## 馬rientixic Ammrirn．

MUNN \＆COMPANY，Editors \＆Proprietors． PUBLIBEBD WEEKLY AT
no． 37 Park row（park building），new tork． O．D．MUNN，S．H．WALES，A．E．BEACH．
＂＂The American 號ws Company，＂Agents， 121 Nassau street VOL．XIV．，NO．2．．．［NEW SERIEs．］．．Twenty－first Year． NEW YORK，SATURDAY，JANUARY 7，1866．！

## Contents

（Ilustrations areindicated by an asterisk．）


SUB8CRIPTIONS are coming in with a rush，but our books are still open．We have room for more names． Send in your lists as fast as possible；andfalwavs bear in mind that the Scientific American can be had for $\$ 250$ in clabs of 10 and upwards．Single subscriptions ${ }^{\$ 3}$ per annum；\＄1 50 for six months； $\$ 1$ for four months．

## the ALDent magises．

 setting and type－distribeting machine－an mvention from which our facilities for the diffusion of intelli－ gence and education mast take a new point of de parture－its completion forming，in the estimation of its proprietor，an era in literature only second to the original discovery of printing by type．This ma－ chine enables a single hand to do－and the hand may be that either of man or woman－all the typeretting work for which，at present，eight ordinary composi－ tors would be required；while，in the matter of dis－ tributing type，the machine is all but an automaton， requiring only the very slightest supervision of hu－ man agency，and so perfect in mechanism as to pre－ ent physical impossibilities against the occurrence of any mistake．It has now triumphantly stood the severest test of practical experiment in the Tribune office，in this city－the judges certainly not being pre－ judiced in its favor，if not absolutely hostile；and the result is so complete a triumph，that so soon as the requisite number of machines can be supplied，it is supposed，all the＂great dailies＂of this city will be set up by the Alden machine，and，of course，the minor and country press will follow suit as rapidly as possible．It has been carefully examined by the leading mechanical and other progressive minds o the age，and is pronounced a most marvelons tri－ umph of human ingenuity．Mr．Theodore Tilton， in the Independent，pronouncing it＂the eighth won－ der of the world；＂and Col．Halpine，in the Citizen， declaring，in regard to its antomatical power of dis－ tributing type，that＂the fingers of steel and brass would seem to have not only eyes in their busy tips with which to read the letters，but brains to compre－ hend their spelling and meaning，and to direct their re－distribution，when ased，into their proper places．＂
The original discoverer or inventor of this machine was Timothy Alden，a young printer of Massachu－ setts，who gave his life in devotion to the discovery and died before accomplishing its completion for practical use．The machine was bequeathed by him to his coasin，Henry W．Alden，who expended a large amoant of money apon it withoat attaining
any satisfactory or practical result．It was，in fact a＂slough of despond，in which all capital embarked was swallowed op cithoat return，antil，finally，it fell under the eyes of Mr．Charles C．Yeaton，of Brook lyn，who，commanding the confidence of such gentie－ men of intelligence，public spirit，and capital as Jo siah O．Low，Augustus C．Richards，Charles F．Liv－ ermore，and various others，organized a company tor its forther development and completion．By the faith and resources ot these men，acting through the in－ dustry and talent of Mr．Yeaton，and an able corps of assistants and mechanics，the imperfect and inop－ erative discovery of Timothy Alden－valuable as a curiosity，but in no other light－has now been car－ ried forward to a splendid success as a great triumph of the labor saving machinery of the age；and already the present company is about being merged into an other－combingeg the aperican and foreign patents －with a capisy of threa million dollars，to start a factory that wiy be commersarate to supply five per－ fect machines per diem．
The discovery is already ppotected by patents in all European coantries，obtalned through the Scientific American 9 atent Agency，aird the Alden machine will，perhaps，soon be accepted abroad as one of the last and highest triumphs of＇that＂Yankee ingenu－ ity，＂whose benefits the porld has already to ac－ knowisdge in counection with the names of Morse and Fetton．
To giveany detailed ecconnt of the modus operandi of a machine so intricate and yet so simple in its ac－ tion，would be not mendy an impossible，but an ab－ surd attempt，in such thinlts as are at our disposal． It must benot only eemur out thoroughly studied，to enablie at to appreciate its rare mechanical ex－ cellene， conquents： tofent displayed by its creators in cessive difflculties．Fortunately this now furnished to any to whom the Tribune office is accessible，and will soon be fur－ nished to all who have access to any newspaper or other printing office；for，unless we are mistaken， the day is not far distant when the only limit to the general adoption of these great engines of labor－ saving and economy，will be the capacity of the fac－ tory to meet the demands of the public．They have
 Who de wor the thing，
finally conquered and overborne all opposition by the practical test of their working，and we congratu－ late not merely the Company，but the whole reading public，on the assurance of their success，now es－ tablished beyond any question．

## THE PARIS EXBIBITION．

By an advertisement on another page it will be seen that the time for making application for space at the great Paris international exhibition of 1867， has been extended to the 20th of the present month， January，1866．Applications must be made to the agent，J．C．Derby，Esq．，whose office is at No． 40 Park Row，in this city．Mr．Derby will furnish blank forms for the applications，with full instructions，to any person who will write to him for them and will inclose a postage stamp for his reply．
Professor Joy stated at the last meeting of the Polytechnic Association that，on his recent visit to Paris，it seemed to him as if the whole city was be－ ng pulled down in making preparations for the great exhibition．One company has purchased a tract of two miles in length right in the heart of the city，and is pulling down all the，buildings to make room for others better adapted for one of the collateral specu－ lations connected with the exhibition．One feature is to be a representation of the indsutry of all na－ tions in practical operation by the natives of the several countries．If this scheme is carried out as proposed，there will be seen in the middle of Paris， Laplanders making fishing tackle；Ural Tartars em－ ployed in the preparation of skins and carpets；the Kabyles of Algeria making the glazed pottery of Bjerd－ era，carvings in the wood of the fig tree，ornaments in silver and coral，and carpets of Oran and other districts；natives of Morocco weaving silk，cotton and woolen fabrics，making fez caps，saddles，and arms， aud preparing shagreen；negroes of Soudan producing． cotton cloth，morocco work and pottery；the hall petit blancs，of the Isle of Bourbon，making sacks for
sugar and coffee；Anatolians weaving Smyrna car－ pets，silks and cloth of gold；Syrians fabricating tis－ sues and arms of Damascus and Aleppo，mother of pearl work of Bethlehem，and gold work ot Beyrout； Persians at work on Kurdistan carpets，silk embroi－ dery，Kirman shawls，silks and cottons of Yerd，en－ ameled tiles，and damascened arms；｜Indians weaving muslins，embroidering cashmeres，engraving ivory and wood，and twisting threads of gold inio bracelets and other ornaments；Cambogians fabricating boxes and toys from sandalwood；Siamese carving rhinocer－ os horn；and，perhaps，Chlnamen carving a nest of ivory balls；Japanese painting their incomparable lacquer wares；Mexicans tarning tbeir perfumed pot－ tery；and redskins composing head－dresses of feathers and bead－embroidered moccasins．

## FILE－CUTTING MACHINERY．

Although many attempts to cut files by machinery have been made，few have been successtul．Those that have，however，are，in the hands of competent business men，making immense fortunes for their owners and stockholders．The consumption of files in this country is very great．Besides those imported， millions of dollars＇worth are made both iy hand and by machine，so that there is a fair field for inventors and capitalists to divide the profits．The Whipple File Company，of Providence，R．I．，is said to divide from fifty to eighty per cent among its stockholders； and another concern，the Russell File Company，by a secret process，recats old files at a rapid rate，and has，we learn，been successful in a financial point of view．We have never seen a recut file that，in our opinion，was worth the price paid for doing it．Or dinarily recut files are thinner，inferior in temper， and generally much poorer in quality than new files． It is possible，however，that the files recut by the company alluded to are entirely free trom these ob－ jections．
It is clear，at all events，that files can be manufac－ tured by machinery，and that a great market for them exists which can be profitably supplied by more than one company．
Any workman that knows how to use a file will make it laot a week，but mapy deatroy them in tar kevitient，y that，with the mense iron works of
 live shopu，（hes tool works end hundreds of minor industries，it is easy to see that tuns upon tuns of them must be needed．
－We know of several file cutting machines，models of which are now in this office and at Washington． One of them，we are certain，is destined to work a great change in the cost and time of producing files．

## CONCENTRATED BEEF．

After many years of persevering effort，and the ex－ penditure of manythousand dollars，Mr．Gail Borden has at last succeeded in producing an extract of beef that is not only noarishing but palatable．We have before us a specimen of this extract；it closely resembles a piece of erasing india－rubber．This speci－ men is about $2 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ inches in length； $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches in width， and $\frac{3}{4}$ ths of an inch in thickness，and it weighs 4 oz ．； the price of it at retail is 75 cents－equal to $\$ 3$ per pound．At the present cost of production the ar－ ticle is expected to come into ase only for making beet tea for invalids；but after a market is opened， establishments for its preparation will be erected in Texas and other cattle－grazing localities，where beef is cheap，and it will probably be brought into gen－ eral use for making soaps，etc．
At the present time there is only one establish ment in operation，that is at Elgin，Mlinois， 42 miles N．W．from Chicago．Beeves，fresh from the pasture and stalls，are killed，the meat is macerated in boil－ ing water，care being taken to avoid ebullition which would carry off some of the most savory and nutritient elements；the extract is then concentrated in a vacaum pan to a very thick jelley；and the dry ing is completed by a process that，for the present， is kept secret．
The perfect extract is rolled and cut into the form deecribed，and wrapped in paper that has been sat－ urated with parafflne．Paraffine being tasteless and inodorous，exerting no chemical action，and being impervious to air and moisture，is an admirable sub－ stance for this parpose，and may be profitably em－

