lower to the upper part of the journal box, the said pamo being operated by the vertical movement of the car or truck body.

Answers to Correspondents.

CORRESPONDENTS who expect to receive answers to their letters must, in all cases, sign their names. We have a right to know those who seek information from us; besides, as sometimes happens, we may prefer to ad-

or pieces are inserted	fulcrum placed in vertical slots, with a slide valve with which said fulcrum	dress correspondents by mail.
or pieces are inserted. MANUFACTURE OF IRON.—Henry Davies, Newport, Ky.—This invention relates to improvements in the manufacture of iron, according to what is known as the "Ellershausen Process," and consists in an arrangement of mixing table, molten iron ladle, and ore-feeding apparatus, whereby the mixture of ore or earthy matter with the molten metal can be made in ex- act and predetermined proportions. UNIVERSAL COUPLING JOINT.—Moses A. Keller, Littlestown, Pa.—This in, vention relates to improvements in universal coupling joints for shofts and	fulcrum placed in vertical slots, with a slide valve with which said fulcrum is directly connected; the object of the arrangement being to give the slide valve the movement requisite to opening and closing the cylinder ports of a force pump. The invention was examined by the United States Board of Inspectors, which met in Washington lastfall, and they adopted a resolution recommending it to the attention of manufacturers and others. HARROW AND SHOVEL CULTIVATOR.—Albert B. Baum, Grantville, Pa.— This invention consists of bars mounted transversely of a frame so as to	 a ress correspondents by mail. SPECIAL NOTE.— This column is designed for the general interest and instruction of our readers not for gratuitous replies to questions of a purely business or personal mature. He will publish such inquiries, however when paid for as advertisements at \$100 a line, under the head of "Business and Personal. All reference to back numbers should be by volume and page. R. D., of Mich.—We presume the process of making oxygen, mentioned in the article referred to by you, is the one claimed to have been discovered by MM. Clomadene and Meret, in France, for obtain-
vention relates to improvements in universal coupling joints for shafts, and consists in a concave socket, in the end of one section, and a short cylindri- cal extension, and a ball on the other, fitting the socket, and secured to the socketed section by a pin or bolt fixed in the shell of the socketed section, and passing transversely through a bolt in the base, and traversing its axis perpendicular to a slot formed in the ball for the pin of the socketed sec- tion. GRINDERS FOR CLEANING CASTINGS.—Geo. Miller, Providence, R. I.— This invention relates to improvements in the grinding or rattling machines used for grinding and polishing castings, and consists in the arrangement of the cylinders, when mounted on friction rollers, with an opening in one end for loading and unloading them, so that the cylinders, which, being arranged, as they are, on the friction rollers, to have motion imparted to them, may be readily raised up and placed on end, may be filled or emptied while standing. COOKING STOVE.—Benj. F. Warren, Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.—This invention relates to improvements in cooking stoves, and consists in the application thereto, under an elevated rear plate and over the oven, in a	turn freely therein, except when prevented from rotating by means pre- vided, each with two different sets of teeth projecting from opposite sides of the bars, one set being pyramidal, or such as are ordinarily used in har- rows, and the other set being shovels such as are ordinarily used in culti- vators, the object of this arrangement being to use either kind of teeth as may be expedient. MACHINE FOR PACKING SALT.—John McGrew, West Columbia, West Va. —This invention consists in a series of self-adjusting vertically sliding hammers which receive motion from a horizontal crank shaft; also in pre- viding the hammers with wedge-shaped projections for packing salt into the bulges of the barrel; also in vertically adjustable tubes for conducting salt into the barrel; also in a rotating table for the barrel to stand on in or der to insure a packing of uniform density. WASHING MACHINE.—Henry J. Moreland, Whitehall, Ill.—This invention consists of a suds box of oblong rectangular form provided at its ends with oppositely inclined slotted washboards, against which the clothes placed in the suds box are pressed by a reciprocating beater, said beater being fitted to slide upon guide ways and operated by means of a band lever.	 been else overet by MM. Comatene and Moret, in France, ior obtaining oxygen from sulphuric acid. Percons matter, such as punice stene, is saturated with the sulphuric acid, and heated. The resulting sulphurous acid and oxygen are collected separately, and it is proposed to re-convert the sulphurous acid into sulphuric acid. We have serious doubts as to whether this process can ever prove successful, as an economical method of producing oxygen. C. E. G., of Ct.—A small portable flue boiler as badly scaled as you describe yours to be, is probably spoiled. There are remedies innumerable prescribed, but we knew of none that can be relied upon in all cases. Boiling with soda without pressure, as yen propose, will hardly, we think, do the business. Boiling with also eften fails. Boiling with oak bark or twick will also sometimes loosen a scale. Tanninis also used sometimes, with effect, but such a scale, in our experience rarely has yielded to anything of this kind. J. R., of N. Y.—Rock-cork is an old name for a variety of asbestos.

- C. J., of Miss.-Unless the hose, which you propose to use as a siphon has enough rigidity to resist the atmospheric pressure, its walls will collapse. A metal pipe would be better. You might, however, prevent collapse in the hose by the use of coiled wire on the interior. There is no doubt that you can drain the land you speak of, by the use of a siphon, extended over the levee, the hight of which is only fifteen feet, and with one leg of the siphon six feet longer than the other. It is probably the best and cheapest plan you can use.
- outer and inner walls of safes with carbonic acid, instead of the ordinary $% \left({{{\left[{{{{\bf{n}}} \right]}} \right]}_{\rm{c}}}} \right)$ filling, would not, as you suppose, prevent the application of the oxi-hydrogen blow pipe to the penetration of the outer or burglar-proof wall. The plan of putting materials into separate receptacles, connected by fusible plugs, so that when heated they should come in contact, and generate carbonie acid gas, for the protection of the contents of safes, is also, in our opinion, an impracticable scheme.
- G.T.B., of Mass.-We regard the habitual use of any laxative as bad, unless the state of the system imperatively demands it. The latter point can only be determined by a skillful physician. The extensive use of aperient medicines, is, we think, entirely unnecessary. The result aimedat may, in most cases, be secured in a more rational way namely proper attention to diet, exercise. and the general laws of health-
- J. L. C., of Pa.-It is perfectly practicable to draw water to the hight of eighteen feet through a pipe one and one fourth inches in diameter, and seventy-five feet long, with a common small cast-iron pump. The tarnish of a silver watch is nothing extraordinary. The effect is due to sulphurous gases. The surface first turns a brownish yellow, which will, unless it be cleaned, deepen to a dirty black.
- D. M., of Tenn.-Short-hand writing was known to the ancients. The short hand of the Romans was called "Tironian Notes," named it is supposed after Tiro, to whom the invention is credited. Manuscripts written in this hand date back as far as the seventh century. It is needless to say that it does not compare with the elegant and rapid modern systems of phonography.
- C. L., of R. I.- "Oil of brick" is a name given by all chemists to empyreumatic oil, prepared by soaking bricks in oil, heating them to a high temperature, and condensing the vapors. It is used by lapidaries as a vehicle for the emery by which stones are sawn and out.
- T. H. S., of Ky.-The best way to coat small brass articles with tin is to boil them in a solution of cream tartar, containing scraps of plock tin. If the articles are not finished after casting, they must be scaled with nitric acid, thoroughly washed, first in water, and next in water containing a potash, and afterward dried off in sawdust.
- G. H., of Va.-Gas meters are tested at a fixed standard tem perature, so that the volume they \boldsymbol{p} as at each oscillation of the bellows is a constant. It is a mistake for a consumer to place a meter in a hot place, as the expansion of the gas will increase his bills.
- D. E. P., of N. J .--- Where fire insurance companies require the party walls of frame buildings to be bricked in, and two houses are placed together, the bricking in of one wall will not answer the require ment. Each wall must be bricked.
- R. H. I., of Pa.-Your opponent is right. The word plank, in architecture, has a definite technical meaning. It is defined as a board exceeding nine inches in width. It is, however, commonly used by builders without regard to wieth.
- EGS of really officacious in coloring the hair, that does not contain either lead of some other mineral poison.

Business and Lersonal.

The Charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a Line. If the Notice exceed Four Lines. One Dollar and a Half per tine will be charged.

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- For Sale-The entire right of Parsons' Patent Tool Adjuster for Lathes. Drawings and description sent on application. Address C. H. Standish, New Haven, Conn.
- Upright Forge Hammers, improved Drop Presses. Send for circular. Charles Merr. II & Sons, 556 Grand st., New York.
- Send 50c. for silver-plated sample (free by mail) of "The Safety Shutter Bow." It holds the shutters securely, at various bows, and in such a way that they cannot be opened from the outside. Agents wanted. J. Pusey, 2,210 Brandywine street, Philadelphia, Pa.
- Cotton Compresses, Gove's Patent, for shipping and plantation use. Equal to hydraulics. Built to order by John H. Gove, Lynn, Mass.
- Wanted Immediately-New or 2d-hand slotting machine, to slot not less than 16 inches. Address, with full description and price,
- Fulton Iron and Engine Works, Detroit, Mich. with Canital

- Bruises, cuts, & burns. 50c. by mail. Try it. Ward & Co., Skaneateles, N. Y. Japanese Paper Ware—Spitoons, wash basins, pails, milk pans, etc. Perfectly water-proof, and will not break or rust. Send for circu-
- lars. Jennings Brothers, 352 Pearl st., New York. Pictures for the World .- Prang's latest publications : "Wild
- Flowers,"" Water Lilies,"" Chas. Dickens," for sale everywhere. J. J. F., of Texas.-Your plan of filling the space between the '"Your \$50 Foot Lathes are worth \$75." Good news for all.
 - At your door. Catalogues Free. N. H. Baldwin, Laconia, N. H. Foundery and Machine Shop for sale, with fine lot of patterns.
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 - Patent Water-proof Building Paper for Carpet for halls and stairways, shoe stiffening, walls, ceilings, and roofs, manufactured by Mc 105.654.—ADJUSTABLE REEL POST FOR HARVESTERS.—J. W. Neil, Irving & Rich, Patentees, Elwood, Atlantic Co., N.J., or 59 Duane st., New York, 520 Commerce st., Philadelphia, Pa.
 - The Best Hand Shears and Punches for metal work, as well as the latest improved lathes, and other machinists' tools, from entirely new patterns, are manufactured by L. W. Pond, Worcester, Mass. Office, 98 Liberty st., New York.
 - Wm. Roberts & Co., Designers and Engravers on Wood, 36 Beekman st., New York, would respectfully announce that they are now prepared to receive orders from Manufacturers, and others, for engraving of machinery, views of stores, factories, trade marks, etc., etc.
 - Machinists and others using Fine Tools, send for illustrated catalogue. Goodnow & Wightman, 23 Cornhill, Boston.
 - Temped Steel Spiral Springs for machinists and manufacturers. John Chatillon, 91 and 93 Cliff st., New York.
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 - For solid wrought-iron beams, etc., see advertisement. Address Union Iron Mills, Pittsburgh, Pa, for lithograph, etc.
 - Keuffel & Esser,71 Nassau st., N.Y., the best place to get 1st-class Drawing Materials, Swiss Instruments, and Rubber Triangles and Curves.
 - For tinmans' tools, presses, etc., apply to Mays & Bliss, Plymouth, st., near Adams st., Brooklyn, N. Y
 - Iynn's Anti-Incrustator for Steam Boiler-The only reliable preventative. No foaming, and does not attack metals of boiler. Liberal terms to Agents. C. D. Fredricks, 587 Broadway, New York.
 - To ascertain where there w ll be a demand for new machinery or manufacturers' supplies read Boston Commercial Bulletin's manufacturing news of the United States. Terms \$4.00 a year.
 - Cold Rolled-Shafting, piston rods, pump rods, Coll ns pat.double compression couplings, manufactured by Jones & Laughlins, Pittsburgh Pa For mining, wrecking, pumping, drainage, and irrigating machinery, see advertisement of Andrews' Pateuts in another column
 - It saves its Cost every sixty days-Mitchell's Combination Cooking Stove. Seud for circular. R. B. Mitchell, Chicego, Ill.

Official List of Latents.

Issued by the United States Patent Office.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING July 26, 1870.

Reported Officially for the Scientific American

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	SCHEDULE OF PATENT OFFICE FEES	
Í	On each caveat	.\$10
ł	On filing each application for a Patent (seventeen years)	\$15
İ	On filing each application for a Patent (seventeen years). On issuing each original Patent.	. \$20
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	In addition to which there are some small revenue-stamp taxes. Rerice	пге
ļ	of Canadaand Nova scotia pay \$500 on application.	

- 105,619 .- PAPER FRUIT BASKET .- Alfred Adams, Chagrin
- 105,619.—PAPER FRUIT BASKET.—Alfred Adams, Chagrin Falls, and Joseph F. Jewett, Cincinnati, Ohio.
 105,620.—CIGAR MACHINE.—Julian Allen and John Fanning, Brooklyn, N. Y., assignors to the American Cigar Machine Company, New York City.
 105,621.—SEI-D PLANTER.—Prudden Alling, Norwalk, Ohio.
 105,622.—APPARATUS FOR REDUCING WOOD TO PULP.—(tus-tavus Ames, New York City, assignor to himself and William H. Cilley, Northfield, N.H.
 105,623.—ADJUSTABLE DOOR SILL.—Maurice Armstrong, Client III
- Girard, 111. 105,624.—CHIMNEY COWL.—Christian W. Bache, Philadel-
- phia, Pa. 105.625.—TELEGRAPH INSULATOR.—William W. Baldwin, Cleveland, Ohio
- 105,626.—STEAM GENERATOR.—Nelson H. Barbour, New

Artificial Skin, absolutely water-proof. Applied immediately. 105.643.-HULLING MACHINE.-J. E. Carver (assignor to 105,643.—HULLING MACHINE.—J. F. Carver (assignor to H. T. Pratt and J. C. Alden), Bridgewater, Mass. 105,644.—LAMP.—David Challinor, Birmingham, Pa. 105,645.—Toy MONEY BOX.—J. H. Chappell, Brooklyn, N. Y. 105,646.—WASHING MACHINE.—W. B. Cheeseman, Winona,

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- 105 647 .- SAWING MACHINE.-M. N. Clark, Harrison City,
- 105.648.—WATER PROOF CEMENT.—T. S. Clark, Charlestown,
- 105,649.-SAD IRON.-John Conner, Richmond, Ind. Ante-105,650.—WASHING MACHINE.—Emanuel Cool and Sabisea Cool Buckhannan, West Va.
 105,651.—REIN HOLDER.—W. H. Cooper, Glover, Vt.
 105,652.—CHURN.—W. H. Curtin, Clement, and William Lam²
- mers, Breese, II. 105.653.—RELAY MAGNET.—L.C. A. J. G. D'Arlincourt, Paris,
- 105.654.—ADJUSTABLE REED FOR FOR PAWTUCKET, assignor to Davis, Dublin, Ohio.
 105.655.—EGG BEATER.—G. K. Dearborn, Pawtucket, assignor to Timothy Earle, Smithfield, R. I.
 105.656.—CRAMP HOOK FOR TELEGRAPHIC WIRE INSULATORS.—W. H. DeChant (assignor to David Brooks), Philadelphia, PA.
 105.657.—PLANING AND MOLDING MACHINE.—Frank Doug las, Norwich, Conn.
- 105,658.-WOOD PAVEMENT.-Heary Dowson, Springfield,
- 105.659.—Maching for Crushing Mineral and other
- HARD SUBSTANCES.-D.C. EDungh, Charleston, S. C. 105,660.-DEVICE FOR PREVENTING PLOWS FROM CHOKING. -W. M. Eccles, St. Louis, Mo. 105,661.-CARPET "UNDERLIE".-Nelson Edwards, Jericho,
- 105,662.—Farm Gate.—G. J. Fiedler, Danby, Ill.
- 105,663. ELECTRO-MAGNETIC MOTOR.—Louis Finger, Cam-bridge Mass. 105,664.—ELECTRO-MAGNETIC APPARATUS FOR MOVING PAN-
- 105,004.—ELECTRO-MAGNETIC APPARATUS FOR MOVING PAN-oramas.-Louis Finger, Cambridge, Mass.
 105,665.—MOVABLE SCREEN FOR PHOTOGAPHERS.—E. J Foss, Cambridge, Mass. Antedated January 26, 1870.
 105,666.—DEPURATOR —S. C. Frink, Indianapolis, Ind.
 105,663.—FLOUR SIFTER.—George Gessert, Edwardsville, III.
 105,668.—MACHINE FOR ROLLING PLOW BEAMS.—William-Giuman. Otawa. III.
- Giman, Ottawa, III. 105,669.—VAPOR BURNER.—L. A. Gouch, Yonkers, N. Y.
- 105.670. -- MANUFACTURE OF SOAP.-Louis Groux, New York
- 105,671.-BOOT JACK AND SPUR.-Timothy Gunn, Hamilton
- county Ind. 105,672.—COAL STOVE.—Joseph Hackett, Louisville, Ky. 105,673.—PLOW.—J. D. Hall (assignor to William Kingsworth); Canton, Ohio. 105,674.—WAGON HUB.—J. D. Ham (assignor to himself, Eli
- McCroan, and W. A. Wilkins), Bethany, Ga. 105.675.—BOLT.—Mathew Harbster (assignor to Harbster)
- Brothers & Co.) Reading, Pa. 105,676 SCHOOL SEAT. C. G. Harrington and David Mills,
- Northville, ich. 105,677.— CHAIR AND LOUNGE.—M. P. Harley, Philadelphia,
- 105.678.—Oven or Stove for Heating the Blast of Blast ACRS.-J. M. Hartman, Philadelphia, Pa. assignor to Geor
- Whitake 105,67J.-MODE OF ATTACHING HOLD BACK RINGS TO

- 105,67.J.—MODE OF ATTACHING HOLD BACK RINGS TO HAMES.—W. B. Harden, Columbus, Ohio.
 105,68.O.—HORSE POWER.—J. R. Hedges, Glenwood, assignor to himself and Valentine & Sparks, Buffalo, N. Y.
 105,681.—CIGAR BOX.—Eugen Henkel, North Scituate, R. I.
 105,682.—WINDLASS.—Alonzo Hitchcock, New York city.
 105,683.—OIL STILL.—John Hofferberth, Ealtimore. Md.
 105,685.—STEAM GAGE.—J. P. Holt, Cleveland, Ohio.
 105,656.—MITERING MACHINE.—John Holzberger, Newark, N. J.
- 105,687.-GLOVE.-D. S. Hulett, Gloversville, N. Y.

- 105,687.—GLOVE.—D. S. Hulett, Gloversville, N. Y.
 105,688.—APPARATUS FOR REMOVING OIL FROM SEEDS, MEAL, ETC.—E. S. HULCHINGOU, Baltimore, Md.
 105,689.—RALLROAD CAR JOURNAL BOX.—Charles Ihrig, Jersey City, N. J.
 105,690.—GRAIN DRILLING MACHINE.—Joseph Ingels, Milton, Ind.
 105,691.—PADLOCK.—Joseph Ingels, Milton, Ind.
 105,692.—LAMBREQUIN.—H. M. Johnston, New York city. Antedated July 11, 1870. An 'ce attel July 11, 1870. 105,694.—WATER WHEEL.—G. H. Jones, Rose, N. Y.
- 105,695.—BOXING FOR COVERING THE SHAFTING OF MA-
- Jerome Kidder, New York city. 105,698.—WATER WHEEL.—Alfred Kneass, Northumberland, 105,699.—METALLIC RAILWAY CAR.—B. J. La Mothe, New

York city. 105,700. – TRACE SUPPORTING STUD. – Josiah Letchworth,

Buffalo, N.Y. 105,701.—Combined Hobby Horse and Carriage Motor.

John Liming, Philadelphia, Pa. 105,702.—CORN PLANTER.—W. H. Little, Prairie Du Chien,

105,703.—CORN AND SEED PLANTER.—Wilber C. Lockwood,

105,705.—DEVICE FOR PREVENTING THE UNCOUPLING OF CLUTCHES IN SPINNING MULES.—Hezekiah Macon and Joshua Hunt Providence, R. I.

105,706.—CAR COUPLING.—Malancthon B. Malott, Richmond,

105,707.-WOOD PAVEMENT.-Duncan McKenzie, Brooklyn,

105,708.—ROTARY ENGINE. — Edwin D. Mead, Shortsville,

105.709.-GRAIN DRYER.-Robert Milburn and Thomas

Browning, No. 76 Church Lane, Whitechapel, Great Britain. 105,710,—PADLOCK.—D. K. Miller, Reading, Pa. Antedated

Spring Mills, Mich. 105,704.—CROSS-CUT SAW.—Peter Longwell, Poplar, Ohio.

Fulton Iron and Engine Works, Detroit, Mich.	Cleveland, Onio.	105,710.—PADLOCK.—D. K. Miller, Reading, Pa. Antedated
Wanted—A partner, with Capital, to introduce a patent of general utility. Address box 139, Staunton, Va.	105,626.—STEAM CENERATOR.—Nelson H. Barbour, New York City. Antedated July 19, 1870. 105,627.—MACHINERY FOR CUTTING WAX INTO SHEETS.—	July 22, 1870, 105,711.—GRINDER FOR CLEANING CASTINGS.—George Miller, Providence, R. I.
Send prices of Spoke Planer, Hub Mortising Mach ne, and Corn	W. F. Barnes (assignor to himself and Susan H. Clark), Rockford, Ill. 105,628.—NEEDLE THREADER.—Nelson Barnum, La Porte,	105,712.—WATER WHEEL.—George Miller, Providence, R. I. 105.713.—TAP-NOZZLE FOR CANS.—Herman Miller, New York
Mill to S. C. Talmadge, Monticello, Jasper Co., Ga.	Ind. 105,629.—PRUNING SHEARS.—H. W. Black. Cecilton, Md., as-	city.
Correspondence solicited with parties having drills suitable for tunneling, driven by power. H. C. Freeman, La Salle, Ill.		105.714.—METALLIC STANDARD FOR WAGON BOXES.—Ed- ward Milner, marquette, Mich. 105.715.—ATTACHMENT FOR SEWING MACHINE.—Schamu M. Moscheowitz, New York city.
Manufacturers of self-regulating wind mills, please send cir- culars to J. S. McClellan, Urbana, Ohio.	himself and William Riddell), London, England. Antecated July 19 1870.	105,716.—CORN HARVESTER.—Nelson Newman, Springfield,
Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, and Wagons, send de- scriptive price list to T. T. Edmunds, Columbus, Ga.	105,632.—POWER PRESS.—E. W. Bliss (assignor to Mays, Bliss & Co.), Brooklyn, N. Y. 105,633.—CUTTING ASHLARS.—William Boulton, Tompkins-	105,717.—ADDING MACHINE.—Nels Ockerlund, New York city. 105,718.—REED MUSICAL INSTRUMENT.—Isaac T. Packard,
Catlin's Patent Self-closing Barrel Filler for filling packages	ville, Staten Island, N. Y. 105,634.—COMPOUND FOR MANUFACTURE OF PAINTS.—A. H. Bourne, Fort Scott, Kansas. Antestated June 9, 1870.	Chicago, III. 105,719.—PLANKING SET. — E. H. Parker, Bucksport, Me.
with liquids of any kind. See other advertisement, and address, for cir- cular, S. C. Catlin, Cleveland. Ohio.	105.635. – RAILWAY CAR STARTER. – C. B. Broadwell, New Orleans, La.	Antocated July 18, 1870. 105,720.— TREATING AND PRESERVING GRAIN IN BULK.— Charles F. Parrott (assignor to himself and John F. Kohler), New York
Rawhide Sash Cord has no equal for heavy w ndows or dumb- waiters. Makes the very best round belting. Darrow M'1'g Co., Bristol,Ct.	105,636.—SPRING BED BOTTOM.—Mortimer Cahill, Kalama- zoo, Mich. Antedated July 14, 1870. 105,637.—DESIGN DIE FOR ORNAMENTING.—B.F. Calley, Sau-	city. 105,721.—TABLET LOCKET FOR PHOTOGRAPHS, ETC.—G. W Pitcher, Brookiyn, N. Y.
	gus, Mass.	105,922.—HORSE HAY FORK.—H. C. Porter, Grand Rapids,
holder for dressing emery wheels, grindstones, etc. See Scientific Ameri- can, July 24th, and Nov. 20, 1869. 64 Nassau st., New York.	 105,638.—GAGE FOR PRINTING PRESSES.—Andrew Campbell, Brooklyn, N. Y. 105,639.—SHEEP SHEARS.—Daniel Campbell, El zabeth, N. J., assignor to Henry Seymour & Co., New York city. 	Mich. 105,723.—HAY CARRIER.—T. J. Powell, Naples, N. Y., as- signor to George Smith, Providence, R. I., and J. C. DeLang, Detroit, Mich.
Peck's patent drop press. Milo Peck & Co., New Haven, Ct.	105,640.—STEAM HEATER.—B. F. Campbell and Charles Whittier, Boston, Mass.	105,724.—HORSE POWER.—Robert Quinn, Whitefield, Miss. 105,725.—FLOATING TIDE DOCK.—William Rickard (assignor
Stationary Engine and Boiler, 2d-hand, in first-rate order, cyl- inder 16x24. For sale cheap. Address Howard Iron Works, Buffalo, N.Y.	105,641.—RECEPTACLE FOR MEASURING OUT SHOT.—E. C. Carleton (assignor to William Stewart & Co.), Port Huron, Mich. 105,642.—STEAM GENERATOR.—John Carroll, Detroit, Mich.	to himself and E. K. Meigs), Jersey City, N. J.