test tube with a small quantity of iodine and several drops of the earth which, a year or two ago, sent desolation and any alcohol present a characteristic yellow crystalline pre- America, are not wholly spent. cipitate of iodide of formyle is produced. According to Lieben, the presence of one part of alcohol in 2,000 parts of water can be recognized in this way.

EMPLOYMENT OF PHOSPHATES AS MORDANTS.

M. Collas proposes to employ phosphates as substitutes for alum. The goods to be dved are immersed in a bath of acid phosphate of lime or magnesia, afterwards in a bath of coloring matter, and finally into an alkaline solution. The process is said to be particularly applicable to aniline colors, more especially to aniline purple. Lakes can also be prepared by use of phosphates, preferably phosphate of lime. 'Thus to prepare a lake of cochineal an infusion of the color is first made ready and a gelatinous precipitate of phosphate is added, the mixture is powerfully agitated for some time. The coloring matter will be found to be as completely precipitated as it is with alumina. Insoluble coloring matters can be used for dyeing by employing gelatin in combination with the phosphate of lime.

COBALT AND MANGANESE.

M. Valenciennes recently presented to the Academy of Sciences, Paris, specimens of pure cobalt and manganeseprepared by reduction in magnesia crucibles. The cobalt had the appearance of polished iron, and when turned in the lathe yielded chips similar to those produced from iron of best quality.

The manganese can be easily broken with a hammer, and exhibits on a fresh fracture a perfectly white color. It alters rapidly in the air, changing into an intermediate red oxide. Cobalt combines more readily with copper than with iron; the alloy melts at the temperature of fusion of copper, and is malleable and ductile if properly annealed. Manganese has great affinity for copper, and five samples were made, containing 3, 5, 8, 12, and 15 per cent of manganese-all of them resembled bronze, are hard, sonorous, and easily fused. The alloy containing 15 per cent of manganese was white like steel, and unaltered after long exposure, and was very

The alloys of 3, 5, and 8 per cent are ductile, and can be reduced to as thin leaves as tin. According to M. Valenciennes the alloys of manganese and copper are capable of extensive uses in the arts if they can be prepared in an economical

ZINC REFUSE FROM GALVANIZING IRON.

The zinc refuse contains chlorides, oxychlorides, and oxide of zinc, together with some sal ammoniac. Pattinson fuses it with an equivalent proportion of lime by which the ammonia can be saved and the zinc obtained as an oxide.

The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company.

The Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company make the following report of their inspections for the month of March, 1870:

During the month, 458 visits of inspection have been made; 784 boilers examined, 731 externally and 224 internally; while 69 have been tested by hydraulic pressure. The number of defects in all discovered, 482; of which 60 are regarded as ing eighty acres. The deposit is six feet deep, and promises as dangerous. The defects in detail are as follows:

Furnaces out of shape, 7-1 dangerous; fractures in all, 30 -7 dangerous; burned plates, 26-5 dangerous; blistered plates, 73-15 dangerous; cases of incrustation and scale, 81-12 dangerous; cases of sediment and deposit, 5; cases of external corrosion, 34-4 dangerous; internal corrosion, 6-5 dangerous; cases of internal grooving, 7-1 dangerous; water gages out of order, 25; blow-out apparatus out of order, 7-1 dangerous; safety valves overloaded 24-1 dangerous pressure gages out of order, 92-2 dangerous. These varied from-10 to +25. Tubes corroded off near tube sheet, 1-1 dangerous; boilers malconstructed, 1—regarded as dangerous; boilers condemned as unsafe and beyond repair, 4. A large number of leaky boilers were reported, some had become so from blowing down and immediately filling up with cold water -this practice will ruin the best boiler in a short time. Before refilling, the boiler should be allowed to become quite cool, The accumulation of sediment about the tubes, keeping the water therefrom, is a source of evil; tubes become burned and corroded, and leaks will of necessity follow.

Steam gages, it will be noticed, have been found out of order in numerous instances. There is no way of ascertaining these variations except by frequent tests, and although they may be light in many instances, in some they are positively dangerous; for instance, if a boiler is being run by the gage at a pressure of 85 pounds, and the gage is 20 pounds "heavy or slow," the actual pressure used is 105 pounds, which may be far beyond the safe limit, hence it is important that these indicators should be often examined.

We had not room for further comment, but the intelligent engineer will see that the boilers under his care are free from the defects and dangers enumerated above.

Earthquake in Guayaquil.

In Guayaguil, between Point Pasado and Point Venado a peculiar volcanic movement has taken place. In a space of two leagues the surface of the earth undulated slowly, and great chasms and deep circular excavations were opened. A new lagoon was formed, and between the shore and the sea there appeared a large sized hill.

were observed to be in a state of unrest, and large land slides took place, carrying with them rocks and trees.

For four days this agitation continued, the undulation being from west to east. These phenomena took place early in the month of March. It would seem from this that the throes

of caustic soda on potash, and gently heated. If there is death through some of the most populous districts of South

Some Hints about Screws.

Where screws are driven into soft wood and subjected to considerable strain, they are very likely to work loose; and it is often difficult to make them hold. In such cases, says the Canadian Builder, we have always found the use of glue profitable. Prepare the glue thick; immerse a stick about | half the size of the screw and put it into the hole; then mimerse the screw, and drive it home as quickly as possible. When there is an article of furniture to be hastily repaired, and no glue is to be had handily, insert the stick, fill the rest of the cavity with pulverized resin, then heat the screw sufficient to melt the resin as it is driven in. Chairs, tables, lounges, etc., are continually getting out of order in every house; and the proper time to prepare them is when first noticed. If neglected the matter grows still worse, and finally results in laying by the article of furniture as worthless. Where screws are driven into wood for temporary purposes they can be removed much easier by dipping them in oil before inserting.

When buying screws notice what you are getting; for there are poor as well as good kinds. See that the heads are sound and well cut; that there are no flaws in the body or thread part, and that they have gimlet points. A screw of good make will drive into oak as easy as others into pine, and will endure having twice the force brought against it.

Safety House Lamp.

The article of a safety kerosene lamp is one of importance to nearly every person. It is a subject of vital interest to every household. From the number of inquiries at this office for information as to lamps possessing safety qualities, we conclude that the public are not satisfied with what the manufacturers generally supply.

A few days ago a circular, advertising Perkins & House's safety lamp, was put into our hands, containing references to a number of distinguished gentlemen whose testimonials were appended. We took occasion to interview one of themthe president of one of our prominent New England collegesas to the merits of this lamp, and askedif on further use he was satisfied that he had not expressed too much in its praise in his testimonial. His reply was, "No; it has given perfect satisfaction, and I think the lamp superior in respect to safety. perfect combustion, freedom from odor, and amount of light given, to any lamp."

From the high and direct source this testimony comes, we think there is no doubt but that the Perkins & House lamp, advertised in another page by Votaw, Montgomery & Co. possesses all the qualities that the advertisers state.

Iceland Spar.

Joseph D. Price and Benjamin Shunk, of Harrisburgh, Rockingham Co., Va., have discovered in that town large deposits of calcite (carbonate of lime) of the Iceland spar varietv. We have received some specimens of the crystals (rhombohedrons), which are clear and excellent. A quarry has been opened and the deposit examined to an extent exceedto be valuable; but the manner of mining and working the mineral is not very well understood in that region,

Steam Omnibuses.

It is said that a company has been organized in Montreal to introduce into that city Thompson's road steamers for passenger traffic. Our readers will recollect one of these vehicles was tried not long since in Edinburgh, Scotland, where its inventor resides, and was stated to have behaved very satisfactorily. The traction wheels are fitted with broad and thick rubber rims, which enable them to conform to the uneven surfaces of common roads, and prevent slipping.

THE EAST RIVER BRIDGE.—The great caisson for the Brooklyn side of the East River Bridge, the successful launching of which we recently announced, has since our last issue been towed out to its final resting place, and will probably be sunk before this paragraph meets the eyes of our readers. The most perfect success has thus far attended every step in this great work, and everything shows that engineering skill of the highest order is guiding its progress.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT---SOUTHERN DIS-TRICT. BEFORE JUDGE BLATCHFORD. PATENT FOR

Carmi Mart vs. Jeryleman Shaw and Salathiel E. Nickerson.—This was a bill flied by the complainant to restrain the infringement of a patent issued to him on April 4, 1834, and renewed March 16, 1838, 1970 an improved machine

The substance of the invention was placing the log upon a table so that

The substance of the invention was placing the log upon a table so that it could be brough against the knife to cut off the veneer at different angles, according to the requirements of the material, and suspending it by claims, so that when it was being carried back to meet the knife again, it would not bear upon the edge of the knife.

The defendants set up a want of novelty in the invention, and denied any infringement on their part.

Reid by the Court.—That on the evidence the defense of want of novelty in the invention fails. That in the defendant's machine the same results claimed by the plaintiff are produced by devices which are mechanical equivalents for those of the plaintiff. Beeree for plaintiff.

For plaintiff, E. Y. Bell; for defendants, T. M. Wyatt.

their vention is to so construct the apparatus that the spool can be readily removed and put on, and that the jthread will be applied to the gummed wire and pressed to firmly adhere to the same.

FRUIT BASKET.—Lauren Carpenter, St. Joseph, Mich.—This invention has some its object so to construct the apparatus that the spool can be readily removed and put on, and that the jthread will be applied to the gummed wire and pressed to firmly adhere to the same.

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FRUIT BASKET.—Lauren Carpente

APPLICATIONS FOR EXTENSION OF PATENTS.

PEGGING JACKS.-Alfred Bailey, Amesbury, Mass., has petitioned for the extension of the above patent. Day of hearing July 13,1870.

MACKINE FOR MANUFACTURING SPOOLS .- A. D. Waymoth, Fitchburg, During all this fearful commotion, the hills along the coast Mass., has petitioned for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing July 13, 1870.

MACHINERY FOR FORMING HAT BODIES .- Alva B. Taylor, Newark, N. J., has petitioned for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing July

WATER CLOSETS .- William S. Carr, New York city, has applied for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing July 20, 1870.

ROTARY KNITTING MACHINES .- Sidney W. Park, Albany, N. Y., and Ed gar S. Ells, Fremont, N. Y., have applied for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing July 20, 1870.

LIGHTNING ROD .- David Munson, Indianapolis, Ind., has applied for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing July 20, 1870.

CART SADDLES .- Henry A. Rains, Bloomfield, N. J., has petitioned for an extension of the above patent. Day of hearing August 3, 1870.

Recent American and Loreign Latents.

Under this heading we shall publish weekly notes of some of the more prom inent home and foreign patents.

WASHING MACHINE .- Charles Bean and Suel Logee, East Douglass, Mass -This invention has for its object to furnish an improved washing machine which shall be simple in construction and effective in operation, washing the clothes quickly and thoroughly, and without injuring them.

EARTH CHAMBERS .- William H. Bliss, Newport, R. L.-This invention has for its object to furnish an improved earth chamber or portable earth closet which shall be simple in construction and effective in operation, wholly preventing the escape of any offensive odor into the room.

EXCAVATING APPARATUS .- Philo W. Clark, Oblong, N. Y .- This invention has for its object to furnish an improved excavating apparatus designed for use in transferring the soil from the place of excavation, and loading it upon a cart, or throwing it upon an embankment.

Hoisting Apparatus.-H. A. Schneekoth, N. Y. city.-This invention has for its object to so construct the hoisting apparatus, which is operated by men, that power may be applied to it by means of the lower extremities and not by the arms, as usually.

LAP BOARDS .- William F. Gammel, Elizabeth, N. J.-This invention has for its object to improve the construction of lap boards, so as to make them more convenient and effective in use.

BOILER FURNACE .- J. A. T. Overend, San Francisco, Ca .- This invention consists in the application to the furnaces of metallic fire backs and bridge walls, arranged for ready removal for the substitution of others, when worn out, and, in a manner, calculated to resist the heat to the best advantage. and to provide an air chamber behind the bridge wall to facilitate the com-

ORE SEPARATOR .- T. Bates, Pinos Altos, New Mexico. - The object of this invention is to provide a simple and efficient arrangement of means for receiving the tailings of gold, and other ores, from the battery, pulverizing, burnishing, and separating the same. The invention comprises an arrangement of grinding mills and amalgamating apparatus together, and with a battery.

WASHING MACHINE .- Wm. Badger, Hastings-on-the-Hudson, N. Y .- This invention relates to improvements in washing machines, and consists in a simple and inexpensive attachment to ordinary wash tubs, for converting them into washing machines, with oscillating beaters, the same being suspended on a cover arranged for detachable connection to the tub by means of keys wedging into the holes of the handles, and dumping the cover down on the top of the tub.

STUMP PUPPER.-J. M. Eason, Charleston, S. C.-This invention relates to improvements in machinery for pulling stumps, and consists in suspending the chain hook from any suitable portable frame, by two pairs of arms, toggle-jointed to nuts, on a right-and-left-threaded horizontal screw, which is provided with a hand lever ratchet and pawl at the center for applying the power for raising the stumps by screwing the nuts away from each other, and with short levers at one end for turning it rapidly to force the nuts together to let the weight or chain hook down.

NURSING BOTTLE.-Edward Jones Mallett ,Jr., and Wm. S. Ward, New York city.—This invention relates to improvements in nursing bottles and other vessels, for containing liquids, and from which they are to be drawn through faucets, cocks. or bungs, and it consists in a novel arrangement of automatic vent valves, in connection with the bungs or plugs, by suspending the valve by a spring secured in the vent passage, or at the top of the plug, and extending through to the lower side, and holding the valve up against a flexible seat of India-rubber, or other like substance.

HUB-BORING AND BOX-SETTING MACHINE .- Abraham Troup, Louisberry, Pa.—This invention consists of a pair of clamps for embracing the sides of a hub provided with feet for resting on the top of the same; and combined with an instrument for boring a recess in the end of the hub suitable to receive a box, in such manner that said instrument may be accurately adjusted to the center of any hub.

TOBACCO ROLLER.-C. A. Jackson, Petersburgh, Va.-This invention consists of a wheel, whose rim is provided with any desired number of circumferential flanges, said wheel working in connection with a belt, whose innersurface is furnished with an equal number of longitudinal grooves into which the tobacco is pressed by the flanges of the wheel; these two devices being combined with scrapers that take the strips of tobacco out of the grooves in the belt, and also with a knife, operated, by the wheel, that cuts the strips into plugs.

CORN PLANTER.-James W. Magers, Reinersville, Ohio.-This invention consists of diversimprovements in the corn planter, all tending either to simplify its construction or render it more efficient in operation.

ATTACHING POLE OR SHAFTS TO WHEELED VEHICLES .- James McMillin, Ripley, Ohio.—This invention has for its object to enable the occupant of a carriage to detach the pole or thills when the horses become unmanageable, and thus allow the animals to go on their way dragging the pole with them, and leave the carriage in safety.

CAR Coupler.—John Coleman, Lynchburgh, Va.—This invention consists in the combination, with a bumper open at the sides of a hinged detent arranged within the bumper, so as to allow the head of the coupling barto pass under it and then to fall by its ownweight upon the bony of the bar and retain it, and of a coupling link having bevelled heads which pass easily under the detents, against the inner sides of which heads the free ends of the detents bear, which inner sides of the heads are rounded off at the corners so as to allow them to slip out at the open sides of the bumpers and uncouple when one car runs off the track so as not to draw the next car off; the coupling being automatic, and universal in its application.

PAPER WEIGHT .- Max Patzauer, New York city .- This invention relates to a new paper weight, which is so constructed that it can be used as an inct catcher or naper file.

MACHINE FOR COVERING WIRE .- A. Giraudat, New York city .- This in vention relates to a novel spool carrier and holder attachment to a machine for covering wire with cotton, silk, or other thread. The object of the invention is to so construct the apparatus that the spool can be readily

CARVING KNIFE .- Owen W. Taft, New Yorkcity .- This invention has for its object to so provide carving knives that they can be used to extract skewers from the meat. The invention consists in forming a hook or aperture on the blade of the knife, whereby a clamp for holding and withdraw ing the skewer is obtained. The removal of skewers from meat is at present a process connected with considerable difficulty and amnoyance, and although many instruments may be used, it is evident that only the carving knife is appropriate and handy for that purpose.

SHOE LACE.-Rufus Wright, Brooklyn, N. Y.-This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in mode of lacing or fastening and unfastening shoes, whereby that practice is greatly simplified, and much more expeditiously and perfectly performed than it has hitherto been, and the invention consists in an arrangement whereby the shoe is fastened around the instep or ankle by simply drawing upward the lacing, and is loosened I by the same movement downwards toward the toe.

HORSESMOE.-George Copeland, Denver, Colorado.-This invention reates to improvements in horseshoes and the nails for fastening them on the hoofs of the animals, and consists in making the nails with large, double, conical, or pyramidal heads, and the shoes with counter-sunk sockets. or other enlargements around the holes for the reception of the parts of the enlargements of the heads with which the smaller parts of the nails little skilled in the art. arejoined, all arranged so that the enlarged heads of the rails shall serve as the calks of the shoe, the said heads being made of either iron or steel, and hardened or not, as preferred.

CRUPPER FASTENER.-Wm. R. Wing, Newark, Ohio.-This invention relates to a new and improved! fastening for crupper straps, to be used in substitution of the buckles and straps now used. The invention consists of a pair of cylindrical metal fastenings with one flattened side. one for each end of the strap to be connected, and a correspondingly shaped ring fitted to slide on the said fastenings, one of which has a T-headed pro. tion at the end, and the other is fitted to receive and hold it when turned a quarter of a revolution of the entering, which brings the flattened sides in line, so that the slide may be adjusted to confine them in this position.

COAL SCUTTLE.-S. J. Anderson, Cazenovia, N. Y.-The object of this invention is to provide a coal scuttle or hod for general use which shall be more useful and convenient than they are when constructed in the ordinary manner, and it consists in a loose bottom so arranged that the coal is discharged from the bottom of the scuttle or had instead of from the

VENEER FORMER.-L. A. Johnson, New York city.-This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in the method of bending and forming veneers for fitting legs of billiard tables, pianos, and for other purposes, and consists in the method of heating the vencer, and thereby rendering it pliable, so that it may be made to assume the desired form.

DITCHING PLOW .- I. S. Sheets, Troy, Ohio .- This invention has for its object to improve the construction of the ditching plo w, patented by the same inventor February 10, 1869, so as to make it more simple in construction, more effective in operation, and more conveniently adjusted as the ditch increases in depth.

HORSE POWER .- P. W. Clark, Oblong. N. Y .- This invention has for it object to furnish an improved horse power designed more especially for use in cases where it is desired that the direction of the draft may be changed or shifted without stopping or changing the direction of the

CORD CATCH .- C. C. Moore, New York city .- This invention has for its object to furnish an improved cord-catch, designed especially for holding the cord of window shades, and which shall be equally applicable for holding other cords, such as picture cords, cords for tying up packages, and various other purposes.

DISTILLING APPARATUS .- J. M. Weyand, St. Louis, Mo.-The object of this invention is to facilitate the generating, dephlegmatizing, aromatizing, and refrigerating of alcoholic vapors, and to thereby simplify and economize the process of distillation. The main feature of the present inven tion is to so construct the apparatus that steam and mash are made to pass in opposite directions through the same compartments, the steam taking up, and the mash giving off alcohol during such passage. By this method the temperatures can be so completely regulated, that spirits of the requi site grade can be produced with great exactness. The invention consists also in a novel construction and arrangement of the generating compart ment, in which the mash is absolutely mingled with steam and brought in contact with heated surfaces, to evaporate all its alcoholic contents.

ELASTIC TIP FOR CHAIRS .- S. Van Patten, Albany, N. Y .- This invention relates to a new elastic attachment to the ends of chair legs, which has for its object to deaden the noise of removing the chair, and to protect the floor or carpet upon which the same may be placed.

GASOLINE BURNER.-Franklin Gould, Paterson, N. J.-This invention relates to a new burner for producing light from gas prepared from gasoline, or other hydro-carbon liquid. The invention has for its object to so construct the burner that it will by its heat produce its own gas from the liquid which it consumes.

PRUNING HOOK.-Andrew Downer, Hammondsville, Ohio.-The object of this invention is to provide an efficient instrument for pruning trees, hedges, vines, or briers, and it consists in a pruning hook, and in a saw combined therewith.

Washing and Wringing Machine.-J.B. Wakeman and A. R. Field, Hampden, N. Y.—This invention relates to combined washers and wringers, and consists in certain improvements thereon specified in the claim of the

DUST RING FOR WATCH MOVEMENTS .- J. H. Flint, South Bend, Ind .-This invention relates to improvements in the construction and arrangement of dust rings for watch movements. It consists in the arrangement for fastening the ends at the joint by the movement screw, and the manner of fitting it between the plates, and against the pillars, and to the recess in the upper plate under the barrel bridge.

STUMP EXTRACTOR .- G. L. Howland and Wm. M. Howland, Topsham, Me. -This invention relates to improvements in machines for pulling stumps or lifting heavy weights, and consists in a combination on a portable frame of a vibrating, guiding frame, a hoisting bar, a pair of gripe pawls, operating levers and adjusting springs, the latter for shifting the action of the pawls to cause them to raise or lower the bar.

COMPENSATING LET-OFF FOR LOOMS.-John Day, Paterson, N. J.-This invention relates to improvements in let-off motions for looms, and consists in the application in addition to the ordinary warp, roll of an auxiliary roll, mounted on a vertically sliding and weighted frame, under which the warp is carried from the warp-roll and to another guiding roll, which together with the warp-roll are elevated in a vertical extension of the loom frame, so that the weight of the auxilliary roll frame and weight is sus pended in the bight of the warp, which passes over another guide roll in the plane of the first, and down under a third guide roll, and thence through the slev to the work beam. Previous to passing under the final guide roll the warp passes through a sley, or reed, for guiding it evenly on the said roll.

NEEDLE CASE.-Wm. Avery and Albert Fenton, Redditch, England.-This invention relates to improvements in that class of needle cases in which the needle packet is caused to rise up above the top of the needle case, when open, to admit of obtaining a needle therefrom more easily, and it consists in effecting the raising of the packet by the raising of the cap of the case, which is hinged at one side of the top of the case, by providing the said cap with a cranked projection extending downward into the case, and jointed to the side of the packet by a connecting link, or other suitable

Bung.-David Leichtnstadt, Brooklyn, N. Y., and R. Pentlarge, New York city.-This invention relates to improvements in bungs for barrels, casks, and the like, and consists in a deep bush, screw threaded, and with a collar on the exterior, for screwing down into and upon the side of the cask, and having a smooth, conical interior surface, extending from the bottom upward and a suitable distance, with an annular recess at the top, above which an annular internal groove is formed by a flange at the top of the bush, into which through radial notches a bridge tree which carries a tightening screw with a plug at the lower end, is inserted, and secured by turnng the ends away from the notches, under the flange,' so as to screw the plug down upon the shoulder above the conical hole of the bush.

TIN TUBING MACHINE.-J. N. Adams, Chillicothe, Mo .- This invention relates to an improved machine for bending sheets of tin into tubing, lapping the edges and the ends of the sections, and holding them for soldering, and it consists of a sectional tubular shell, capable of expanding and contracting, and having a slot along one side for the admission of the tin to the interior, wherein is a mandrel, divided longitudinally, and capable of and away from the work. receiving and pinching the edges of the tin, to hold and drawlitin while t he said mandrel is turned, and winds the tin around it, after which the Caveats are desirable if an inventor is not fully prepared to apply for a apped edges are held opposite the slot in the shell for soldering, and pressed together by a hinged presser attached to the shell and projecting through the slot. The section thus formed is then shoved along on the mandrel, so that the next sheet bent up will be lapped on the end of it.

TAILORS' SCALE .- W.G. Cummins, Civil District No. 10, Tenn. - This invention relates to improvements in scales for measuring and laying out the sev eral parts of men's clothes for cutting, whereby it is designed to provide a simple arrangement of the same, adapted to all the parts of the different garments under a system that may be easily learned and used by persons

TABLES, -Asa Forrest, Moingona, Iowa.-This invention relates to im provements in apparatus for supporting the fall leaves; of tables, and consists in the application of jointed braces! pivoted at one end to the lower edge of the rail, or other part of the table, and at the other to the under side of the fall, near the outer or lower edge, and so arranged that when the fall is raised to the horizontal position, the joint of the brace may be turned above the right line between the end pivots, and retain the position, by reason of the tendency of the weight of the fall to prevent the braces assuming the right line, which they must do before folding down. The tendency of the weight to force the joint upward, and of the two parts to fold down the other way, is counteracted by the arrangement of the arms, so that the joint will strike the under side of the table.

TIN GUTTER MACHINE.-J. N. Adams, Chillicothe, Mo.-This invention relates to improvements in machines for making tin gutters, and consists of a sheet metal cylinder, of the same radius as the gutter to be formed, provided with guides by which the previously bent up sheets of tin are confined to it while being shoved along from end to end for soldering, and also provided with a socket for supporting it while in use on a "candle mold stake," a tool in common use in tinners' shops.

STRAW CUTTER.-Julius Ambrun, Leavenworth, Kansas,-This invention has for its object to simplify the connection between the two reciprocating frames which hold the cutters, and to provide an effective automatic feed apparatus, which will not operate while the straw is being cut, but only when the cutters are moved apart.

PLANING CHUCK.-Augustus Newell and William Pim, Chicago, Ill.-This invention relates to a new "chuck," or "vise," to be used on a lathe, or planer, its chief object being to hold the work perfectly true. The invention consists in the arrangement and combination of the leading screw and swivel bed, with a T-bolt, a movable jaw, all parts operating so that the ar ticle to be planed cannot be upset, but will be held perfectly true.

MACHINE FOR PRINTING SPOOLS .- G. Hall, Jr., South Wilmington, Conn. and G. W. Averell, New York city.—This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in a machine for printing or labeling spools for holding thread, or other material of like nature, and consists in the use of a series of dies, and in connection therewith the several mechanisms for producing the movements necessary to accomplish the object in view; the main object being to print both ends of the spool directly upon the wood while the spool is passing through the machine.

ROPE CLAMP FOR SETTING RIGGING .- Slaight and! Androvatt, Prince's Bay, N. Y .- This invention has for its object to provide an instrument for clamping and holding ropes for hoisting different kinds of articles, or for stretching or applying such ropes to the sides of ships, or other places, without requiring knots to be tied or eyes formed in such ropes.

HEMP BRAKE.-George Rymel, Paris, Ky .- The object of this invention is to provide a simple, durable, and effective machine for braking and cleaning hemp.

STREET MOISTENING COMPOUND .- Moritz Marcus, New York city .- This invention has for its object the production of a substance by which the paved streets in citles and towns can be kept clean, and whereby the air in such streets will be purified, and greater health insured.

SAWSET .- Erastus Y. Clark, New York city.-This invention relates to new and useful improvements in sawsets, whereby they are made more perfect, and consequently more useful than they have hitherto been.

GANG PLOW .- J. W. Sursa, San Leandro, Cal. - This invention relates to new and usefulimprovements in gang plows, whereby they are made more effective and convenient than such plows have hitherto been,

SHAFT AND POLE COUPLING FOR CARRIAGES, ETC.—Charles G. Dudley and Jacob Gulden. Kev Port. N. J .- This invention relates to a new device for facilitating the ready removal and application of wagon and carriage poles, with an object of leaving the clip undisturbed,

ADJUSTABLE AWNING FRAME.-Louis Yenne, New York city .- This invention relates to a new awning frame, so constructed that it can readily be expanded or folded together, with a view of preserving the awning and all the material connected therewith.

BORING APPARATUS .- Thomas St. John, Dunbar, Pa.-This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in an apparatus for boring soap stone or ores, or similar material in the process of mining, whereby the operation of getting out the softer kinds of stone and ores is greatly facilitated.

PLOW GRINDER AND POLISHER .- Michael Devault, Charleston, Ill .- This invention has for its object to furnish a simple and convenient machine for grinding and polishing plows, which shall be so constructed and arranged as to support and hold the plow securely, and in such a way that it may be moved about and adjusted to the stone or wheel quickly and accurately.

RUDDER.-Capt. W. C. Law, New York city, now residing at Ningpoi China.—This invention has for its object to improve the construction and manner of hanging rudders for ships, boats, and other vessels, so as to make them more easily shipped, less liable to be accidentally unshipped, and so that they will serve as a center board for sail boats.

Office Register, or Daily, Hourly, and Monthly Directory. - Henry Rentchler, Belleville, Ill.—This invention has for its object to furnish an improved device, simple in construction and convenient in use, for enablng business men and others to keep their memoranda of matters and things to be attended to, in such a shape that they can see at a glance what they have to attend to, what engagements to keep, etc., for each day of the month, and for any hour of the day.

VENTILATORS FOR WINDOWS, ETC.-William C. Betts, Brooklyn, N. Y .-This invention has for its object to furnish a simple, convenient, and detachable ventilator for attachment to openings in the windows, doors, or walls of a room, to remove the impure air, and introduce fresh air in such a way that no injurious currents will be established, and which may be ad justed to adapt it to different conditions of the atmosphere.

STENGTHENING JOINTS OF RAILS OF RAILWAYS. - C. E. Spooner Bron-y-Garth, Port Madoc, and George A. Huddart, Brynkir, Wales, Great Britain—This invention relates to improvements in the mode of strengthening the joints of the rails of railways. The abutting ends of the rails, whether they be double-headed or formed with a flat base, it is proposed to clip between two plates suitably shaped to embrace the web and the foot or lower head of the rail, and of such depth that when applied they will extend vertically a sufficient distance below the rail to form a girder or stiff rib, and admit of being secured by spring clamps.

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