a larger number of European Patents than any other American Agency. They have Agents of great experience in London, Paris, Berlin, and other Capitals.

A Pamphlet, containing a synopsis of the Foreign Patent Laws, sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

#### MANUFACTURING, MINING, AND RAILROAD ITEMS.

The castor bean is becoming an important industry in Perry county, California. One prominent dealer received at his warehouse 1,000 bushels in one day, paying \$3.18 per bushel. It yields more bushels to the acre than

Tanned cotton, or "cotton leather" is prepared by treating cotton fabrics in a manner similar to that in which skins and hides are treated for the manufacture of leather. Cotton is thereby made stronger and better able o resist the effects of moisture.

There is only one steam fire engine in France. This is one of the American pattern, and is owned by the city of Havre. The other French towns, including the capital itself, depend for the extinguishment of fires upon hand-engines, about the size of a garden hose, and worked by soldiers, called pompiers.

M. Morin states in Cosmos of October 2, that he has in his possession wooden water wheels which have been in use more than 1,500 years for the evacuation of water from a copper mine. These wheels are more than 18 eet in diameter. The wood was found on analysis to be perfectly sound. and to be partly converted into a compound of cellulose and copper.

The following statistics of coffee production are given by Professor J Darby. Of the 713,000,000 lbs. produced by the world, per annum, Brazil furnishes 400.000,000, or more than half of the whole. Java 140,000,000, Ceylon 40,000,000, St. Domingo 40,000,000, Cuba and Porto Rico 25,000,000, Vene zuela 25,000,000, Sumatra 25,000,000, all others, including the Mocha, 18,000 000

A ship called the Ariadne, of 1,400 tuns register, and 200-horse power, is to sailfrom London on the 16th of November for Buenos Ayres, for the purpose of bringing live cattle from South America to England. The vessel was built expressly for the end contemplated. Her return is expected about February next, and if the voyage will prove a success, other ships are to be built on the same principle, and a regular trade in live cattle will be established.

Attention is called by the Argentine Government to the National Exhibition to be held at Cordova about the 17th of April, 1870. Foreign machines and products of art, industry, and science are to be admitted on an equal footing with those of native origin. Details regarding the conditions of exhibition, the provisions for transportation, etc., may be had, on application, from the Minister Plenipotentiary or any of the consuls of the Argentine Republic in this country.

Mr. Lange, the London representative of the Suez Canal Company has made some experiments on the canal with a corvette carrying ten Armstrong guns and driven by engines of 300-horse power. He has ascertained the following important points: First, the speed necessary to be maintained on a vessel of the dimensions of the ship experimented with, in hour. Second, the embankments suffered no injury while the vessel was going at a rate of 5.4 or 6.4 knots an hour. Third, it was found that the loss of speed incurred by the vessel navigating the canal when compared with the rate on the open sea in smooth water, amounted to one fourth, the same power being employed in both cases.

While some of the workmen employed in a pit situated at the east end of Clark street, Airdrie, Scotland, were working in a seam of gas coal, called the Tongue seam, they turned out a frog which had been embedded in the coal. They had just fired a shot, and out of the debris issued a pretty golden-coloredfrog, dead, to be sure; but the body was warm and fresh, as though life had been newly extinct. The seam was 60 fms. deep, and had been previously worked as an ironstone pit at a less depth. There was, however, 50 fms. of rock penetrated before either of these seams were geached. The frog was about 6 in long by 4 in broad. The miners cut up the body, and discovered gas coal in a paste state in the stomach. Sup posing the frog firmly embedded in the coal, how would the poor batfachian's jaws find room to perform the duties of mastication, even suppos ing it had got successfully located inside an uctuous seam of gas coal? or are we to suppose that it imbibed the coal paste through the pores of the

### Hecent American and Foreign Latents.

Under this heading we shall publish weekly notes of some of the more prom inent home and foreign patents.

CULTIVATOR .- J. H. Lockie, Humphrey, N. Y .- This invention has for its object to furnish an improved cultivator which shall be so constructed and arranged that it may be readily adjusted to cultivate rows of plants at different distances apart, and which shall at the same time be strong durable, and not liable to get out of order, or be broken by striking a stone or other obstruction.

PRINTERS' GALLEY .- William Quail, New York city.- This invention has for its object to improve the construction of printers' galleysso as to make them mere convenient.

PORTABLE FENCE.—Jacob Closs, Decatur, Ind.—This invention relates to new and useful improvements in fences forfarm and other purposes, and consists in supporting the fence clearof the ground by means of braces and double iron clevises.

PROPELLING WEELS .- Thomas Bell Ballport N. Y .- This invention re lates to a new and useful improvement in wheels for propelling vessels in the water, whereby they are rendered more effective than when made in the ordinary manner.

PROCESS FOR TREATMENT OF CANCER.—Lawrence Roy, Plattsburg, Mo. -This invention and discovery relate to an improvement in the treatment of cancer diseases

SPIRIT LEVEL .- A. P. Odholm, Bridgeport, Conn-This invention relates to a new and improved plumb and level of that class in which the alcohol is confined within a circular chamber.

MACHINE FOR BLEACHING CANE JUICE .- Eva This invention comprises an improved arrangement of automatic feeding and air supplying apparatus for the furnace: also, an improved arrangement of cooling devices through which the gas is passed and cooled in the presence of water; also, an arrangement of means for agitating the juice, exhausting the air, and providing the gas thereto, in a manner to produce the most intimate contact of the gas with the particles of juice for bleach

CLOTHES BARS .- L. J. Adams, Hoosick Falls, N. Y .- This invention relates to improvements in the construction of that class of clothes bars made in frames or panels and hinged together so as to swing open on the hinge joints horizontally when standing on one end. The invention consists in a peculiar way of hanging the said frames or panels to a common crank-connecting rod is jointed, and all arranged in such a way that the center, so that when extended they will radiate from a common center. nstead of assuming a zigzag or serpentine line.

CAR COUPLING SHACKLE.-J. Marston, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.-This mvention relates to improvements in shackles for connecting cars together in trains, and consists of an improved arrangement of double jointed bars specially adapted for connecting cars of lifferent hights.

GATE LATCH .- F. M. Ranons, Little Shasta Valley, Cal. - This invention consists in a sliding latch having a hooked end and a spiral spring arranged to constantly draw the latch into the case which is fixed on the gate; also, of a double beveled catch which draws the latch lengthwise and at the same time raises it when the gate shuts, and behind which the hooked end of the latch is drawn back into a notch by the spring, the said notch holding the gate closed and preventing the latch from being lifted up by ani-

a convenientarrangement of table, wash stand, bureau, and drawer attachments calculated to combine in a sofa or lounge the necessary outfit of the rollers of wool and cotton roving machinery. such articles for a room, in a portable form, and so arranged as not to give an objectionable appearance to the articles.

in the application to a scraping plow, and endless screening device arranged in connection therewith on a frame borne upon two wheels, of certain vine cutting devices, to prevent, as much as possible, the gathering of the vines on the screen and clogging the same; also, an earth discharging apparatus and screen shaking and brushing apparatus.

STALK CUTTER .- R. A. Boulware, Doniphan, Kansas. - The present invention relates to a new and useful device for cutting up the stalks of corn, etc., in the field, preparatory to plowing the same, the machine for this purpose having a crushing or braking roller in front, which is immediately followed by a series of knives set in a revolving frame behind, which chops up the corn stalks and leaves them lying on the surface.

GUN LOCK .- J. M. Hill and R. D. Hay, Crooked Creek, N. C.-This invention consists in the application to the barrel around the nipple of a raised projection over which the hinged cap will close snugly when closed over the nipple, so as to wholly inclose the said nipple for better protection.

ENEMA NAVAL AND UTERINE SYRINGE .- J. J. Essex. Newport, R. I.-The object of this invention is to obviate the difficulty attending the use of the the ordinary syringes, which are worked by means of an elastic bulb, not being devised in such a manner that they can be placed in proper position so as to admit of a person applying or using it with facility and comfort. To obviate this difficulty the elastic bulb is connected with the valve box by means of an elastic tube, which permits the application and operation of the syringe to inflamed or diseased parts without pain or difficulty to the person using it.

MACHINE FOR CUTTING CORKS.—Olney Arnold, Pawtucket, R. I.—The object of this invention is to provide for publicuse, a machine which will grasp the Bark, hold it firmly, and apply the cutting knives to it in such a manner as to cut out the corks rapidly, with great perfection, and with the utmost economy of material, each movement of the operator's lever producing a large number of finely cut corks.

FRUIT-PRESERVING APPARATUS.—C. C. Williams, Brooklyn, N. Y.—This in  $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$  ention has for its object to furnish an improved apparatus for preserving fruits, meats, vegetables, etc., by heating the said substances to the proper degree by the introduction of steam into the lower or bottom parts of the cans in which said substances are to be sealed up.

BOB SLEIGH COUPLING.-William E. Van Schaick, Delavan, Wis.-This in vention has for its object to furnish an improved coupling for connecting the front and rear bobs of a bob sleigh to each other, which shall be of the rear bob to be fully controlled or guided by the movement of the

CAR COUPLING .- Matthew Quinn, Wataga, Ill-This invention has for its object furnish an improved self-coupling car coupling, designed more esorder to enable a straight course to be steered, is from 3.2 to 3.7 knots an | pecially for freight cars, but equally applicable to other cars, and which shall be so constructed and arranged as to conveniently couple cars differing in hight.

> WEATHER STRIP FOR WINDOW SASHES .- Andrew Jackson Devoe, Hackensack, N.J.—This invention relates to a new weather strip for window sashes, by means of which air and water are effectually prevented from being blown through the crevices, between the sashes, and under the lower

> PITCHING BARRELS.-J. P. Benoit, Detroit, Mich.-This invention relates to a new and useful machine for pitching barrels for holding beer and other liquids, and consists of a furnace mounted on wheels with a suitable air chamber and pipes attached, connected with a blower, by means of which a current of heated air is forced into the barrel of sufficiently high temperature to open the pores of the wood, and render the pitch so liquid that it readily flows into the pores and is incorporated with the wood, while it is, by properly agitating the barrel, made to cover the entire inner surface and render the barrel perfectly tight.

> HEAT RADIATOR .- A. Albee, Worcester, Mass .- This invention relates to radiators for retaining and utilizing the heat of a stove, and in combining therewith an adjustable shelf.

> GRATE BAR .- Monroe Morse and Charles H. Morse, Franklin, Mass .- This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in grate bars for fur-naces, and consists in a false bar, or rider, made in one or more sections, which false bar, or rider, is most exposed to the heat, and which may readily be removed or renewed.

WASH BOILER .- Daniel Lucas and James Lucas, Green Bay, Wis .- This invention relates to a new and useful improvement in boilers for washing

EXPLOSIVE COMPOUND.—William Mills, New York city.—This invention relates to a new and important improvement in the composition of compounds of an explosive character, designed as a substitute for gunpowder and for other explosive compounds.

SHOE LAST .- Wm. C. Shipherd, Willoughby, Ohio.- This invention consists of a graduated adjustable, circular, notched, catch plate attached to the last, and a spring catch on the instep block of peculiar construction, arranged for operation in conjunction with the said catch plate.

COTTON SEED HULLER.-Frank A. Wells, Memphis, Tenn.-The object of this invention is to provide a cotton seed huller more efficient in operation, less liable to clog or be damaged by foul or hard substances, and better adapted for adjustment of the cutters of the concave shell than the machines now in use. It is also intended to provide a more economical arrangement of the cutters in respect of grinding them.

WATER WHEEL.-B. W. Tuttle, Galena, Ill.-This invention relates to improvements in the "Barker mill." and other similar wheels, designed to improve the efficiency of the same, and consists in the application thereto of an improved method of supplying the water; also, an improved arrange ment of hollow shaft for transmitting the motion and for employment as an air chamber buoying the wheel; also, in the arrangement of an air chamber at the bottom of the wheelfor buoying it, operating as a float to support a portion of the weight of the wheel upon the tail water; also, an arrangement of adjustable buckets and mechanism supported upon the shaft. whereby the buckets may be adjusted while the wheel is in motion, and also several other arrangements of details.

HOP SODA.-Arnold F. Dückwitz, New York city.-Hops have long been esseemed for their valuable medicinal qualities, and Mr. Dückwitz gives them to the public in the shape of a healthful and palatable beverage, which promises to be quite an acquisition to the general stock of curatives. Hop soda is a combination of extract of hops and soda water.

TREADLE MOTION .- E. A. Goodes, Philadelphia, Pa. - This invention consists of a disk or other equivalent device connected to the lower end of a vibrating pendulum so as to vibrate thereon, and to which, at the top, the lower face of the disk being prevented from swinging, an oscillating motion imparted to the axis will swing the top back and forth, so as to impart rotary motion to the crank.

Pump.—Thomas Metzler, Wooster, Ohio.—This invention consists in an arrangement of means for operating a collapsing bulb pump when suspended in or near the water of a well or cistern to protect it from frost.

GOPHER TRAP.—D. N. Smith, San Bernardino, Cal.—This invention relates to a new gopher trap, which is of very simple construction, and which will be sure to catch the animals if they pass through it.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- Edmund Brown, Burlington, Vt.-This invention relates to a new device for lining the edges of lace shoes and boots, and has R. S. M., of Mass.—A cheap attractive device in the way of for its object to facilitate the fastening of the two flaps or folds, so that the tedious lacing or buttoning heretofore required can be dispensed with.

Sofa Attachments.—H. C. Grube, Plaquemine, La.—This invention re! Attachment to Roving Machinery for Discharging Electricity. lates to improvements in sofas and lounges, having for its object to provide Aaron Goodspeed, Granville, N. Y.—The object of this invention is to discharge the electricity which is produced by the reciprocating motion of

BALLOT. -Austin B. Culver, Westfield, N. Y .- The object of this invention is to protect and secure the purity of the elective franchise by preventing POTATO DIGGER.-J. J. Singley, Lafayette, Ind.-This invention consists fraudulent voting, and the invention consists in providing a band around each ballot in such manner that each ballot is kept separate to prevent one voter from intentionally or accidentally putting in two or more votes, or rather to detect such double voting in case it should be performed. The device is cheap and simple, and can be put on or taken off from the ticket in a moment. It would take less time to put it or to a ticket than it would the inspectorto find the name on the register, which must be done before depositing the same. It also makes the ballot more compact, consequently they can be deposited, and the opening in the ballot box kept clear, with less trouble.

> LIGHTNING RODS.-W. S. Reyburn and F. J. Martin, Philadelphia, Pa.-This invention consists in combining a sheet-copper covering, constructed in a peculiar manner, with a sheet-zinc center, similarly contrived, whence certain advantages result.

> MACHINE FOR DRIVING RAKE TEETH .- N. M. and A. T. Barnes, Tiffin, Ohio.—The object of this invention is to construct a simple and convenient machine for driving wooden teeth into the heads of horse hay rakes, that willperform the work more quickly, cheaply, and accurately, and with less danger of breaking or battering the teeth than can be done by hand.

> SCREW DRIVER.-J. C. Pinner, Newbern, Tenn. -The object of this invention is to provide for public use a simple and convenient tool with which a screw can be more readily and easily inserted or removed than with the other screw drivers heretofore brought into use.

> ADJUSTABLE CIRCULAR SAW-MITERING MACHINE.-J. P. Grosvenor, Lowell, Mass. - The object of this invention is to obtain, in mitering machines having a circular saw, a more simple, cheap, and perfectly-operating device for adjusting the saw while keeping the belt taut at all times, and the table level and of uniform hight. The machine is an improvement upon those patented by the same party May 5th, 1968, and September 15th, 1868, respectively, the difference between the present and the former inventions consisting in the peculiar device for enabling the saw mandrel, although hung in an inclined frame, to be oscillated in a vertical plane. The same construction also enables the operator to raise or depress either end of the mandrel, and by changing the saw to one end or the other its inclination can be adjusted at pleasure in either direction.

BREECH-LOADING FIRE-CRACKER HOLDER.-A. E. Peck, Brooklyn, N. Y. This invention has for its object to furnish an improved holder for holding fire crackers, which being discharged in such a way that the fire cracker maybe discharged or exploded with perfect safety, while projecting simple in construction and effective in operation enabling the movement the shell of the fire cracker from the muzzle of the holder, and which shall. at the same time, be breech loading.

PARLOR AND SIDEWALK SKATE.-N. W. Hubbard, New York city.-This invention has for its object to furnish an improved parlor and sidewalk skate, which shall be so constructed and arranged as to run with little friction and to pass over obstructions, adapting it for use in the parlor, upon the sidewalk, or upon a street paved with the Nicolson pavement.

MATCH SAFE.—August Steinbök, New York city.—This invention relates to a new match safe, arranged to contain a self-igniting wick-that is, one which willignite as soon as brought in contact with the atmosphere.

RAILROAD TRACK .- Baron Ludwig Lo Presti, Vienna, Austria. - The object of this invention is to construct a cheap railway, which can be easily con structed, and which is capable of extended application and of ready tran? fer and displacement. In accordance with this new system railways can be rapidly constructed at a comparative small cost and without any reference to the natural formation of the ground.

SAW SET .- H. Sloat, Watertown, N. Y .- This invention relates to a new implement for setting all kinds of saws; it can be applied without removing the saw from the mandrel, and will set the teeth very accurately and

COAL STOVE .- George W. Herrick, Stuyvesant, N. Y.-The object of this invention is to construct a heater for burning Western bituminous coal and other tar coal depositing much lamp black, and the invention consists chiefly in providing for ample draft so that all the products of combustion and the solid matter carried off with the same will be burned.

VELOCIPEDE. -Edward A. Lewis, St. Charles, Mo. - This invention has for its object to so construct the cranks of velocipedes that they are made longer where the greatest power is required without increasing the diameter of the circle to be described by the foot. The invention consists in the use of sliding cranks, which project from both sides of the shaft, one end of each crank being guided by a fixed eccentric groove or track in such manner that the crank pin is moved away from the shaft as long as the power is applied to the same by the foot; when the power is not required on the return stroke, the crank pin is drawn close to the shaft, and thus, without describing a large circle, the crank lever is made longer than usual, when required for actual use.

BUCKLE.-D. S. Butler, Otterville, Mo.-This invention relates to a new self-fastening buckle, which can readily connect two straps without sew ing or other tedious process.

# Answers to Correspondents.

CORRESPONDENTS who expect to receive answers to their letters must, in all cases, sign their names. We have a right to know those who seek in formation from us; besides, as sometimes happens, we may prefer to address correspondents by mail.

SPECIAL NOTE.—This column is designed for the general interest and instruction of our readers, not for gratuitous replies to questions of a purety business or personal nature. We will publish such inquiries, however, when paid for as advertisemets at \$1.40 a line, under the head of "Business and Personal."

**All reference to back numbers should be by volume and page.** 

F. B.—The best water fence we have ever seen to be used in small streams was made as follows: A gate sliding in upright ways at the ends, like an old-style turnpike gate, has attached to the bottom board (a scantling is better as not so likely to be broken in high water) crutches which rest upon common empty barrels or casks. The uprights at the ends of the gate are provided with friction rollers, so that the gate slides up and down eastly in the ways. Two or three casks will generally support the weight of the gate, so that it descends nearly to but does not enter the surface of the water. A gate thus constructed will rise and fall with the water, and if everything is properly made, is not liable to be washed away in high water. A good water gate for fencing purposes is

C. S., of Va.—A simple test will enable you to distinguish between the pulverized carbonate of soda and the chlorate of potash, the crystals of which are so broken as to render them difficult for you to distinguish. Taste would be enough to a person famillar with these salts but premising that you are not sufficiently posted, you can detect the difference by adding to a little of each in the solid state a little sulphuric acid. With carbonate of soda there will at once ensue a great disengage ment of colorless gas (carbonic acid) with much frothing. With chlorate of potash the action will be slow while the materials are cold, but when a gentle heat is applied the mixture becomes very vellow and a greenish irritating and suffocating gas (chlorine) is evolved.

C. B., of N. Y.-Time will remedy the disagreeable taste of the water in your newly cemented cistern. We know of nothing you can do but possess your soul in patience.

signs for shop windows is always salable, and there is no doubt that yours is natentable. You would do well to prosecute the case at once Its amusing character would be sure " to draw.

- T. L. B., of Vt.—Your method of preparing plumbago as a stove polish is old, except the form in which it is packed for use. You  $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{$ could probably secure a patent on that as its convenience is obvious.
- R. C. D. of Minn.—The inventor of logarithms was John Napier, a Scotchman; born 1550, died 1617. He was a man of great inventive talents, and displayed them in mechanics as well as in mathematics.
- R. S., of Ca.—The pressure per square inch in fresh water at a depth of ten thousand feet is 4,334 pounds nearly.
- E. B. R., of N. Y.-Sand molds for brass castings are faced with either meal dust, flour, powdered chalk, finely-sifted wood ashes, pulverized charcoal, rotten stone, and sometimes with the soot of corkshavings, or other carbonaceous material. Among these various substances you will undoubtedly find the one which you suppose is the secret of the founders you refer to.
- R. L. J., of Ohio.—There is no rule by which the proportions of any one part of a marine engine can be computed independently of the other parts. Details vary greatly in different engines, according to particular circumstances. Your question, therefore, as to the proper hight of gallowsframe above cylinder, is, in the absence of all other data, un-
- T. D., of La.—The project of the Nicaraguan canal dates back to 1551, at which time the historian Gomara indicated four routes for such a canal. These routes have ever since been considered as the most favorable ones. A survey of one of these routes was made under the orders of the Spanish Government in 1781.
- W. W., of N. Y.-The various kinds of self-raising flour in market are, we believe, all patented. If you wish, you can obtain the specifications of these patents from the Patent Office on payment of a
- C. L., of Ky.—An instrument for measuring distances passed over in traveling upon roads by carriages, velocipedes, etc., may be
- properly called an odometer or perambulator. Your device is probably patentable.

  2. W., of Ind.—While we are aware that practical men are often led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, their practice of the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, the led to use various solutions for tempering steel, the led to use Z. W., of Ind.—While we are aware that practical men are often let to use various solutions for tempering steel, then placed varies so much that many will be found to condemn what others praise in the highest terms. Scientific men have failed to detect any better results from solutions than from simple water. There is an amount of tradition, ary practice transmitted from father to son, and each workman generally favors that to which he has been bred. We do not believe in solutions, and therefore do not recommend any of the numerous salts which have been employed for this purpose.

### Business and Lersonal.

- The Charge for Insertion under this head is One Dollar a Line. If the Notice exceed Four Lines. One Dollar and a Half per line will be charged.
- Manufacturers, especially of light goods, as shirts, hats, shoes, etc., have an opportunity of obtaining a very desirable property, easily accessible to the city of New York, at a very low price. Inquire of Wm. L. Raymond, No. 39 Nassau st., Room No. 11.
- I want to buy the entire right of some article, for family use, that will sell at from 50c. to \$5. A. Roberts, Box 2931, Buffalo, N. Y.
- For Norris' Self-acting Spooling Gage (measures spool silk and cotton thread), address R. H. Norris, Paterson, N. J.
- Draftsman Wanted for a moderate-sized machine shop. Must be experienced in steam engineering & general mill work. Applyby letter stating qualifications and salary expected, to G. L. Howard, Elizabeth, N. J.
- For Sale-4 15-in. swing screw-cutting engine lathes; also, drill lathes. Star Tool Co., Providence, R. I.
- For Sale—Murphy's patent governor for steam and other engines. It is one of the best ever invented-is efficient, durable, and economical. The Right for sale, or would arrange with parties to manufacture M. Murphy, Charlotte, N. C.
- For Sale—A patent for a composition for covering steam boilers, pipes, etc. E. D. & W. A. French, 3d and Vine sts., Camden, N. J.
- For tinmans' tools, presses, etc., apply to Mays & Bliss, Brooklyn, N.Y.
- Mill-stone dressing diamond machine, simple, effective, durable. Also, Glazier's diamonds. John Dickinson, 64 Nassau st., New York.
- Send for Agents' Circular—Hinkley Knitting Machine Co., 176 Broadway. For the best double-acting Turbine Wheel in the world, described
- in the Scientific American. Jan. 18, 1368, address Harvey Brown, Urbana, O.
- For Sale—60-H. P. Engine and two large Tubular Boilers, first rate order. Will be sold cheap. N. D. Preston, Fulton, Oswego Co., N. Y.
- Peck's patent drop press. Milo Peck & Co., New Haven, Ct.
- The Best and Cheapest Boiler-five Cleaner is Morse's. Send to A. H. & M. Morse, Franklin, Mass., for circular. Agents wanted.
- Send for a circular on the uses of Soluble Glass, or Silicates of Soda and Potash. Manufactured by L. & J. W. Feuchtwanger, Chemists and Drug Importers. 55 Cedar st., New York.
- Engineers and all others desiring a reliable timekeeper should
- The Novelty Job Printing Presses, for printers, merchants, and
- 96,121.—Sign for Street Lamps.—J. W. Larimore (assignor to himself and Alonzo Marks), Chicago, III. Antedated October 12, 1869.

  96,206.—ROTARY PUDDING FURNACE.—Samuel Danks, Cincinnationio.
  96,207.—Lathe Chuck.—H. M. Darling, Bridgeport, Conn. 96,208.—Velocipede.—C. E. Dayton, Meriden, Conn. 96,208.—Velocipede.—C. E. Dayton, Meriden, Conn. 96,209.—Extension Table.—Jacob Dourson (assignor to himself, David W. Prosser, and Joshua Cheney), Fluvanna, N. Y. 96,124.—Velocipede.—E. A. Lewis, St. Charles, Mo. 96,124.—Velocipede.—E. A. Lewis, St. C Manganese Ores suitable for glass, steel, oil boilers, at low
- Shafting, Hangers, and Pulleys, Craig's Oscillating Steam Engines, on hand and to order. Gallatin & Brevoort Machine Works, 223 Front st., New York.
- Every wheelright and blacksmith should have one of Dinsmore's tireshrinkers. Price \$40. R. H. Allen & Co., P.O.Box 376, NewYork.
- Glynn's Anti-Incrustator for Steam Boiler-The only reliable preventative. No foaming, and does not attack metals of boiler. Liberal terms to Agents. C. D. Fredricks, 587 Broadway, New York.
- Chemicals, Drugs, Minerals, Metals, Acids, etc., for all Mechanics and Manufacturers, for sale by L. & J. W. Feuchtwanger, Chemists, and Importers of Drugs and Minerals. 55 Cedar st., New York.
- Cold Rolled—Shafting, piston rods, pump rods, Collins pat.double
- compression couplings, manufactured by Jones & Laughlins, Pittsburgh, Pa. For solid wrought-iron beams, etc., see advertisement. Address Union Iron Mills, Pittsburgh, Pa., for lithograph, etc.
- Machinists, boiler makers, tinners, and workers of sheet metals read advertisement of the Parker Power Presses.
- Diamond carbon, formed into wedge or other shapes for point-Diamond carbon, formed into wedge or other shapes for pointing and edging tools or cutters for drilling and working stone, etc. Send amp for circular. John Dickinson, 64 Nassaust., New York.

  50,141.—SACCHARINE EVAPORATOR.—R. Orford, Dowagiac, Mich. Antedated Oct. 12, 1869. amp for circular. John Dickinson, 64 Nassau st., New York.

## Official List of Latents.

#### Issued by the United States Patent Office.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCT. 26, 1869. Reported Officially for the Scientific American.

- SCHEDULE OF PATENT OFFICE FEES: SCHEDULE OF PATENT OFFILE FLES:

  On aling each application for a Patent (seventeen years).

  In alling each original Patent.

  On application for Reissue.

  320
  On application for Reissue.

  \$30
  On application for Extension of Patent.

  550
  On granting the Extension.

  550
  On iling a Disclaimer
  On an application for Design (three and a half years).

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  On an application for Design (seven years).

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  On an application for Design (fourteen years).

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- areasonane cust, one proceedings of the number of views.
  Pullinformation, as to vrice of drawings, in each case, may be had by addressing
  MUNN & CO.
  Patent Solicitors, No. 37 Park Row, New York.
- 96,071.—HEAT RADIATOR.—A. Albee, Worcester, Mass.
- 96,072.—STILT.—M. C. Ames (assignor to himself and W. E. Simonds), Hartford, Conn.
  96,073.—MACHINE FOR CARBURETING ATMOSPHERIC AIR.—Arthur Barbarin, New Orleans, La.
  96,074.—APPARATUS FOR CARBURETING AIR.—Arthur Barbarin, New Orleans, La., and A. E. Dupas, Paris, France.
  96,075.—PROPELLER.—Thos. Bell, Bellport, N. Y.
  96,076.—PITCHING BARREL.—J. P. Benoit, Detroit, Mich.
  96,077.—COMBINED SAWSET, CLAMP, AND VISE.—B. Blackstone, Warren, III.

- 96,084.—PORTABLE FENCE.—Jacob Closs, Decatur, Ind. 96,085.—PALLET AND BRUSH FOR GRAINING.—Fred'k Cole, Kankakee. Ill
- Kankakee, III. 96,086.—TICKET CLIP.—Austin B. Culver, Westfield, N. Y. 96,087.—SURGE RELIEVER.—C. D. Cutting (assignor to himself and W. J. Keefe), Boston, Mass. 96,088.—SUGAR-CANE MILL.—Anthony Demarce, Fairfield,
- -AERATED MEDICAL BEVERAGE.-A. F. Duckwitz,
- New York city. 96,090.—Telegraph Apparatus.—Charles Durant, Jersey
- 96,091.—MACHINE FOR MAKING ROPE MOLDINGS.—Charlton Eden, Indianapolis, Ind.
  96,092.—METHOD OF HANGING BELLS.—Gilbert Eguillon, Paris, France. Antedated Oct. 16, 1869.
  96,093.—EGG DETECTER.—F. J. Eisenman, Chicago, Ill.
- 96,094.—BURGLAR ALARM.—Wm. H. Emmons, New York city, and Franklin Kissam, Newark, N. J. 96,095.—UTERINE SYRINGE.—J. J. Essex, Newport, R. I. 96,096.—FOLDING SCHOOL DESK.—Samuel F. Estell, Rich-
- 96,096.—FOLDING SCHOOL DESK.—Samuel F. Estell, Richmond, Ind.
  96,097.—PROCESS OF OBTAINING USEFUL OIL FROM THE ACID
  96,184.—MACHINE FOR CUTTING CORK.—Slney Arnold, Pawtucket, R. 1.
  96,097.—PROCESS OF OBTAINING USEFUL OIL FROM THE ACID
  96,185.—MACHINE FOR DRIVING RAKE TEETH.—N. M.Barnes RESIDIUM OF PETROLEUM
- 96,098.—RAILWAY CAR BRAKE.—Eugene De B. Freer, Lima Center, Mich.
  96,099.—PUMP.—A. D. Gates, Surrey, Wis.
  96,100.—FOLDING DESK AND SEAT.—H. E. Gillet, Oswego,
- -REFRIGERATOR AND WATER AND WINE COOLER.
- L.M. Goldsborough, Washington, D. C.

  96,102.—Apparatus for Removing Electricity from Wool in Roving Machines.—Aaron Goodspeed, Granville, N. Y.

  96,103.—SOFA ATTACHMENT.—H. C. Grube, Plaquemine, La.

  96,104.—COMBINED HORSESHOE AND BOOT.—H. G. Haedrich,
- 90,104.—COMBINED HORSESHOE AND BOOT.—H. G. Haedrich, Philadelphia, Pa.
  96,105.—Fluid Meter.—Wm. Hamilton, Toronto, Canada, assigner to himself and H. Kimbail, Randolph, Vt.
  96,106.—GATE.—Reuben Hatch, Jr., Traverse City, Mich., 96,107.—CLOTHES RACK.—James Hatfield, Sparta, Wis.
  196,108.—PAPER BOX.—G. M. Hendrickson, Albany, N. Y.
  196,109.—LIME KILN.—Geo. Hensler, Kankakee, Ill.
- 96,110.—BASE-BURNING STOVE.—George W. Herrick, Stuyvesant, N. Y.
  96,111.—STAIR ROD.—Selah Hiler, New York city.
  96,112.—NIPPLE GUARD FOR FIRE-ARMS.—R. D. Hay and J.
  M. Hill, Crooked Creek, N. C.
  96,113.—IMPLEMENT FOR LAYING WOOD PAVEMENT.—Philip Hinkle, San Francisco, Cal.
  96,114.—RALIROAD CAR VENTILATOR.—Robert Hitchcock,
- Springfeld, Mass 96,115.—Filtering Sections for Tube Wells.—Edmund
- Holden, Hartford, Mich. 96,116.—Bung.—V. A. Houdaille, Paris, France. 96,117.—Parlor Skate.—N. W. Hubbard, New York city.
- 96,117.—PARLOR SKATE.—N. W. Huddald, New York Colly, 96,118.—MUFF AND COLLIAR BOX.—J. P. Jones (assignor to Jason Crane), Bloomfield, N. J. 96,119.—Egg Carrier.—P. P. Josef (assignor to himself and Wallace Johnson), Buffalo, N. Y. 96,120.—Heel-cutting Machine.—Samuel Keen, East Bridge-

- 96,126.—CULTIVATOR.—J. H. LOCKIE, Humphrey, N. Y. Antedated Oct. 16, 1869.
  96,127.—RAILWAY TRACK.—B. L. Lo Presti, Vienna, Austria.
  Patented in England Oct. 22, 1868.
  96,128.—VELOCIPEDE.—Geo. Lowden, Brooklyn, N. Y.
  96,129.—WASH BOILER.—Daniel Lucas and Jas. Lucas, Green
- Bay, Wis. 96,130.—RAILWAY CAR COUPLING.—John Marston, Saratoga

- onlo.

  96,138.—Grate Bar for Steam and other Enginery.—
  Monroe Morse and C. H. Morse, Franklin, Mass.

  96,139.—Folding Chair.—J. Nicolai and J. Ph. Rinn,
- Boston, Mass. 96,140.—SPIRIT LEVEL.—A. P. Odholm, Bridgeport, Conn.

- 96,142.—CENTRIFUGAL MACHINE FOR EXTRACTING HONEY FROM THE COME.—H. O. Peabody, Boston, Mass. 96,143.—Fire-Cracker Holder.—A. E. Peck, Brooklyn,
- N. Y. 96,144.—FLOWER POT.—B. W. Putnam, Boston, Mass. 96,145.—PRINTERS' GALLEY.—William Quail, New York
- 96,146.—RAILWAY CAR COUPLING.—Matthew Quinn, Wataga,
- 96,147.—GATE LATCH.—F. M. Ranons, Little Shasta Valley, Cal.
  96,148.—COMPOUND FOR MAKING WATER-PROOF PAPER.—
- C. S. Rauh, Boston, Mass.
  96,149.—Shutter Worker.—E. W. Scott, Wauregan, Conn.
  Antedated Oct. 16, 1869.
- Antetated Oct. 16, 1869.

  96,150.—KEY FACE FOR CONCERTINA.—L. A. Seward, New Orleans, La.

  96,151.—APPARATUS FOR TEACHING MUSIC, ETC.—Louis A. Seward, New Orleans, La.

  96,152.—SHOE LAST.—W. C. Shipherd, Willoughby, Ohio.

  96,153.—POTATO DIGGER.—J. J. Singley, Lafayette, Ind.

  96,154.—WASHING MACHINE.—R. H. Sipes, Bloody Run, Pa., 196,155.—MACHINE FOR ETRACHING CANTE LIVER.
- 96,155.—Machine for Bleaching Cane Juice.—E. Skelly
- 96,150.—MACHINE FOR DEBARTING CALL Plaquemine, La. 96,156.—SAW SET.—H. Sloat, Watertown, N. Y. 96,157.—CONDENSER FOR ALCOHOL STILLS.—Ed. Smeeth
- Chicago, Ill. 96,158.—FAUCET.—A. D. Smith, Grafton, Ohio. 96,159.—Gopher Trap.—D. N. Smith, San Bernardino,
- 96,160.—Sewing Machine.—E. H. Smith, Bergen, N. J.
- Antestated Oct. 13, 1869.

  96,161.—APPARATUS FOR UNLOADING HAY.—Corge Smith,
  Providence, R. 1. assignor to himself and J. C. De Lang, Detroit
  Mich.
- Mich.
  96,162.—HAND STAMP.—R. H. Smith, Springfield, Mass.
  96,163.—MATCH SAFE.—August Steinbok, New York city.
  96,164.—HALTER CLASP.—E. H. Stewart, Philadelphia, Pa.
  96,165.—BLACKING BRUSH.—Augusta N. Thompson, Holyoke,
- Mass.
  96,166.—THIMBLE.—T. R. Timby, Saratoga, N. Y.
  96,167.—CORN CULTIVATOR.—D. W. Travis, Enfield, N. Y.
  Antedated Oct. 12, 1869.
  96,168.—WATTER WHEEL.—B. W. Tuttle, Galena, Ill.
  96,169.—SLEIGH COUPLING.—Wm. E. Van Schaick, Delevan,
- 96,170.—HARVESTER.—J. P. Van Sickle, Geneva, N. Y.
- 96,170.—HARVESTER.—J. P. Van Sickle, Geneva, N. Y. 96,171.—BLIND HINGE.—Adolph Velguth, Milwaukee, Wis. 96,172.—CAR STAUTER.—M. N. Ward, Banger, Me. 96,173.—HORSE HAY FORK.—C. E. Warner, Syracuse, N. Y. Antedated Oct. 16, 1869.
  96,174.—CHIN REST FOR VIOLIN.—A. W. White, Boston, and J. J. Watson, Gloucester, Mass.
  96,175.—COMBINED LATCH AND LOCK.—T. Weaver (assignor to J. W. Mofftt), Harrisburgh, Pa. 96,176.—WEATHER STRIP.—J. R. Webber, Chicago, Ill. 96,176.—COTTON SEED HULLING MACHINE.—F. A. Wells Memphis, Tenn.

- 96,177.—COTTON SEED HULLING MACHINE.—F. A. Wells Memphis, Tenn.
  96,178.—MEANS OF ATTACHING TOPS TO JUGS, CRUETS, ETC
  —Homer Wright (assignor to himself, H. H. Collins, and B. F. Collins)
  Pittsburgh, Fa. Antedated Oct. 9, 1869.
  96,179.—APPARATUS FOR PRESERVING FRUIT.—C. C. Williams, Brooklyn, N. Y.
  96,180.—ATTACHMENT FOR SEWING MACHINES.—Enoch S. Yentzer, Ottawa, Ill.
  96,181.—CLOTHES DRYER.—L. J. Adams (assignor to himself, wm. Hyland, and A. B. Miller), Hoosick Falls, N. Y.
  96,182.—WATER WHEEL.—J. S. Anderson, Oconomowoc, Wis.

- 96,183.—Clothes-Line Supporter.—John Andrews, New edford, Mass.

  4.—Machine for Cutting Cork.—Slney Arnold, Paw-
- and A. T. Barnes (assignors to themselves and Tight Agricultural Works), Tight, Ohio.

  96,186.—Centrifugal Sugar-Draining Machine.—H. W. Bartol, Philadelphia, Pa.

  96,187.—METHOD OF TRANSPORTING LETTERS AND PARCELS.

  --A. E. Beach, Stratford, Cont.

  96,188.—Show Counter.—Aaron Beardsley, Mount Zion,
- 96,189.—Vise.—J. D. Beck. Liberty, Pa
- 96,190.—Steam Generator.—C. G. Beitel, Easton Pa. 96,191.—HARROW.—R. N. Bennett, Union Mills, Ind. 96,192.—HORSE POWER.—W. N. Berkeley, Cedar Rapids,
- Iowa.
  96,193.—RAILWAY CATTLE GATE.—Joel Bowman and J. B.
  Overmyer, Reading, Ohio.
  96,194.—LIGHTNING ROD POINT.—J. F. Boynton, Syracuse,

- 36,194.—LIGHTNING ROD POINT.—J. F. Boynton, Syracuse, N. Y.
  96,195.—BOOT AND SHOE.—Edmund Brown (assignor to himself and Artemus Prouty), Burlington, Vt.
  96,196.—CABINET BEDSTEAD.—S. S. Burr, Dedham, Mass.
  96,197.—MODE OF CLEANING GAS RETORTS.—C. A. Bush, New London, ssignor, for one quarter of his right, to H. P. Ostrum, New Haven, Conn.
  96,194.—INSULATOR FOR TELEGRAPH WIRES.—C. A. Bush, New London, assignor, for two thirds of his right, to H. P. Ostrum and T. C. Bush, New Haven, Conn.
  96,199.—GALVANIC BATTERY.—J. A. Callaud, Nantes, France. Patented in France May 19, 1858.
  96,200.—LAMP BURNER.—G. H. Chinnock (assignor to New Lamp Chinney Company), New York city.
  96,201.—DISTILLING AND TREATING ALCOHOLIC SPIRITS.—George Clark, Buffalo, N, Y.
  96,202.—MACHINE FOR CLEANING (OTTON.—I. T. Clement, Smyrna, Tenn.
- 96,202.—MACHINE FOR CLEANING COLLOS.—V. I. Schled., Smyrna, Ten.
  96,203.—WRENCH.—Loring Coes, Worcester, Mass.
  96,204.—Piano-Forte Action.—B. E. Colley, Boston, Mass.
  96,205.—Snow Plow.—M. A. Cravath and I. M. Cravath, Bloomington, Ill. Antedated Oct. 16,1869.
  96,206.—ROTARY PUDDLING FURNACE.—Samuel Danks, Cincinnati. Ohio.

- Pa. 96,213.—WAGON SEAT.—W. R. English and Jason McClure English Centre, Pa.
- English Centre, Pa. 96,214.—Tweer.—Samuel Epley, McGrawsville, Ind. 93,215.—MEDICAL COMPOUND FOR THE CURE OF FEVER AND AGUE.—J. M. Ferguson, Summit, Miss. 96,216.—SPRING PERCH FOR CARRIAGES.—E. R. Ferry (as-
- signor to himself and P. Ferry, New Haven. Conn.
  96,217.—MODE OF PLATING, COATING, AND ORNAMENTING
  ARTICLES OF IRON AND STEEL.—Kasson Frazer, Syracuse, N. Y.
  96,218.—LOCK-NUT.—P. L. Gibbs, Dunleith, Ill.
- 96,130.—RAILWALLES FROM COLSPITED PRE—Louis Martaresone, Pittsburgh, Pa.
  96,131.—MOLDING AND CASTING PIPE.—Louis Martaresone, Pittsburgh, Pa.
  96,132.—MODE OF PRODUCING USEFUL ARTICLES FROM COLLODON AND ITS COMPOUNDS.—J.A McClelland, Louisville, Ky.
  96,133.—TOOL FOR EXPANDING BOILER TUBES.—Robert McKenzie, New Orleans, La.
  96,134.—COMBINED KNIFE AND FORK.—James McMorries, Columbus, Miss.
  96,135.—COAL STOVE.—John McNeight, Wakefield, Mass.
  96,136.—PUMP.—Thomas Metzler, Wooster, Ohio.
  96,232.—MARCHINE FOR SPLITTING WHALEBONE.—Nathan Goddard (ass gnor to himselfand D. B. Saunders), Boston, Mass.
  97,220.—MACHINE FOR SPLITTING WHALEBONE.—Nathan Goddard (ass gnor to himselfand D. B. Saunders), Boston, Mass.
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  97,220.—MACHINE FOR SPLITTING WHALEBONE.—Nathan Goddard (ass gnor to himselfand D. B. Saunders), Boston, Mass.
  98,221.—TREADLE MOTION.—E. A. Goodes (assignor to F. M. T. S. Keyser), Philadelphia, Pa.
  96,222.—HAT TIP.—S. H. Greenbaum, New York city.
  96,223.—AIR BLAST ENGINE.—John Grim, St. Louis, Mo.
  96,224.—METHOD OF ADJUSTING CIRCULAR SAWS.—J. P. Grosvenor, Lowell, Mass.
  97,220.—MACHINE FOR SPLITTING WHALEBONE.—Nathan Goddard (ass gnor to himselfand D. B. Saunders), Boston, Mass.
  98,220.—MACHINE FOR SPLITTING WHALEBONE.—Nathan Goddard (ass gnor to hims

  - werce, Mo. 226.—Extension Scaffold.—P. L. Hains, Freeburg, Pa. 96,226.-96,227.—DRILLING MACHINE.—John Hale, Scranton, Pa. 96,228.—GAS FLAT IRON.—Albert Hallowell and A. T. Ather ton. Lowell, Mass. 96,229.—BAG FASTENER.—C. A. Haring, Peoria, Ill.