The Advantages of a Stove-pipe Hat.-Every reformer and most of our writers have something to say condemnatory of the stiff high crowned hat and advocate the soft felt hat as a substitute. While the Hon. Charles Sumner was recently inspecting a sleeping car on a Michigan railroad the train suddenly started. 'This threw him forward and he struck the ground with his hat, damaging that article considerably, and inflicting a slight injury on his head and face. Had Mr. Sumner worn a felt hat, his head instead of its covering would have sustaincd serious injury. The stove-pipe hat will undoubtedly have one distinguished advocate at least after this.
Texpile from Hop Vines.-Another discovery in the field of terile material, is that of a Belgian, who has shown that a second, most valuable, and heretofore useless product, can be furnished by the hop vine. After the hop blossoms have been gathered, the stems are steeped like hemp; when this operation has been completed the stalks are dried, beaten with a wooden beetle, and then the threads coms off easily. After carding and working in the ordinary way, a very strong cloth is oltained. The thickest stalks also yield the material for several kinds of rope.

Where the Money Goes.-A letter from a lady in Paris, just received, says: "Never will so many Americans be in Paris at one moment agann ;" and she added, " what a deal of noney they leave. I know some New York and Western ladies who have bought such quantities of laces. Every lady who comes to Paris must buy a real black lace shaw and silks. One lady bought twenty thousand dollars worth gentleman, on his way to his Western home, takes fifteen gentleman, on his way to his W
trunks filled with laces, silks, etc."
The Spectrum Test.-So delicate is the spectrum test in determining the presence of certain metals that it is possible to recognize in this way the 1-60,000th part of a grain of potassa or baryta; the $1-1,000,000$ th of a grain of lime or strontia; the $1 \cdot 60,000,000$ th of a grain of lithic, and the $1-160,000,000$ th of a grain of soda. Dr. Letheby, a distinguishecd London chemist, has detected by this means the presence of blood in the stains of linen which had been laid a way for seventeen years.

How to Preserve Eggs.-In 1791, Wm. Jayne, of Shef field, Eugland, obtained a patent upon the following method which he averred would preserve eggs in a good and fresh condition for two years or more :-Keep the eggs in a compound made of 1 bushel quick lime, 32 oz. salt, 8 oz . cream of tartar, with cnough water to form a misture so that an egg will susim with its top just above the liquid. If any of our readers should test this simple method we should be glad to hear the result.

For Poliming Steel.-A German engineer states tha oxide of chromium is the best substance for polishing steel. The article can casily be prepared by heating bi-chromate of potash to redness. It is also used for painting on porcelain. One equivalent of chromic acid is reduced to oxide of chromium, and on well washing the residue of the ignition neutral chromate of potash is washed away and the oxide is left behind.

Colomisg Woolen Yarn.-An agricultural exchange as serts that yain, plain or mixed, can be colored a firm blue, even superior to that attained with indigo, by mixing common purslane (portulaca sicracea) macerated fine, and boiled for some hours with logwood chips, in the proportion of a half bushel of the former and quarter of a pound of the latter. Two ounces of alum is used as a mordant for every pound of wool.

The Age of Invenion.-It appears from the records of the Patent Ofice, that in 1864 the number of applications for patents was 6000 ; in the following year the number increased full fifty per cent ; in 1866, 15,000 applications were filed, and this year will probably increase the number to 25,000 . The number of cavcats filed last year was twenty-seven hundred, and ihis ycar there will be upwards of four thousind.
How to Remove Foul Air fiom Wells.-Ebenezer Robin son, of Philadelphia, Pa., suggested, in 1793, a very quick and sirople method oi removing foul air from wells, cesspools, etc. Ile says he found the plan to succeed even where the air was so bad that neither flame nor life could be supported. by means oî a large bellows, inject fresh air

The Mod Crop of Paris. Among the many economies of municipal administration in Paris is the sale of the yearly "mud crop." In 1823 this yielded only $\$ 15,000$. It now brings $\$ 120,000$, and when left for some time in rotting tanks is sold for manure, at the increased valuation of $\$ 600,000$. If we could but make the mud crop of our American cities equal ly profitable!
Multum in Parvo.-A very neat and convenient article in the rbape of a pen holder has been introduced to the public by the Riorse Eraser Company, of Philadelphia. It combines with a pen hoider of ordinary shape and size, a pencil sharpener, craser, aid burnisher. Add to it a penkni
be easily donc, and the article will be complete.

The New Planet recently discovered by Prof. Peters, of Hamilton College, N. Y., and at very nearly the same time by Prof. Tietjen, of Berlin, makes up the full number of these heaverly bodies now known to one hundred The name of
Undina has been given to the stranger.

A PARTY of capitalists recently visited Marsh,s Railroad, (an illustrated description of which was published in this paper before the enterprise was commenced), which is being built on the summit of Mount Washington, and a new company has been organized, fixing the capital at $\$ 200,000$. The Giant's Grove is being graded previous to erecting a large hotel on it, and the turnpike has been completed from that point to the railroad at the foot of Mount Washington. A point to the railroad at the foot of Mount Washington. A
little over a mile of the railroad has been constructed, and it little over a mile of the railroad has been construct
is expected the balance will be finished next year.
The Maritime International Exhibition, which is to be held next year at Havre, promises to be interesting, as it will certainly be in many circumstances novel. The idea of it was suggested by the circumstance that the marine productions and ebjects connected with them have necessarily been only partially represented in the Champ de Mars. There are to be three classes of subjects: navigation and life-saving apparatus; various articles of commerce and manufactures; and matters connected with fishing and pisiculture. The whole is to be under the very highest patronage.

The establishment of a National School of Mines is to be proposed in Congress at the coming session. It is estimated that $\$ 10,000,000$ per annum may be saved by the adoption of a better system in the working of our ores.

Wr regret to hear of the death of Prof. McGauley, connected with the Scientific Review, the organ of the Inventors' Institute, Londón. Professor McGauley resided for a time in Canada, and his friends there will regret to learn of his death.

IT is said that the only fruit which grows in every climate is the strawberry. It is the only fruit which somewhere on the earth is picked every day the year round.

## THE NOVEMBER METEORS.

According to programme, the expected meteoric display came off early in the morning of the 14th inst., and so far as numbers are concerned, Prof. Loomis, of Yale College, pronounced the exhibition more remarkable than the one our European neighbors were favored with one year ago, and but
little inferior to that seen in the United States in 1833. Reasoning from shower thirty-four years ago,-as we mentioned in our last issue,-astronomers confidently predicted this meteoric exhibition, and arrangements were made in most of our observatories for making systematic records of the shower. During the greater part of the night the task of mapping down on star charts the course and exact time of appearance of solitary meteors, was an easy one; but towards morning their appearance became so frequent that the observers ceased their efforts to time and map them, and only counted. The authority above quoted states that at New Haven the shower reached its greatest magnitude at 4.30 A . M., over five hundre 1 being then counted by one observer in an hour. And as one individual can watch but about one-sixth of the hemisphere, according to the usual method of computation, 3000, at least, were at this time visible in the whole heavens, and without doubt, twice that number actually came within the feld of vision, but were eclipsed by the superior light of the full moon. From all parts of the country, have come reports of the beauty and brilliancy of the shower. Even the inhabitants of our Pacific States wit nessed it, although, of course, it reached its full grandeur at an hour much earlier than with us. The display was not visible in England, or on the Continent.
The time when the shower attained its greatest brilliancy was, in this section, two hours later than that given by Euro pean observers of last year, and next year the display, if there be any, will not begin until ten o'clock A. M., Washington time, and will, therefore, be seen only in the Pacific Ocean.

## MANOFACTORING, MINING, AND RAILROAD ITEMS.

The Foxdale mine in the Isle of Man, is already one of the rienest lead an Alver mines in Great Britan; but its value has been very much increased by name discovery of an ore hitherto unknown to exist in that country. The name of ther
of silver.
A steamer has left Havre, having on boarda largenumber of French loco motives, consigned to Russia. The report that the Creusot works had re
ceived an order for eighty locomotives-a report which has been freel ceived an order for eighty locomotives-a report which has been freely
published by our exchanges-itappears is a little premeture, the affair not as yet being definitely concluded. The pecunlary assistance proposed to be af forded by the Russian government this yea
struction in that empire, is about $\$ 15,000,000$
White cbrome ore is found in Hanover,
White chrome ore is found in Hanover, near Gettysburg, Pa., which yield from Havre de Grace, to Sheflleld Eng., to be used in the cutlerv establish ment of that place.
The first sleigb-bell ever made in this couptry was manufactured at Cbat-
ham, Conn., in 1780 , and that town still retains a monopoly of this business. In the city of Dresden, albumenized paper is manufactured at the rate o upwards of 6,000 reams per annum, a quantity that would suffice to prin
more than $120,000,000$ cartes more than $120,000,000$ cartes $\alpha e$ visite. The whites of $2,000,000$ eggs are annually consumed in preparing this paper the yolks of which, are used by tanners tor
preparing the finer kinds of leather. After preparation, the paper is carefull assorted, and from ten to fifteen per cent is rejected for photographic purpos es but is used by Dresden printers for color printing.
The Inventors Manufacturing company established one year at Tcrryville Conn., operate the largest shears and scissors factory in the country,
turned out last year about 60,00 dozen, worth from $\$ 600,000$ to $\$ 700,000$. The "Lake Shore" railway lines between Buffialo, Cleveland and Toled are about to consolidate with the Michigan Southern on the one hand and with the New York Central on the other, thus placing the whole route under
one board of management. If effected, this combination will represent some $\$ 150,000,000$ of railroad capital.
At the head of Tluyder Bay, on Lake Superior, two veins of native silver have been discovered; one seventeen the other
one of them extending somethree or four miles.
Savoy. One quarry has a depth of oo teet and a anrface of at least 24,00 Savoy. One
square yards.

The exports of iron and steel of British manufacture from the United Kingdom has undergone a wonderful expansion of late yeare. In 1847 these ex.
ports amounted to 550,000 tuns; in ten years this incressed to $1,500,000$ tuns. ports amounted to 550,000 tuns; in ten years this incressed to $1,500,000$ tuns.
Comparing 1866 with 1844 there is an increase of no less than 206.38 per cent. Last year appears to have been the best twelve months on record in valuation of exportations.
The Spanish journals state that the small-arms manufactory at Placentia is
working night and day, executing an order given by the French Government working night and day, executing an order given by the French Government
for muskets of the new pattern. A French agent is on the spot, and has of fered a premium of 30 reals for each Chassepot delivered betore the time stipulated.
The failure of the great house of Decoqueville, whose iron founderies are to be sold by public auction on the $30 t \mathrm{t}$
Paris Exposition on French trade.

 Self-Setting game Trap.-Alfred Wilkin, McConnelsville, ohio.-This invention has for its object to furnish an improved trap which shall be dur-
able, cleanly, entirely free from the odor of animals, requiring little care to keep it in working order and capable of destroying large numbers of animals at one setting.
Bolt Fastening.- V. Lapham, El Paso, Mll.-This invention has for its ob ject to furnish an improved fastening for thill coupling bolts, clevis bolts, and other pivoting bolts which will hold the bolt securely in place a
which can at the same time be easily and quickly attached and detached. Which can at the same time be easily and quickly attached and detached.
Lasfr.-James Lee, New York city.-This invention has tor its object to furnish an improved lamp so constructed and arranged as to guard against
explosion by preventing the undue heating of the upper part of the onl res. ervoir and at the same time to guara against the lamp's being broken should it accidentally fall.
HAy Rafe and Tedder.- J. M. Law. Portlandville, N. Y.-This invention
has for its object to furnsh an improved attachment for hay rakes by means of which hay may be shak and stirte conveniently and thoroughly.
Levkling Attachment for Stram Hartesters, etc.-Benjamin F Cook, Olema, Cal.-This invention relates to a new and improved leveling
attachment to be applied to steam harvesters and other agricultural imattachment to be applea to steam harvesters
plements which are mounted on wheels for the purpose ot keeping the main frame in a horizontal position in its transverse section when the machine is passing over inclined ground. The invention consists in interposing be-
tween the backaxle of themachineand the bolster aboveit a wheel having its rim beveled or made inclined and connected with a windlass or capstan In such a mannerthat the wheel may be turned with facility and the main the wheels onwhich the machine is rounted are passing over inclined surfaces.
Hoisting Apparatts.-A. F. Crosman, Steamer Ossipee, North Pacific
Squadron, U. S.Navy.-This invention is desigued to facilitate the hoisting of small boats at the sides of ships and other vessels. The invention consists in a novel arrangement of the davit tackles whereby the tackle of both a single rope, The invention further consists in a novel means for releasing simultaneously both ends of the boat from the hooks of the tackle blocks when the boat is lowered so as to reach the water and thereby prevent the
capsizing of the boat a contingency of not unfrequent occurrence when the capsizing of the
water is rough.
Drying attachanent for Paper-rdiing Machines.-R. J. Groshans, Buffalo, N. Y.-This invention consists in applying to paper-ruling machines be rapidly dried and the paper under the influence of the blast generated by the revoling fan bemade to drop evenly into the box or receptacle prepared to receive it.
Composiror's Copy Holder.-P.A. La France, Elmira, N. Y.-This invention relates to a new device for holding the manuscripts on printers' type cases and consists in the arrangement and construction of a platform
which rests on suitable supports providei for that purpose on the type case and which can be easily moved laterally on the said type case to enable the compositor to reach allthe types,
Machine for Upserting, Cotting and Punohing Iron.-J.J. Rose
Eluwood, ml.-Thas invention has for its object to improve the construction of the machine patented by the same invention $\Lambda u g .1,18 \grave{j}$, and numbered 49,158.
Belt Fastrening--David Wigger, New York city.-This invention relates to a new belt fastener which is so arranged as to be easily opened, and
which, when closed, can be securely locked, and which is ofgreat strength which, when cl
and durability.
Fisheoor.-A. I. Lenhart, New Brunswick, N. J.-This invention relates to a new and improved fish hook of that class which are provided with a
spring, a catch or fastening, and one or more supplemental hooks, which spring, a catch or fastening, and one or more supplemental hooks, which,
when the fish seizes the bait, are released and spring so as to penetrate the fish and secure it. The invention consists in a novel construction of the de vice, or the arrangement of the parts, whereby the capture of the fish, when
thelatter nibbles or seizes the bait, is rendered almost certain, the latter nibbles or seizes the bait, is rendered almost certain.
Bleachivg Paper Stock.-S. T. Merrill, Beloi, Wis.- This invention has
for its object the bleaching of paper stock in a more economical manner for its object the bleaching of paper stock in a more economical manner
than hitherto, and consiots in subjecting the slock to the action of cllorine than hitherto, and consists in subjecting the slock to the action of cllorine
gas while the former is undergoing the process of commmution in what is gas while the former is undergoing the process of communution na
known as the "rag engine," or the stock agitated ina close vessel.
Railway Traveling Hook.-Wm. R. Oatles, Rochester, N. Y.-This in
vention relates to a new and improved hoois by which travelers in rallwa cars may suspend any hand luggage from the liat racks over the seats. The invention consists in connecting two hooks to tother by a swivel joint, one other hook of such size that a strap, string, or cord may be readily suspended or fitted upon it,
Combined Chmney and Ventilator.-A. S. Whittemore, Willimantic, Conn.-This invention consists in combining a chimney or fine with a ven-
tilator in sueh a manner tlat the compartments of a building may be thoroughly ventilated and the chimney or fiue at the same time rendered per fectly fire proot.
Paprer Reling Maceine.-Edmund A. Warren, Brooklyn, N. Y.-This in
vention ention relates to a new and improved machine for ruling paper, and it con sts of a rotating cylinder provided with nippers to grasp and hold the
sheets of paper to be ruled, and also provided with adjustable cams, the above parts being used in connection with a pen beam, and all constructed nd arranged so as to operate in a perfect manne
Mower and Reaper.-A. W. Tucker, Waxahachie, Texas.-This invention relates to a new mower and reaper, which is made adjustable so th at the
cutting apparatus can be set to a higher or lower level, and so that it can be thrown out of gear at pleasure; an endlessapren is arranged directly in rear of the cutting apparatus, to receive the cut straw or grass, which can be dis able intervals.
Punching Machine.-Morris Seiferth, Morristown, N.J.-This invention relates to a new punching machine, for perforating plates or for stamping or
notching the same, and consists in the euse of a a automatic cleaner, by whic the plate, after a hole or depression has been punched, is lifted off' the lowe stationary punch, so that it can be easily adjusted upon the same, for the punching of the
Hocse Ventilator.-Robert Boyd, Evansville, Ind.-This invention re and public buildings, whereby the fresh air from the outside may be convey and public buildings, whereby the fresh air from the out
ed inside, and the vitiated or foul air escape therefrom.

Bridie Bit-A.H. Rockwell, Harpersville, N. Y.-Th's invention relates Bridie BrT-A. . Rockwell, Harpersville, N. Y.-Th's invention relates
to new briale bit, which is an improvement on the ordinary four-ring bit, and which las on a flexible mouthpiece two sliding bars, which are con-
necteci with a nose strap or tace piece, in such a manger that by puling the reins the said bars will be forced together, thereby pressing with great force against bohn sides or the upper jaw of the borse.
VACUUM AIR ENGINE.-J. Fi. Cameron, Pittsburgh, Pa.-The object of this
invenion is to form a vacuum by the expansion of air by heat and by other Invention is to form a vacuum by the expansion of air by heat, and by other
appliances, by which the piston of a working cylinder may be driven by the appliinces, by which the piston of a working cylinder may be driven by the
sinaple pressure of the atmosphere, and power obtained thereby fordriving machinery or other purposes.
SCasew Driver.-T.D. Voorbees, Easton, Pa.-This invention consists in
making a portion of the crdinary screw driver just below the handle of a making a portion of the crdinary serew driver just below the handle of a
round torn, and placing upon it a loose ferrule or thimble. Rotary steanengine.-Edwin Chapman, Rochester, Minn.-This invention relates to a cercain useful improvement in the class of steam engines
known as yotary engines, and it consists principally in the manner in which known as notary engines, and it consists principally in the manner in which
the abutiments are operated, and in the manner in which the steam is dis. the abotimients are operated, and in the manner in $\mathbf{w}$.
charged with the cylinder, and exhausted therefrom.
Chisese Press.-E. J. Crane, La Porte, Ind.-This invention relates to a are made self actin method of the invenstrion consistsing arranging two levers with are made self actinn, and the invention consistsin arranging two levers with
suitathe supports in suck a manner that the cheese presses itself when properly arranged upon its table.
Combined School Desiand Seat.-J. P. Scott, Lewisburg, Pa.-This inveition relstes to an improvement in the construction of a school desk, com-
bined with a seat, and consists in such an bined with a seat, and consists in such an arrangement and combination of
parts that the seatand the desk may be separately adjusted in hight to suit partst that the seat and the desk may be separately adjusted in hight to sul up when not in use, and to be compact and out of the way when desired.
Machind for Curting Paper Stocs.-Abijah L. Knight. Baltimore, Md.In this inveution the rags are fed to a vertically cutting knife, by means of a imparted.
Car asle.-Samuel S. Burt, Marquette, Mich.-In this invention the axle
boxes are fixed to a stout iron yoke, the ends of which pass over the wheels. Giacia wheel runs on a shoort axle, independently of all the others. Gold Separator.-Wm. C. Stiles, Nevada City, Cal.-This invention is an
improved in incrument for panning or separating gold from earth. It consists of aninclined vibrating table, having a series of tpannings, screens, and counter inciines, arranged along its surtace, and operating in connection with
gentle streams of water fed to it from different points above it.
LATCH FOR GATES.-ATC.-Mark J. Bria;Oxford, Ind.-This invention con-
sists in a novel arrangement of a lever latch for gates, etc., whereby a sists in a novel arrangement of a lever latch for gates, etc., whereby a
person tuay open the gate from either side, without reaching over the
tonp of tue samc. thp or tue sunc. Latil for moons, ElC.-Edward King, Taunton, Mass.-This invention
consists in a novel connection between the latch and handle, or knob spindle, vicreby the action of the latch is made free and certain, and the same
are rendered more durable. are rendered more durable.
SKate.-George W. Shearer, Crown Point Center, N. Y,-This invention
consists in a novel manner of connecting the runner or consists in a novel manner of connecting the runner or blade to the foot
rest or block of the skate, through an arrangement of springs and levers, rest or block of the skate, through an arrangement of springs and levers,
whereioy an easy and elastic movement is imparted to the skater, and also of so grooving the under surface of the runner as to combine all the advaintages of both a plain and grooved runner.
Hand Dice Box.-Justus E. Zender, New York city.-This invention con-
sists in making a hand dice box of metal, and of lining any hand dice box sists in making a hand dice box of metal, and of lining any hand dice box
with fcltecloth or its equivalent, whereby the same are made stronger and more durable, and whereby the noise occasioned by the shaking of dice is
partly diminished, or prevented altogether. partly diminished, or prevented altogether.
Device for Supporting and Fastening Window Sashes.-Amos Cut
ter, East Boston, Mass.-This invention consists in an attachment for the tcr, Enst Boston, Mass.- This invention consists in an attachment for the
sash or window frame, so as to be susceptible or being brought against the wincow or sash frame, as the case may be, with a greater or less amount
of torce, by the simple turning in or out of a thumb screw, or its equivaleat.
Valise or Traveling bag - N. Groel, Newark, n. J.-This invention
consists in an application to the corners of the leather consting consists in an application to the corners of the leather constituting the sides
of the jag or valice, of metallic corner pieces. in such a manner as to partly of the jag or valise, of metallic corner pieces. in such a manner as to partly
stifien and strengthen the same, and thus to increase their wear and durastifien
biility.
Tag Holder.-A. Grushus, St. Paul, Minn.-This invention consists of a
holder made of spring wire, in a pecuuliar shape, whereby a tag may be holder made of spring wire, in a pecuuliar shape, whereby a tag may be
fastencd to and detached from the cloth, or other material, with great facility.
adjustafle Watch Key.-J.s. Bircb, New York city.-This invention has tor its object to furnish an improved key for wa
ail justed as to fit any wateh, whether large or small.
Atrachinener for Dooss.-C. J. Fisher, Waukon, Iowa.-This invention
has for its oliject to furnish an improved attachent las for its olject to furnish an improved attachment for doors, which will
prevent the knob or latch from injuring the wall, which will hold the door prevent the knob or latch from injuring the wall, which will hold the doo
seeurety in ayy position to which to may be opened, and which will also se cureiy fasten the door when closed.
Sash FASTENFR.-George Brosius, Ranch's Gap, Pa.- 7 'his invention relates
to an improvement in sash fasteners. The breaking of window weight cords to an mprovement in sash fasteners. The breaking of window weight cords,
the diflicultv and annoyance of putting in new, and the rattling of the guillotine window, have stimulated the invention of various devices dispensing
with the sash weights and providing for the locking of the sash, and to this on belongs.
Self Acting Sleigh Brake.-C. Gardiner, Esperance, N. Y.- This inven.
tion relates to a self-acting sleigh brake, and consists of a cross bar carrying two bent levers, one on each side of the sleigh ; hinged in each lever is pawl, which catches on the ice or snow when the cross bar is forced back The bar is operated by means of a connecting rod, secured to a sliding on the tongue or pole, a
suitable manner.
Shemp Trougii.-Trank Ketcbam, Monongahela City, Pa.-This invention relates to an improved sheep through, and consists in
constructed that one trough is al ways dry and clean.
Railhoad Supsrgtructure.-J. A. Marwell, Savannah, Ga.--This inven
tion relates to an improvement in railroad superstructure, and consists in tion relates to an improvement in railroad superstructure, and consists in a
combination of the cross-tie and stringer systems of laying the rails, whereby the adyantages of botil are secured.
Toiacico Prass.--T. N. Reed. Danville, Va.--This invention relates to an
improved tobacco press. It consist of a box of iron, or some other suitable improved to bacco press. It consists of a box of iron, or some other suitable
matcrial, in which are two false sides, or boards, movable within the box frame in the direction of a line at right angles to their planes.
Qulliting Frame and Cloteess Horse - G. A. Mallory and J. J. Fish. Ox-
ford, N. Y.-The nature of this nnvention consists in constructing a frame so arrangel as to be adapted equally to use as a quilting trame and a clothes norise, and capable of adjusument for either purpose, as desired.
Carpenter's Square.-O. H. P. Robinson, Belfast, N. T.-The object o
this invention is to enable carpenters and builders to lay out the mortises in this invention is to enable carpenters and builders to lay out the mortises in
framing houses with dispatch and accuracy. It consists in making a slot in framing houses with dispatch and accuracy. It consists in making a slot in
the main bar of the square, for scribing the mortise directly within it, intead of meas
Yofe for Grain Elevator.-Eliza Jane Jewell, Brooklyn, N. Y.-This invention !elates to $a$ new manner of constructing and arranging the sliding
oke of a grain elevator, and consists, first, in making the yoke of cast iron nstead of wood, as has heretofore always been done; and second, in the us adjustable guides between the yoke and the wooden frame, whereby unqualitics arising from the e

Punoh and Shears.-J. C. Jordan, Watertown, Wis.-This invention re-
htes to a machine wherein sheet iron and other metals can be cut or punched, as may be desired, and the invention consists in so shaping the main lever of the machine that it will at the same time force down a punch, br a cam, and
operate the shears, one of the blades of which is secured to the said lever. operate the shears, one of the blades of when
STRAW CotTER.-Hiram Parks, Athens, N. Y.-This invention relates to a straw cutter in which a curved knife is usea, and is sechred to a with the same facility with which the usual machines cut a small quantity. blaceina brish - Chas. A. Faret, Nashville, Tennessee.-This in endles relates to an improved blacking bruah and consists in passing an endless
elastic band crosswise through four staples upon the back of the brush stock

Machine for Shaping and Pressing Hoods.- Solomon and Henry Squire Monson, Mass,-This invention relates to a machine for shaping and pressing hoods and consists of hollow metal block of the required shape into which
a heater is inserted or the same may be heated by a gas jet or lamp. This a heater is inserted or the same mid way between two uprights which work in grooves in the side of the frame and are surmounted by a yoke piece sup-
ported by springs a jointed presser is suspended loosely from the center of ported by springs a jointed presser is suspended loosely from the center o
the yoke by an adjustable suspension rod and metal lip overlapping the the yok
plates.
Coltivator. - M. Barnett and Eli Wood, Hardinsburg, Ind.-This inven tion has or its object to furnish an improved cultivator, so, eonstructed and
arranged as to run lighter, be more durable, and less liabre to get out of order than the caltivators now in common use.
Washing Maching.-Allan Neilson, Allegheny City, Pa.-This invention relates to a wasling machine in which two or more corrugated conical roll ers, which are secured in such a manner in a swinging frame above a flex ble washboard, that their axes cross each other, while their under surfaces
are with their whole length on the said board, so that by oscillating the said are with their whole length on the said board, so that by oscillating the sai
frame, the rollers will rotate on their larger diameter and silp on their small er end, and will thus at once beat and rub the clothes to be washed.
Friction Clutch'and Polley.-C. D. Palmite, Oswego, N. Y.-This in
vention consists in the employment of a pulley fitting loosely upon a shaft vention consists in the employment of a pulley fiting loosely upon a shaft
and driven by a belt from any suitable power, in combination with an elbow shaped friction lever, may, by the saia wedge, be pressed against the inner circumference of the pulley rim, thereby connecting the pulley with th Exarar
Ezcavator or Ditchinng Mafine,--Isaac V. Adair, Variok, N. Y.-This ly for use in removing the earth from ditches after it has been loosened by ditcling plow.
Precil holding attachaent for Carpenters Compasses.- W. G Inlegass, Philadelphia, Pa.-This invention relates to a device by which car ever desired so that the said pencil can be applied in a convenient manner while heretofore the pencil had to be tied to one of the legs of the compas by means of a thread or string.

## Antwors to $\mathfrak{C o r r e s p o n t a n t s}$.

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All reference to back numbers should be by volume and paqe.
G. A. D., of Me.-"How can stains be removed from soap stone and the polish renewed?" It depends on the nature of the stains.
If grease, soap will remove them. R. R., of Canado " Do you coatglassfor making mirrors; Ihave heard of cheap a thing being used in
Europe?" We kno w of no process or material cheaper the employed.
J. K. B., of Canada, desires to know the value of "magnetic or black sand," large deposits of which have been discovered near his
place of residence In renly we would state that the black band ore isin high repute for facility of reduction. The ore in the United States varie
so greatly in quality that its mining is attended with uncertainty.
L. A. L., of - "Is there any fluid or solid substance
through which a magnet will not attract ?" None known. S. A. G., of Ind., wants to know what glistens
bits of found in large masses. He asks, also, what to put in his platin? solution on vour boots and have it bright without brushing or burnishing; neither can you deposit metals bv thegalvanic battery and have the coating brigh H. C., of Mass.-The "skivers" or knives used by curriers in dressing the fiesh side of skins have no edge similar to that of an ordi-
nary cutting tool. The edge is quite "stunt," or of a short bevel, and the nary cutting tool. The edge is quite "stunt," or of a short bevel, and the
feather eage is turned by a steel"-a round spindle $\rightarrow$ so that it forms an feather eage is turned by a sif if not quite $880^{\circ}$. There is much art and ex
angle with the blade of nearly if not
P. McC., of N. J., says that mill picks should not be drawn at the edge, but should be forged thick and drawn back of the edge, the F. G. W., of Mass., asks several questions relative to steam engine vacuums, condensation, pressure of the atmosphere, etc., all of Which can be more readily answered by a treatise on natural philosophy
or the life of James Watt than turough these columns. We respectfully refer him tom engines.
A. F. F., of Ill., asks if he can construct an annealing furnace for sheet brass and do the work properly by means of an endless grate, or
a grate attached to an endless apron. We see no reason why the plan is not practicable.
J. N., of Pa., asks for a rule to set the heads of a lath when it is designed to turn a taper, the length of shaft and degree of taper being given. He offers for an example a piece one foot long the taper to
be half an inch; "how far should I set the head from the taper line ?" If the taper is to reach from end to end of the shaft the head should be se
over just one quarter of an inch, in all cases one half of the taper require over just one quarter of an inch, in all cases one half of the taper required
But it may be he makes no allowance for the space taken up by the dog We know of no absolute rule perfect under all circumstances. The ex perienced eye is the best rule for ever varring cises, always keeping in
view that foreveryquarterinoh the tail isthrown over double the taper
is given, etc. machine which he thinks will work, and asks us to Fublish it. We prefe
to wait until we receive some account of a machine actually at work. have piles of thesesuggestive and conjectural letters on aerial navigation not one of which seems to us at all practical.
A. Ga, of Fla., replies to J. H. S., of O., that he can harden his cultivator plow without springing by chalking it well upon both sides E. B. Y., of Pa., asks " what acid or other substance will separate the carbon from carbonic acid or carbonic oxide so as to leave
the oxygen only ?" The intormation, if we could qive it, would be acce table not only to E. B. F., but to the scientific world at large. We regre that we share in the universal ignorance of any means of accomplishing
this end.
F. R., of N. Y., propounds a series of questions to which we reply: 1 st ; The article sold by druggists under thename of benzine is de rived from petroleum, and is identical with naptha. 2 d ; Common petroleum
or burning oil is better than benzine for preserving sodium. 3 d ; Napthaline is a solid camphor-like substance, found in gas tar. Gasoiine is one of the most volatile liquid products of petroleum. 4th; Albumen is preserved on
a large scate by drying. 5th; The atomic weight of oxygen is 16; the large scaue by drying. sth; The atomate weight or oxygen is 16 ; the The inference you maydrawis that itsmeritthave been over stated. 7th
Fressenius' Anaylysis and Miller's Chemistry are among the best authoriFressenius' Anaylysis and Miller's Chemistry are among the best authorities on chemistry.
E. C., of N. Y., referring to the instance given in our issue of the 16th inst of a piece of wood having imprinted itself upon a bar of iron states that he noticed recently in Fitchburg, Mass., a granite boulder, upon which was a representation of the bottom or end or a post which had been
standing upon it for a number of years, the impression being about one standing upon it for a number of years, the impression being about one
sixteenth ofan inch deep. He calls upon some correspondent for a satis factory explanation of this singular fact.
Inquirer" calls for some table giving the percentage of alcohol in the various liquors, wines and brandies, more reliable than that
of Brande, which is usaally found in the books? Any suci table can be of Brande, which is usaally found in the books? Any suci table can be
only correct for particular samples, the percentage varying with the hon only correct for particular samples, the percentage varying with the hon-
esty of the distiller and age of the liquor. We refer Inquirer to an ex esty of the distiller and age of the liquor. We r
haustive article on alcohol in Muspratt, $s$ Chemistry.
B. F. E., of Ohio, replies to the inquiry of F. K., of Mo., for a simple recipe tor softening hard water "that one quart of bran con fined in
a bag and boiled in ten gallons of hard water will bring the lime to the top a bag and bilied in ten gallons of hard water will bring the lime to the top
which can then be skimmed off." This plan, he asserts, is superior to using sal-soda or wood ashes and is just the thing F. K. wants.

##  <br> The charge for ineertion underer iuns nead 1850 cents a une.

Pattern Letters and Figures for inventors, etc., to put on pat A metal-working shop, with two patents, for sale or exchange for Real Estate in city orcountry. Townsend \& Sears, 218 Fulton st., room Manufacturers of Portable Saw Mills and Engines please send For sale low-the patent right of an improved Tag Holderbest out. Address A. Grushus, St. Paul, Min
Wanted-a Horizontal Face Plate Boringand Turning Lathe to swing 8 or 9 feet, new or second-hand. Address, with description and price list, H . H. Misdon, Mr. Holly, N.J
Inventors Take Notice.-Having Spare Machinery, Power, etc., we would build light machinery, models, tools, or a patented article,
requiring good machinists' work, Address Litileffeld Brothers, Randolph, requir
Mass.
Wanted!-Joshua Beal, Baton Rouge. La., wishes to communicate with Agents or Manufacturers of machinery used for the manu-
facture of cotton wrapping twine. facture of cotton wrapping twine
Parties desiring the services of a first-classinventor to get up new machinery, drawings, etc., address, with confidence, A. E. W., invent
or and draftsman, 114 Fulton street. Geo. W. Douglass, of New Haven, Conn., wants a heavy Power Press immediately
We want a contract to build Sash, Blinds, and Doors ; have Wanted-A Second-hand Fire Dryer for Paper Making. Ad dress S. D. Paddack, Elbridge. N, Y
Sleigh Bells.-Manufacturers of Sleigh Bells will please send their address to Wm. R. Oatley, Rochester, N. Y.
The Babbittonian Penholder has advantages over any in the market, receiving pens of all sizes, holding them outward to prevent spat
tering, and having both the English and the famous French scales of mead ment. Babbitt Bros., 42 John street, New York, turnish them, postpaid, a 35
H. N. Winans, 11 Wall st., New York, Manufacturer of The Anti-Incrustation Powder, for removing and preventing scale in boilers,
desires the addreps of parties using Steam, that he may send circulars of interest on the subject.
Jones \& Stelfor, Austin, Texas, wish to procure the best Tire Bending Machine, and Foot or Hand Punching Machine.
Stationary Engine For Sale, 10 Horse power, modern build, short stroke, with tubular boiler, $21 /$ 1/2-inch tubes, was only used about six
weeks. Price $\$ 150$ on board cars. Apply to Abram Logan, Tidionte, Pa. Wanted Immediately-Address of all Manufacturing Companies in United States-especially of Tin Plated Wa:e-for entirely new J. N. Bebont, Savannah, Ohio, wishes to communicate with makers of pumps suitable for operation by a wind mill.

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Astronomy. An Elementary Work on Physics, by W. T Rolfe and J. A. Gillet, both teachers in the High Schoo at Cambridge, Mass.
New York: O. S. Felt. The authors show how we know the earth rotates on its axis; that the
earth and planiets with their satellites revolve in elliptical orbits about the un; and that the sun and the stars are moving through space, or about othe stars. They have also endeavored to show how. by measuring a line a few
miles in length on the surface of the earit, and a few angles, we are able to find the size of the earth, and to pass out into space and measure the distance from the earth to the sunn, from the sun to the planets, and from the
earth to the fixed stars-a distance so vast that the velocity of light is the nly unit suitable for expressing it.
Elements of Natural Philosophy. By the same authors and publishers as above.
district schools ressure; the second work consists of three sections: the first treating mechanical power. Under the latter are taken up the so-called "mechanics power wind power water power, and steam power ; and an account lig give of the most important machines by which each of these is made to do work. Under water p $p$ wer are included the subjects usually put under hydra
This work, as well as the work on Astronomy, is profusely illustrated.

## EXTENSION NOTICES.

Samuel G. Lewis, of Kellsville, Pa., having petitioned for the extension o patent granted to him the 14th day of February, 1854, and relssued the 22 years trom the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 14th day of February, 1868, it is ordered that the said petition be heard at th
Patent Offlce on Monday, the $27 t$ day day Januarynext.

