APPARATUS FOR TOLLING GRAIN.--Wm. S. Widger and Wm. M. Read, Fairfield, fowa.--This invention consists of a rotating iunnel provided with a spouth it may be adjusted to the same fractional portion of the surface of the mouth of the funnel as the fractional part of the grain to be taken, which is arranged so that the grain must pass through it while it is in rotary motion, whereby an amount of grain equal to the fractional proportion of the spout to the funnel is diverted from the main portion and turned into a separate channel.

TRAMS FOR GAGING MILLSTONES.—Thomas R. James, St. Louis, Mo.—The nature of this invention relates to improvements in apparatus for training or gaging the faces of the upper or running stones of grinding mills, and it consists in providing a train brush which may be secured to the stone by the ends of the same being wedged into the recesses provided for the driverhaving a central opening through it vertically, provided with set serews wherein a shaft may be set with its lower end resting in the socket on the bail of the stone, whereby the said shaft may be nicely adjusted to a position exactlyperpendicular to the face of the stone. 'On the upper portion of the said shaft may be arranged a swinging arm which is provided with one or more gage points.

STATION INDIGATORS FOR RAILWAYS.—Elihu Spencer, Ottawa, Canada.— This invention relates to certain new and useful improvements in station indicators for railways, which improvements are more especially applicable to an implement for the above purpose, which waspatented by the present inventor December 21, 1887.

LOCOMOTIVE SMOKE-STACK.-J.A.W. Justi, Savannah, Ga.-The object of this invention is to provide a locomotive an ako-stack with such detailing devices that no coal, cinders, nor sparks, can pass through, and with the escaping smoke, while the draft is not in the least impeded.

GRIST MILL.-Bennet Whitnev, New Brunswick, N. J.-The object of this invention is to so construct a grist mill that the upper stone will be allowed to swing in either direction, and can at the "same time be adjusted up and down; that no meal canescape through an upper opening in the curb; that the whole mechanism can be easily taken spart, without disturoing the bottom of the curb, and that the hopper and its shoe can be arranged on either side of the mill, as may be desired.

ELASTIC ROLLER.—Allen Magowan, Boston, Mass.—The object of this invention is to produce a roller for wring:rs atd other machinery, on which the elastic will not slip on the mandrel, and which will be also durable and soft. The invention consists chiefly in forming an elastic core, by dipping a string into liquid raw india-rubber, and in then winding the string thus saturate i around the mandrel. Thus a strong elastic core is produced, which will not slip on themandrel, especially if projecting arms are formed on the mandrel. The invention also consists in the use of longitudinal tubing for winding the roller on a square handmill.

GRAIN CLEANER.—John E. Anderson, Bolling Springs, Pa.—The object of this machine is to accomplish the cleaning of grain in the most effective and perfectmanner, and with the tewest and simplest arrangement of parts. It consists, in general terms, of a scouring wheel, revolving with high speed encountering the entering grain, and agriating it, thereby thoroughly looseningit from the chess, and cockle, and chaff. The grain is then delivered from this wheel, uppor an inclined screen, when it encounters a blast of airfrom a revolving fan wheel or blower, located within the general frame of the machine, and immediately below the scouring wheel. The screen is not the plane surface heretofore used, but is corrugated in the form of steps running crosswise to the direction of the blast from the fan wheel, so that the kernels of cleaned grain will catch against the corrugations, and be retained from being blown out with the chaff.

LOOM.—A. W. S.lvis, Birmingham. Iowa.—This invention relates to improvements in hand or power looms for weaving cloth, and it consists, first in an improved automatic picker motion; second, in an improved arrangement of harness operating mechanism; and, third, in ar auromatic take up apparatus, whisreby a very nearly uniform tension is maintained on the cloth by means of a weighted take up lever, which is operated by the lay.

TRACE FASTENING.—F. W. Dean, Tremont, I 1.—The object of this invention is to provide a simple, efficient, and easily operated trace fastening. It consists of a link binged to the single tree in such a manner that it will hold the trace from slipping off from the pin in the end of the single tree, and may also be moved away from the pin when the trace is to ,be slipped over the pin.

CARDING MACHINE.-Charles F. Morrison. Rifton Glen, N. Y.-This invention consists n providing carriers to receive the waste that (allsfrom the feeding rolls, main card, and doffor, and carv it to a scipping roller, whereby it is returned to the carding roller sagain and reworked.

HAMMER HATCHET.—T. S. C. fin, Harrington, Maine.—The object of this invention is to provide a simple and convenient tool. It consists of a hammer having short claws, and a socket extension, all of one continuous piece of metal, in combination with a hatchet blade fitted to screw into the upper part of the chamber in rear of the claws. By this construction the hatchet blade is removable at will, or may be turned at right angles to its usual position, to enable the claws to catch the head of a closely ariven nall.

FILTER AND HEATER.-R. R. Fenner, Urbana III.-This invention consists in placing within the heater pieces of cast iron, by the presence of which in the heater the lime, which is in a fluid state, will at a certain degree of beat become crystallized and adhere to the pieces of iron to a great extent. The heated water is then passed through a filter which separates the balance of the lime.

COMPOSITION EOR BURIAL CASES. --J. R. Hathaway, Westfield, N. Y.--This nvention relates to improve nents in burial cases, and consists of an imiproved composition of matter for constructing the same either wholly or in part, or for ornamenting the same.

MACHINE FOR TWISTING JACK BANDS.-J. Collier, Morenci, Mich.-Tbis invention consists of an strangement of rotating hooks and a stationary hook for twisting the yarn, which are automatically thrown out of gear when the yarn has been sufficiently twisted; also a yielding twisting hook to which the yarns are transferred from the stationary hook to be finally twisted to gether.

TWEER.-O.G. Newton Edinburg, Mo.-This invention consists of a ball valve, provided with cavities to receive the cinder, arranged on a rotating shaft having a vertically-adjustable bearing whereby it can be raised and Scientific American.

HAY ELEVATOR.—F. A. Crane, Zanesville, Ohio.—The object of this invention is to facilitate the operation of lifting hay from the wagon and discharging it into the hay mow of a barn. It also consists of a plank or board provided with internal rails affixed on each side of the lower edge of the said plank, and on which a hanging truck and its accessory apparatus travels to and fro. The banging truck is provided with pulleys and rollers, and a catch lever, the latter being so arranged with reference to the accessory parts of the apparatus, that the truck will be beld stationary until the bay is lifted to the proper night, when the catch lever will be fired, and the truck with its supended load of hay will be free to be drawn along the rails to a position over the bay mow into which the hay is to be discharged from the fork.

BEE HIVE.—Benjamin Leckrone, Somerset, Ohio.—This invention relates to several improvements in the construction of bee hives, whereby the entrance of the bees to, and thermovements and operations in the hives, can be perfectly regulated and controlled; and whereby the hive can be more conveniently handled, and will be better adapted to secure the health and comfort of the bees, than any hitherto in use.

HOTBLAST FURNACES.—P. and R. Hoop, Berlin Cross Roads, Ohio.—This invention consists in passing the blast of air to be heated for familing the flame of a pudding furnace through a series of hollow rings placed one above another, in a chimney, the projucts of combistion beneath rising through the rings and the blast circulating in the rings one after another, said rings being connected by means of pipes for the transmission of the air current from one to another, which pipes pass outside of the chimney, and are arranged to be removed and replaced at pleasure.

HORSE HAY RAKE.—Solomon C. Brinser, Mi dlatown, Pa.—This invention consists in locking the head of a horse hay rake by means of a simple toggle arrangement, in such a manner that it cannot rotate to any degree np. in its bearings, but is compelled o bear the teeth steadily forward without change of elevation, as in raking over even ground; also, in converting the beforementioned locking mechanism into an arrangement of parts for tripping the rake head to avoid stones or theroughness of uneven surface, said tripping arrangement being operated by means either of a hand or foot lever.



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- aress we correspondent by mail. SPECIAL NOTE-This column is designed for the general interest and in struction of our readers, not for gratuitous replies to questions of a purely business or personal netwise. We will publish such inquiries, however, when paid for as advertisemets at \$100 a line, under the head of "Business and Personal."
- IT All reference to back numbers should be by volume and page.
- J. M. C., of Pa.-Your suggestion about the use of a current of water passing through a tube to assist in propelling a boat is very old.
- H. F. R.—We know of no good cement that will resist water,
- and which is adapted to join glass and wood, that is at the same time elastic to any extent.
- J. N., of Ala —In our opinion the statement that common salt put into a kerosene lamp, will prevent the explosions which often take place in the use of bad oil, is incorrect,

J. R., of Mo — We advise you to send for Henry Carey Baird's catalogue, of which we give a notice this week. By an examination of the contents of the books as therein described you will be able to make a judicious selection of the books you need.

R. M., of Mo.—The star you see is called Aldebaran. It is in the constellation Tarus—the oull. It forms the eye of the ball as pictured on astronomical maps. It is a star, not a planet. The glass of which you speak will not probably enable you to see the rings of Saturn much less his satellities. You can, however, see interesting objects on the moon's surface with it and also the moons of Jupiter

J.M.D., of Mass.—" Why will a small dry needle float on the surface of water?" Water altaouvh a hquid still bas a certain amount of cohesive force. This force is sufficient to prevent the breaking of the surface by the weight of a small needle provided it be dry and laid very carefully upon the water. 'Wuy will smoke from a locomotive form rings as it issues from the smoke stack in damp weather?" The dampness of the weather has nothing to do with it except that there is apt to be less win a in damp weather than in dry, and the smoke is more apparent. Gaseous volumes puffed suddenly from the mouth of a tube often assume the form of rings, common examples of which are the smoke from a cannon in s still morning, or the rings of tobacco smoke projected from the mouth held in a proper manner.

A. B, of St. Petersburg, Russia, sends us a paper on boiler explosions combaring one of the theories of Mr. Norman Ward -that of un-qual 'emperature.—For a native Russian the letter, written in English, is very creditable, but the ideas advanced are neither new nor useful; they have been more than once published in our columns.

B. C., of S C.—Your theory of belts is valueless. Belts cannot, m anyway increase power. They are only the transmitters of power, and as such, standing between the source and the result, necessary evils.

J. P. G., of R. I.—The amount of surface of a pulley embraced by a belt is not an essential element of calculation in estimating the amount of power it may transmit. A belt that merely implages upon a pulley may be as effective as though it came in contact with two thirds of its circumferential surface.

W. M. L., of Mass., asks if a thread of a pitch eight to the inch would be too "heavy" for a three quarter inch shaft. If he means a bolt to resist a strain or for securing two porhons of a structure, such a grade would undoubtedly detract from its strength; but it might be used in some cases, as for a worm or a feed. A three quarter inch bolt should not receive a heavier thread than ten to the inch. See articles in back numbers of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN relative to the American system of bolts and nuts.

good fit by heating it in a common blacksmith's fire and allowing it to cool? Second, Can a locomotive driving wheel be pulled on tight enough before the tire is on with an inch and one eighth bolt and a $3\frac{1}{2}$ foot wrench, supposing the taper to one sixty-fourth of inch." Answer to both questions No.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

GENERAL PROBLEMS OF LINEAR PERSPECTIVE OF FORM, SHADOW, AND REFLECTION. By S. Edward Warren, C. E. John Wiley & Son, No. 2 Clinton Hall, Astor Place, New York city.

We have before bad occasion to refer to the publications of Mr. Warren, and his abilities as an instructor, and always favorably. His published opinions are received throughout the country as decisive, and his books are the textbooks of the student who desires to become acquainted practically with the principles of the science and the practice of the art of geometry. In this, his latest volume, Mr. Warren has fully sustained the characteristics of his former publications and laid our students under additional obligations. Whatever he does, either as an instructor or writer, he does well, and he has already made his name the synonym for exactness, as his labors as a teacher have made him successful.

THE TROTTING HORSE OF AMERICA; How to Train and Drive Him. By Hiram Woodruff. Edited by Chas. J. Foster, of Wilkes' Spirit. J. B. Ford & Co., Printing House Square, New York city.

All who ever drove or owned a horse, or witnessed a tribl of speed with any gratification whatever, will be interested in the book whose title we have given above. To R soert Bonner, we are told in the dedication, oelongs the credit of instigating the reparation of the papers which form the boly of the book, the reminiscences of Mr. Hiram Woodruff, whose opinion on horses is received as authority the world over. Mr. Bonner has offered another proof of his interest in that noble animal, the horse, beside his purchase of the fastest trotter in the world, by his suggestion of this collection of Woodruff's instructions and reminiscences. A very hie-like and correct vignette of the great horse trainer embellishes the volume. All who are interested in horse flesh should procure this book.

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lowered to be rotated for the discharge of the cinder, and also for regulating	B. F., of Tenn.—Stone drills should not be finished by the	For sale—barrel machinery, nearly new, for whiskey and coal oil barrels. Address postoffice box 290, Cincinnati, Ohio.
the passage of air to the fire. PEACH BASKETHenry Carpenter, Brooklyn, E. D., N. YThis invention		
consists in a novel manner of securing the bottom in the basket.	chisels are sometimes so prepared. The practice is, in either case, not to be recommended. The grindstone is the proper tool for the purpose.	Exeter, N. H.
CURTAIN FASTENING FOR CARRIAGESEphraim Shepard, New York city		Portable pumping machinery to rent of any capacity desired,
This invention relates to a new and improved curtain fastening for carriages, whereby a curtain may be readilyfastened and unfastened, and be firmly se-	plates; bencephotographers use deep yellow glass through which to ad-	and pass sand and gravel without injury. Wm. D. Andrews & Brother,
cured in position when in a fastened state.	mit light into their operating rooms. Glass is the best material for the sen-	414 Water st., New York.
SULKY CULTIVATORP. R. Totten, Adams, IllThis invention relates to	sitizing bath.	Adams' air cylinder graining machines for painters and all
a new and improved sulky cultivator for cultivating crops grown in hills or	T. D. of N. J.—The bouyancy of your immersed buckets is	manufacturers of painted ware. Machine guaranteed. Send stamp for cir-
drills. STIRRUPJohn Bond, Versailles, Ill. The object of this invention is to	thesame whether open or closed; their position has nothing whatever to do with the force with which they seek the surface.	cular to Heath, Smith & Co., 400 West 15th st.
provide an improved stirrup with an oscillating bottom that shall be more	W. J, of NebraskaNo experiments yet tried give data for	For descriptive circular of the best grate bar in use, address
agreeable to the rider, and which will, in case the rider is thrown from the	an answer to your query. An exp-riment made with a special view to de	Hutchmson & Laurence, No. 8 Dev st., New York.
horse, readily open and disengage his set. It also consists in providing a swinging toot piece so connected to the pendant straps as to become discon-	termining it would be of value. You can easily try it for yourself, and we should be glad to learn the result.	N.C. Stiles' pat. punching and drop presses, Middletown, Ct.
nected when by any cause they are spread outward sufficiently, and for	W. W., of Ohio The substances used for rendering clothing	Prang's American chromos for sale at all respectable art
which purpose they are made sufficiently flexible.	water-pro f, are eicher ordinary oil paint, or varnish, very liable to crack,	stores. Catalogues mailed free by L. Prang & Co., Boston.
WATER HEATING APPARATUS J.C. Ryan, Chicago, Ill.—The object of this invention is to provide an apparatus for heating water and circulating the	or what is much better, india-rubberdissolved in benzine. For this pur- pose pure rubber is required. Some other processes are used, but would	For breech-loading shot guns, address C. Parker, Meriden, Ct.
same to obtain the greatest amount of steam heat or hot water from the fire	not be available to you, as they are either kept a secret, or are expensive	
of an ordinary stove. It is designed more particularly for shop and household	J. D. C., of Mo.—" Can the bearing of a shaft of wrought iron	
use, though it is equally applicable in situations where it is desirable to econ-	5% inches in diameter, if found to be turned slightly too small, be made a	references. No foaming. No injury. 12 years in use. Imitamens plenty