
[This invention relates to an improvement in that is employed, and which are generally known as muley saws. The invention consists in the peculiar manner
of hanging and driving the saw, so that it may be of hanging and driving the saw, so that it may be
readily strained and kept while in operation at a proper degree of tension, and readily removed from the machine when necessary.]
 the chairs, upon the collar ror collars. O, or ar roller, Ef
by means of another roller, D, substantially as set
torth.
BUTTER Cooler-James H . Stimpson, of Baltimore,
MM. I Io not claim, broadly, the placing of the ice
above the butter. above the butter.
Butter claim, as an improved article of manufacture a
butter made substantially as shown and de-
 over the
set forth.

## $\xrightarrow{\text { [A notumn.] }}$


 sl cap, , and joint, 4, for attaching the hind runner of
sleighs ot the body when said rumner is drawn byy a
connection to titsorward end, substantially as and for
the purposes specified.

 plates, b, amanged to operate as and for the purpose set
forth.
[The gins in which this improvement is made are
those such as are used for ginning Sea Island or long those such as are used for ginning Sea Island or long
staple cotton, and the intention is to produce a machine which will gin long staple cotton more expeditiously, and at the same time work in a thorough manner without in juring the fiber in the least. Grooved rollers are
used in connection with vibrating plates and adjustable used in connection with vibrating plates and adjustable
feed boards, arranged so as to operate together and produs the effect desired.]
 ment having the adjustmenti, substan a diantral ins stated
and adaptable to the purroses specified.
Eabthenwarr. Disers-Alson Vail and Tracy Vail,
of Berlin, Wis.: We claima a new article of manufac-
ture to wit, ture to wit, a covered dish with an absorbent lining
pert orated or unperforated, as specified, for the pur-
poses set forth.
[This invention consists in making dishes porous on
their inner surface, so that the moisture shall be absorbed from hot eatables, and the same tept ine ab and palatable condition. To accomplish this result the dish is formed of some porousargillaceoussubstance and
only glazed on its exterior, or if the dish is of chinaonly glazed on its exterior, or if the dish is of china-
ware it may be rendered capable of absorbing moisture ware it may be rendered capable of absorbing moisture
by being lined with a porous perforated substance. We regard this as a capital improvement; it avoids the deposit of condensed vapor upon vegetables confined, a watery taste.]
 discharge pipes with respect to the case and its refrig-
erating chamber, in which arrangement the supply pipe or pipes are disposed within the refrigerating ehamber,
whilitetle dis barge pipe p pipes are dis osed outside of
the same in manner as specified.
 their equivalents with the metallic bottom or lining of
the refrreataing chanber, and arranged under the
same and within the case or the stoping or bottom
part of such case


 ing and recording distances and cour ses or distances
and levell, or distancese courses and levels substantially
ss described and shown.



## 

[This is an improvement on a former patent granted to thisinventor, June 9, 1857. In that invention the dogs of both the head and tail blocks were operated
simultaneously by means of a rack bar connected to the dog bars by means of levers, racks, pawls, \&c., arthe dog bars sy means of levers, racks, pawpls, \&cc, ar-
ranged so as to form a comparatively complicated device. The object of the present invention is to attain the same ends by a simpler arrangement of parts less
liable to get out of repair, and more economical to conliable to
struct.]
 surveyor stripod in sucha manner that the portion to
which the instrument and plumbline are


##    H, and the sprin combin. ortion with with the and operating substantiaily as described.

Floor Cr.AMPs-H. C. Wight, of Worcester, Mass.
I do not clain, broady, the employment or use of a



[In this invention a toggle is employed in connection with a power screw, claw plate and jaw or pressure
plate, the whole being fitted or attached to a proper framing or support, so as to form a powerful, portable and economical clamp suitable for laying fioors, or othe
work in which clamps are usually employed.]







 ater of condensation togeth
acid as may be absorbed by it.
for the principal object of this invention is to provide evolved by the combustion of the gas or alcohol, and its escaye therefrom, together with a considerable por-
tion of the carbonic acid evolved, which is absorbed by
the water, and at the same time to provide for the conthe water, and at the same time to provide for the construction of the radiator in such a manner as to provid
for the equal distributionof heat therein.]





 means of
ing pivot
cribed.





 over the same.
We alsoclaim combining the pad or cushion, $h$, with
or arranging it drrectly upon the chast off or plate, K ,
therof, substantially as specified.

 I claim the application of the auxixiliary shatt, K, con-
structed in the manncr and employed for the purpose
described and set forth.
Cooun
CAR WIEELS-Robert Poole (assignor to
 whereby all strain within the wheel is avorided, the the
chill unin inred and the web of the wheel is without
cirve or corrugation, substantially as described. Machinery for Polishing Thread-Britton Rich-
ardson (assignorto himself and the Hayden Manufac-
turing Company), of Haydensville Mass.
 larbstantially as described to produce elasticity of sur-
face.
[A notice of this improvement is given in another
column] [ama


 purposes substantially as set forth. .
Third . The series of twers opening into the con-
duit, L L , arranged and operating as described. be-issues.


Secondly, I claim the peculiar construction, substan-
stantially as described, of a revolving hook, whereby,
while one loop is taken from the needle by the hook. spread.twisted and held in the patho of the needile untii
another orfresh loop is taken, the for mer loop shal be
released and drawnup duining the retreat of the needle. Bedstrads-Heinrich Neidig, of New York City
Two cases. Cooring SToves-E. J. Delany, of Philadelphia, Pa.
assignorto H. E. Marsh, and Jos. John Bon, of
renceville, Pa. Sroves-N. S. Veider, of Troy, N, Y., assignor to G.
W. Eddy, of Waterford. N. Y.

## Pressure upon Fish.

Mr. Pell, in his late address to the American Institute on the subject of fish, says that at ninety,three feet below the surface of the water a shad would be compelled to bear about the weight of sixty pounds to every square inch of surface on its body ; at three hundred and sixty-one feet, one hundred and eighty-one pounds; at six hundred and six eet, two hundred and eighty-six poands; at four thousand two hundred and six feet, eighteen hundred and thirty-one pounds to the square inch; at six thousand feet, over one tun. Whales sometimes descend into the depths of the ocean four thousand nine hun dred feet, when they sustain considerably over the enormous weight of two hundred thousand tuns-nearly, if not quite, one hundred and thirty-eight tuns to each square foot of surface exposed. The fish do not, of course, feel this pressure, as it is exerted on all por tions of their bodies adike.

How to make Soda Ash.
In an article on this subject a few weeks ago, we did not give credit to Leblanc, the French chemist, who first proposed the method at present adopted in manufacturing that substance. This has aroused the honest patriotismof a French correspondent, who requests us to do this justice to his countrymen. We never had any idea of ignoring the fact, which is so well known, that Leblanc's plan was the one adopted, but he cannot strictly be called "the father of modern alkali making," as the system now carried out by the practical makers is the result of many men's discoveries and inventions, and we still think that Tennant deserves some credit for his genius in adapting and bending to suit and making it the fountain of alkali for the world.

Recent Patented Improvements.
The following inventions have been patented this week, as will be found by referring to our List of Claims :-
Machinery for Polishing Thread.B. Richardson, of Haydenville, Mass., has invented an improved machine for dressing and polishing sewing thread and yarn. The invention consists in a peculiar construction and arrangement of flannel covered or felt covered rollers for rubbing down the fibres of, and polishing the thread or yarn after it has been sized.
Butter Cooler.-This is an improved article for the table, designed for keeping butter in a cool hard state during meal times in warm weather, and so is especially applicable to the present season. The invention consists in having an ice receptacle supported over a butter dish, so that the butter will be cooled by the cold air which descends uponit, gravity than the surrounding atmosphere James H. Stimpson, of Baltimore, Md., the inventor of the ice pitcher illustrated in our columns two weeks ago, is the patentee.
Shingle Machine.-E. Hall and J. F. Stewart, of East Randolph, N. Y., have produced an improvement in that class of shingle machines in which a circular saw is used to cut the shingles from the bolt. A peculiar means is employed for feeding and setting the bolt to the saw, whereby the machine is rendered automatic in its operation, or in other words, the bolt when applied or adjusted to the carriage and the machine put into action, is by a continuous operation, without attendance, sawed into shingles of proper taper form. Pile Driver.-This pile driver is constructed in such a manner that the monkey guides may be adjusted in a vertical position
is not horizontal, thereby allowing the machine to be expeditiously applied to its work without the trouble of grading. The invention is chiefly designed for driving small piles, fence posts, and the like, but it may be used for heavier work if constructed of proper size. T. W. Loveless, of Corning, N. Y., is the inventor.
Improvement in Watches.-In this improved watch the escapement consists of a single escape wheel and two geared balances, with cylinders or cylindrical segments, engaging with the escape wheels on opposite sides of its axis. There is also a compensating device, and the chain is arranged relatively to the barrel and fusee, so that the drag of the chain is on the same side of the axis of the fusee as the resistance to the transmission of the power from the latter, so that the friction on the fusee pivot is much reduced. The two ends of the fusee are arranged in a position the reverse of that heretofore adopted, for the purpose of equalizing, as nearly as possible, the friction in both ends of the barrel and on the two pivots of the fusee arbor when the watch is fully wound. Jacob Muma, of Hanover, Pa ., is the inventor.
Stop-Motion for Rotating Knitting Machines.-This invention consists in a certain mode of combining the sinker wheel or any toothed wheel gearing into and deriving motion from the needles with a movable stop, which is applied to the belt shipper to lock it in a position to hold the driving belt on the driving pulley of the machine as long as the knitting progresses properly, whereby, as soon as the thread breaks, or any of the loops miss, the shipper is caused to be unlocked, and allowed to be moved by a spring, or its equivalent, applied for the purpose, to a position to ship the belt on to a loose pulley, and thus stop the machine. It is the invention of N. P. Aiken, of Troy, N. Y.
Governor for Steam Engines.-C. F. Porter, of New York City, has invented an improved centrifugal governor for steam engines and other motors, the object of which is to obtain the great requisites necessary for a perfect governor, which are as follows Firstly, that it shall effect the whole of the movement necessary to enable it to open wide and close the regulating valve, or give the full range of variation which the regulator is capable of, with but an unappreciable variation in the speed of the engine or motor and secondly, that it shall commence to effect the said movement instantaneously, upon the slightest variation of speed, and effect it very rapidly. Neither of these requisites are possessed by the centrifugal governor as ordinarily applied, although, notwithstanding its serious defects, it is generally admitted to be, on the whole, superior to any of the various governors hitherto devised. To obtain these results a centrifugal governor is constructed on any of the usual plans, with balls and arms, but made very much lighter, and instead of giving it only about the number of revolutions in a given time that would be natural to it, considered as a conical pendulum, as has hitherto been customary in the application of centrifugal governors. it is driven at a much higher velocity ; and at the slide of the governor which connects it with the regulator, a weight much greater than the weight of the balls and arms is placed, and sufficient to balance, as nearly as possible, the great amount of centrifugal force developed by the revolution of the latter; and it is in the employment of this counterpoise, in combination with the arms and balls rotating at a velocity much higher than their natu ral one, that the invention principally consists. The invention also consists in so applying this counterpoise to the governor that its effective load on the governor shall be lessened in such a degres as the balls and arms of the governor expand, as to render constant, or as nearly so as desired, relatively to the power of the governor to sustain it. The counterpoise is also employed as a means of
controlling the exact speed of the engine or control
motor.

