# THE RISE AND PROGRESS OF INVENTIONS.

### ADVICE TO INVENTORS.

During the period of Fourteen Years which has elapsed since the business of procuring patents for inventors was commenced by Munn & Co., in connection with the publication of this paper, the number of applications for patents in this country and abroad has yearly increased until the number of patents issued at the United States Patent Office last year (1859) amounted to 4,538; while the number granted in the year 1845—fourteen years ago numbered 502—only about one-third as many as were granted to our own clients last year: there being patented, through the Scientific American Patent Agency, 1,440 during the year 1859. The increasing activity among inventors has largely augmented the number of agencies for transacting such business; and at this time there is scarcely a town of 4,000 inhabitants, but has its patent segmt, patent lawyer, patent solicitor, or patent attorner, all of which terms are used to convey the same idea—viz., that their services are offered to the inventor or patentee for a pecuniary consideration

In this profession, the publishers of this paper have become iden-tified with the universal brotherhood of Inventors and Patentees at home and abroad, at the North and the South; and with the increased activity of these men of genius we have kept apace up to this time, when we find ourselves transacting a larger business in this profession than anyother firm in the world. Year after year, we have increased our facilities for transacting patent business, by gathering around us a large corps of the most eminent engineers, draughtsmen and specification writers that can be procured. Among these gentlemen are those who have been connected with the United States and Foreign Patent Offices. The latest engagement we have made is the association with us of Hon. Charles Mason, formerly COMMESSIONER OF PATENTS, and favorably known to the Inventor as their friend and advocate. The memory of his acts while holding this high position will be cherished by many an honest inventor with gratitude as long as he lives.

The arrangement made with Judge Mason renders our facilities for prosecuting all kinds of patent business complete, however ample they were before; and without being accused of egotism, we may safely assert that no concern has the combined talent and facilities that we possess for preparing carefully and correctly applications for patents, and attending to all business pertaining to patents, such as Extensions, Appeals before the United States Court, Interferences, Opinions relative to Infringements, &c.

#### FREE EXAMINATION OF INVENTIONS

Persons having conceived an idea which they think may be patentable are advised to make a sketch or model of their invention, and submit to us, with a full description, foradvice. The points of novelty are carefully examined, and a reply written corresponding with the facts, free of charge. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park

#### PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS AT THE PATENT OFFICE.

The advice we render gratuitously upon examining an invention does not extend to a search at the Patent Office, to see if a like inven tion has been presented there, but is an opinion based upon what knowledge we may acquire of a similar invention from the records in our Home Office. But for a fee of \$5, accompanied with a model or drawing and description, we have a special search made at the United States Fatent Office, and a report setting forth the prospects of obtaining a patent, &c., made up and mailed to the inventor, with a pampliet, giving instructions for further proceedings. These preliminary examinations are made through our Branch Office, corner of F and Seventh streets, Washington, by experienced and competent persons, under the direction of a gentleman who has spent a lifetime about the Patent Office. Over 1,500 of these examinations were made last year through this office, and as a measure of prudence and econowe usually advise inventors to have a preliminary examination made. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New York.

CAVEATS.

Persons desiring to file a caveat can have the papers prepared on reasonable terms, by sending a sketch and description of the invention. The government fee for a caveat is \$20. A pamphletof advice regarding applications for patents and caveats furnished gratis on tion. application by mail. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New

### HOW TO MAKE AN APPLICATION FOR A PATENT.

Every applicant for a patent must furnish a model of his invention, if susceptible of one; or if the invention is a chemical produc tion, he must furnish samples of the ingredients of which his position is composed for the Patent Office. These should be securely packed, the inventor's name marked on them, and sent, with the government fee, by express. The express charges should be prepaid. Small models, from a distance, can often be sent cheaper by mail. The safest way to remit money is by draft on New York, payable to the order of Munn & Co. Persons who live in remote parts of the country can usually purchase drafts from their merchants on their New York correspondents; but if not convenient to do so, there is but little risk in sending bank bills by mail, having the letter registered by the postmaster. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row

### REJECTED APPLICATIONS.

We are prepared to undertake the investigation and prose rejected cases, on reasonable terms. The close proximity of our Wishington Agency to the Patent Office affords us are opportunities for the examination and comparison of references, models, drawings. documents, &c. Our success in the prosecution of rejected case has been very great. The principal portion of our charge is generally left dependent upon the final result.

All persons having rejected cases which they desire to have pro-

secuted are invited to correspond with us on the subject, giving a brief history of their case, enclosing the official letters, &c.

### FOREIGN PATENTS.

We are very extensively engaged in the preparation and securing of patents in the various European countries. For the transaction of this business we have offices at Nos. 66 Chancery Lane, London; 25 Boulevard St. Martin, Paris: and 26 Rue des Eperonniers, Brussels We think we can safely say that three-fourths of all the European patents secured to American citizens are procured through our

Inventors will do well to bear in mind that the English law does not limit the issue of patents to inventors. Anyone can take out a patent there.

Circulars of information concerning the proper course to be pur-

sued in obtaining patents in foreign countries through our Agency requirements of the different Patent Offices, gratis upon application at our principal office. No. 37 Park-row. New York, or either of our branch offices

INTERFERENCES.
We offer our services to examine witnesses in cases of interference, to prepare arguments, and appear before the Commissioner of Patents, or in the United States Court, as counsel in conducting inter-

ferences or appeals.

For further information, send for a copy of "Hints to Inventors."

Furnished free. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New York.
THE VALIDITY OF PATENTS.
Persons who are about purchasing patent property, or patentees who are about erecting extensive works for manufacturing under their patents, should have their claims examined carefully by competent attorneys, to see if they are not likely to infringe some existing patent, before making large investments. Many persons have been ruined from adopting the "penny-wise and pound-foolish" maxim, when an investment of a few dollars, to have been informed of their rights, would have saved them much anxiety and money. Written opinions on the validity of patents, after careful examination into the facts, can be had for a reasonable remuneration. The price for such services is always settled upon in advance, after knowing the nature of the invention and being informed of the points on which an opinion is solicited. Judge Mason assists in all examinations of this kind.

For further particulars, address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row

EXTENSIONS OF PATENTS.
Valuable patents are annually expiring, which might be extended, and bring fortunes to the households of many a poor inventor or his family. During the past fourteen years, we have had much experience in procuring the extension of patents; and, as an evidence of our success in this department, we would state that, in all our immense practice, we never lost but two cases—and those were unsuccessful from causes entirely beyond our control.

It is important that extension cases should be managed by attoreys of the utmost skill to ensure success. All documents connected with extensions require to be carefully drawn up, as any discrepancy or untruth exhibited in the papers is very liable to defeat the appli-

of all business connected with patents, it is most important that extensions should be intrusted only to those who have had long experience, and understand the kind of evidence to be furnished the Patent Office, and the manner of presenting it. The heirs of a deceased patentee may apply foran extension. Parties should arrange for application for an extension at least six months before the expiration of the patent.

For further information, as to terms and mode of proceedure in obtaining an extension, address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row

ASSIGNMENT OF PATENTS.
The assignment of patents and agreements, between patentees and manufacturers, carefully prepared and placed upon the records at the Patent Office. Address MUNN & CO., at the Scientific, American Patent Agency, No. 37 Park-row, New York.

It would require many columns to detail all the ways in which the inventor or patentee may be served at our offices. We cordially invite all who have anything to do with patent property or inventions to call at our extensive offices, 37 Park-row, New York, where any questions regarding the rights of patentees will be cheerfully answered. Communications and remittances by mail, and models by express (prepaid), should be addressed to MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park-row, New York.



ISSUED FROM THE UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 14, 1860.

## [Reported Officially for the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.]

Pamphlets giving full particulars of the mode of applying for patents, size of model required, and much other information useful to inventors, may be had gratis by addressing MUNN & CO., Publishers of the Scientific American, New York.

26,091.—L. Acree, of Taliaferro county, Ga., for an Improvement in Cotton Seed Planters:

I claim the combination of the hopper, H, shaking bex, G, and revolving feed roller, F, arranged, combined and operating together in the manner and for the purpose stated.

I also claim hinging the coverers to the main frame through the slotted hinges, v, so that said coverers may follow the ground, without being influenced by the frame, as set forth.

27,092.—Geo. C. Aiken, of Nashua, N. H., for an Im-

provement in Cultivator Teeth:
I claim the combination and arrangement of the fixed plate, B, restical coulter, A, flanges or moldboards, C C, and cutters, D D, substantially as set forth.

27,093.—Wm. L. Aldrich, of Atlanta, Ga., for an Improved Press for Attaching Leathers to Billiard Cues:

I claim the combination and arrangement of the thumb screw, A nd B, frame, D, lever, E, and socket, C, substantially as and for ne purpose specified. 27,094—Ethan Allen, of Worcester, Mass., for an Improvement in Machinesfor Making Percussion Cart-

ridge Cases:

I claim, first. The trimming mechanism composed of the sliding cose mandrel, C, the revolving chuck mandrel, S, and automatic col, when constructed and operating substantially as described. Second, I claim striking or forming the hollow rim at one stroke r operation, as above set forth, and described.

or operation, as above set forth, and described.

27,095.—Henrietta G. Batty, of Springfield, Mass., for an Improved Spring Egg Cup:
I claim the construction and arrangement of the elastic springs, BB, attached to the metallic standard, AA, the movable pin or slide CC, passing through the standard, AA, in the manner and for the purposes substantially as set forth.

27,096.—Joseph Berry, of New York City, for an Improved Cut Nail Machine:

I claim, first, The arrangement of the cutters a upon the face of

proved Out Mail Machine:
I claim, first, The arrangement of the cutters, a, upon the face of the cutter head, F, near the center thereof, substantially as and for the purpose shown and described.

Second, The arrangement of the vibrating anvil J, cam shaped groove, G, anvil shaft K, arm, P, rod, M, lever, Q, as and for the purpose shown and described.

[This invention consists in the combination of a rotating cutternead, provided with a series of cutters set obliquely in reverse directions alternately, and an anvil and die oscillating on an axis perpendicular to the axis of the rotating cutter-head,]

27,097.—Harris Boardman, of Lancaster, Pa., for an Improvement in Metallic Carriage Hubs:

I claim the arrangement and combination of the clamp plates, E, and wedge, D, as attached to the chambered metallic hub, substantially as described and for the purposes set forth.

27,098.—Edmund Brickett, of Minot, Maine, for Improved Braces for Harness Breeching and Breast-

I claim the application to harnesses of metallic breeching and breast plate braces, with the rings and shanka, connecting with the braces, as described, using for that purpose the aforesaid metallic substance, or any other metallic substance suitable for that purpo c.

27.099.-R. H. Brooks, of Greenville, Ga., for an Im-

Provement in Plows:

I claim the arrangement of braces, D D C, holes, H O, V I, screw bolt, T, pieces, P P, opening, B, beam, A, standard, B, heel screw, W, notch, X, and opening, g, constructed as described for the purposes set in th.

27,100.—R. F. Brower, of New York City, for an Im-

proved Rotary Steam Engine:
I claim the methods or devices substantially as described, which serve as steady and regular points of counter-resistance to the direct action of steam, when employed in a series of diverging cylinders, which revolve eccentrically to the center of motion of the driving-wheel, without the aid of any other separate movable parts, such as valves or surprises. valves or springs.

27,101.—T. W. Brown, of Beston, Mass., for an Im-Improved Twine-holder:

Traproved I wine-noider:

I claim the improved twine-holder as made substantially in mancr and so as to operate as described.

27,102.-Joel Bryant, of Brooklyn, N. Y., for an Im-

27, 102.—Joel Bryant, of Brooklyn, N. Y., for an Improvement in Grinding Mills:

I claim, first. In the construction of portable grinding mills, the cog wheel, C 1 C 2 and C 3, when constructed, set, and operating in connection with each other, and the cylinders. A and B, of the said mills, substantially as described and for the purposes set forth.

Second, And in connection with the above, I claim the making, setting and gearing of the body, M, of portable grinding mills, so as that the said mills (Fig. 1) may be set to run and grind at any desirable plane of the horizon, either vertical or horizontal, or oblique, substantially as described and for the purposes set forth.

27,103.-R. B. Burchell, of Brooklyn, N. Y., for Improved Musquito Nets and Shades for Windows:

I claim attaching a window shade or nusquito net, C, to a roller, B, and rods, a'a', which are fitted in tubes, c c; said shade or net having it slower end attached to a bar, D, provided attise ends with double guides or gibs, E, which are fitted on rods, a'a', the whole being applied to the window frame, and arranged to operate as and for the purpose set forth.

27,104.-John F. Burgin and Augustus Koch, liamsport, Pa., for an Improved Hydraulic Engine:
We claim the arrangement for converting the rectilinear alternate
motion into a rotating one, by means of water or any other non-elastic fluid whose force, derived from an artificial pressure, causes a
wheel to turn around its axis, as described.

27,105.—Samuel Buser and J. H. Buser, of Warner, Ill., for an Improvement in Harvesters:

We claim the combination of the frames, A.E., hinged at c.c., with the elevating devices, viz., the rack bar, I, shaft, o, chain, M.n, and sliding caster wheel, O, arranged to operate in the manner and for the purpose shown and described.

[This invention relates to a novel cutting device, and an improved arrangement of means for regulating the position of the same to dearrangements of means to regulating the position of the same to de-termine the hight of the cut, and to facilitate the raising and lowering of the cutting device, so that it may pass over any obstructions that may be in its path.1

27,106.—Abner Carey, of Rome, Ga., for an Improve

ment in Cultivators:

I claim the described arrangement of the plows, H, beams, G and perforated rails, D, the whole being constructed and combined in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

27,107.—Abner Carey, of Rome, Ga., for an Improvement in Cotton Seed Planters:

I claim the combination the horizontal conical hopper, E, and duplex, saw-shaped feeder, K, constructed, arranged and operating substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

27,108.-J. B. Charles, of Ashland, Ohio, for an Im-

provement in Fan-blowers:

I claim giving a concave or recessed shape to the faces of the fanning wings, f, at the same time that the oblique eduction apertures, it are formed opposite said wings, in the sides of the fanning chamber, substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

27,109.—E. B. Clark, of Tallahassee, Fla., for an Improvement in Plows:
I claim the arrangement of the longitudinal bar, D, shovel, E, double brace, C, double brace, C, bolt, c, projection, d. beam, A, and handles, B, as and for the purpose set forth and described.

[This invention consists in a combination of diagonal crossbars with a longitudinal brace; the whole being bolted together and socured rigidly to a plow beam in such a manner as to form a braced standard for the shovel, admitting of its being readily attached and

27,110.-Henry E. Clinton, of Woodbridge, Conn., for

an Improvement in Carriage Thill Attachments:
Iclaim the application of the spring key, B, substantially and for
the purposes as is herein set forth.

27,111.-John W. Colemant of Medway, Mass., for an

Improvement in Stoves:
I claim the arrangement of the sliding doors, B and B, with the stove, A, and oven, G, so that the heat from around the cylinder of the stove may be confined within or entirely cut off from the oven, by closing or opening said doors in the front or back of the stove; the whole being constructed and operated substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

27,112.—Thomas Daniels, of Toledo, Ohio, for an Im-

provement in Stop-cocks:
I claim the arrangement of the several sirup and water tubes provided with valves, as shown, in combination with the common discharge chamber, I., and tube, C. substantially as set forth for the purposes described.

27.113.-John Davis and Sturgis Chaddock, of Boston,

27,113.—John Davis and Sturgis Chaddock, of Boston, Mass., for an Improvement in Gas Retorts:

We claim, first, The movable flues, B, constructed and applied as described, in connection with the door, C, and its flue or projection, D, and the collar of the retort, substantially in manner and for the purpose as described.

Second, We claim the peculiar construction of the door, C, with its projection or flue, D, in connection with the collar of the retort and the movable flues, B; the whole being applied to the interior of the retort, and operating together substantially in manner and for the purpose as set forth.

Third, We claim the combination of the safety valve with the flue, D, of the door, C, in manner and for the purpose as specified.

27,114.-Louis De Masure, of New York City, for an

27,114.—Louis De Masure, of New York City, for an Improvement in Safety Studs:
Iclaim, first, The movable plate, h, which, after the stud is placed within the button hole, is capable of advancing towards or receding from the front or top plate, c, guided by the circular rods, f, f, hy means of a turning or revolving plate, C.

Second, I claim the plate, g, provided with circular rods, ff, and fitting loosely upon the serew stem, e

Third, I claim securing the pointed pins, i i, into the plate, g (a plate separate from the front or top plate, c), so as to cause them to enter the clothin the operation of securing the stud to the same.

27,115.—B. Wells Dunklee, of Boston, Mass., for an Improvement in Cooking Utensils:
I claim the cover as constructed with an outer casing, A, and with an inner casing, B, attached thereto, substantially and for the purpose as specified. 27,116.—Leopold Eidlitz, or New York City, for an Im-

provement in Photographic Bank Notes:
I claim the use of the photographic Bank Notes:
I claim the use of the photographic process, as a substitute, eith wholly or in part, for engraving or printing bank notes, or other i struments requiring security against counterfeiting, in combinati with the employment of paper bearing either a pressed mark or water-mark, produced as described, or by any similar means.

26,117.—Josiah S. Elliott, of West Needham, Mass.,

for an Improvement in Brick Presses: claim, first, The carrier, O, operated substantially as descrie cond, I claim clutching the cam, D, to the wheel, G, in the substantially as shown, for the purpose specified. I clair

27,118.-E. P. Farrar, of New York City, and J. N. Farrar, of Pepperell, Mass., for an Improvement in Water Meters:

Water Meters:

We claim, first, In combination with a mouthpiece constructed as described, the arrangement of any suitable number of radial and inclined tubes applied to said tubes in such a way that each will eject its equal share of water; this we claim in combination with the box, H, deflecting plates, r, one over each tube and secondary box, M, all arranged substantially in the manner and forthe purposes set forth. Second, We olsum, in combination with the air-tight casing and tilting or measuring vessel, or its equivalent, the secondary receptacle, M, communicating with the tor of case, N, and arranged in connection with the inlet pipe, G, substantially in the manner and for the purposes described.

27,119.—Lucius N. Fay and Wm. Mason, of Warren,

27,119.—Lucius N. Fay and Wm. Mason, of Warren, Mass., for an Improvement in Blind Operators: We claim, first, The combination of the screw shaft, b, mck, c, pinion, g, and slotted arm, b, applied to the window casing and blind, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

Second, The shaft, k, having the spiral spring, l, placed on it, and row ided with the bent arm, O, and projection, it he latter being fitted in the slotted arm, h, in connection with the hooked plate, q, the above parts being used with or without the slide bolt, t, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

[This invention relates to an improvement in the devices hitherto ampliced for grouping and closing window blinds at the inner side, or

employed for opening and closing window blinds at the inner side, or within the apartment in the side of which the window is placed, without raising the window. The object of the invention is to obtain a more compact device than the ones formerly used for the purpose, so that the mechanism may be applied without materially changing or altering the proper proportion or relation of the parts of the window and its casing. The invention further relates to an improved lock attachment in connection with the blind-operating mechanism above specified, the parts being so arranged that the blind will be locked tomatically as it closes.]

27,120.—Peter Flickinger, of Hanover, Pa., for an Im-

provement in Harvesters:
I claim the tongue, T, constructed with the shoulders, c.c., and ballwasher, B, on the rear extremity, in combination with the front and rear cross beams of the frame, having the openings, O, in the one, and the slot, S, in the other, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

27,121.-James M. Freeman, of Belleville, N. Y., for

an Improvement in Carriage Tops:
I claim the arm, A, with its butten, D, or its equivalent, which will allow the carriage top to be raised and lowered without buttoning and unbuttoning or injuring the curtains to the top, and allow at the same time the top to be extended forward so as more completely to protect the person from storms and inclement weather.

27,122.—Aaron W. Geaheart, of Beallsville, Ohio, for an Improvement in Beebives:
I claim the arrangement of the strips, a b and c, so as to produce a galvanic current between the live and its platform, or other support, in the manner and for the purpose specified.

27,123.—W. G. Greeley, of Hingham, Mass., for an Improved Machine for Cutting-out the Uppers and

Improved Machine for Cutting-out the Uppers and Soles of Boots and Shoes:

I claim the reversible block or cutter-holder, n, attached to an adutable handle, F, and used in connection with a movable bed piece, operated by the to ggles, C C, and treadle, E, or their equivalents, ubstantially as and for the purpose set forth.

[This invention consists in the employment or use of a reversible block or cutter-holder, in connection with a movable bed-piece fitted within a suitable framing, whereby the uppers and soles of boots and shoes may be cut from the leather or stock very expeditiously and with great facility.

27,124.—Sheldon Guthrie, of New Orleans, La., for an

Improvement in Lamps:
I claim this new and improved arrangement of tubes or burne and wicks for humin all kinds of common oil, grease, fluids, & forthe purpose of producing artificial light, as substantially set for and described, the same being applicable to tubes of any size in portion to the degree of light desired.

27,125.—J. O. Harris and W. F. Slewder, of Ottawa, Ill., for an Improvement in Cultivators:

We claim in combination with a V-shaped adjustable and reversible frame, the adjustable and hingel plow stocks, B, when constructed and arranged substantially in the manner and for the purpose

-Frank J. Henkel, of New York City, for an Im-

proved Secretary Table:
I claim, first, The arrangement of the hinged flaps, C, in combinaon with the frame, A, of a table, and with the swivel head, D, or its
quiralent, constructed and operating substantially as and for the

equivalent, constructed and operating successful.

Second, The combination of the hinged table-top, E. looking glass, G, and writing desk, H, with the frame, A, and flaps, C, substantially in the manner and for the purpose specified.

If the manner and rat the purpose speciality.

[This invention consists in arranging on the sides of a table ship and cargo prevented. We regard this hinged flaps, which are so connected to a common swivel head that invention if it will operate well in practice.]

they allow of being turned to a vertical or to a horizontal position. The object of these flaps, when the same are in a vertical position, is to conceal the real nature of the table, which may be constructed into a writing desk and with a looking glass and with a number of more or less secret drawers, so as to serve as a secretary and also as a dressing table. When the flaps are in a horizontal position, they are very convenient when the table is usedwhi st playing &c. ]

27,127.-Gustav Heydrich, of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improved Fire-escape:

I claim the described apparatus for saving lives and property in cases of fire, when the same is permanently attached to the coruice of the building, and constructed and operating substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

27,128.-Birdsill Holly, of Lockport, N. Y., for an Im-

provement in Pumps:
I claim connecting the valve, H, to the piston, D, by means of the rod, g, or its equivalent, hollow piston stem, E, and regulating nut, a, arranged and operating substantially in the manner and for the purpose shown and described.

27,129.—Wm. H. Howard, of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improved Machine for Serrating the Edge of a Screw

Thread on Rollers:
I claim serrating the surfaces of metal bars or roller by means of a screw cutting die, J, and a milling roller, K, arranged in respect to and operating simultaneously on the said bar, substantially as set forth.

27,130.—Charles S. Irwin, of Madison, Ind., Improvement in the Manufacture of Starch: Ind., for an

Improvement in the Manufacture of Starch:

First, In the manufacture of starch from maize or Indian corn, I claim my improved method of treating the corn preparatory to its being crushed and ground, by steeping the same in water heated an average temperature of 16:0° Fah., or to any other temperature, ranging between 14:5° and 18:0° Fah., said water being, as usual, changed from time to time so as to maintain the requisite temperature, and to remove the water acidulated by previous fermentation of the corn, substantially in the manufacture of starch from maize or Indian corn by steeping the whole and uncrushed corn in water heated to a temperature of from 70° to 18:0° Fah., and by then grinding it with water heated to a temperature of from 70° to 140° Fah., I claim the method described of effecting the separation of the starch from the gluten in a more parfect manner than this has been done heretofore, by maintaining the temperature of the starch water, while in the runs, at or handly the same previous or during the separation of the starch from the gluten to an average temperature of 60° Fah., or to any other temperature ranging between 55° to 70° Fah., substantially in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

27,131.—Geo. W. Jennings, of Boston, Mass., for an

Improved Laundry and Tailor's Press:

I claim the combination and arrangement of the movable table or arm and the levers or toggle joint for operating the same, to bring the work up to the movable or revolving iron, when constructed and operating in the manner and for the purposes as set forth and described.

27,132.—Geo. Juengst, of New York City, for an Im-

LI,102.—Geo. Juengst, of New York City, for an Improvement in Sewing Machines:
I claim, first, The combination of the rotating shafts, F K, one of them carrying a revolving arm, J, and the other two revolving cranks, G H, when the said shafts, arm and cranks are arranged and operated as shown and described.

Second, The shuttle-driver with its jointed horn, j, ear, r, and spring, p, applied and operating in combination with the guide, m n'o, on onc. 3dz of the shuttle race, and operating substantially as described.

[This invention consists in a novel method of driving the needle by crank motion, which causes its movement to be accelerated and a claim mount, which causes its movement to be acceptance as retarded at different stages in the manner best adopted for the formation of the loops in its thread and for the production of perfect sewing. It also consists in a certain construction of the shuttle-driver. and in certain contrivances, in combination with which it operates whereby, although the necessary openings are permitted between the horns of the driver and the shuttle at the times of the entry of the shuttle into the loops of the needle thread and the passage of the loops over the heel of the shuttle, the homs are both brought close to the shuttle at the times of the change of direction of its movement, and hence the unpleasant ratting noise so common to shuttle sewing machines is prevented.]

27,133.—Emil Kellerman, of Moosop, Conn., for an Improvement in the Manufacture of Tufted Work:

I claim the employment of a series of metallic plates, A, when arranged, combined and operating in the production of tufted work, as shown and described.

27, 134.-J. M. Kendall, of South Hardwick, Vt., for an Improved Feed Motion for Boring or Mortising Machines:

I claim the pawl, Q. attached to the frame, A, engaging with the rack, e, and operated by the cross-bar, f, of the sash or gate, I, for the purpose specified.

27, 135.—Charles Kinzler and Wilhelm Rosebuck, of New York City, for an Improved Sugar-cutter:

We elaim the arrangement of two plates provided with knives forming square openings, and capable of moving towards and from each other, for the purpose of cutting or crucking the slabs of sugar into regular morsels, in combination with fixed frances provided with points which enter the openings in said plates when the latter are receding for the purpose of pushing the morsels or pieces which may adhere to the knives out of the holes, and operating together in the manner and forthe purpose substantially as described and specified.

27,136.—Thos. Lovelidge, of Philadelphia, Pa., for an Improvement in Looms:

Improvement in LOOMS:

I claim the escapement or pallet wheel, H, on the end of the warp beam, the weighted pallet lever, I, the arm, J, and catch, f, in combination with the rollers, n and n', and the weighted bar, m, or its equivalents, the whole of the parts being arranged for joint action, as and for the purpose set forth,

27,137.—Daniel Lovejoy, of Lowell, Mass., for an Improvement in Spring Skates:

I claim the combination of the runner, C, the joints, D and D', at the heel and toe thereof, and the springs, E and E', which connect said joints and runner with the stock of the skate, for the purpose and substantially as described.

27,138.-John W. Mackenzie, of San Francisco, Cal. for an Improved Apparatus for Freeing Ship's Holds

from Water:

I claim the arrangement of compartments, a at a2 a3 a4 a5, and valves, f f &c., in relation to and in communication with a ship's hold, A, and discharge passages, c, constructed as and for the purposes described.

[This invention consists in constructing the ship with a series of valved chambers at her stern, bowor sides, and in communication with a ship's hold and certain discharge passages, so that when the ship pitches forc-and-aft or rolls heavily; any water which flows into her hold, by reason of leaks being sprung, shall be automatically raised therefrom and discharged into the sea, and thus loss of life, ship and cargo prevented. We regard this as an almost invaluable

27,139.-J. P. Manton and H. A. Billings, of Providence, R. I., for an Improvement in Hanging Rudders:

Rudders:
We claim the combination with the rudder head, C, and hull, A, of
the plates, D E, when the latter are flanged, as shown, to prevent
surging, and provided with grooves, f g, with friction balls, h, interposed, as and for the purposes set forth and described.

[The object of this invention is to hang the rudder in such a man-

ner that it will work with but little friction, and still be properly supported and firmly secured to the vessel.]

27,140.-H. Maranville, of Clinton, Ohio, for an Im-

provement in Coin Detectors:

I claim the arrangement of the plate. A, with diameter scale, c, and incisions, d d', and with knife edges, 6, in combination with the slide, B, marked on one side for gold, and on the other side for silver coins, as described, and operating in the manner and for the purpose specified.

[This is a very neat and compact device, calculated to enable every person to judge at a glance about the value and genuineness of any coin whatever.1

27,141.—Charles McCammon, of Albany, N. Y., for an Improvement in Constructing Bars of Cast or Wrought Iron:

I claim the combining of wrought iron with cast iron in the formation of bars, by the process and for the purposes set forth and described in the specification.

27,142.—Isaac M. Milbank, of Greenfield Hill, Conn., for an Improvement in the Apparatus for Manufacturing Oxyd of Zinc:

I claim the combination and arrangement of the furnace, A, with metal top, accessible openings, d and e e, and the flucs, b b, in connection with the perforated pipes, c c, the shoot, f, the receptacle, j, the duct, B B, with its reticulated surface, K, the collecting or saving apparatus with the apartment, c, to be managed and used as described in the specifications.

27,143.-Wm. Mosher, Isaac H. Mosher and John J.

Harris, of Green, N. Y., for an Improvement in Machines for Bending Tire:

We claim the scroll-shaped stationary former, the mode of holding the end of the bay to be bent, the manner of adjusting the friction roller by the wedge-shaped key through the lever bearing against the center bolt, all in combination as specified, and for the purposes set

27,144.—Thos. Murphy, of Cincinnati, Ohio, for an Improvement in Cultivators:

I claim the described arrangement of the plow frame, ACDEF, detachable moldboards, K, and detachable cultivator frames, NO, the whole being constructed and operating in the manner and for the several purposes set forth.

27,145.-Walter Nangel, of Philadelphia, Pa., for an

Improved Mortising Machine:
I claim the employment of rotary reciprocating cutters in mortising nachines, substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

27,146.—Charles Neames, of New Orleans, La., for an

27,146.—Charles Neames, of New Orleans, La., for an Improvement in Bagasse Furnaces:
I claim the use of chambers in wet fuel furnaces which have their receiving openings exclusively in and from the interior of the furnace, to receive the vapors arising from the fuel, and which will convey and distribute the same at points to meet the carbonaceous gases, to allow the oxygen from the vapor to be brought in contact with highly heated carbon, to support combustion.
I also claim the bellow pillars mounted on wall, A, in combination with flue, c, when arranged and operated as and for the purpose set forth.

27,147.—Edward O. C. Ord, of the United States Army, for an Application of Gunpowder to Flat Projectiles, giving them Rotation:

I claim the use and control of the projectiles discharged from firems or not by hand, and rotating in their flight, substantially as derribed.

27,148.—Josephus Parsons, of Carthage, Ohio, for an Improved Rotary Steam Engine:
I claim the construction and arrangement of the wheel, R, provided with radial shuttle valves, B, and the steam chambers; thesaid valves and the wheel itself being operated by steam, in combination with the cams which also serves stationary pistons, substantially as set forth, for the purposes described.

27,149.—W. A. Patrick, of Ludlow, Vt., for an Improved Method of Operating Feed Nuts in Lathes:
I claim the yoke, C. connected with the hand lever, E. and spring, F, and also connected with the sliding plates, b b, of the sections, c, of the nut by means of the pins and slots, e e d d; the whole being arranged to operate as and for the purpose set forthard described.

[This invention relates to an improved means for operating or adsting the two parts of a divided nut, so that the same may be made to engage with or be disengaged from the feed screw, which, when the nut is engaged with it, gives the feed movement to the carriage containing the knife. The object of this invention is to obtain a simple and efficient mechanism for the intended purpose, one that may be readily operated, not liable to be deranged or rendered inopera-tive by use, and one that can be retained in the two positions neces-sary to keep the nut in an open or a closed state, and also due provision made for wear.

27,150.-N. A. Patterson, of Kingston, Tenn., for an I clair

Improvement in Harrows: claim the arrangement of the shafts or side rails, D, with the me-nium for wibrating them, substantially as and for the purposes set and described. [This invention consists in attaching the teeth of the implement

to shafts which have a vibratory movement imparted to them as the implement is drawn along, whereby the teeth are relieved from all implement is drawn along, whereby the teethare rehered from an trash, weeds, &c., which are liable to adhere to them; the seed, if the implement is drawn over seeded ground, more effectually covered and better distributed in the earth than formerly; the earth more thoroughly pulverized; and the implement rendered of lighter draft than those of usual construction.1

27,151.—Edmond Peck, of San Jose, Cal., for an Im-

provement in Harvesters:
I claim the arrangement of the vertical rod, ½, racks, m' m' lever, N, spring plates, n' n', rods, o o', perch, J, apron box, ½, axle, I, and clutches, J p, as and for the purpose shown and described.

27,152.—C. M. Plumb, of North Orange, N. J., for an

Improved Time Table for Railroads, &c.:

I claim the within-described construction of frame and movable slides with the separate movable plates with letters or numerals denoted thereon; time whole being combined, arranged and operating for the purposes and in the manner described.

[The object of this invention is to obtain a cheap and ready reference time table for railroad stations, for giving information to persons traveling over certain routes, and to serve as a perpetual rail-road directory, showing the time of departure of the trains leaving the station during the day or night. The table is to be made so that malicious persons cannot in jure or deface it by tampering with it. and so that the numerals or letters used upon it may be taken or with very little trouble and others inserted in their places. The whole device is made light, neat and portable, and may be hung up out of reach, or nailed up on the inside of the cars, in the house of

27,153.—Charles Pope, of Syracuse, N. Y., for an Improvement in Apparatus for Evaporating Saline Liquors:

Liquors:
I claim the hollow angle pieces constructed and arranged substantially as described and for the purpose set forth.
I also claim making the arms of the kettles hollow, as set forth and for the purpose stated.
I also claim combining the hollow angle pieces with the air spaces, D. upon the sides of the arch, when so arranged that heated air may pass from the spaces upward through the angle pieces, and be discharged over the bolling liquid in the kettles, as set forth.

27,154.-D. J. Powers, of Madison, Wis., for an Im-

provement in Straw-cutters:

I claim, first, The arrangement of the adjustable ledger blade, I J, in combination with the upward-cutting knives, G, of the cylinder, D, curved slot, R, compensating pinions, Ql Ql Ql Ql, weighted lever, S, and feed roller, M, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

forth.

Second, The arrangement of the cone or gear wheels, L, on the feed roller shaft, with the compound pinion, C, of the knife cylinder, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

[This straw-cutter has its knives arranged on a revolving cylinder so as to cut upward against a stationary adjustable blade. The lower feed roller, which is fluted and made of metal, is adjustable in a curved slot, and is so arranged with four gear wheels, that no matter what be the adjustment it always is in gear with the driving mechanism. A weighted lever holds the feed roller with a vielding pressure against the upperfluted metal feed roller on the straw passing between the two rollers. The speed of the feed roller is regulated by a cone of gear wheels on it, and a sliding pinion on the cutter shaft. The speed of the feed roller is regulated The arrangement, as a whole, seems well adapted for cutting straw corn stalks, and other feed,]

27,155.—Thomas E. Purchase, of Danville, Pa., for an Improvement in Grates for Furnaces:
I claim the combination of a series of comb-like bars each interlocking the other and capable of being oscillated independently of the other, substantially as specified, for the purposes set forth.

27,156.—Joseph Reynolds, of Providence, R. I., for an Improvement in Marine Propellers. Patented in Improvement in Marine Propellers. England May 26, 1859:

England May 26, 1859;

I claim the double cranks supported by outside bearings with the propeller frames supported by stay rods and guided at the top with two radius rods to each frame hung to the vessel, or suitable frames attached to the vessel abaft the main shaft to which the propeller frame is connected. The radius rods to be of a suitable length and hung in a proper position to hold or guide the top of the frame forward, or beyond the shaft to which it is attached; the whole constructed and arranged substantially as and for the purposes specified.

27,157.—Aaron Ring, of Westbrook, Maine, for an Im-

provement in Seeding Machines.

I claim the combination of the wheel, A, which is open at both ends, with wheel, B, both wheels placed upon the same axis and rotating in opposite directions in combination with two shafts, C and D, one within the other, substantially as and for the purposeset forth.

27,158.—Wm. Robotham, of Newark, N. J., for an Improved Gag-runner:

I claim constructing the two loops in one piece and arranging them substantially as described.

37,159.—Fisk Russell, of Manchester, N. H., for an Improvement in Mowing Machine Cutters:
I claim the combination of the wings or projections, C, with the blades, A, when the latter are pivoted and when the said projections are arranged to operate in connection with the guards as and for the purpose set forth.

27,160.—Thomas Sault, of Seymour, Conn., for an Improvement in Rollers for Working Caoutchouc and

Allied Gums:

I claim the breaking down, comminuting and cleaning of crude commercial vulcanizable gurst, separating them from foreign bodies by toothed rollers, substantially as set forth, whether the rollers be in pairs or in threes or any other number.

27.161.-Wm. H. Sloan, of Buffalo, N. Y., for an Im-

proved Machine for Dressing Staves:
I claim, first, The feed roller, N, having the sage, n, in combination with the cutters, J J, when the said feed roller is so placed and arranged with reference to the cutters and other parts of the machine as that the stave will be fed to the cutters, in such relative time and motion, as to cause the middle of the stave to be dressed while the cutters are in their lowest position, substantially as herein described.

while the cutters are in their lowest position, substantially as nerein described.

Second, I claimtine combination and arrangement of the gage, n, with a pressure or feed roller, N, whose circumference is equal to or greater than the length of the longest stave to be dressed; the said gage being adjustable on the face of the roller so as to cause the middle of a long or short stave to be dressed by the cutters while in their lowest position, substantially as set forth.

Third, I claim the relative/arrangement of the annular rim or feed bed, B, friction rollers, E El and £2, and pressure rollers, T and Tl, for the purpose set forth.

Fourth, I claim the combination of the rotating bed, having a roughened surface, with the pressure rollers, T and Tl, for the purposes and substantially as described.

27, 162.-Jonathan Smith, of Tiffin, Ohio, for an Im-

provement in Seed Drills:
I claim the thin metal cortagated wheels, D, and ratchet washers, C, conforming the rewith in lateral surface, in combination with shaft, A, collars, F, and concave hopper bottom, B; the operation being as set forth.

27,163.-Wm. W. Spafford, of Peterborough,

27,163.—Wm. W. Spattord, of Peterborough, N. H., for an Improvement in Railroad Car Wheels:
I claim the construction of a car wheel formed with curved or corrugated shell side surfaces, c cd d, and internal diaphragms or partitions, ff ff, forming one or more internal cells, cavities, chambers, or spaces, g g h h, when said surfaces and diaphragms are so arranged as that the incumbent downward weight or pressure acting thereon shall be in a direction vertically throughout said parts of the wheel, substantially as set forth and described.

27,164.—Otis W. Stanford, of Cincinnati, Ohio, for an

Improvement in Grinding Mills:
I claim the combination of grinding surfaces composed of spiral ridges, separated by cavities which shoal or feather diagonally as set forth.

27,165.—Daniel D. Stelle, of New Brunswick, N. J., for an Improved Acoustic Apparatus:

I claim the combination with a pulpit or reading table, of the sound receiver, a a, and conclucting tube, c, substantially as and for the purpose shown and described.

27, 166.—George K. Snow, of Watertown, Mass., for an Improvement in Folding Paper for Bookbinders:
I claim folding each sheet with back fills and into two connected signatures having their connection along or adjacent to and between

the front edges to be trimmed, and so that the said connection may be trimmed or separated with such front edges from the rest of the apper while they are being trimmed; my process involving the back folding of the sheet one or more times in making the first folding, and the back folding of it twice or other suitable greater number of times in making the second folding, or that which is at right angles to the

27.167.—Joseph Storm, of Woonsocket, R. I., for an

Improvement in Paper Rag Engines:
I claim the employment of the conductor, H, in combination we the rotary drum, B, the rotary cutter cylinder, D, and the stationa the rotary frum as and for the purpose specified.

[A description and engraving of this invention will appear in the Scientific American in a few weeks.]

26,168.—Noah Sutton, of New York City, for an Improvement in Slide Valves:

I claim the arrangement of the two patents, E.E., and cylinders, C.C., between the two heads of the double D-valve, or what is equivalent, between two short connected D-valves, with a single steam pasage in each of said cylinders, and an exhaust passage common to both of said cylinders communicating through the partition between the said cylinders with the main exhaust passage, substantially as described.

[This invention relates to the operation of the slide valves of steam engines by the direct pressure of steam upon pistons attached to the valves themselves; and it consists in a novel manner of applying such pistons and the cylinders in which they operate, and of arranging the ports and passages of such cylinders, whereby great sim-plicity of construction is obtained.]

28,169.-Wm. Swift, of Brooklyn, N. Y., for an Im-

proved Invalid's Bedstead:
I claim, first, The combination of movable frame, D, with mattress frame, B, jointed pieces, G, and weights, F, all arranged and operating in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

Second, The frame, B, when the same is pivoted to the head and foot rails, as and for the purposes described.

27,170.-H. K. Symmes, of Newton, Mass., for an 21,110.—H. Is. Symmes, of Newton, Mass., for an Improvement in Mode of Extinguishing Gas-lights: I claim the extinguishing of sas-lights by means of an inverted c.p. B, or its equivalent expanding chamber provided with an inlet ratio with the burner or supply pipe that though it will be caused to effect the shutting off of the gas, by a temporary increase or dimition of pressure, it will not permit the renewal of the supply to the burners to be effected by a subsequent diminution or increase of the press ure.

[This invention consists in certain means wh lights or out-door public lights of a city, town, village or district may be extinguished by simply effecting such a temporary increase or reduction of the pressure on the main as will not materially inter-fere with the lights in dwellings and other places, by the agency of a cock or valve at the gas works, such means serving also to extinguish cock or varies the gas works, such means serving assore extinguism the lights of any series of burners by a temporary increase or dimi-nution of pressure that will not materially affect the lights of other burners supplied by the same main orservice pipe.1

27,171.-B. F. Trimmer, of Rochester, N. Y., for an

27, 171.—B. F. Trimmer, of Rochester, N. Y., for an Improvement in Grain Separators:
I claim inducting the grain to the screens, f m, through the concentrated currents of two blasts by the small throats, a c, of division, G, and d, of division, H, the blast through A having an upward or convex, and that through c, a concave direction to the falling grain, substantially in the manner and for the purposes described
I also claim the combination and arrangement of the perforated sheet metal screens having a section of larger orifices, I, in communication with division, G, and of smaller orifices, m, with divisions, H, of the chamber of separation above, substantially as and for the purposes described.

I further claim the arrangement and combination of the opposing segmental arms, L, crank, o, and spindles, SS, with the screen box, E, for giving the desired direction to the vibrations of the screens, and regulating the same, substantially as set forth.

and regulating the same, substantially as set forth.

27, 172.—Francis Van Doren, of Adrian, Mich., for an Improvement in Hand Seed Planters:

I claim, first, The arrangement of a secondary hopper, A, at the front side and near the bottom of the planter for the seed which is brought from the main hopper by a roller connected to the plunger to fall into and thus be in sight of the operator unt lit is forced in the ground, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Second, The arrangement, H i, for overating the device, G, which scrapes the dirt off the discharge end of the planter, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

[This is a good hand planter. The secondary hopper at the back of the seed box enables the operator who carries the planter in his hand to see whether seed is brought down from the seed box every time the planter is operated at a new hill. The scraping device always keeps the end of the planter free from an accumulation of dirt, and thus prevents clogging.]

27,173.—E. L. Vertrees, of Howe's Valley, Ky., for an

Inproved Mode of Cutting Boot Vamps:

I claim in combination with cutting a boot vamp without crimping, removing the pointed portion of the material, M X N Y, in the side of the ankle, and joining the edges so as to contract the back at and incline the leg forward, substantially as and so as to obtain the advantages set forth.

27,174.—Joseph Vowles, of New Hudson, Mich., for an Improvement in Cultivators:

I claim, in combination with the series of hoes or plows, L L, the pair of fronthoes or plows, N N, constructed, arranged and made adjustable in the manner and for the purposes herein described and re-

presented.

I also claim the peculiar construction, combination and arrangement of the frame, the julleys and the locking of the standards to the frame, substantially as described and for the purposes set forth. 27,175.-Edwin Ward, of New York City, for an Im-

proved Churn:
I claim the churn made up of a horizontal cylinder having ribs, as described, and an interior shaft armed with dashers; the cylinder being made to rotate in the one direction, and the shaft and dashers in the opposite direction, as set forth.

27,176.--Edward Webster, of Hartford, Conn., for an Improvement in Gridirons:

claim the folding and revolving broiler, in the manner as de-ibed, in combination with the frame and cover, substantially as cribed and for the purpose set forth.

27,177.-W. R. Webster, of Gowanda, N. Y., for an

Improvement in Tanning:
I claim the use of chloride of lime, in combination with the mateials specified, or with any materials used in the ordinary process of

27,178.—Decatur Werst and Aaron Puderbaugh, of Waltz township, Ind., for an Improvement Lathes for Turning Irregular Forms:

We claim the combination of the vertically-reciprocating cutters, c, with the longitudinally-traveling carriage, B, and laterally-sliding gage, E, by the means and in the manner substantially as described, for the purpose set forth,

or the purpose set form.

(This machine differs from all others which have preceded it, in muloring a reciprocating cutter instead of a revolving one. The reemploying a reciprocating cutter instead of a revolving one.

ciprocating cutters possessau advantage overrotating cutters in being capable of cutting spokes and other articles which require to be broad and flat at one end. The cutter is guided by a pattern, which, with the article being operated upon, revolves. We regard this as a very ugaful machina 1

27, 179.-Calvin D. Wheeler, of New York City, for an Improvement in Marking Gages for Sewing Ma-

chines:

I claim combining with a sliding rule, arranged as described, the spring point for the purpose of measuring and marking material for folding to facilitate the operation of guiding said folds through a sewing machine for the successive stitches, as set forth and specified.

ing machine for the successive stitches, as set forth and specified.

27, 180.—Stephen Wilcox, Jr., of Westerly, R. I., for an Improvement in Hot-air Engines:

I claim, first, The dividing of the changing piston into two parts, 12, and conducting the airthrough the space between them in its transfer from the cold to the hot end of the cylinder, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

Second, Dividing the bearing, X, or its equivalent, from the heated portion of the working piston by the space, Q, which space is in free communication with the external atmosphere, so that the heat is conveved away by connection, substantially in the manner set forth.

Third, The arrangement of the exhaust valve, T; hollow piston rod, 3 and 4, and guide case, 6, or their respective equivalents, for the purposes set forth.

Fourth, The combination and arrrangement of the crank, C Z, adjustable eccentric, Y, and eccentric rod and connections, or their respective equivalents, for the purpose of working a valve, the seat of which is carried in or with the piston, substantially as set forth.

27,181.—Abner Willson, of Colden, N. Y., for an Im-

proved Churn: f
I claim the bow, F, with springs, a, when constructed as described, in combination with screw whirk, D, operating as set forth and for the purposes described.

27,182.—August Wulze, of St. Louis, Mo., for an Improvement in Smut Mills:

I claim arranging and operating the cylinder, Dand beater, B, with respect to each other as and in the manner described, not per se, but when the said cylinder is made with the opening, S, in one end (as at Fig. 5), and with its surface perforated with a flat punch upon diagonally across its axis in the manner described for the purpose specified.

27,183.—Charles J. Appleton, of Philadelphia, Pa. (assignor to B. H. Howell, of New York City, and John Cotton, of Philadelphia aforesaid), for an Improvement in Knitting Machines:

I claim the system of hinged needles and "sinkers," in combination with the thread guide, J, and the cam, K, and serrated wheel, I, or their equivalents; the whole being arranged and operating substantially as set forth.

27,184.—Gotleib M. Barth, of Philadelphia, Pa. (assignor to himself and D. D. Jones, of same place), for an Improvement in Weighing Carts:

I claim, first, Connecting the frame, D, with its bars, H and H', to the axle, A, so as to be confined laterally and longitudinally to the said axle, and so that it may be elevated above the same, either perpendicularly or on one side more than the other, as and forthe purpose set forth.

saltaxe, and so that the solution of the purpose set forth.

Second, The shaft, E, with its projections or cams, i i, and the projections, j j, on the axle, A, in combination with the frame, D, the bars, H and II, with sharp-edged projections, n, and the body, X, of the cart; the whole being so arranged that, on turning the said shaftin one direction; the body of the cart will be supported solely by and on the said sharp-edged projections, and on turning the staft in a contrary direction, the body of the cart shall be supported on the axles and the bars, H and H', on the shaft, E, as specified.

Third, The graduated lever, M, connected to the bars, H and H', by the arms, J and K, and link, q, in combination with the plate, N; the latter being jointed to, and rendered adjustable on, one of the shafts, C, and the whole being arranged substantially in the manner set forth.

Fourth, The shaft, E, with its projections, w w, in combination with the plates, u u, on the underside of the body, X; the whole being arrange das set forth for the purpose of retaining and releasing the said body.

27,185.-Abner Burbank, of Brooklyn, N. Y. (assignor

27, 185.—Abner Burbank, of Brooklyn, N. Y. (assignor to George W. Burbank, of Rochester, N. Y.), for an Improvement in Soldering Irons:

I claim, first, The ombination of the soldering tool or iron with any suitable gas surply, when the arrangement is such that the solering tool may be constantly supplied with gas, and the "copper" maintained in a heated state while the tool is being used by the workman, substantially as shown and described.

Second, I claim the combination of a gas light with asoldering tool riron to illuminate the interior and other parts of the work to which the tool may be applied, substantially as shown and described.

Third, The employment of a chamber, a, in the base of the copper, A, as and for the purposes shown and described.

Fourth, The employment of a tubular screw, B, in combination with the copper, A, and cylinder, C, as and for the purposes shown and described.

27,186.—Thomas B. DeForest, of New York City (as-

signor to himself and Wallace & Sons, of Ansonia, Conn.), for an Improvement in Lanterns:

Conn.), for an Improvement in Lanterns:

I claim forming, out of a vertical piece of wire, two of the vertical guard wires, substantiallially as set forth.

I also claim bending the double guard piece of wire, a, into such shapeas to form the connecting link for the attachment of the handle as specified.

I also claim forming the support for the protector, C, out of one of the double guard wires, as shown and described, in combination with the retaining portion of the other extended wire, as set forth.

I also claim the peculiar construction of the handle, D, as specified for the purpose set forth.

27,187.—John R. Henshaw, of Middletown, Conn. (assignor to himself and Samuel Babcock, of same place), for an Improvement in Skates:

I claim the plate, k, made so as to be adjusted on the bar, f, or its equivident, and the thumb serve, h, as means for securing the heel of the booter sheet of the skate as set forth.

27,188.—Wm. H. Johnson, of Richmond, Ark. (assignor to himself and J. D. Bellah, of same place),

for an Improvement in Plows:

I claim constructing the beam of the draught block, a, and bent strip of Iron, b, arranged and combined as specified.

I also claim the ring, D, in combination with the beam, A, and share standard, E, constructed, arranged and operating substantially as specified.

27,189.—Joseph Lamb, of New York City (assignor to himself and Richard Lamb, of same place), for an

himself and Richard Lamb, of same place), for an Improvement in Portable Sleds:

I claim, first, A folding sled as a new article of manufacture, the parts being hinged together and capable of being instantly expanded into a rigid sled, or folded in a small compass, as set forth.

Second, I claim, in a folding sled, the described combination and arrangement of the grooved braces, B, cross braces, C, and runners, R, whereby the sled, when folded, occupies a thickness equal only to that of the braces, Bor C, themselves.

Third, I claim, in connection with the last, the described arrangement of the back frame, A, by-which it is folded into the plane of the braces, B C, and runners, B. C, and

27,190.—Wm. H. Lauback, of Philadelphia, Pa. (assignor to himself and D. C. Enos, of same place), for an Improvement in the use of Hydro-carbon Vapor for Illumination:

I claim forcing mto, and through the distributing pipes hydro-carbon vapor, at such a high temperature that no condensation of the vapor can take place in the said pipes, when the latter are so arranged that no closing of the burners can obstruct the free circulation of the heated va or throughout every portion of the said distributing pipes as and for the purpose set forth.

27, 191.—Isaac P. Lykens, of Pottsville, Pa. (assignor to himself and Wm. Bickel, of same place), for an Improvement in Machinery for Breaking Coal:

Improvement in Machinery for Breaking Coal:
I claim, first, The reciprocating spiked plates, I, and the spiked
bars, N, in combination with the clutes, Q, and their movable doors,
q; the whole being arranged and operating substantially as set forth.
Second, Attaching both the upper and lower spikes, independently
of each other, to the bars in such a manner that the position of the
said spiles may be altered at pleasure, the bars themselves being
likewise so secured as to admit of ready adjustment, in the manner
and for the purpose specified.
Third, The spring, M, arranged in respect to the spiked plate, I,
and the spiked bars, N, as and for the purpose set forth.

27,192.—David Nicholson, of Lockport, N. Y. (assignor to himself and Charles R. Fox, of same place), for an Improved Method of Feeding the Bolt to the Knife in Shingle Machines:

Antie in Shingle Machines:

I claim, first, Constructing the racks, RR, of two toothed longitudinal parks, v w, so arranged as to be capable of adjustment one with the other, for the purpose of varying the taper of the shingles and sawing "stuff" of equal thickness throughout when desired.

Second, The arrangement of the racks, RR, slides, ST, connected by the lever, U, and the slotted slides, MN, aperated by the lever, O, and cank, g', and fitted in the bar, L, substantially as shown, for the purpose of actuating the racks, RR.

27,193.—Enos B. Phillips, of Cambridgeport, Mass. (assignor to himself and Charles W. Phillips, of same place), for an Improvement in the Manufacture of Skates:

I claim, as a new article of manufature, a skate cast from the described composition metal, substantially as set forth.

27,194.—James Spear, of Philadelphia, Pa. (assignor to himself and D. C. Enos, of same place), for a

Post-office Stamp:
I claim, first, Constructing a stamp or die with letters, the outline of which is composed of fine points, constructed in the manner and for the purpose described.

Second, I claim stamping letters so that the letter, as well as the envelope, will bear the post-office mark in a distinct manner, as described.

RE-ISSUE.

RE-ISSUE.

George Westinghouse, of Schenectady, N. Y., for an Improvement in Endless Chain Horse-powers. Patented June 13, 1854; re-issued July 10, 1855; again re-issued Feb. 14, 1860:

I claim, first, The combination of the straight links, c, and odd links, i, when constructed, arranged and operating as described. Second, The combination and arrangement of the hubs or pinions, m m', with the band and driving wheels, as described, for the purposes.

Elemer J. Ney, of Lowell, Mass. (assignor to the Lowell Manufacturing Company, of Lowell, Mass.), or a Design for Carpet Patterns.

William W. Stevens, of Portland, Maine (assignor to N. P. Richardson & Co., of same place), for a Design for a Cooking Stove.

N. S. Vedder, of Troy, N. Y., for a Design for a Parlor

Vedder, of Troy, N. Y., for a Design for a Parlor Stove

Leonard W. Volk, of Chicago, Ill., for a Design for Statuette of Stephen A. Douglas.



- W. M. M., of Ill.-We published a series of illustrated articles on artesian wells in Vol. VIII (old series) of the SCIENTIFIC
- F. N. C., of Mich.-We gave the information about soaps on page 3, present volume of the Scientific American, just
- H. G., of Ohio.—The specimen of ore which you have sent us appears to be alumina, and may contain sufficient metal to smelting of it profitable; this, however, can only be
- W. B., Jr., of N. Y .- No mirror can form an image in the atmosphere. Some person must have given you wrong information on the subject.
- W. J., of Ky.-Measure the amount of water that flows from your spring by the rule which we gave in our last number, and you will be able to form a very good opinion whether it will be an object for you to get one of Tyler's wheels, or not.
- F. K., of Pa.—The ink powder which you have sent us is composed of extract of logwood and the bi-carbonate of potash.
- E. H. R., of Mass.—Steam has been applied as a motive power by injecting it into a box containing a wheel, which was thus power by injecting trains a vox containing a wheet, which was thus made to revolve. An engine of this character was exhibited in this city about ten years ago.
- J. W. P., of Mass.—Percussion powder for caps is made with both fulminating quicksilver and chlorate of potassa; the former is the better. It is ground to fine powder with water on a marble slab by a wooden roller; then mixed with equal parts of saltpeterand a little resin varnish, and is thus dropped into a cap. It is a dangerous agent to operate with. You must be very cautious in using it.
- C. W. C., of N. Y.-In making telescopes the glasses are adjusted to each other by practical experiment. They are placed temporarily in a tube, and when the proper positions are found, the places are marked and then the glasses are permanently secured. J. Prentice, No. 66 Nassau-street, will give you practical directions in this matter. He is an old established and respectable

- R. C., of Ill.—You propose to store up power by a windmill by raising weights to a certain elevation, to beafterwards employed when there is not a sufficient amount of wind to operate the wheel. A more simple plan has oftentimes been proposed to as, namely, to pump up water into a reservoir, by a windmill, when there was plenty of wind, then use the water to drive a wheel when there was no wind to drive the mill. In some situations, we might use this plan, and we advise you to adopt it in place of using such a clumsy substitute in the form of elevated weights.
- E. J. of Ohio.—Your directions for cutting elbows for stove pipes would be valuable if we had not already given one that answers the purpose.
- J. R. W., of Iowa.-By a communication in another column you will see that the parallelism of the cracks which you observed in the frozen mud, wasowing to some local cause. It is curious that they should be thus parallel over even a very small
- D. W. B., of Conn.—We think the objections to galvanized iron for conveying water to a house are less powerful than the objections to lead. But we have seen such dreadful effects from objections to lead. But we have seen such dreaming energis from metallic poison, and have found the cement pipes so perfect, that we recommend them in all cases where they can be used.
- J. N. V. L., of Va.-We have received your theory in regard to the aurora borealis and examined it, but we do not believe that it would be as interesting to our readers generally as it is to We suppose men's theories are very much like their children. or their indigestions, matters of interest to themselves, but decided lores to other people. Your theory is as likely to be correct as that of some of the learned savans, and this probability we should estimate, in the present state of human knowledge, at about one in 10,000,000,000
- R. C. M., of C. W.—There are steam gages for measuring the pressure in pounds per square inch in the boiler, but no gage can give the horse-power of the engine.
- F. P., of Iowa. A bill has been introduced into our legislature with a provision similar to the one which you recommend for preventing persons being burnt in the buildings. This plan of iron stairs in the rear, outside, seems to be very judicious.
- D. H. C., of Mass.—We suppose you refer to Shepard's motor. The fall must be sufficient for the water to rise in the pipe by its momentum from the velocity of the current.

  E. B., of N. Y.—The Atlantic cable was very imper-
- fectly constructed, and it was too small for practical purposes. Several patents have been obtained in the United States for submarine cables. We believe that a cable may be constructed and laid in the ocean to operate satisfactorily, but the messages would necessarily be slow in passing.
- C. W. D., of S. C .- Any turbine, set upon a horizontal shaft and revolving with a high velocity, may give out as much power as a common tub wheel, but such an arrangement cannot affect the question of economizing the water, which is the important them with you. We advise you to get the best turbine wheel possi-ble for your fall, irrespective of the conditions of being hung either on a vertical or horizontal shaft.

### Money Received

At the Scientific American Office on account of Patent Office business, for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 18, 1860:—
T.D. C., of N. Y., \$55; L. C. R., of N. J., \$30; D. M. S., of Vt.

T. D. C., of N. Y., \$55; L. C. R., of N. J., \$30; D. M. S., of Vt., \$30; J. B., of Del., \$30; H. G., of La., \$35; I. R. S., of Mich., \$10; S. D., Jr., of S. C., \$30; M. & M., of N. Y., \$30; J. S., of Mass., \$21; G. K. B., of N. Y., \$30; J. C., of N. Y., \$30; I. N. R., of Iowa, \$25; W. & P., of N. Y., \$30; B. W. T., of N. Y., \$25; S. M. W., of Mich., \$25; D. L. M., of N. J., \$55; D. H., of Ill., \$30; A. H., of N. Y., \$30; C. P., of N. Y., \$25; G. W. G., of N. Y., \$25; C. P., of N. J., \$25; F. H., of N. Y., \$25; B. E. O., of Ill., \$35; T. H. G., of Wis., \$33; B. &F., of Pa., \$25; F. F., of N. Y., \$30; J. O. G., of Conn., \$30; W. B., of N. Y., \$30; J. A. H., of Md., \$25; R. H. F., of Pa., \$25; J. C. C., of Conn., \$30; J. W. C., of Maine, \$35; M. M. Conn., \$30; W. B., of N. Y., \$30; A. H., of Md., \$35; R. H. F., of Pa., \$25; J. C. C., of Conn., \$30; J. W. C., of Maine, \$25; M. M., of Md., \$30; D. E., of Ill., \$36; A. H., of Ohio, \$30; M. & M., of N. Y., \$30; J. L. H., of N. Y., \$25; J. T. L., of L. I., \$10; J. B. T., of Ill., \$30; A. & L., of Conn., \$250; J. B. L., of Tenn., \$30; E. C. S., of Md., \$55; G. W., of N. Y., \$55; J. A. C., of Conn., \$15; N. H. H., of Wis., \$20; N. & H., of N. Y., \$55; O. S., Jr., of Iowa, \$25; Eth. O. S., Jr., of Iowa, \$25; 11. 11. 01 W18., \$20; N. & H., OTN. J., \$25; O. S., Jr., Ot Iowa, \$25; E. & D., of Mass., \$20; S. & L., of N. Y., \$30; C. W. R., of Ga., \$30; C. & B., of N. Y., \$30; A. E. D., of Ill., \$25; W. S., of N. Y., \$30; W. G., of Ohio, \$30; G. M., of Conn., \$30; W. H. S., of Conn., \$25; C. P. B. and others, of Conn., \$25; F. W., of N. Y., \$25; W. B. & R. B., of N. Y., \$12; A. B. S., of La., \$55; J. C., of Conn., \$10 : F. T., of Ill., \$30.

Specifications, drawings and models belonging to par ties with the following initials have been forwarded to the Patent Office during the week ending Saturday, Feb. 18,1860:—

Ornice during the week ending Saturday, Feb. 18, 1860:—
F. W., of N. Y.; J. L. H., of N. Y.; W. J. B., of Pa.; G. W. G., of N. Y.; J. P., of N. J.; N. H. H., of Wis.; H. G., of La.; J. N. R., of Iowa; F. H., of N. Y.; B. W. T., of N. Y.; C. & W., of N. Y.; C. P., of N. Y.; G. W. G., of Conn.; J. A. C., of Conn.; J. S., of Mass. (2 cases); B. E. O., of Ill.; H. W., of N. Y.; E. B., of Conn.; J. T. L., of L. I.; S. M. W., of Mich.; G. W. R., of N. Y.; C. B. M., of N. Y. S. B. D. of N. Y. M. S. S. of N. Y. W. B. B. D. of N. Y. Y.; S. B. D., of N. Y.; M. S. S., of N. Y.; W. B. & R. B., of N. Y.; N. & H., of N. J.; R. A. S., of N. Y.; E. C. S., of Md.; C. P. B. and others, of Conn.; W. H. S., of Conn.; R. H. F., of N. J.; J. W. C., of Maine: A. E. D., of Ill.

### Literary Notices.

Literary Notices.

CENTENNIAL BIRTHDAY OF ROBERT BURNS. Edited by
J. Cunningham; published by Lang & Laing, 170 Fulton-street,
this city.
This is the title of a neat little volume containing the oration of
Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and all the cloquent speeches delivered
at the Astor House, by the Burns Club, on the 25th of January, 1859.
It also contains several beautiful poems on the genius of Burns.
Whittaker's tribute is a gen; but towering above them all is the Baltimore prizepoem of Thomas Frazer, a mechanic of Newark, N.J.
It is written in the Scottish doric, with the swing and pathos of a true
poet,

NEW HAMPSHIRE JOURNAL OF EDUCATION. Published

by the State Teachers' Association, Concord, N. H.
We have received the second number of Vol. IV. of this neat publication, and are pleased to see that it is sustained. The mechanical and commercial presperity of the country, as well as the maintenance of our free institutions, depends upon the education of the people. B is altogether the most important interest we have.

#### IMPORTANT TO INVENTORS.

THE GREAT AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENT AGENCY.—Messrs. MUNN & CO., Proprietors of the Scientific American, are happy to announce the engagement of Hon. Judge Mason, formerly Commissioner of Patents, as associate counsel with them in the Prosecution of their extensive patent business. This connection renders their facilities still more ample than they have ever previously been for procuring Letters Patent, and at-tending to the various other departments of business pertaining to patents, such as Extensions, Appeals before the United States Court, Interferences, Opinions relative to Infringements, &c., &c. The long experience Messrs. Munn & Co. have had in preparing Specifications and Drawings, extending over a period of fourteen years, has rendered them profession contents.

paring Specifications and Drawings, extending over a period of fourteen years, has rendered them perfectly conversant with the mode of doing business at the United States Patent Office, and with the greater part of the inventions which have been patented. Information concerning the patentability of inventions is freely given, without charge, on sending a model or drawing and description to this office.

Consultation may be had with the firm, between NINE and FOUR OCIOCK, daily, at their PRINCIPAL OFFICE, No. 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK. We have also established a BRANG OFFICE in the CHY OF WASHINGTON, on the CORNER OF FAND SEVENTIL-STREETS, opposite the United States Patent Office. This office is under the general superintendence of one of the firm, and is in daily communication with the Principal Office in New York, and personal attention will be given at the Patent Office to all such cases as may require it. Inventors and others who may visit Washington, having business at the Patent Office, They are every extensively en gaged in the preparation and securing of Patents in the various European countries. For the transaction of this business they have Offices at Nos. 66 Chancery Lane, London; 39 Boulevard St. Martin, Paris, and 26 Rue des Epreonniers, Biussels. We think we may safely say that three-fourths of all the European Patents secured to American citizens are procured through our Agency.

Inventors will do well to bear in mind that the English law does

Agency.

Inventors will do well to bear in mind that the English law does not limit the issue of Patents to Inventors. Any one can take out a Patent there.

A namely to finformation concerning the proper course to be pure

of limit the issue of Fatents to inventors. Any attent there.

A pamphlet of information concerning the proper course to be puried in obtaining Patents through their Agency, the requirements of ite Fatent Office, &c., may be lisd gratis upon application at the vincipal Office or either of the Brauches. They also furnish a Circular of information about Foreign Patents.

The annexed letters from the last two Commissioners of Patents recommend to the perusal of all persons interested in obtaining latents.

we commend to the perusal of all persons interested in obtaining Patents:—

Messys, Munn & Co.:—I take pleasure in stating that while I held the office of Commissioner of Patents, worktian one-fourth of all the office of Commissioner of Patents, worktian one-fourth of all the best that the public confidence thus indicated has been fally deserved, as I have always observed, in all your intercourse with the Office, a marked degree of promptness, skill, and fidelity to the interests of your employers. Yours, very truly.

Immediately after the appointment of Mr. Holt to the office of Postmaster-General of the United States, he addressed to us the subcoined very gratifying testimonial:—

Messys, Munn & Co.:—It affords mm much pleasure to bear testimony to the able and efficient manner in which you discharged your duties as Solicitors of Patents while I had the honor of holding the office of Commissioner. Your business was very large, and you sustained (and, I doubt not, justly deserved) the reputation of energy, marked ability, and uncompromising fidelity in performing your professional engagements. Yery respectfully,

Your obedient servant, J. HOLT.

Communications and remitiances should be addressed to

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