tight for any legth of time Instead of a great thickness of argilacenus material, called puddle, which is not always at hand, and only applied with great la bor and expence, the bed of the canal would have to oe ined with Seyssel asphalte to the thickness of about one inch and a quarter.
The application of asphalte to canals would doubtless help to keep the water they contain in a pure state, and do away with that stagnant mud in which water weeds of the coarsest description flourish and impede the progress of the barges, while it in hot weathrr gives rise to foetid emanations as soon as the water sinks a little below its highest level.
For this purpose the artificial asphalte, which is nothing more than gas tar mixed up with calcareous srit and eand, would not be found adequate, as it cannot be expected to afford a durable $n \mathrm{r}$ an even sur'ace The necessity of employing narural asphaltefor thi» and other purposes, instead of various artificial mistures intended to imitate it, has been recenily insisted on by an eminent engineer, who states that economy and durability are "only aesured when the asphalte has a natural source like that shipped to London in large quantities from the mines of Pyrimont Seyssel, in the Jura mountains." These mines have been worked by the Seyssel Asphalte Company since the year 1838, the perind at which the Jate Captain Claridge introduced their product to Ea. gland, and are still, we understand, far from being ex hausted. - Scientific Reviero.

## Electric Clock in London.

A remarkable clock has been erected for public use at the top of the offices of the Liverpool and London and Globe In. surance Companies, at the junction of Cornhill and Lombard streets, where it forms one of the most conspicurus objects to be seen in the city. The Mechanic's Magazine contains the following description of it : "The object of the Electric Clock Company, by wh m it was erected, was to make the 'glober' do duty as a clock face; some of its convexity has, therefore, been sacrificed, but the result is a novel and beautiful object, the interest of which is only excereded by its utility. The globe is surrounded by gilt stars which indicate the hours, and by the shape of the dial so much light is thrown upon them that they are visible by night and by day, while the pointers con tribute greatly to the general eff cet of the design. The clock requires no winding uo. The dial is illuminated by Schaeffer's patent double burners; and by an ingenious apparatus the gas is turned off every morning and evening two minutes earlier and two minutes later every day as the days are lengthening or shortening, and it is adjustable as well for the toggy days of November as for the light nights of summer."

The Chinese Woman's Telegraph.
During the recent visit here of the Chinese Ambassadors, one of them stated in seply to the inquiries of a physician, that it was not customary in China, except among the lower classes of the perple, for the doctor to see or tnuch female patients. In order to ascertain the pulse of the sick woman, a strinz is tied around her wrist and extended outside the window to the doctor, who holds the string between thumb and finger, and by this sort of telegraph is enabled to count the pulsations. Thie seems a ludicrous plan; but it is far less mischievous than our custrm of admitting men doctorto the private apartments of remales. The ouportunities for the medical education of women in this country are yearly increating; avd we hope the day is not far distant when the ladies will be able to rout the men from the sick room, and compel them to stand out in the cold, under the window sill. In China only women nurses attend during child-birth.

## Charcoal Crucibles.

Mr. Gore communicates th the Plilososplical Magazine an excellent way of making charcoal crucibles, etc. He first shapes the articles out of wood, and he finds that lignum vitre, kingwood, ebony, and beech answer best. Atter the vessel has been formed, rhe wood is carefully dried in a warm place The articles are then enclosed in a copper tube retort having two exit tubes for the escape of gas. This retort is heaved siowly at first, and finally for some time to bright rednrss, to coct pletely carbonize the wooden vessel. It is necessary, Mr. Gore says, to turn the retort continually, and so distribute the beat, that none of the tarry matter evolved may con dense upon the articles; otherwise, he tellis us, tbeir shape
and dimensions may be curiously altered. The heating is to be continued until no mare gas is evolved, and care must be taken not to heat too ranidly, or the article will fall to pieces Charcoal made in this way from lignum vitæ is remarkably hard, and the testure is so close as to make it apparently quire impervinus to liquids; even after immersion in the strongest hydrofuoric acid the surface aad no acid taste. Rods mate of this ligoum vitæ charenal, conduct electricity admirably, and would probably, Mr. Gore says, ans wer well for pencil for the electric arc.
Forty Mlles of Snow Sheds.-The Pacific Railrnad Com pany are now engaged in erecting sheds over the cuttings and other exposed points. They are of heavy timber framework, with pointed gable roofs, and look as if they could withstand almost any pressure of snow. Nearly forty miles of the track will have to be thus covered, and the quantity of timher required will be enormous. Not less than twentytwo saw-mills, m"st of them worked by steam, are run night find day, employing nearly two thousand men; and yet tiey do not work up to the needs of the Cumpany. It is estimated that it will require no less than eight hundred thousand foet of lumber to construct a mile of sheds So great is the
demand that the country on both sides of the track is being demand that the country on both sides of the track is being
rapidly denuded of its forests.

## ©ditarial stumary.

White Gonpowder. - A correspondent writes us upon the subject of wuite gunpowder. The drift of his communication seems to be that it is not suitable for blasting. We agree with him that it is too costly, and makes too much moke, which is annoying to miners; but we can scarcely see
how our article, which was intended to be a general revit o of the subject, as discussed in scientific journals of this and other counties, could justify the opinion that we supposed it adapred to mining or quarrying. We even tonk ground against its use for heavy artillery, and only admitted the possibility of its adaption to small arms. The fact that it is apt to explode, during the operation of tampins, is to be interred trom the directions we gave for its use, and its cost should be compared only with that of fine gunpowder, and not with carse and cheap blasting powder with which we had no intention of comparing it
Recipe for Tomato Ketchip.-Remove the skins by pouring scalding water over the tomatoes in a pan. Simmer the fruil. at least one hour (a longer tine will $n$,t injure) using suffi ient water to keep from scorching. When cool wring the mass through a piece of coarse cotton or line cloth wet in coid water. To each gallon of liqu.r add 2 table spo nstul whole black pepper, one-third teawpoonful of pure cayenne pepper (ground), and 1 tablespoonful of cloves. B il the whole until reduced one-third. Add 2 tablespoonfuls fine salc to every gallon while hot, and whea cold strain out the spice and bottle. No vinegar is ustd. Will keepfor years but if scum rises at any time re-bsil and add a little more easoning.

The British Patent Office.-In 1867, 2,284 patents were passed, and 2253 specifications were filed. 2,528 a pplicati ins or Letters Patent lapsed or were forleited by neglect to proceed for patents within the six months of protection. The fees received in the year 1867 (by stampa) qmounted to $£ 112$, 843. The fees paid to the Attorney.General and Solicitor General, and their clerks amounted to $£ 11,115$; and the salaries and expenses of the office, compensation annuities, printing, and other expendirure, with the payment of the revenue stamp duty of $£ 20,820$, lett a surplus income for the eur of $£ 42,840$. The Commissioners-the Lord Chancellor, Master of the Rolls, Attorney-General,,and Solici tor-Generalor the Patent

Life in the Sea.-Two well known naturalists, Dr. Car penter and Professor Thomson, of Belast, are engaged in a dredging ex oedition, to the westward of the Faroe Islands, This aill decide the question whet her there are living creatures in the deepest parts of the eea. Eminent authorities the late Professor Edward Forbes among others, according o Chambers's Journal) have maintsined that the pessure a the lower denths was too great to allow of existence being carried on-that there was not sufficient light-and that the water contained too litule air.
The velocipede is suggested as a substitute for the horse or the rapid transportation of infantry. Celerity of move ment is the devideratum; for it is a maxim that the strength of an army, like the power in mechanics, is estimated by multiplying the mase by the ra,idity. Now, as to comparaive speed. Recently, in France, there was a race between a velocipedist and a horseman for a distance of fortt-ive miles, when the, latter won by only twenty five minutes, a'ter a run of six hours. It is stated that but for a head wind that blew all the time the machine would have won. Imagine a bidy of troops moving on the enemy mounted on the velocipede It would be a great sight.

The proposition bas been made to make a canal across Southern Michigan to c innect Lakes Michigan and Erie, and thus save the grain laden vessels eastward bound a voyage of about 400 miles whech they are now oblged to make around the southern penin uula of the Wolverine State. An other proposition of a similar nature is a canal through Canada connect ing Lakes Huron and Ontario. Both are said to be feasible, and the latter can be accomplished, the engineers
think for $\$ 40,000,000$. This, hocever is think, fer $\$ 40,000,000$. This, however, is not so important as the route from Lake Michigan to Lake Erie, as but a small proportion of the commerce of the lakes extends to Lake On tario.
It has long been contended that steel boilers never could be used, not being sufficiently tenacious. But this theory has been badly damagrd by some recent experiments at Pitts. burg when 2 steel boiler has withstood the most pressure hat could be brought to bear uvon it. The b iler is made of two plares of No 3 steel,, 7 inch thick, 6 fret long, and 38 inches in diameter. It has been subjucted to several tests. the 10 th trial giving it a pressure of 725 pounds to the square inch. Experiments on it continue, but up to this writing ressure has been able to burst the buile

Wounds by the Chassefot Rifle.-Experiments bave recently been made at the camp of Lvons on the bodies of dead horses, with the view of ascertaining the preciso character of the wounds produced by co ical bullets diechargen rom the Chassepot mu-k.t? It is said that the a aerture made by the prij-cile at the moment it penetrates the flesh is columonly no larger tban ordinary pea, but that the $r$ tay movemenc of the ball revolving on its axis gradually enlarges its circles until it makes a hole into which a person could thrust both fists.
. The foreign exports of petroleum, from the United States, rom January 1 to $S$ ptember 12, bave been as follows, for he gears indicated: 186867921.290 gallons; 1857,41949, 820 gallons ; 1866, 39.792,292 gallons ; 1865, 12.680,524 galnns. Received at New Y rk. f'om January 1 to September 12; 1868, 692,029 barrels ; :867, 792,507 barrels.

A new Ruseian invention is a letter-box, so contrived that when a letter is de oosited, it gives the depositor a ticket in exchange, sho "ing tiue date when the letter was put in the box. We are not informed whether the $G$,veram $n t$ is ex. preted to assume any responsiblity not already assumed in regard to the sate de'ivery of letters. If not, what is the invention worth?

Cattle Plague in Russia. - The cattle plague is making great ravages in the governments of Patbof and Norgorod. The disense has also made its appearance in the environs of St. Petersturg and M scoow. One of the Russian papers remarks that the cattle plague will do more mischief in the empire than a thousand Polish insurrections.

Under the Ming dynasty, in Ghina, paper money issued y the government is inscribed with the hint that it must be received as coin and that whoever refuses to so receive it shall have his head cut off. There is no premium on gold or discussion as to how the curreacy shall be redeemed, in China.
An Albany mechanic has invented a process of manuacturing paper boxes by pressing the pulp in mulds. They come out fit for immediate use, and can be made quicker and cheaper than from the board.

Earthquake at Gibraltar.-There has lately been au arthquake at Gibraltar, the first which occurred for many years. Two distinct sbocks were felt, but it dues not appear that any seriois damage resulted.

A man in Lgnn, Mass., a few days ago made fifteen pairs of ladirs' gaiters in less than ten hours, making seven dollars and 6 fify cents. This is the greatest feat known to be accomplished by any shoem tker.

Prof. Whittlesfy has di-covered evidences of the residence of man at the High Rock Spring, Suratoga, just 4,840 years ago, or about six centuries before the deluge.

## MANOFACTORING, MINING, AND RAILROAD ITEMS,

From January 19t to Sentember 1st, this ye $r$, the receipts of lumber at ChiThe Detroit Car Company have a contract for 200 platform cars for the nion Paclitc Ra: iroad.
The Society of Arts, Londnn, has oficred p -izes forthe best improved mods of railway meat- vans, milk-vans, and milk-cans.
The earings of western railroads, as shown in the oflcial reports, indicate large increase in therr business.
Toe cost rf the iron bridge to be erected by the Union Paeific Railroad :ompany
of dollars.
The first woolen mill built in Minneapolis, Minnesota, was the North Star Woolen $M 11$ erected in 1864. It is of stone, seventy by ifly feet, and four tor ies high.
Two bond
Two bonded yaras for railroad Iron have been established at Detroit for we iccommodation of thie Grand Rapids and
who are receiving large quantitiess from anro ${ }^{2}$ d.
are
There bas been a large falling off in the business of ship-bullding in Maine een the case at Bato, only seven ships of 1,200 tuaseachhave been built this been the
year.
There
 48,000.

## The Taunton Machioe Company is to huild a pulley for its own uae which,

 will be 30 reet in diAmeter. andTh re are ten factories in st. Louis engazed in the manufacture of hide. covered saddetrees which ar" princip Hy sola in New Yurt, Newark and
Philadelphia. The wood used 18 mortly Hackourry and sycunore, which is Yry $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{ff}$ when green and easily worked but which hardena very fas t .
Mount Vista, about ten miles from saratoga, a bluff rising directly from Tome tible land to a hight of 500 feet, isfoundto be composed of a pure white Blenite granite, equalor superior $t$, any E Estern grauite Yor manumantal or wha grata so tue that aner dressing An iron mountain, tive miles long and two hundred feet high, has been
found in Cobden, Inl. It is wirhin three miles of the Ilinois Cencral Ranlroad nd a large p at of the and belongs to that corporation. Tue iron crops out all along the ridge and is of ex rra purity.
The Sc. Louls oridge over the Mississippi is expacted to be completed by
the summer of 1,71 and the St. Louis mer" hanats are anxiunily the summer of 1.71 , and the St. Louis mer:bants are ansiunily awaiting the day. Now it coststhem twelve cents a barrel to send flour 1,500 yards across
the river, wbile it coss only twenty cents a barrel to send it to New Orleans, the river, wbile it
1,200 miles below.

## 1200 miles below.

The Government machine shop at Charlestown Mass., has just completed in the world It will plane an Uuted Slates, and they thin $k$, the largrst and tweisity feet high. Oae of the D-d plec s welghs over torty tuns. Seth Wilmarth, the masier machunist of the yard, was the desiguer.
It is only fourteen y ars ago that a grand excursion was made to St. An-
thong's Falls, on the completion of the Chicago and Rock Islana Railroad, in celebration of the finished rallroad conntction of the Atlantic and the Mississippl, and yet to day, there areno less that twenty-live rallroads that
strike that ine that great river betwe.n St. Louls and St. Paul.
The grasshoppers were so thick on the Missouri Valley Railroad track as
cause the wheals to slip and delay the moranag train cwo hours on the 11rh cause the wheels to slip and delay the moraug train two hours on the 14 th trick to make the wheels bite.
The Reaning Railroad Company own 16.355 cars ot all kinds, and 268 locomotives. Were, these all placea in one line upoa th: track they would caske up a train forty miles in length. The gre itsse ista ice Vet rul by any engine
the comoany bas been accouplisited by the engine Atlas, which has tra ot the comoany bas been accouplistued by the engine Atlas, which
eied 63,000 miles, or about anieen 'mes tae earth's circumier ance.
Lynn bas shlpped 35,800 cases of shoes during the past three months slimhty in excess of last year's shipment. The total number of pairs in
this immense pils would be about $2,148,000$, and the aggregate value $\$ 2$, this im
s64,000.

