was attached and wound up so as to propel the disk when released. The trigger which released the spring was connected with an electro-magnet so as to be drawn by it on the passage of the same galvanic shock which fired the gun. Sufficient experiment enabled the operator to adjust the apparatus so as to bring the passage of the shot and of the orifice in the disk across the line of his lenses simultaneously, and thus the picture was obtained.

BURNING FUEL-It is a mistaken idea that large results of of their penetration into the earth. heat can be obtained with a reduced combustion of fuel. To get heat there must be combustion, and consequently an adequate supply of fuel. But these statements are not in opposition to improvements in furnaces or stoves. The object of these improvements, when made in accordance with natural laws, is to utilize the results of combustion, and to insure a more perfect combustion of the fuel. In this direction, we think, will be found the most important discoveries to be made in realizing the full value of the fuel burned, either under the steam boiler or in the dwelling.

Recent American and Loreian Entents.

Under this heading we shall publish weekly notes of some of the mine proval next home and Greigh patents.

SEEDING MACHINE .- Henry Barsalou, Saint Anne, 111 .- This invention consists in a novel construction and arrangement of parts, whereby a very desir able seeding machine is obtained.

CAR COUPLING .-- C C. Cady, West Union, Iowa .-- This invention relates to a car coupling of that class which are self-coupling, and it consists in having a fixed hook in each drawhead for the link or shackle to catch over, in connection with a link raiser, spring, and lever applied to each drawhead.

CULTIVATOR.—Henry Barsalou, Saint Anne, Ill.—This invention relates to a device for cultivating corn, cotton, and other plants grown in hills or drills, and it consists of a novel construction and arrangement of parts, whereby the device is placed under the complete control of the operator, and the parts rendered capable of being manipulated with the greatest facility.

BRICE MACHINE.-J. T. Carman, Springfield, Ill .-- This invention relates to a machine for molding and pressing bricks from untempered or dry clay, and it consists in a novel means for receiving and discharging the molded clay or bricks, and in an improved means for regulating the feeding of the clay to the molds, and also for pulverizing and granulating the clay in order to insure it being properly fed to the molds; and, further, to an improved means for oper ating the plungers which compress the clay in the molds.

WATER WHEEL.-W. H. Elmer, Fair Water, Wis.-This invention relates to a horizontal water wheel, and it consists in a novel and improved manner of applying the water to the wheel, whereby several important advantages are obtained.

CULTIVATOR AND SULKY PLOW John H. Barringer, Hillshorough, Ala-This invention relates to a combined cultivator and sulky plow, and consists in the arrangement of the parts in such a manner that they may be readily shifted for converting the machine into either a cultivator or a plow, so that the body and running gear of the implement shall serve for both purposes and thus save the farmer the cost of two machines.

PLOW .-- J. and E. P. Miles, Bloomingdale, Ind .-- This improvement relates to a device for preventing a plow from being choked and clogged with grass weeds, etc., in front of the mold board.

STUMP EXTRACTOR-David Stauffer, Spring Hills, Ohio.-This invention consists in a cheap and powerful machine for extracting stumps vertically from the ground by means of long and strong double-hand levers, with a very short adjustable purchase, the levers being so arranged as to loosen and raise the stump gradually both by depressing and litting, with alternate changes of the fulcrum in two sets or rows of holes.

INVALID CHAIR.-James B. Wallace, Franklin, Ohio,-This invention relates to improvements in the construction of an extension chair for invalids, and consists in so forming the back of the chair that it shall exactly fit the small of the back and the loins of the patient when placed either in a recum bent or in a sitting position.

LOCK.-LewisP. Decker, Williamsburg, N.Y.-The object of this invention is to furnish a lock of safe, cheap and simple construction. It consists in the combination of a female screw, male screw, and pivoted bolt with each other, and with the body of the lock.

HAND CORN PLANTER.-W. C. Lewman, Kansas, Ohio.-'The object of this invention is to construct a hand corn planter, by means of which four or eight grains are placed in a hill, each grain or two planted three or four inches apart from the others, in a square.

GATE ATTACHMENT.-W. W. Sutliff, Town Line, Pa.-This invention consists in an arrangement for closing gates by a lever and weight, so that with a small weight upon the gate, it is operated with a lever of different powers, thus increasing or diminishing thefor ce required to open it.

DISTILLING APPARATUS.-Lyman Pray, Charlestown, Mass.-This invention relates to a still, the fire chamber or arch of which is provided with two or more shelves, forming separate heating chambers one above the other, cach of which connects by a suitable flue with a smoke stack, such flues being provided with dampers in such a manner that by means of said dampers and shelves the heat can be confined to the level of the liquid in the still, or nearly so, and the scorching of the vapors can be avoided without difficulty.

STEERING WHEEL-Eben S. Coffin, Boston, Mass.-The object of this inven-ion is to so improve the construction of the steering wheel as to overcome he tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar of the steering wheel as to overcome he tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar of the steering wheel as to overcome he tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar of the steering wheel as to overcome he tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar of the steering wheel as to overcome formating the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar of the steering wheel as to overcome formating the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar of the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome formating the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to be the duby the bar overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency as the steering wheel tion is to so improve the construction of the steering wheel as to overcome the tendency, especially in a rough sea, by its sudden thrusting motion, to take the tiller out of the helmsman's control, and make his labor exceedingly toilsome and dangerous.

COTTON-BALE TIE .-- J. C. Lee, Gonzales, Texas. -- This bale tie consists of a metallic band having one end bent in such a way that it will be firmly secured upon the bale by inserting the bent extremity between the bale and the encircling portion or main body of the metallic band.

TABLE FENCE. -- Daniel Unthank, Spiceland, Inc

FEED MECHANISM FOR SAWING MACHINES .- J. L. Beers, McAlisterville, Pa.-This invention relates to an improvement in the feed mechanism of saw ing machines, and it consists in the employment of two pawls and gearing, arranged in such a manner that a continuous feed is obtained, and one which may be regulated to suit the speed of the cut of the saw as may be required.

CULTIVATOR.-R. B. Parks and J. R. Parks, Neponset, Ill.-This invention relates to a cultivator of that class designed for cultivating crops which are grown in hills or drills, and it consists in a novel construction and arrange ment of parts, whereby the driver will have full control over the plows, so that the latter may be moved or adjusted in a lateral direction to conform to the sinuosities of the rows, and also raised and lowered to regulate the depth

SAW MILL.-Albert Buell, West Leyden, N. Y .- This invention relates to saw mill, and consists in simple devices for holding the log in place, instead of dogs, and for adjusting the head-blocks against the log in such manner that it can be sawed bevelling, with one edge thick and the other thin, for siding.

LAMP .-- Francis Burrows, Troy, N. Y .-- This invention relates to a lamp, which is more especially designed for use in the laboratory, and in which highly combustible fluid is burned; the construction of the wick-tube and the provision of a water-chamber, serving to keep the heat from the oil and pre vent explosion.

B. Robinson, Detroit, Mich.-This invention consists in so constructing the packing rings of balanced steam valves that the bearing surfaces shall be reduced so that a steam joint may be much more easily made when the valve is in motion than formerly.

AMERICAN TRIPOLI.-Thomas J. Platt. Newark, N. J.-This invention re lates to certain substances which, when combined together in the manner specified form what is designated American tripoli, an article which has been thoroughly tested by many manufacturers of jewelry and others, and pro nounced equal in all respects to the tripoli which has hitherto been imported from foreign countries.

FURNACE.-Virgil W. Blanchard, Bridport, Vt.-This invention relates to a furnace designed for general purposes, and has for its object economy in fuel, simplicity in construction, and an adaptation for the heating of a large volume of air for warming apartments other than that in which the furnace is placed as well as an adaptation for general use in the arts, such as smelting, wasting etc.

WATER WHEEL.-Jason Hemenway, Deerfield, Mich.-This invention relates to an improvement in horizontal water wheels, and it consists in a novel ap plication of the buckets, and a mode of adjusting them, wherehy the capacity of the issues between the buckets may be varied as desired, and the wheel adapted to work, under the same velocity, with varying degrees of power commensurate with the quantity of water used.

APPARATUS FOR TREATING PETROLEUM .- Alexis Thirault, Williamsburg N. Y .- This invention relates to an apparatus for treating petroleum, which receives the oil as it leaves the still, and which is composed of a condensing oil from which the oil passes into one or more tanks. These tanks are closed and they are provided with steam-pipes extending down to different depths so that by letting steam into the oil, an agitation is produced whereby the light parts are carried off and separated from the heavy parts, and at the same time the waste of a portion of the useful constituents of the oil is prevented.

SELF-RENDERING TALLOW CUP .- Thomas Fleetwood, St. Johns, N. B.-This invention is designed to obviate the well-known objection to the use of tallow for lubricating steam cylinders, on account of the gummy matter which accumulates and clogst the action of the piston.

BLACKING-BOX HOLDER-Amos Wilder, Calais, Me.-This holder is of such a construction that it can be applied to and detached from the blacking boy with the utmost facility; and when used prevents soiling the fingers of the hand with the blacking.

COAL SCUTTLE .- Benj. F. Conan (assignor to himself, J. D. Sherrell, and John Sumner), 244 Water street, New York City.-The object of this invention is to produce a coal scuttle or hod whose bottom, by a simple movement of a lever or handle, can be changed from a condition in which it forms a complete, unbroken surface so as to hold coal, ashes, cinders, or refuse mat ter, which may then be carried in the hod with safety from place to place to the open condition of a grate through which the finer part of the contents of the hed can pass out.

CARPET FOOTSTOOL .- John G. Flagg, Philadelphia, Pa.- This apparatus consists of a disk or plate which is operated by a screw and made to stuff or press the filling tightly into its carpet cover, and retain the same in its compressed state while the carpet is being sewed around it by hand.

STEAM GENERATOR.-Robert Fanes, Maroa, Ill.-This invention consists in constructing a steam generator of a series of pipes provided at each end with transverse openings or eyes, and so securing the whole together that the eyes of one pipe will correspond with the eyes of another pipe of the same kind and size, whereby a communication for water and steam is effected be tween and through the center series of pipes.

PUNCH.-Richard Hughes, Virginia City, Nevada.-This invention relates to a punch for the punching of sheet metal screens, such as are used in the separation of ores, etc., and the invention consists principally in a novel man ner of securing the needles of the punch, in the holder.

NUTMEG GRATER.-L. V. Badger, Chicago, Ill.-This grater is both simple and cheap in construction, and by its use no waste of the nutmegs is or casioned

SPRING HOLDER FOR WIFING CLOTHS. -Henry Johnson, Chicago, Ill.-This invention consists of an arrangement of spring fingers adapted to be furnished with a wet or dry cloth to be used in cleansing exterior or interior surfaces, dishes, bottles, lamp chimneys, and other hollow articles, especially those difficult to be reached by the hand, and of varying interior diameter.

Answers to Correspondents.

SPECIAL NOTE—This column is designed for the general interest and in-struction of our readers, not for graduitous realies to questions of a parely business or personal nature. We will publish such inquiries, however, when puilt for as advertisements at 50 cents a line, under the head of "Business and Personal."

H. W. H., of N. H.-An enameled surface may be put on ficulties in the way of accomplishing all you desire.

P. H., of N. J.-"If the earth in its orbit is not passing through a perfect vacuum, why does not the air fall behind it like the tail of a comet? And if a perfect vacuum why does a comet become elongated to many millions of miles in length, as it is well known that all matter in a liquid or gaseous state tends to form itself into a globe by its own attraction ?" We believe many of our readers will prefer to cypher out answers to such questions, without any assistance from us. They, the questions, are like conundrums or puzzles which lose their charm, unless there is a pause before the solution is given.

N. L. B., of Me.-There is more demand than ever for a good imitation of ivory. The production of natural ivory has been decreasing while its consumption is increasing, and the market price has been steadily advancing for many years.

S. L., of Wis.-Tin plate is not manufactured in America : we are dependent upon England for what we use. As soon, however, as we shall have found productive tin mines we shall change all that.

J. Q. B., of R. I.-Force, whether exerted as friction or percussion, is a prolific source of heat. Even the compression of gases will produce heat enough to ignite inflammable substances. This may be proved by fitting apiston in a tube having at the lower end a quantity of tinder or light cotton. The pressure of the air in the tube, when the piston is forced rapidly down, will ignite thetinder. So a blacksmith will by percussion heat a piece of nail rod on his anvil red hot and forge a nail from it

A. B. J., of Pa.—A warped casting may be straightened often by hammering. The convex or rounding side should rest firmly on an anvil, that portion to be struck in immediate contact with the block, and the "pene" of the hammer should be used. This makes a series of narrow indentations and stretches the skin of the iron. But if these indentations are removed by planing, grinding, or filing, the iron assumes its original curvature. Heating nearly red and springing by weights or other mechanical devices will often straighten a crooked casting.

J. H. L., of Mass.-The name copperas comes from copper and that from the island of Cyrus, where first discovered in large quantitics by the Greeks. The sulphate of iron commonly known by the term copperas or green vitriol gets its name of copperas from the fact that a solution of it gives a copper color to iron and steel. It can be obtained by dissolving iron in dilute sulphuric acid and evaporating to crystalization.

C. F. B., of Minn., desires to know whether there is any method or mechanism known by which the piston of a steam engine, or any reciprocating device, can be made to have a uniform velocity throughout its stroke. We know of nothing of the sort. It is against the fundamental laws of mechanics. Even the shot in a gun, when it receives the impact of the exploded gases, requires time before its inertia is overcome. You cannot bring a body to rest when in motion without a gradual retardation of its velocity, and to give it a reciprocating motion back requires a gradual acceleration of velocity.

Sundry Answers.—W. W.—Stone Filters are very old. See back numbers of SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN for illustrations and notices of the best.---W. G. S.--Apply at the railroad office in your place.

Business and Lersonal.

The charge for insertion under this head is 50 cents a line.

A. S. Rager, Jr., New Albany, Ind., asks where he can have metallic checks with numbers, manufactured.

P. Spawn & Co., 58 State street, Albany, N. Y., wish to hear from parties having improved machinery formaking paper bags for sale.

Where can I get the best machine for re-cutting a 60-inch circular saw ?" A. N. Osgood, Hancock, N. H.

J. A. Wilshire & Co., Memphis, Tenn., desire to know where Griffin's Air Light can be obtained.

R. W. Shriver, Woodland, Barry county, Mich., wishes to communicate with parties who will make churn castings.

N. Spencer, Mound City, Ill., inquires where he can procure a teacher's clock which strikes every five minutes.

Makers of machines for producing straw rope for cores, please addressHomer Hamilton & Co., Youngstown, Ohio.

We want a hand bolt cutter for blacksmith shop. Keen & McKay, Rock Island. Ill.

Where can a machine for sawing wood with a horizontal saw by horse-power be purchased ? Wm. Brown, Jr., Lawrence, Ill.

T. C. T. address J. B. Aiken, Franklin, N. H., for stockingknitting machines.

Manufacturer, Box 1440, Norwich, Conn., wants to obtain a paper-bag machine.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MEMORANDA ON THE STRENGTH OF MATERIALS USED IN EN-GINEERING CONSTRUCTION. Compiled and edited by J. K. Whildin, C.E. D. Van Nostrand, 192 Broadway, New York.

In this volume we have, conveniently arranged for reference and acccompanied with explanatory plates, the results of authoritative experiments on the strength of materials used in the arts, under varying forms and conditions Much of the knowledge of the properties of such substances has been the product of recent investigations and is scattered through books, periodicals, and treatises. Here it is all brought together in a form convenient for the practical man. Only five hundred copies have been printed, which is to be the extent of the issue. The book is sold at \$2 per copy. Those who desire to secure it should apply at once.

MODERN MARINE ENGINEERING APPLIED TO PADDLE AND SCREW PROPULSION. By N. P. Burgh, Engineer. D. Van Nostrand, 192 Broadway, New York.

We have received from the American publisher twelve numbers of this work, each number a monthly part, containing two plates, tinted to represent he materials, and twenty pages of descriptions. Typographically the work also by some of the soluable glass preparations. But there are many dif. is beautiful, the letter press clear and distinct, and the engravings fac similes of real engineering drawings properly colored. It is not a mere theoretical erected or put up with the greatest facility, but also be firmly secured in : G. P. H., of N. J.-For burning oil the ordinary refining prothe example of others the reasons of failure. Although from a slight examination of the work we may be compelled to differ with the author in some ot his statements, we think his deductions from actual experiments and his illustrations of practice are mainly sound and eminently instructive. We consider the publication one of real value to the marine engineer, and of great use to the mechanic desirous of understanding the progress made of late years in the steam engine.

to a fence of that class which are commonly termed portable fences. It consists in constructing the fence in such a manner that it not only may be position when erected, and capable of being adjusted to suit the unevenness of the ground on which it may be placed, and also capable of having angles or corners formed without any difficulty whatever, and having any panel used as bars to allow wagons or carts to pass into and out from a field.

SELF-DUMPING MINE CAR .- Joseph W. Bancroft, Philadelphia, Pa .- This invention consists in an improvement in mine cars which are exclusively used in colliery slopes, underlying shafts on the dip of a coal seam, where the angle of descent exceeds twenty-five degrees.

DIES FOR IMITATION OF STRAW GOODS .- J. S. Kendall, New York City. This invention relates to a method of procuring dies and counter dies for the purpose of embossingfabrics to imitate straw.

FLY TRAP.-Henry H. Potter, Carthage, N. Y .- This invention cousists in an arrangement of pans and wires combined with springs, by which an effec tive trap for the destruction of house flies is made.

HAND SAWING MACHINE .- J. M. Marston and H. R. Huling, Boxbury, Mass -This invention has for its object to furnish an improved hand sawing machine, by means of which sawing may be done easier, better, faster, and consequently cheaper than by other machines.

DITCHING MACHINE.-George Sullivan, West Liberty, Ohio.-This invention relates to the manner in which spades of a peculiar form are forced into the ground at any desired angle, and the spades being attached to a crane, the earth can be raised and deposited wherever desired,

cess, distillation and treatment with acid and alkali, is very efficient and cheap: we do not expect to see the process supplanted. The natural lubricatingoil is, however, materially injured by it, and something new in that line is very much in demand. Filtering through animal charcoal, bleaches this oil without injuring the lubricating quality, but the process is too slow and costs too much.

R. M., of N. Y .-- We understand it to be generally conceded that meniscus lenses for spectacles are preferable to other form

W. C., of N. Y .-- Cascarilla bark in powder is sometimes put into smoking tobacco. In the form of a flue powder it may be mixed, with most of the ordinary fumigating preparations. An infusion of the bark in water or alcohol may be used in the preparation of fumigating paper. . . Shellac makes an excellent coment for glass, porcelain and earthen ware. The edges to be joined are heated sufficiently to melt the shellac, when it is applied in powder and the edges brought together and closely pressed till the joint is cold. For white or transparent ware, bleached lac should be used

R. N. L., of Mass .- Plumber's solder is purified and made tougher by stirring into it while melted common sulphur. The foreign matter rises to the surface and may be skimmed off. Lead may be refined in the same way. The sulphur acts mainly by attacking iron and copper at least thatis our theory,

EXTENSION NOTICES.

Thomas J. Stoan, of New York City, having petitioned for the extension of a patent granted to him the 26th day of April, 1853, for an improvement machine for pointing and threading screw blanks, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 26th day of April, 1867. it is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday the 8th day of April next.

Christopher Duckworth, of Mount Carmel, Conn., having petitioned for the extension of a patent granted to him the 28th day of June, 1853, for an improvement in shuttle-box motion in looms, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 28th day of June, 1867, it is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday the 3d day of June next, at 12 o'clock, M,