## MANOFACTORING, MINING, AND RAILROAD ITEMS.

English Railways now run smoking cars on allpassenger trains.

Houston, Texas, claims that she is destined to be the great railroad center of the South.

Cleveland istrying the experiment of concrete pavement between the rails of her horse rail ways.

The Egyptian cotton crop is reported for this year as  $400,\!000$  bales, against 250,000 for last year.

A quarry of stone, said to be equal to the best French burr for millstones,

has been discovered near South Pass in Southern Illinois.

North Germany has now six iron clads, carrying in all seventy guns. Its entire navat force is 563 guns.

Pennsylvania has 4,311 miles of railroad ; Obio 3,398 miles ; New York 3,345 miles ; Iilnois 3,224 miles. In 1860 Pennsylvania had only 2,509 miles.

The North American says a project is on foot to effect steam communication by water between Ohio and the Gulf of Mexico. at Mobile, passing through the Tennessee river past the Muscle Shoals, and connecting with the Coosa river by a steam canal thirty miles long.

Three hemp cables have just been completed at the Chatham dook yard for the British navy each twenty six inches in circumference, one hundred and one fathoms long, and weighing 13,000 pounds.

The Philadelphia North American says the Union Pacific Railroad is forwarding ninety car loads of construction material to the end of the track daily. A large number of snow piows have seen placed at convenient distances is the mountains ready for use.

Before the war nearly 2,000 men were employed in various occupations in the Norfolk Navy Yard, while at the present time the number does not exceed 400.

The Haitford and New Haven Railroad Company are erecting gates on each side of the railway crossing on Mainstreet, Meriden, to prevent loss of life and property, which his herto have been constantly endangered.

During the first half of the present year France in ported raw cotton to

the amount of 230,384,1851., more than half of which came from this country The exportation amounted to 39,461,604f

The manufacture of smoking pipes in France has followed the ever-advancing increase of tobacco consumption, and represented in 1867 upwards of fifty-two millions of france.

The deep-sea dredging expedition, in which Dr. Thomson, of Belfast, and Dr. Carpenter and son, of London, were engaged, is reported as having been generally successful. Some new species of submarine animals have been discovered.

Ten cars of the Atlantic and Grat Western Railway were destroyed by fire recently. The fire was caused by an explosion in the forward car which is supposed to have contained nitro-glycerin. The engine was completely demolished, and the engineer seriously wounded, and the fireman slightly hurt. Thecars were loaded with flour and pork. A house, a quarter of a mile from the wreck, was demolished by the concussion.

## Becent American and Loreign Latents.

Under this heading we shall publish weekly notes of some of the more promine; thome and foreign patents.

STEAM BOILER.—John L. Thomas. Alliance, Ohio.—This invention consists in indicating the hight of water and the steam space by a revolving dial wheel operated by a chain and float, the motion of which wheel also operates a cock in the feed-water pipe, so as to control the quantity of water which is admitted into the holier.

Horse Hay Rake.—Geo. C. Sbaler, Gilboa, and Harry Barlow, Herbert, N.Y.—Thisinventionrelates to a new and useful improvement in borse hay rakes, the object of which is to rake and dump the hay or grain in heaps without scattering, and at the same time to keep the teeth of the rake clean and iree from being clogged or chocked.

FANNING MILL.—George Richards and David Strickland, Richland Center Wis.—This invention has for its object to improve the construction of fan ning mills, so as to make them more convenient and effective in operation

HAME FASTENER.—Wm H. Payne, Janesville, Wis.—This invention has for its object to furnish an improved hame tastener, simple in construction, durable, easily attached and detached, and which will hold the hames securely fastened.

CALORIC ENGINE .- H. D. Wallen, Jr., Fort Columbus, New York city .-The object of this invention is to provide a hot air engine which will work with better results than those heretofore made. The general features of the invention consistia the employment of two parallelcylinders, each cylinder being provided with air-heating chambers at each end. The cylinders communicate with each other through suitable ports opening from the heating chamber of one cylinder into the adjacent heating chamber of the other, and these ports are provided with valves, the timely operation of which is ac complished by suitable valvegear. The pistons are made by means of any suitable "lost motion" devices to move and rest alternately; one piston be ing at rest either at the top or bottom of the stroke, while the other piston is making the stroke towards the resting piston. This action allows time for the air to be received into and heated in the air chambers at either end of the cylinders, which is a prominent leature of the invention. Another advantageous feature is obtained in the utilization of the excess of pressure in the first cylinder to assist in actuating the piston of these condor auxiliary cylinder, whereby the expanded air of the first cylinder escapes into the second heating chamber and by its pressure assists to actuate the second piston to make its stroke while the first pision is resting.

HEATING ATTACHMENT FOR STOVES.—John Norris, Mount Pleasant, Md.—This invention is an improvement upon the "Ten-plate Stove," and consents in constructing one of the oven doors of the same with a bay, from the top of which projects a short tube or collar, which conveys heated air to the upper apartments of the house, by means of suitable pipes, and also, when the pipes are removed, serves for certain cullinary purposes.

WATER AND STEAM VALVE AND CYLINDER.—Richard Gornall, Baltimore, Md.—In this invention the cylinder valves are worked by the direct action of the live and exhaust steam, without the intervention of tappets, eccentrics, cams, or any other device outside of the steam chest and cylinder.

FOLDING CHAIR.—Asabel C. Boyd, Grafton, Mass.—The object of this in vention is to construct a simple, cheap, and light chair, which or n be instantly folded into a very small compass, for convenience in packing, transportation, etc.

Soldering Furnace.—Conrad Seimel, Greenpoint, N. Y.—This invention consists in a mechanism in which solder may be heated, and provided with an arrangement for supporting vessels in a convenient position for applying solder.

HEATER.—C. S. Doolitell, Mansfield, Ohio.—This invention has for its object to improve the construction of stoves, furnaces, and other heaters, in such a way as to utilize a larger proportion of heat than its possible with heaters constructed in the ordinary manner.

GRAVE MOUND.—Jonath an Meley, Trenton, Tenn.—This invention has for its object to improve the construction of grave mounds, so as to make them ornamental, and especially so that the mound may not be disfigured by the

CHURNING APPARATUS.—Edward J. Moore, Westfield, N.Y.—This invention has for is object to improve the construction of the improved churning apparatus patented by the same inventor April 17, 1868, and numbered 76,497, so as to make it more convenient and effective in operation.

ANIMAL TRAP.—Wilson McClure, Sinking Spring, Ohio.—This invention hasfor its object to fu nish a simple, cheap, and effective trap, by means o which the animal may be killed when caught.

COMPOSITION FOR BUILDING BLOCKS, PAVEMENT TILES, ETC.—Samuel E. Carr, Danville, Pa.—This invention has fori's object to furnish an improved composition for forming building blocks, pavement tiles, and for other similar curposes, which shall be cheap and durable, forming a hard and permanent structure.

LOCKING JOINT FOR HORSE HAY FORES.—C. A. Howard. Pontiac, Mich —
This invention relates to improvements in locking joints for horse hay forks,
and has for its object to provide a more simple and convenient locking joint
than any now in use.

PACKING CAN.—N.P. Lindergreen, Boston, Mass.—This invention relates to improvements in packing cans, the object of which is to provide cans of the bestformfor packing, which shall at the same time be strong and durable.

MATCH COMPOSITION,—Wm. H. Rogers, New York city.—This invention relates to the use of new materials or ingredients for composing fection and other matches, whereby the match is made selfigniting and combustible throughout its whole length, and whereby the match is made dexible and may be coiled like cord or wire in a small space.

LINE HOLDRE, -D. W. C. ucMaster, Southborough, Mass. - This invention relates to a device for holding clothes lines, cords, or ropes used for other purposes.

EVAPORATOR.—James Taylor, Canton, N. Y.—This invention relates to the evaporation of sap for making maple sngar, for evaporating the juice of the sorghum for making sirup or sugar, and of salt water in making salt.

COMBINED SQUARE AND BEVEL.—E. B. Foster and John G. Witt, Elmira, N.Y.—The object of this investion is to furnish on one arricle (or tool) a combination of various useful tools which are indispensable in the mechanic arts.

Joint or Seam for Sheet-metal Boxes.—E. A. Thomas, Philadelphia. Pa.—This invention relates to a new and improved joint or seam for joining the edges of the piece of sheet metal, which forms the body or main portion of a box or can. Theo jectofthis invention is to obtain a side seam or joint which may be made very expeditiously and perfectly tight.

FENCE.—J. M. Chaplin, Middleport, N. Y.—This invention relates to a new and improved fence of that class in which the projects are at a had to wires. It also relates to a new and improved manner of straining the wires and in attaching the pickets ther to.

HAY FORK.—C. H. B. Kellogg, Tontogany, Ohio.—This invention relates to a new implement to facilitate the handle g of bay, and it consists in expanding and contracting books, or times attached to a central movable rod.

WATER WHEEL.—Gardner Cox, Pierpoint, N. Y.—This invention relates to a new and improved water wheel, of that class which are secured to a vertical shaft and consequently rotate in a horizontal plane.

DUMPING WAGON—G. R. Sreath and C. H. Sneath, Wilmington. Del.—The object of this invention is to provide a simple and effective dumping wagon. It consists, in general terms, of a wagon body, or box, arranged to tip backwards on a trumion shaft, having bearings in the bed frame properly supported upon spriegs, together with other devices, the said bed frame being braced and provided with devices for relieving the trunnion shaft from the weight of the body or box when the latter is in its horizontal position on the bed frame.

AIR SPRINGS — Tack-on Corriston, Sandusky City, Onio.—This invention relates to improvements in air sorings for use on railroad cars, or for any other purposes for which they may be found useful. It consists of springs composed of a series of concave perforated sneet metal diaphragms, arranged in pairs reversely to each other, united together alternitely at their outer and inner edges, and joined together at each end to concentre disks, and provided with an interior guiding tubes cured to one end, and a plung er secured to the other end, which works in the said guiding tube, the two serving as a guide for the proper action of the spring while in use, and to prevent a collapse of the same if an opening should occur through which the airshould escape. It is also provided with a valvefor admitting air and for closing to prevent the escape of the air after the spring has been filled.

PUMP.—C. H. Dreyer, Nashville, Tenn.—This invention relates to improve ments in pumps, the object of which is to provide an improved double actuage nump.

FEEDING ROLLER FOR EDGING SAWS.—E. C. Dicey, Montague, Mich.— The nature of this invention relates to improvements in feeding rollers for edging saws, and other similar purposes, whereby it is designed to counteract any tendency of the saw to draw the board out of a straight course.

PLOW.—M. Berdan, Maumee city, Onio.—This invention relates to a new and improved means for attaching a subsoli share to an ordinary plow, whereby saidshare may be adjusted higher or lower as desired, and held very firmly in position when adjusted.

MACHINE FOR TURNING BROOM HANDLES.—G. M. Morrow, Clarksville, Ohio.—This invention is a machine for turning broom handles or other rode that require to be tapered, and consists in the employment of cam wheels, which compel the action of the bits together, with other devices perfecting the whole

WAGON BRAKE.—Simeon R. Bolton, Prescott, Wis-—The object of this investion is to provide a simple and efficient braking apparatus for vehicles.

BABY JUMPER.—Charles Rich, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—The object of this invention is to construct a baby jumper, so that with a simple apparatus it can be adjusted conformable to the weight of the child, and so that the child can be placed therein securely, that it cannot full off its seat.

VISE FOR STRETCHING TELEGRAPH WIRES.—Geo. M Thompson, Boston, Mass.—The object of this invention it to construct a device for stretching telegraph wires, so that persons on poles can, with out one hand, apply the instrument and stretch the wire, while with the other hand they can hold fast to the pole

OPERATING PUMPS.—Charles W. Hoyt, South Norwalk, Conn.—This invention relates to a new and improved means for operating pumps and is more especially designed for those cases where the power cannot be conveniently applied in close provimity to the pump.

CASTIRON PIPE CORE.—John Euright, Louisville, Ky.—This invention relates to the construction o cores used in from foundries in the manufacture of castiron pipe, and it consists in forming the core of from or other metal and in such a manner that the core is made so as to be expanded and contracted.

LEACH TUE.—Wm. Banzatt, Brooklyn, E. D., N. Y.—This invention relates to a new manner of securing the cover to a standing leach-tub, and consists in the u-e of an elastic packing strip, interposed between the edg. of the tub and the cover and of a series of hooks Pivoted to the tub by which hooks the cover can be securely clamped upon the tub, yet so that it can be, easily removed when desired.

CAME MIXER.—James Lafetra, New York city.—This invention consists in the use of two fingered stirrers, suspended from the cover of a tub, one of the stirrers being stationary and the other rotating; the stationary flugers project upward from the lower bar of a yoke, while the rotating flugers project downward from a cross bar that is attached to a shaft, having the bearings in the cover. The rotating fingers pass between the stationary fingers and keep the contents of the tub well stirred.

VISE.—John C. Crumpton, Philadelphia, Pa,—The object of this invention is to provide a wrench which may be constructed more cheaply and which will be more durable and convenient than those now in use. It consists in the arran emet of the front jaw, bed pi ce, and shield for the screw in one piece, also in the arrangement of the sliding jaw in connection with the said bed piece and saleld and also in the method of adjustably connecting the way to the beauty.

GAITER BOOTS.—W.H.H.Babbitt, New Corner, Ind.—This invention relates to an improvement in gaiter coots and is confined to the fastening of the gatter around the ankle and to the parts connected there with, whereby the fastening is rendered dur ble and the inkle is properly supported.

STEAM GENERATOR.—V. D. Anderson, Milton, Wis.—The object of this invention is to provide a simple and economical steam generator for domestic

DEVICE FOR UNLOADING HAY.—Joseph Backus Greenvale, Ill.—This invention relates to a device for unloading hay from wagons, if upon stacks, and consists in the constriction and arrangement of a derrick, which can be used for the purpose of transferring the bay from the wagon, and in a new device for holding the hay while the same is being transferred from the wagon to the derrick.

BUCKET FOR CHAIN PUMP.—Orrin O.Witherell Lewiston, Mc.—This invention relates to an improvement on that class of chain pump valves, in which a tubber or other elastic plate or ring is clamped between two metal plates, and the invention consists in the use and arrangement of a screw by which the parts are held together.

## Answers to Correspondents.

CORRESPONDENTS who expect to receive answers to their letters must, in all cases, sign their names. We have a right to know those who seek information from us; besides, as sometimes happens, we may prefer to address the correspondent by mail.

SPECIAL NOTE.—This column is designed for the general interest and instruction of our readers, not for gravitous replies to questions of a purely business or personal nature. We will publish such inquiries, however, when paid for as advertisemets at \$1,00 a line, under the head of "Business and Fersonal."

All reference to back numbers should be by volume and page.

J. T. R., of Pa.—Eggs may be preserved by packing them in salt, pickling them in brine, or varnishing them by a solution of gum arabic in warer. The best way is to apply the solution first, and then pack them in salt. The package should be frequently turned to prevent the yolk from settling to one side of the shell.

H. B. L..of Mass —"Why are rubber diaphragms not adapted to water meters?" Such diaphragms are used, and we have never heard any objection made no their use, except want of durability. Those who use them state that they will last well, provided they are not required to perform much work in the driving of valves etc.

W. H. M., of Pa.—Hollow mills or cutters used for turning studs or stems which cannot be swung in a lathe, are frequently split in hardening from the neglect to drill a small pin hole through one side to the bottom of the drilled cavity to permit the escape of the steam generated in the process. Give this chance for escape and the milling tool will not crack.

A. B. T., of Mass.—You are wasting your time in filing and draw-filing your turning tools. First, because no file finish a ill stand har ening, tempering, and work, so well as a grindstone finish, and second because a good tool forger ought to make a tool so that it would require nothing but the grindstone.

M. S. P., of Pa.—Wenderoth, the distinguished photographer of your city, makes a varnish suitable for preparing photographic prints to receive colors.

H. C. D., of Mass.—In the proper use of the mouth blowpipe the air is very little viriated by passing through the mouth. Of course the purer the air, the hotter the flame will be.

C. H., of N. Y.—We decline your communication on the use of sulphuric acid in photography. The suggestions it contains are impracticable. We publish this week an article on lithography. We know of no work that treats of the subject in full, as the art is now conducted,

C. W. M., of N. Y.—To coat iron with zinc or tin, clean with dilute sulphuric acid and a scratch-orush. Wash thoroughly, and immerse it in melted zinc or tin. When tin is used dust the iron with sal amoniac before immersion.

J. H. P., Conn.—A pipe filled with water, having its upper end closed and the lower one open, will not retain water if its diameter is so great that capillary attraction will not keep the fluid column from braking. Neither will water be retained in the long leg of a siphon having the end of the shorter leg closed when the diameter of the pipe is too great. The maximum diameter at which this effect may be obtained varies with the material of the tube and the nature of the fluid. When the tube is of glass, and the bore is about one-tenth of an inch, water will be retained unless the tube be smeared with some substance which repels water. When thus retained, the force which keeps the water in the tube, is chiefly the pressure of the atmosphere upon the exposed end of the fluid column. A column of water cannot be sustained at a hight exceeding 34 feet at the level of the sea.

## Lusiness and Lersonal.

7 he charge for insertion under this head is one dollar a line.

For Blanchard's spoke lathes, address Exeter Machine Works, Exeter, N. H.

Portable pumping machinery to rent, of any capacity desired, and pass sand and gravel without injury. Wm. D. Andrews & Brother, 414 Water st., New York.

The zoetrope the most wonderful and amusing optical in strumentever invented, is for sale by nearly every bookseller.

Adams' air cylinder graining machines for painters and all manufacturers of painted ware. Machine guaranteed. Send stamp for circular to Heath, Smith & Co., 400 West 15th st.

Water powers for sale, 90 miles from New York, on railroad, Will take interest in manufactory in part payment. H. Stewart, Stroudsburg, Pa.

Wanted—machinery to spin and weave cotton and wool, new or 2d-hand. Address, with circular and price list, A. O. Williams, Marcella Falls, Tenn.

Peck's patent drop press. Milo Peck & Co., New Haven, Ct.

Second-hand engine lathes, and one upright, used but little, for sale cheap. Hutchinson & Laurence, 8 Dey st., New York.

For descriptive circular of the best grate bar in use, address Butchinson & Laurence, No. 8 Dey st., New York.

Manufacturers wanted to build Ball's Ohio reapers and mowers. For terms and territory apply to J. A. Saxton, Canton, Ohio.

For sharpening all kinds of woodsaws, beyond anything heretotore known, inclose 50c., and address E. Roth, New Oxford, Pa.

Millstone-dressing diamond machine, simple, effective, and

durable. Also, Glazier's diamonds, diamond drills, tools for mining, and other purposes. Send stamp for circular. J. Dickinson, 64 Nassaust., N.Y.

 ${\bf N.\,C.}$  Stiles' pat. punching and drop presses, Middletown, Ct.

For sale—the patent right, in Great Britain, for perforated saws The manufacture of these saws is now firmly established in the United States, and they are rapidly taking the place of all other solid saws. Apply to J. E. Emerson, Trenton, N. J.

Prang's American chromos for sale at all respectable art stores. Catalogues mailed free by L. Prang & Co., Boston.

For breech-loading shot guns, address C. Parker, Meriden, Ct.

Winans' anti-incrustation powder, 11 Wall st., N. Y. 20,000 references. No foaming. No injury. 12 years in use. Imitations plenty.