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47,781.—Brush.—Albert Alden, New York City:
I claim the notched segm nula plates, B, in combination with the head,
A, hamile, C, and with the pivot, a, and spring catch, b, all constructed
and operating in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

47,782.-Hoisting Apparatus.-George Ambrose, New

York City:
claim, First, A hoisting apparatus which employs an elevator, C
pited for receiving and holding in placehods, or other portable vessels
deways, A. A., pulley rope, c, pulleys, a, b, and drums, e, f, g, to
her with a brake, all arranged and operating substantially as de

nd, Providing the elevator, C, with racks, which are adapted for ing and retaining in place portable hods, s, s, substantially as decribed. Third, Spring latches, m, m, and levers, n, n, in combination with th uides A, A, and elevator or hod-rack, C, substantially as described.

4'',783.—Kitchen Range Boiler.—Joseph H. Ash, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

IYI, N. Y.:

I claim the improvement herein described in the manufacture of copper boilers, the same consisting in forming in each head of the boiler, sutable groove or channel having parallel concentric walls perpendicular to the bottom extending entirely around the same, in which the body of the boiler is placed, and soldered in any proper manner, subtantially as above described, and for the purposes specified.

47,784.—Machine for Lubricating Bullets.—Albert Ball

47,784.—Machine for Lubricating Bullets.—Albert Ball, Worcester, Mass.:

I claim, First, The sombination with a cylinder or proper receptacle for badding the bullet, of an opening to admit the lubricating matter to the grooven the builet, and a vent hole for the escape of the air, substantially as described.

Second, The combination with a cylinder or chamber for holding the bullet of a resorvoir or resorvoirs for holding the lubricating substance, and a plunger or its equivalent for forcing the lubricating matter while cool into the grooves in the bullet, substantially as set forth.

Third, Thecombination with the builet cylinder, C, of the piston, D, and valve, H, substantially as described.

Fourth, The construction and arrangement of mechanism in such a manner that bullets may be sized, and their groove or groovestilled with a lubricating substance at one and the same operation.

-Shears for Marking Cat le.-Silas D. Baldwin

Chicago, III.:
claim, First, The adjustable blade, I, when provided with a conical ped edge so as to give it a shear cut.

with the screw, b.
Third, The combination of the conical edged blade. I, handles, A and
B, with the set screw or guard, D, to regulate the width and depth of the incision. Fourth, The plate, F, provided with the projection, G, and slots, c, d,

r e. Fifth, The conicalblade, H, in combination with the projection, G. Sixth, Placing two or more shear blades on a single arm of a pair o

urs. sventh, In combination with the cutting devices herein described, I m the adjustable blade or die, J, in the manner and for the purpose

Selforth.
Selforth, The lubricating depository or cup, C, when attached to the handle or arm of a pair of shears.
Ninth, The combination of the slotted plate, F, blades, I, or H, spring, E, and guard, D, with the handles, A, and B.

786.—Gas Burner.—John A. Bassett, Salem, Mass.: claim a burner for burning carburetted air or gas, having the particaged and constructed substantially as herein described and se

47,787.—Gas Burner.—Herman Berg, Union Hill, N. J.:
I claim a gas burner provided with a chamber, c. containing pulverized
carbon or other absorbent material, and with a spring valve, g. closing
up on an aperture. f, by the pressure of the gas, substantially as and for
the purpose set forth.

47,788.—Rendering Pan.—Andrew Black, New York

47,788.—Rendering Fail.—Anurew dame, rew for City:
I claim. First, The radial openings, a. a. sliding dampers. b. b. and applit horizontal circular fines. D. E., the whole arranged in relation with each other, and with the fire-place and pan, substantially as herein described for the purpose act forth.
Second, The combination of the perforated false bottom and the bottom proper of the pan, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.
Third, Providing a melting pan with a cover, N, having an outlet to a drain or sewer, but otherwise closed, substantially as herein described.
Fourth, The employment in combination with the cover of a melting pan having only an outlet to a drain or sewer, of a system of collection of condensed steam or other vapors eliminated from the melted fat contained in the said pan, and the conveyance of the same to the outlet of the cover, substantially as herein specified.
Fifth, In combination with the cover of a melting pan having only au outlet to a drain or sewer, I claim a condenser arranged between the said outlet and the drain or sewer, I claim a condenser arranged between the said outlet and the drain or sewer, substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

47,789.—Bed Bottom.—Charles D. Blinn, Port Hudson

Mich.:
I claim the bed bottom above set forth, constructed substantially alerein described.

This invention consists in a novel construction of spring-bed bottom the elasticity of which is produced altogether by wooden slats connected to each other and to the bedstead in a peculiar way, so that the frame o the bed bottom is affected by pressure on any part of it, and its differen parts are made to bear a share of the load.]

7,790.—Steam Boiler.—Charles T. Boardman, Pawtucket, R. I.:
I claim, First, The arrangement of the two cylindrical boilers, A. A., at tubular boiler, B., and the laterally inclined connecting water legs, C., substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

Second, In combination with the two cylindrical boilers, A., A, tubular older, B., and walls, D. D. of their setting, I claim the pier, E., and conceted parallel upright walls, F., arranged substantially as herein de-ribed.

bodd. In the cas and sir-mixing chamber, H_i bride: wall, I_i and duct or ducts, b_i in combination with each other, and with the bridge I_i , J_i play, E_i and ash pit, J_i substantially as herein set for the ourir, I claim the combination of the bollers, A_i , A_i , B_i , fireplace, G_i duck chamber, H_i sade flues, J_i , J_i , and return flue, g_i , the whole ar god substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

47,791.—Automatic Botler Feeder.—Joseph N. B. Bond, New York City: I claim the expansible pipe, B, arranged in combination with the tank E, and boiler A, substantially in the manner and for the purpose set

[This invention consists in the employment or use of a pipe made of brass or some other mate ial, which ex and sgreatly by the influence of heat, said pipe being secured in suitable rigid bearings at a level with the mean water line of a steam beiler, and made to communicate with the water and steam space of the same in combination with a tank, situated above the boller, and supplied with water from a suitable reservoir, and also made to communicate with the steam and with the water space of said boiler in such a manner that when the water in the boiler sinks below the mean water-line the expansible pine is exposed to the direct ac-tion of the steam and thereby caused to buckle up, and by this action a cock is opened and steam admitted to the upper part of the tank, causing r contained therein to sink down into the boiler, and when the ses above the mean water-line, the expansible pipe cools of and recedes to its original position, and the further supply of water to the boiler is stopped.]

47,792.—Steam-Engine.—George B. Bray on, Boston,

47,792.—Steam-Engine.—George B. Bray on, Boston, Mass.:

First, I claim the variable and self-adjusting cut-off, arranged and operated by the governor as described, for equalizing and rendering uniform the act on of steam engines.

Second, The combin nation with the ordinary slide or D-valve of auxiliary steam ports and slide valves, under the arrangement and for operation in the manner substantially as set forth.

Third, The method herein-described of connecting the oscillating arm with the slide or D-valve, affording yielding connection so as to admit of the valve reciprocating along the plane surface of, and in contact with, the valve face.

Fourth, The method herein-described of operating the auxiliary valves, brugu upon the end of an inlet balance beam by means of a rocking lever, yet so as to admit of traverse motion of the balance beam, together with the main valve, substantial by as shown and described.

Fifth, Regulating the action of the auxiliary or cut-off valves by means of the cam, expansible by the action of the governor, substantially as set forth.

7,793.—Qil Ejector.—Abel Brear, Saugatuck, Conn.: I claim in combination with my arrangement of the oil or dischar be and the blast tabe of an ejector, the lower socket, A, construwith a central passage, a right through it, and with an annuvity, by surrounding the said-passage and communicating with two carranged within the said passage, substantially as and for throse herein specified. 47,793.

94.—Preventing and Removing Scale in Steam Boilers.—Jacob Buzby, Philadelphia, Pa.: laim theuseof gambar for removing scale from steam boilers as

47,795.—Evaporator.—Wm. Canning, New York City: First, I claim the construction of the rotating disk or disks of a rotary evaporator, of a conical or dishing form, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

Second, The arrangement of such disks in such manner that they overlap each other upon a hollow central shaft, in which there are openings between the said disks, substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

set forth.

47,796.—Ship's Defensive Armor.—Stephen D. Capenter,
Madison, Wis.:

I claim wrought-iron or steel perforated plates, with dovetail corrugations and the chilled cast-iron facing and backing, with the attached
staples, all for the pur oses and substantially in the manner herein described.

47,797.—Bed Bottom.—P. G. Chase, Berlin, Wis.:
I claim the improved spring-slat for bed bottoms or analogous purposes, consisting of a camber slat, B, in combination with the spring tension rod, D, connected to the slat at or near its ends, for the purpose of increasing its power of resisting depression, substantially as described.

,798.—Identifying Ticket for Railroads, Etc.—Anning S. Chittenden, Bergen County, N. J.: claim the combination of the several parts herein described to form identifying railroad or other ticket, substantially as herein set forth d for the purposes described.

1793.—Broom.—John M. Clark, Dayton, Ohio: claim the thin, elastic and yielding wrapper represented in Figure 1 structed and applied to the brush and handle of a broom, in combina with the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the state of the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as, and for the pure the ribs, e.e., in the manner substantially as a su

47,800.—Baling Press.—F. F. Cornell, Jr., New York

City:

City:

First, I claim the formation of a close chamber in the press by means of the traveling sides of the chamber, substantially as described.

Second, I also claim the side slip, N, in combination with the traveling iddes of the press, for facilitating the removal of the finished bale from he press, substantially as described.

47,801.—Iron Railing for Fence.—Sommers Crowell,

41,801.—Iron Railing for rence.—Sommers Crowell.
Philadelphia, Pa.:
I claim constructing the palings, B, with the recesses, C, on each side having the open side of the recesses on one side of the palings, alternating with those on the other side, thereby forming openings without the use of cores, for the reception of the horizontal bars, A, substantially in the manner hereinbefore described.

47,802.—Washing Machine. — Ephraim Culver, Shel-

burne, Mass.:
I claim the combination and arrangement of chest, O, and Ild, B, with serforated division boards. c., and beater, D, and wheels, E E E, E, and lever, i, and connecting rod, h, operating in the manner and substantially as above set forth, for the purpose specified.

47,803.—Percussion Fuse for Explosive Shell.—John

A. Curran, U. S. Army:

A. Curran, U. S. Army:

I ckim the combination of the plunger, h, spring, i, detent spring, j, weight, k, and arm, o, when constructed and arranged to operate a s and for the purposes herein specified.

[This invention consists in so constructing a shell as to place the pre-

ponderance of its weight forward of the middle of itslength, and in forming a groove in its forward part, and fitting a soft metal ring therein.]

47.804.—Boring Tools for Artesian Wells.—Henry H. Daniels, Philadelphia, Pa.:

First, I ciaim theinstrument composed of the plates, A and A', levers, B and B', and guided bar, D, with its projections, ii, the whole being constructed and arranged in the manner and for the purpose herein described, and flustrated in Figures 1, 2 and 3.

Second, The modified instrument composed of the plates, A and A', levers, B and B', guided bar, D, with its pins, g g, or their equivalents, the whole being arranged and operating substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

47,805.—Rock Drill.—Julius C. Dickey, Saratoga Springs N. Y.:

I claim the drill, A, with a circular culting edge, in combination with he recess C, for the purposes set forth.

47,806.—Saw-setting Machine.—Charles Diston, Phila-

47,806.— Saw-setting maunity.— Character delphia, Pa.:

I claim, First, In combination with the hammer and anvil of a saw-setting machine, the automatic mechanism herein described or the equivalent to the same, for supporting the back edge of the saw, and elevating and lowering the same in the manner and for the purpose specified. Second, The feed lever, O, in combination with the cam, H, and spring, g, or their equivalents, whereby the within-described movement is imparted to the said lever, for the purpose specified.

Third. The ledge or projection, d, and plate, e, arranged in resect to the arvil as set forth, for the purpose described.

Inc and as set roth, or the purpose described, Alburn, N.Y.:

First, I claim the main frame, A, when cast in one single piece in the form and manner described.

Second, In combination with the main frame, A, as described, I claim the arms, B and C, projecting from the from and rear inner corners, for the purpose described and set forth.

Third; In combination wit the frame, A, I claim the combination and angement of the wheels, e and f; the gea ed wheels, g and h, and the hafta, c and d, when the shaft, c, is placed beneat the shaft, d, for the ur ose of placing the pitman wrist as nearly in lieu with the cutter bar sonship.

is possible.

Fourth, In combination with the arm, C, and the pulleys, J and a, I Fourth, In combination with the main frame of a harvesting machine, Fifth, In combination with the main frame of a harvesting machine, and the lifting bar, b, I claim the stirrup, I., as described and set forth. Sixth, I also claim the self-adjusting pulleys, pivoted at the foot of the cel post, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

47,808.—Apparatus for Grinding and Amalgamating Ores.—M. B. Dodge, New York City:
I claim the att-ching of the shoes to the muller by pivots, or in such a manner that they will work or squist themselves from a center or from a hinged or pivoted point, with or without springs, substantially as set forth.

17,809.—Breech-loading Fire-arm.—William H. Elliot, Plattsburgh, N. Y.:
I claim, First, The combination of a hammer, d, with a swinging breech plate, c, and a brace, e, when these devices are pivoted together substantially as described.
Second, Attaching the main spring, k, to swinging breech plate a breass of a state of the press o second, Attaching the main spring, k, to swinging breech plate, c, by eans of a pivot, u, substantially as and for the purpose herein speci-

Third, So arranging the attachments of a main spring to a hammer and to a swinging breech plate that the power of the main spring shall end to throw the breech plate forward when the chamber is closed, and throw it back when the chamber is open, substantially as herein

hown.

Fourth, Operating upon the point of the trigger to prevent it from atching into the full cock notch by means of cam, S, when both the reech plate and hammer are thrown back together as herein described. Fifth, So constructing and operating the hammer and brace in combiation with a swinging breech plate, that said hammer and brace cannot of the moved at the same time, substantially as and for the purpose erein set forth.

7,810.—Composition for Lining Petroleum Barrels.—
John Fox, Philadelphia, Pa.:
I claim the composition made substantially as above described, for ealing barrels and other vessels as set forth.

(This invention is designed to make wooden vessels impermeable to li-quids, and it consists in applying to its interior surface a composition which will fill its cracks and joints and fill and cover the pores of the wood of which the vessel is made, so that liquids of a highly penetrative character, such as petroleum, cannot pass through the ves

47.811.—Manufacturing Watch Keys.—George H. Fuller,

Pawtucket, R. I.:
I claim making a winding key or key pipe in the manner and on the rinciple substantially as herein described.

47,812.— Drill Bit.—Wm. W. Grier and Robert H. Boyd, Hulton, Pa.:

We claim a drill or bit having the notch or recess at its central point as above described, in combination with the serrated cutting lips, a' a', substantially as shown and described.

-Sheep Rack.-Benjamin Griffin, Lawrence,

a lause. I claim the covers, C, the swing doors, E, and the trap doors, H, for e purposes herein set forth.

47,814.—Machine for Making Tobacco Pipes.—Martin R. Griswold, Watertown, Conn.:
I claim, First. The combination of the spindle, E, constructed and operating substantially as described, with the cutter, B, as and for the purpose specified.
Second, The carrier, L, constructed and operating substantially as described with the spindle, E, combined as and for the purpose specified.

scribed with the spinder, E., combined as and for the purpose special videous 47,815.—Toy Spring Gun.—Albert Hall, New York City: I claim the receiver, E. spring, C, and trigger, D. constructed and arranged, and combined with each other and with the slatted barrel, B, substantially as herein specified. 47,816.—Blind Fastening.—Samuel Hall. New York

City

City:

I claim the fustener, a, constructed substantially as described for the sur ose specified.

In combination with the window sash, B, I claim the hasp lock or its quivalent, constructed substantially as and for the purpose specified.

47,817.—Lock.—Wm. Hall, Brookline, Mass.

I claim, First, Fastening the hub by means of the right hand screw, H, through the case of the lock, and the left hand screw, H", or vica versa, combined with the check nut, v.

Second, Making the stump in two parts, S and S.

Third, The peculiar arrangement of the lever, L, and the key, T, so that at the time the cog-wheels are thrown out of gear the boltshall be immovable.

mmovable. Fourth, The hollow adjusting screws, g, g' g'', g''', all of which oper-te substantially asd escribed and for the purpose set forth.

-Pulverizing Tailing from Gold Washers.-James

H. Hanchett, Beloit, Wis.:
I claim, First, The grindingdisk, C, constructed as shown, and provided with the shaft, B, having the feather, b, thereon as and for the purpose

ectorin.

Second, I claim the grinding disk, D, provided with the internally eared flange, d, constructed and operating as and for the purpose here-

nset forth.

Third, In combination with the disks, C and D, and shaft, B, I claim he gear wheels, F and E, E, E, when all the parts are arranged to operteasand for the purpose herein set forth.

the gear wheels, F and E, E, E, when all the parts are arranged to operate as an dor the purpose herein set forth.

47,819.—Drilling and Boring Machine.—Herman Haupt,
Cambridge, Mass.:

I claim, First, the employment in machinery for drilling or boring rocks or other hard substances, operated by steam or other electric fluid, of a momentum feed, as described, i. e., a mechanism to finely connect the piston rod with the drilling tool or tool holder in such a manner as that the hold shall be suddenly and automatically released at or before the completion of its forward stroke, to allow of the self-adjustment of the tool in relation to the rock, in accordance with like penetrability and the progress of the work, substantially in the manner set forth.

Second, In steam drills, or drills operated by air or other elastic fluid, I claim the combination, with a hollow piston rod, when used as a tool holder, of a stripper box arranged in the rear of the cylinder and back of the piston rod, substantially as set forth.

Third, In a drill operated by steam or other elastic fluid, I claim the momentum feed, as described, when applied to the translatory movement in combination with a positive rotary feed of the drilling tool, and whether the two feeds are simultaneous, reciprocating or intermittent in their action with respect to each other, substantially asset forth.

Fourth, the arrangement concentrically with the drill or tool of the gripper box, containing a series of wedges held in place to tirmly grasp the tool, through the agency of a spring in combination with a stationary anylling forward of the gripper box, operating as described, I claim the arrangement for driving the wedges home against the tool, through the agency of a spring in combination with a stationary anylling forward of the pripper box, operating as described, I claim the follower to expand the wedges, for the wedges, as described.

Sixth, In combination with the gripper box, constructed and arranged as described, I claim the follower to expand the wedg

set forth. Seventh, Recessing the stationary cheek or anvil ring so as to leave projecting stude corresponding to similar stude in the forward end of the gripping box, in such manuer as that the momentum feed shall be alternated by blows under full head of steam, substantially as

set forth.
Eighth, In combination with the means described for producing rotary motion of the tool, I claim the auxiliary ratchet and dog or the mechanical equivalent thereof, for the purpose of preventing the tool from turning back after each rotation, substantially as set forth.

Railroad Chair and Coupling.—Wells Hender-47.820.

shott, Batavia, N. Y.:

I claim making a rail chair and coupling, with a base plate, g g, with square flauges, f f, for the side pieces to rest against, with side of spilee pieces. b h, having squared shoulders, h h, said spilees and hase being olted or spiked to the cross-tie through long slots in the flauges of each side of the rail or bolts may be secured by a key, all constructed substantially as described and for the purpose became settorth.

47,821.—Embossing and Seal Press.—B. B. Hill, Chi-copee, Mass.: I claim the employment of the fly, h, arranged between the die, I claim the employment of the fly, h, arranged between the die n, and bed, a, substantially as and for the purpose described.

47,822.—Fruit Basket.—J. S. Hoard and C. M. Miles, Vineland, N. J.:

Vineland, N. J.:
We claim the above described berry and fruit basket, constructed
as above set forth, as a new article of manufacture.
[This invention consists in a fruit basket composed of any suitable thin material, such as paper, bark or veneers of wood, the body of which is made by interlocking the two edges which come together when the material is bent to a conical or circular form, the bottom made by dropping a circular piece of suitable size down int the basket.1

47,823.—Apparatus for Cooling Beer.—Julius Hoefer New York City:

I claim cooling beer, or other liquids, the causing the same to flow downward in the open hollow of the metal plpe, E, and by causing the cold water to rise upward in the lociosed space of said pape, E, substantially in the manner and for the purpose described.

47,824.—Carpenter's Gage.—Martin Horton, Brooklyn

N. Y.:

I claim the adjustable brad, f, in combination with the brad, d, in the slide, c, arranged and operating substantially as and for the purpose described.

47,825.—Composition for Lining Barrels.—Benoni H. Howell, New York City:
I claim the composition specified for hining barrels for petroleum, etc.

7,826.—Apparatus for Japanning.—Geo. Wolsey Hubbell, Derby, Conn.:
I claim the plan of drawing off or removing the liquid japan from the articles japanned, keeping said articles stationary, whether this seffected by means of the mechanism herein before described, or

is effected by means of the mechanism herein before described, or by means of a pump, syphon or any mechanical process whereby the liquid japan is removed from said articles leaving them station

47,827.—Device for Covering Rollers for Wringers.—R. B. Hugunin, Cleveland, Ohio:
I claim the clamp plates, A A, moving or folding blades, B B, and projections, C C, substantially as and for the purposes specified.

47,828.—Apparatus for Separating and Concentrating Ores.—Andrew Hunter, Solano Co., Cal.:

I claim the formation of the troughs, B B, with metallic bottom alternately inclining and level, as shown by line, a b c d, substantially as described, and for the uses and purposes set forth.

I also claim the combination of these troughs with the troughs, E G G, stop-cock, H, hangers, D D', spring, S S, or their equivalent, by adjustable connecting rods, I, giving an oscillating and vibrating motion, all substantially as herein before set forth.

motion, all substantially as herein before set forth.

47,829.—Knitting Machine.—Edward E. Kilbourn, New Brunswick, N. J. Patented in France, Jan. 6, 1864:
First, I claim the combination of the carriage of a travelling needle in a knitting machine, with the mechanism for moving it past the other needles of the machine in such manner that it can be readily disengaged from said mechanism and re-engaged therewith, substantially as set forth.

Second, The combination of the instrumentality through which the pattern mechanism operates upon the traveling needle, or upon the Instrumentalities for withdrawing or replacing the regular needles, with the carriage of said needle, or of said instrumentalities, substantially as set forth.

Third, The arrangement of the movable cam places in a knitting machine above the devices which they operate upon, substantially as set forth.

Substantially as set forth.

Third, The arrangement of the movable cam places in a knitting machine above the devices which they operate upon, substantially as set forth.

Forth, The carrangement of the pattern mechanism of a knitting machine above the needle carriage, substantially as set forth.

Fifth, The combination of the pattern barrel of a knitting machine with mechanism for changing its relationship to the device upon which its pins operate, substantially asset forth.

Sixth, The arrangement of the pins of a pattern barrel in two helical lines commencing at the opposite ends of the barrels, substantially as set forth.

Seventh, The combination of a cam for restoring the withdrawn needle with a carriage, substantially as set forth.

Eighth, A needle bed divided into divisions, which are so combined with the machine that a division may be displaced and replaced, substantially as set forth.

Ninch, The combination of a removable division of the needle bed with instrumentallities for counterbalancing its weight, substantially as set forth.

Tenth, The combination of a removable division of the needle bed with a needle holder, substantially as set forth.

Eleventh, The combination of a traveling needle with a needle bed divided into divisions one of which may be displaced, substantially as set forth.

Twelfth, The combination of a removable division of the needle bed divided into divisions, one of which may be displaced, substantially as set forth.

Theretally, The combination of a removable division of the needle bed with its support by devices which permit a transverse move-

tally as set forth.

Thirteenth, The combination of a removable division of the needle bed with its support by devices which permit a transverse movement, substantially as set forth.

Fourteenth, The combination of a series of reciprocating needles with two thread guides, one of which can be thrown out of gear when a single strip of work is being knit, the whole operating substantially asset forth.

Fifteenth, The combination of the thread guide carriage with catches that connect and disconnect it with the mechanism for im-

catches that connect and disconnect at with the mechanism for imparting motion to it, substantially as set forth.

Sixteenth, The combination of the needle carriage with two sets of bumpers for operating two thread guides, substantially as set forth. Seventeenth, The combination of the sinkers at the inner side of a division of the needle bed which remains in place, with a lifter, substantially as set forth.

Expiteenth, The depression of the yarn between the thread guide and the last needle fed with Varn, by an instrumentality which is separate from the thread guide and effects the depression substantially as set forth.

Nineteenth, The combination of the thread guide curriage with devices for griping the yarn which are independent of the thread guide

guide.

Twentieth, The combination of the needle cam bar with a movable cam block operating to withdraw one of the needles to a less extent than the others, substantially as set forth.

Twenty-first, The combination of the under supports of the needles of a knitting machine, with devices which permit their adjustment laterally, as set forth.

Twenty-second, The combination of the stocks of the under supports with a rock shaft, substantially asset forth.

47,830.-Horse Power.-D. W. Hunt, San Francisco,

and the puricy, of the operation is the shaft. V, in the supplemental frame, T, in concection with the pawl. W, and the perforated wheel V, or its equivalent, for adjusting the inclination of the frame, A, and eadless platform, D, substantially as described.

Fifth, Hanging the frame, A, in the supplemental frame, T, by means of journals, b' b', attached to the sides of the frame, A underneath and in line with the balance-wheel shaft, B", substantially as and for the purposes herein set forth.

47,831.—Table for Hospitals.—Sarah J. A. Hussey, of Cornwall, N. Y:
I claim the above described adjustable table in combination with the head rest, substantially as set forth.
I also claim the foot rest and drawer bookholder in combination with the table as specified.

7,832.—Shears for Cutting Iron Bolts.—George W. Hyatt, Auburn, N. Y: I claim the shear bars, B B, pivoted to the bar, A, as shown for he purpose already described. purpos

-Stove Pipe Drums.-Jacob B. Hyzer, Janes-le. Wis:

47,833.—Stove ripe Diams.—coolville, Wis:

I claim, first, A heat radiator when constructed and arranged substantially as herein described and set forth.

Second, The combination of ascending and descending flues and an inner hot air space with a straight flue regulated by a single damper substantially as described.

Third Construction the radial plates with a series of origines or holes, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

Charles G. Imlay, Philadelphia,

holes, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

47,834.—Fruit Jar.—Charles G. Imlay, Philadelphia,
Penn. Antedated December 6, 1864:
1 claim, first, The use of the metal screw cap, c, for the purpose of locking any form or variety of glass stopper upon a glass jar, as described.

locking any form or variety of gass stopper upon a glass jar, as described.

Second, I claim the glass stopper and cap, v i, when fastened by screw thread to the jar in the manner described.

Third, I claim a metal cap, whereby inclined slots in the cap and by projections, or lugs or portions of screw thread in the neck of the jar, it locks a glass stopper to a glass jar, and the same when no glass stopper is used.

Fourth, I claim the use of the hollow tube plug, v k, and plug, vx (with two apertures at its base), for locking the aperture inside of the jar as described.

Fifth, I claim all and each of the described and figured stoppers, when used in combination with my locking caps.

when used in combination with my locking caps.

47,835.—Artificial Arm.—Hiram A. Kimball and Andrew J. Lawrence, Philadelphia, Pa.:

We claim, first, The arrangement of the levers, b b'jj and n, in combination with the spring, h, to open and shut the fingers in the manner substantially as above described.

Second, The lever, s, by means of which the motive power acts upon the fingers when the fire-arm is in any position, said lever being constructed and arranged, substantially as described.

A whereby the fore arm is set and held in any desired position, the whole constructed and arranged substantially as described.

Fourth. The employment of the elastic strap, D, by which the artificial arm is held in position without chafing or confining other parts of the body, substantially as described.

47,836.—Shoulder Supporter.—J. W. Kimball. Boston.

47,836.—Shoulder Supporter.—J. W. Kimball, Boston, Mass., and John Mahady, Cambridge, Mass.:

I claim a combination of shoulder straps, with an attaching strap, substantially as and for the purpose described.

substantially as and for the purpose described.

47,837.—Double Window.—T. S. Lambert, Peekskill, N. Y.:

I claim the combination of the convertible stop, F. and its molding. I, and the sahes, G and H, with the frame, A, in the manner and for the purpose substantially as set forth.

Second, The combination of the material, k, with the stop, F, the molding, I, the sashes, G and H, and the frame, A, in the manner and for the purpose substantially as set forth.

1,838.—Rotary Fan.—George Leach, Elmira, N. Y.:
I claim the combination of the fan shaft and the disk, with wings attached thereto.
I also claim the described taper form of wings in combination with the disk, substantially as described.

47,839.—Fanning Mill. (leorge Leach, Elmira, N. Y.: I claim the slide board, k, whose front edges is adjustable and operative for the purpose described at all points longitudinally of the effective length of the sieve, g', in combination with the notched adjusting hand.e, i.

47.810.—Farm Gate.—Joel Lee, Galesburg, Ill.: First, I claim the swivel guide and friction wheel, for the purpose

Second, The combination of the gate, A. the post, B, the stop. C the block, II, and the cap, I, with the swivel guide and friction wheel, all arranged substantially as and for the purpose specified.

47,841.—Burglar Alarm.—Andrew J. Loomis, Madrid, N. Y.:
I claim the combination of the plate, A, the hammer with its axial shaft, E, and spring, F, the catch, G, the whole arranged substantially as described, and applied in the manner and for the purpose specified.

pose specified.

47,842.—Lock.—Walter K. Marvin, New York City:
I claim, First, The combination with the movable stump and
movable tumblers, of a system of leverage, arranged substantially
in the manner herein described, so as to prevent detection of the position of the gates or notches in the tumblers, as herein set forth.
Second, In permutation locks, having rotary tumblers or wheels,
I claim the friction brake of brakes, in combination with the eccentric, arranged and operated substantially in the manner and for the
purpose set forth.

-Edward Maynard, Washington, D. C. 47,843.—Button.

I claim a metallic collet or base, for the buttons having tongues or points stamped out centrally therefrom, substantially in the manner and for the purpose herein set fortlet of manufacture, metallic fasteners for buttons, formed of a polygonal or cylindrical shank, having tongues or points projecting from the ends thereof, substantially in the manner as and for the purpose herein set forth

in the manner as and for the purpose herein set forth.

47,844.—Process for Tanning.—B. H. McNulty and Wm. McKern, Mansfield, Ohio:

First, We claim the tanning process herein described, the same consisting in agitating the liquid by a rotary dasher, E. or equivalent mechanical means, while under pressure within the vat, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Second, The apparatus used in the above process, comprising the vat, A. lid, A. packing, a, nozzle, D, braces or retainers, C, and dasher, E. or ombined and arranged in the manner herein described and represented.

represented.
47,845.—Cook Stove.—Henry Mitchell, Richmond, Ind.: Iclaim the combination and arrangement of the plate, C, containing the dumper, B, at the upper front corner of the oven with the flues, I J and K, and the location of the guide plate, A, and of the pipe. H, by means of which the heat is taken by the shortest and most direct route entirely around the oven.
47,816.—Lightning Rod.—S. J. Mitchell, St. Louis, Mo.: I claim the separator or division of the main point, A, into two bars cunrecting by means of branches, d, with the stem, B, of the rod, substantially as described.

[The object of this invention is to produce a lightning rod which vill conduct the fluid with more certainty to the conductor or main red, while it also presents a greatinumber of attaching points or a large attracting surface without enhancing the difficulties of con struction or the cost.)

struction or the cost.]

47,847.—Device for Pulling on Boots.—F. H. Moore, Boston, Mass.:

I claim, First, Forming oncor more apertures in the leg of boots or sho es, and providing the edge of such aperture or apertures with a convex border or flange, in the manner substantially as hereinbefore described, and for the purposes set forth.

Second, I claim as an article of manufacture, boot or shoe legs having, for the purposes set forth, one or more bordered or flanged apertures, substantially as herein described.

Third, I claim as an article of manufacture a boot or shoe the legs of which, for the purpose of pulling on said boots or shoes, are provided with one or more bordered or flanged apertures substantially ar described or set forth.

-Friction Match.-S. C. Moore, Boston, Mass. I claim putting the lighting or burning substance on one end or side of the splint or match and the lighting or ignting substance on the other end or side of the splint or match, substantially as described.

scribed.

47,849.—Bed Plate for Paper-mill Engines.—Oliver Morse. Needham, Lower Falls, Mass.:

I claim so applying the grinding plates or knives to the bed as to allow of their being raised or lowered relatively thereto, substantially as herembefore set forth.

I claim the combination of the steel grinding knives with the clamp bar when the latter are constructed with a series of slots, substantially in the manner and for the purpose hereinbefore set forth.

47,850.—Rock Drill.—Joel Moulton, Boston, Mass.:

I claim. First. Causing the drill to revolve by means of the colla-

C, carrying projections which traverse oblique grooves in the position to be rotated in combination with the ratchet teeth, D, and pawls, E, as described.

Second, The described dress to the face of the reamer, consisting of zerrations or teeth which run in the reverse direction on the different sides.

47,851.—Musical Instrument.—Ira F. Munson, Washing-

47,851.—Musical Instrument.—Ira F. Munson, Washington, D. C.:
I claim, First, The use of glue, gclatin, or other analogous substance, in the manufacture of musical instruments, or parts of such instruments, for the purpose of obtaining increased volume of tone and sonorousness, substantially as described.

Second, Uniting parts of musical instruments together by means of the majerial of which such parts are composed, for the purpose of obtaining homogeneousness, substantially as described.

Third, The use of a water-proof composition in the manufacture of musical instruments, or parts of instruments, substantially as described.

described.

47,852.—Knitting-machine Needle.—John L. Otis, Florence, Mass., and Samuel L. Otis, Manchester, Conn.:

We claim. First. The recess, d, in the needle shank, to operate in combination with the stop, c, on the latch, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

Second. Making the needle and latch of one thickness and operating them in the same slot of the needle bed, as specified.

Third, The stop, e and curved point of the latch, in combination with the cam, g, constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose described.

47,853.—Machine for Ornamenting Jewelry, Plate, Etc.
O. S. Parmenter, Providence R. I.:
I claim the machine for ornamental engraving, constructed and operating in the manner and on the principle substantially as described.

47,854.—Shafting.—Franklin P. Peregoy, Indian Valley,

Cal.:
I claim the combination and arrangement of the guide blocks.
C C C, with the set screws, G G, and the friction rollers, D D D D
Also the manner of connecting the two sections by means of t
slideways, H H, substantially as fet torth.

47,855.—Seeding Machine.—S. M. Prentice, Southington, Ohio:

I claim the seed box or hopper, D, resting at its back end upon a spring, F, substantially as shown, and for the purpose of feeding and supplying the seed uniformly to the distributing wheel, C, as set forth.

(This invention relates to a new seeding machine designed for gen eral use for planting various kinds of seed, and it consists in the employment of a self-adjusting hopper, in connection with a seeddistributing wheel, and adjustable shears or teeth.]

47,856.—Corset.—Clarissa Preston, Detroit, Mich.:
I claim a combined corset and supporter arranged with hooks or clasps, a, in front and made to lace in the rear, and provided with a busitle, B, and extension brace, g, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

This invention relates to a combined corset and supporter made to lace in the back and to clasp or hook in front, so that its can be readily adjusted, and provided with an extension bustle, the brace of which is made to extend part way or all round the body, and which may be sut separate from the corset and attached to it or formed with the same, as may be desirable. The extension brace is adjusted to the requisite width by a hook catching in different slots or in any other suitable manner, whereby the same can be readily accommodated to the body of the wearer.

47,857.—Horse Rake.—O. E. Randall, Lewiston, Maine: I claim the combination of the bars, F, arms, i i, shaft, E, and and teeth, G G, all constructed, arranged audoperating substantially as set forth.

This invention consists in having the take composed of a series of plied to a mounted frame having its wheels at a less distance apart than the length of the rake, so that the ends of the latter may the advantages of the ordinary wooden and wire tooth rakes are retained while their disadvantages are avoided.)

-Mode of Propelling Railroad Cars.-S. G. Ran-

dall, New York City:

I claim the air-supply pipe, a, provided with suitable spouts, b, and pplied in combination with the movable reservoir, C, and car, A, ubstantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

47,859.—Boots and Shoes.—T. K. Reed, North Bridgewater, Mass.:

I claim a boot and shoe having the construction substantial y as specified.

47,860.—Adjustment for Optical Instruments C. B. Richards, Hartford, Conn.:

I claim the employment, in combination with the adjustable parts of an optical instrument, of one or more anti-friction wheels, and a friction roll, operating to effect the adjustment to focus, substantially in the manner hereinbefore clearly described, for the purpose set forth

47,861.—Machine for Shaving and Nicking Wood Screws.—D. M. Robertson, East Boston, Mass., and Jason A. Bidwel Boston, Mass.: We claim the vibrating adjustable saw frame. R, in combination with the link, T, and cam, T, which operate the frame and movethe saw, as described.

We claim the rotating saw, S, in combination with the right-and-left-hand serow nuts. arranged to adjust and hold the saw opposite the center of the arbor, E, substantially as described.

ne center of the arbor, E, substantially as described.

7,862.—Solar Camera.—Herman Roettger, Philadelphia, Pa.:

First, I claim a camera stand constructed with two adjustments tright angles to each other, for the purpose of following the path of the sun by a single motion, substantially as shown and described. Second, The grooves, k k m m, in combination with a rigid camera ox, as shown and described for the purpose set forth. Third, The double chamber, S and B, when used to form a rigid amera box provided with slide grooves, as shown and described.

47,863.—Car Truck Frame.--D. B. Rogers, Pittsburgh,

Pa.: First, I claim the sustaining beam, made substantially as described and for the purposes set forth. Second. The suspending or resting of car bodies, substantially as earthed and for the purposes set forth.

-Screw Propeller.-John B. Root, New York

17,864.—Screw Propelier.—June B. 2007, City:
First, I claim a screw propeller the blades of which have a curvature forward or in the direction of the revolution, combined with such a hollow curvature of the faces as is produced by a diminution of the pitch from the periphery toward the axis of the propeller, substantially as herein specified.

Second, The hollow rearward conical extension, C, of the hub atached to the body, B, thereof by being fitted into a groove, I, in the body and secured by a central bolt. I, which passes through the said extension and is screwed into the end of the propeller shaft, substantially as herein described.

47,865.—Machine for Cutting Leather.—J. F. Severence, East Bridgewater, Mass.:
I claim the combination of the presser bar, F. and its knife-holding opening. h. with the feed wheel, C. or the same and a knife, K. substantially in manner and so as to operate therewith as specified. I also claim the combination of the two sliders, E. L. and their clamp screws or the equivalent thereot, with the preser bar, F. its knife-holding opening, h. and a stationary arm, D, arranged with respect to the feed wheel, C, substantially as hereinbefore set forth. I also claim the combination of the gage, m, with the upper all-

der, L, and the presser bar, F, when combined with a feed wheel in manner and so as to operate therewith and with a k life, s bstan-tially as hereinbefore explained.

47,866.—Water Meter.—John Sheffield, Pultneyville, N. Y.:
I claim the combination of the wings, a a, shaft, D, gate, h, and inlet passage, 0, all arranged to operate substantially as specified.

[This invention consists in adopting the principles of construction of the ordinary central discharge water wheel to the purposes of a water meter.]

7,867.—Game Board.—John Smith and E. M. Nutter, Felt nville, Mass. Antedated March 3, 1865: We claim the game boa d, as constructed, with the rotary cannon, we battery and the cavities, arranged substantially as described.

47,868.—Boring Well.—John Y. Smith, Alexandr a, Va.: First, I claim, in combination with a steam cylinder, whether arranged concentrically or eccentrically vith said cylinder, a gripper box or other instrument, to mermittently hold and release the rope or cable, substantially as and for the purposes set forth. Second, I claim the combination with a steam cylinder and gripper box, arranged as described, of a mechanism for intermittently rotating said box while firmly holding the tool, substantially as and fer the purpose set forth. Third, I claim a mechanism for producing intermittent rotation of the rope continuously in the same direction, in combination with a mechanism for simultaneously untwisting the rope, substantially as set forth.

a mechanism for simultaneously untwisting the rope, substantially as set forth.

Fourth, In combination with a gripper box or the mechanical equivalent thereof, for rotating the rope continuously in the same direction, I daim a forum around which the rope is wound, when said drum is hung in a frame revolving in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

Fifth, I claim the method herein described of producing a self-adjusting automatic feed of the rope.

Sixth, I claim the method herein described, or the mechanical course of the blow, substantially as set forth.

Seventh, I claim the means herein described, or the mechanical equivalent thereof, for producing self-adjusting automatic feed, which also serves to resulate the force of the blow.

Eighth, The method herein described of rotating the drum to withdraw the tools and return them with great rapidity, substantially as set forth.

-Safety-valve Rubber.-John Y. Smith, Alexan-

47,869.—Safety-Valve Rudder.—John Y. Smith, Alexandria, Va.:

First, I claim combining with a safety valve, constructed in the usual manner: as described, a metal disk of a resistance calculated to explode under a pressure exceeding that of saiety. Second. The construction of the valve of three parts, substantially as herein described and for the purposes set forth.

Third, in combination with a safety valve. constructed and operating as described, I claim the stop-cock for the purpose set forth. Fourth, In combination with a valve and valve case, provided with a stop-cock as described, I claim the pendant rod fast to the disk, substantially as set forth.

47,870.—Rock Drill.—John Y. Smith, Alexandria, Va.: I claim, first, A rock drill composed of three or more cutting blades when recessed in the center or at the point of intersection of said blades, substantially as set forth.

Second, Forming the cutting edges of a three or more bladed rock drill by beveling one side of said blades in such manner as to tend to rotate the drill when striking a blow and to tighten the screw joint, substantially as set forth.

Third, Forming cutting edges upon the recessed portion of the blades, substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

.871.—Oil Ejecter.—John Y. Smith, Alexandr a, Va.: First, I claim the combination with a suitable main tube and stanary vaive seats of a central revolving steam or air cyllader ovided with suitable valves constructed and operating substantial as hereinbefore described, so that the steam or air is ejected into a space surrounding said cylinder, in the manner and for the pur-

by as hereinbefore described, so that the steam of art is greated into the space surrounding said cylinder, in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

Second, In combination with the above, I claim the employment, at suitable intervals and interposed between the sections of the outer tube of valve chambers, for the admission and retention therein of the liquid raised by the bijection of steam or other elastic fluid, substantially as set forth.

Third, In combination with the interior cylinder and surrounding valve chambers, I claim the slip joint attachment, so as to admit of vie pe feet yet easy vertical adjustment of the valves into their respective seats, substantially with the total.

Fourth, In combination with the combination of the properties of the cylinder sections by the control of substantially as set forth.

Fourth, In valve chambers constructed as described, and in combination with hemispherical valves, I claim torming annular channels in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

Sixth, I claim the employment in an apparatus for raising liquid of the steam cylinder of a hemp hose, whether or not boiled in linseed oil, substantially as set forth.

Seventh, I claim the combination of a steam cylinder of a steam cylinder of a hemp hose, whether or not boiled in linseed oil, substantially as set forth.

Seventh, I claim the combination of a steam cylinder of or the purposes set forth.

Eighth, In combination with a spherical valve I claim the employment of a steam deflector shield operating substantially in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

47.872.—Horse Rale,—Moore Smith (assignor to himself

47,872.—Horse Rake.—Moore Smith (assignor to himself and P. W. Wellington), Worcester, Mass.:
I claim the combination of the tilting rake head, A, with the clutch, G, clutch projections, g and d, dutch lever, E, and cam, I, when constructed and c perated substantially in the manner and for the purposes stated.

7,873.—Apparatus for Treating Ores.—Robert Spencer, New York City:
I claim protecting metallic vessels, which are used in the process f roasting ores, by coating their exposed surfaces with a fire-proof namel, substantially as described.

47,874.—Apparatus for Treating Ores.—Robert Spencer, New York City:
First, I claim applying a series of revolving or oscillating wings or paddles within a vessel, E, which is constructed with a central ridge, a, over which the currents of mercury are interrupted in their passage from one side of the vessel to the other, substantially as described

d, The use of adouble concave bottom amalgamating vessel, revolving agitators arranged witbin it, substantially as de

Second, The use of account having revolving agitators arranged within it, successful scribed.

Third, The receiving troughs, c.c., in combination with a perforated cover, E. to the amagamating vessel, substantially as described. Fourth, Conducting the waste water from the amalgamating vessel into the chamber, D. substantially as described. Fifth, The feeding vessel, H. in combination with two or more movable cylinders, B, communicating with said vessel, substantially and described.

movable cylinders, B, voice as described.
Sixth, The use of a water chamber, D, partially surrounding an amalgamating vessel, whether it is mounted over a furnace or not, substantially as described.
Seventh, The combination of one or more rotating or oscillating cylinders, B, with an amalgamating vessel and a furnace, C, substantially as described.

-Meat Cutter.-Le Roy S. Starrett, Newbury

1,870.—Meat Cuttler.—Le Roy S. Starrett, Newburyport, Mass.:
First, I claim the combination of the walking beam, I, pitman,
I, crank shaft, E G. pawl, A, rack, P, and rotary bed, O, arranged
ind operating as specified.
Second, The combination of the horizontal plate, K, pendant rods,
I, knives, L. rods, L L, and guide rod, M, constructed and arranged
in the manner and for the purp oses described.

high manner and the purposes described.

876.—Lathe Fastening.—J. M. Stone (assignor thimself, G. L. Davis, and G. A. Wiley), North Andover, Mass.:
claim clamping the piece, c, to the piece, b, and this to the way rame, a. by one adjustment, the construction and operation besubstantially as described.

47,877.—Method of Securing Bushes for Bungs to Barrels.—Thomas Summerfield, New York City:

I claim securing metallic bushes for bungs in barrels by means of nalls clinched in the inner side of the stave by the lever anvil, substantially as set forth.

47,878.—Hoisting Apparatus.—Joseph A. Talpey, Somerville, Mass.:

I claim the improved tackle or hoisting apparatus consisting of two sprockst pullies arranged, constructed and geared together, and operating in conjunc on with the endless chain and the loose block, substantially as specified.

I also claim so applying the lower sprocket pulley that it may be disconnected from the upper one and keyed of fashoned in position in the manner and for the purpose substantially as set forth.

9.—Keel for Ships and Other Nav gable Vessels. J. B. Tarr, Chicago, Ill.: aim the horizontal keel, c, when constructed and applied J. B. Tarr, Chicago, III.:

Iciaim the horizontal kee? c, when constructed and applied as exerein specified so that its upper surface will be nearly parallel with he ship? s bottom and its edge on the lee side will present an acute ingle to the water, while the ship is careened to any extent.

[This invention is designed for vessels navigating the lakes, and which are often compelled to sail in shallow waters, and consists in a keel which expands laterally on each side of the center of the vessel's bottom so as partially to inclose a large body of water on

either side.]

47.880.—Car Truck.—Edw n Thurston and James R.
Ledyard, Covington, Ky.:
First, We claim the construction and use of skeleton iron bolsters, B and C, which admit of greatstrength and durability and can be used either as center bearings or side bearings.
Second, The construction and use of the cast end piece, A, which serve to stiffen or brace arch bars and lower bolster, also serve as a guide for top bolster to work in, and in connection with bolster, forming a truck combining strength, durability and lightness with ease of access in all its parts for repairs.

47,881.—Base-burning Stove.—W. B. Treadwell, Albany, N. Y.:

First. I claim thefire pot, C, with the flaring lipped extension, e f, in combination with a base-burning stove, which has a coal-suply magazine, G, substantially as and for the purpose set forth. Second, The combination of the flaring lipped extension, e f with he beveled brick, E, substantially in the manner and for the purpose described.

Third, The arrangement of perforated valve, I, chamber, K, flues, and H, and the branch flue, N, with a base-burning stove, contructed substantially as described, for the purpose set forth.

17,882.—Machinery for Coiling Spr ngs.—G. L. Turner, New York City:
First, I claim, in machines for coiling steelsprings, whether used or coiling volute spiral or other steel or metallic springs, the emloyment and use of the collars, b and b, on the mandrel, and the ushings, C and C, in the socket of the rotating arbor which releves the mandrel, in combination with the mandrel, E, and the tating arbor, C, substantially as and for the purposes above deribed.

Becond, I claim, in mach hes for colling spiral springs.

scribed.

Second, I claim, in machines for colling spiral springs, the employment and use of a base or head block, such as that shown at G, or its equivalent, with holding or griping devices, such as those herens shown and described, or their equivalents, in combination with the mandrel, E, the worm, P, the guide, n, and the collar, M, when used for producing spirally-formed springs, with parallel ends on the said mandrel, substantially as and for the purposes above set

the mandrel, E, the worm, P, the guide, n, and the collar, M, when used for producing spirally-formed springs, with parallel ends on the said mandrel, substantially as and for the purposes above set forth.

Third, I claim in machines for coiling metallic springs of a spiral form, the employment and use of a movable collar, such as that shown at M, or its equivalent, in combination with the worm, P, the mandrel, F, and the guide, n, when used for the purpose of making that end of the spring which is next to the said collar perpendicular, to the axis of the mandrel, substantially as and for the purpose above set forth.

Fourth, I claim the employment and use of a guide such as that shown at n, or its equivalent, i combination with the mandrel, E, the worm, P, and the collar, M, when used for the purpose of suddenly checking the diagonal movement of the end of the bar and of keeping in its necessary vertical position, that is to say, at right angles to the mandrel and guiding it at right singles with the face of the mandrel preparatory to forming that end of the spring parallel, substantially as and for the purpose above described.

Firth, The worm, P, or its equivalent, in combination with a coiling mandrel, when used for coiling spiral corother steel springate employment and use of a friction band, T, or its equivalent, in combination with the apring, T, the worm shart, T, and the frame, PZ, or their equivalents, in combination with the spring, T, the worm shart, T, and the frame, PZ, or their equivalents, in combination with the apring, T, the worm shart, T, and the frame, N, or its equivalent, in combination with the apring, T, the worm shart, T, and the frame, PZ, or their equivalents, in combination with the amount of the purpose of odiling metal, it is prings, substantially as above described.

Ninth, I claim the employment and use of the cams, R, R, in combination with the employment and use of the cams, R, R, in combination with the employment and use of the coilar, 42, constination with the employment an

47,883.—Cutting and Pressing Hay, Etc.—Rosewell Wakeman and Joseph L. Ballance, Port Deposit,

Wakeman and which was combined with a hay press, and so many tranged and operated as to discharge the cut hay not the pressing lox, in combination with an automatic stamping or packing apparang substantially as and for the purposes herein setforth. Second, We claim the manner of fastening the doors of the packing or pressing boxes, as herein described.

Third, We claim the combination of machinery herein described, or pressing cut hay into bales.

47,884.—Apparatus for Wash ng Ore.—James Watson, Cliff Mine, Mich.:

I claim the use of a long tie or trough, suspended so as to vibrate against a revolving cam or other device for giving to it a wibrating shock, in combination with a series of movable stops, constructed and arranged substantially as and for the purposes hereinbefore set torth.

17,885.—Attaching Cranks to Machinery.—Amos Westcott Syracuse, N. Y.:
I claim a crank, constructed with the hole, c, and slot, D. Fig. 1, in
he arm thereof, in combination with the flat-shanked screw, B. Fig.
, by which it can be attached to the shaft, substantially as above
lescribed.

47,886.—Rolling Mill.—Elbridge Wheeler, Felt nville

*1,000.—ROHING MIH.—Elbridge Wheeler, Felt nville, Mass.:
I claim uniting the projecting ends of the rolls or shafts by means of a link or yoke, substantially as and for the purpose described.
I also claim the holding of the sections of dies or rings or their shafts, by means of screw threads cut upon the shafts, and a nut or nuts run up against them substantially as described.
I also claim the fitting together of the sectional rings or dies, by means of countersinks upon one, and a projection upon the next adjacent one, to break the joint between them, and thus prevent the forming of a pin upon the article being rolled, substantially as described

47,887.—Stovepipe Drum.—Thomas Whitson, Wood

\$4,887.—Stock, III.:

I claim a best-radiator for use in connection with a stove, consisting in a base, B, and top, E, provided with the partitions, C and F, connected by the flues, H and J J, and return flues, L, and provided with the valves, D and G, and with or without the transverse pipes, K, substantially as described.

A, substantially as described.

47,888.—Forming Tubes of Sheet Metal.—Moses G.
Wilder, West Meriden, C nn.:
I claim the process of form ng tubes of thm sheet metal, by compressing blanks of greater breadth than the development of the perimeter of the required tube into that pe imeter, s betantially as sectorth.

47,889.—Valise for Artil ery Harness.—Warren H. Wilkinson, Springfield, Mass.:

I claimas my invention the improved artillary valise, as made with the hollow or concavity. a, to fit and rest upon the seat of the saddle, substantially in manner as described.

I also claim the combination and arrangement of the bottom or girth straps, e, with the valise made with the arched or concave bottom, as described.

I also claim the combination and arrangement of the four side eyes, b b b, and their straps, c c c, with the valise, made with the arched or concave bottom, as described.

47,890.—Coolsing Stove.—Charles J. Woolson, Cleve-

1,550.—Coolsing land, Ohio:
I claim a detachable curved iron plate, when arranged in relation of the oven and fire plate of cooking stoves, in the manner and for the purpose herein set forth and described.

Total B. Beiley New York

to the oven and the plate of cooking stoves, in the manner and for the purpose herein set forth and described.

47,891.—Curtain Fixtures.—Jacob B. Bailey, New York City, assignor to Samuel E. Bailey, Springfield, Mass.:

First, I claim the ring socket. c, receiving the end of the curtain roller, in combination with the clamping piece, d, introduced and actuated as and for the purposes specified

**Recond, I claim a fian ed spool, with an opening through its center for the curtain roller, the said spool bengretained in place by attaching the cord, substantially, as specified, to create friction for preventing the weight of the curtain turning the roller.

**Fourth, I claim a curtain roller, in which friction as applied to sustain the curtain in any position, in combination with two cord is pools wound in opposite directions, for the purpose and as specified.

spools would in opposite directions, for the purpose and as specified.

47.892.—Machine for Manufacturing Boxes of Sheet
Metal.—George W. Bentley (assignor to himself and
Charles S. Hine). New York City:
I claim, First, in combination with the frame, F, provided with
the shafts, a and i, and lever, h, the burr wheels, c k p and
q, when the same shall be constructed and operated substantially as
shown, for the purposes specified.

Second, I claim the adjustable bearing, m, with its adjuncts, when
the same shall be combined, substantially as shown, for the purposes specified.

47,893.—Water Meter.—Geo. F. Blake, Medford, Mass., assignor to himself, Peter Hubbell and Job A. Tur-

assignor to himself, Peter Hubbell and Job A. Turner, Boston, Mass.;
First, I claimso constructing the plungers or pistons of water meters that they shall perform the function of valves, and thus do way with the necessity for independent valves and their connections, substantially as specified.

Second, In combination with the foregoing, I claim making the plunger at each cylinder control the supply and exhaust of its twin or opposite cylinder, in the manner described.

Third, Passing the supply water through the body of the plungers, by means of water ways, arranged and operating substantially in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

the manner and for the purpose set forth.

47,894.—Whiffletree Irons.—Wm. M. Bryant (assignor to himself, John B. Wheeler and John R. Evans), Washington, D. C.:

I claim constructing the ferrules, A. for swingle or whiffletrees, with the stops or shoulders, d.e. and inclined or bevel, f, substantially in the manner and for the purpose described. Second, in combination with the subject matter of the first clause of my claim I claim the turning stem, B, with its locking pin, J, substantially as described.

Third, In combination with the subject matter of my first and second clauses of claim, I claim the screw-fastening, k, substantially as herein described.

, 895.—Fire Pot for Stove, Etc.—William Ennis (as-signor to himself and Osborne Macdaniel), New

17,895.—Fire Pot for Stove, Etc.—William Ennis (assignor to himself and Osborne Macdaniel), New York City:

First, I claim the method of generating steam in the fire-pot resort itself, as and for the purpose herein described.

Second, The construction of the steam-generator, A, combined with the feed-pipe, a leading into the steam-generator, A, combined scape pipe, b. leading into the superheater, B, as and for the purpose herein described.

Third, The combination of the steam generator, A, the superheater, B, and the distributors, C C, connected with the pipes, ab ind c, as and for the purpose herein described.

Fourth, The construction of a retort, divided by partitions into hambers or sections, formed of one or more pieces as and for the purpose herein described.

purpose herein described.

47,896.—Oiler.—William H. Hart (assignor to himself and Gilbert Rogers), Meriden, Conn.:

First I claim the construction of an oiler, substantially as described, having two oval sides, so that the double spring consequent upon the described construction of the same may be obtained, substantially as set forth.

Second, The construction of an oiler with the double spring in the two sides, as claimed, incombination with the use of the rubber in the top of the cap, and pressing upon the tube, substantially as accomplish the desired result, or that will produce the intended effect.

complish the desired result, or that will produce the intended effect.

47,897.—Well Boring.—Heury Howson (assignor to William Wharton, Jr.), Philadcliphia, Pa:

I claim, first, The combination of the crank, I, its pin and the lever, Q, with the drill rod or rope of well-boring apparatu the whole being arranged and operating substantially as set forth for the purpose specified.

Second, The arrangement substantially as described of the driving shat, H. its winding barrel, J, the clutch. K, or its equivalent, cog wheels, L and M, or equivalent driving gear, the crank shaft, h, and beam, Q.

Third, The lever, T, adapted to the boring rod or drill rope, and constructed for grasping and releasing the same, substantially as set forth.

Fourth, The said grasping and releasing leves in account to the said grasping and releasing the same, substantially as

orth. Fourth, The said grasping and releasing lever in combination with the bent or curved guides, V V, or their squivalents, whereby he said lever is caused to turn laterally to a limited extent, in the manner and for the purpose de-cribed. Fifth, The combination of the s id grasping lever with the chain roord, g, or the equivalent to the same.

orcord, g, or the equivalent to the same.

47,898.—Stocks for Holding Screw Cutting Dies.—E. C.

C. Kellogg (assignor to himself and James E. Coleman). Hartford, Conn:

I claim, first, The slotted plates, D D, and screws, ee e'e', in combination with each other and with the stock and dies, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

Second, The cavity, b, in the handle, a', having a female screw thread, e'', at its mouth, in combination with the pin wrench, E, having a male screw thread, e'', near its head, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

47,899.—Tool for Opening Boxes.—E. C. C. Kellogg, (assignor to himself and James E. Coleman), Hari-ford, Conn:

I claim the within described instrument, constituting a box opener and a scraper, having the parts arranged and combined as herein set forth. **47,**900.

7,900.—Machine for Polishing and Dressing Stone.— E. H. Lewis, (assignor to himself and N. Baldwin), Kingston, N. Y: I claim the silde, C. with adjustable clamp, D. and stops, d, in ombination with the plate, A, and handlever, E., or its equivalent, onstructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose set

-Dol.—Casting Pipes.—Thos. J. Lovegrove (assignor to himself and Henry Baldwin, Jr.), Philadelphia,

Pa:

1 datm, First, Making hollow eastings by rolling the mold conting the molton metal down an inclined plane, substantially in the lanner described.

Second, The combination of flanges on a rotating mold with a bluway, for the purpose of giving the mold a parallel movement, set forth.

47,902.—Breech-loading Fire-arm.—Wm. H. and George W. Miller (assignors to Edmund Parker), Mer den, Conn:
I claim, First, The breech block, C, hinged to the top or sides of the arrel, A, and provided with a wedge-shaped projection, a, to fit in a

corresponding recess in the cone seat, all the said parts being constructed substantially as herein specified, so as to admit of a conversion of a muzzie-loading to a breech-loading gun without change in the construction or arrangement of the stock, lock, or hammer. Second, The combination or the spring holt, eridge, f, and groove, g, with hinged breech block, C, and barrel, A constructed and operating substantially as specified, and employed to sustain the recoil in form.

47,903.—Thill Tug.—William H. Noyes (assignor to himself and Charles H. Wheadon), Homer, N. Y:

I claim a metalic thill tug composed of two parts, a. a., connected by a joint, b, and provided with a chafing ring, E, substantially as herein shown and described.

[This invention relates to a metallic thill tug for harnesses, an

onaists in const ucting the tug of two parts connected by a joint, nd providing the tug with a lining or inner ring of india-rubber or ather, or other suitable material, which will prevent the chafing or rasion of the thills; the chafing ring or lining, in consequence of peculiar construction of the tug heing capable, when e, of ready removal from the tug and replaced by new.]

e, of ready removal from the tug and replaced by new.]

,904.—Cultivator.—Edward Phifer, Trenton, N. J., assignor to himself and James M. Grover, Lawrence-ville, N. J:

1 claim, First, The combination in a cultivator of longitudinal rame pieces, adjustable at both ends to cultivate any width of row, with an axte on wheels adjustable to any width of frow, with an axte on wheels adjustable to any width of from, Second, The combination of an adjustable frame, with one adjustment for the tooth, with a separate adjustment for the shank, when both are flexible when churging the position of the cultivator tooth, and rigid when the tooth is at work, substantially as and for the purpose described.

Third The C. mbination in the cultivator of one or more rigidly held teeth, or plows, with an adjustable mechanism, substantially as described, whereby the driver can control at pleasure the operation of the teeth, singly or in series, as set forth

47,905.—Sewing Machine.—George Rehfuss (assignor

of the teeth, singly or in series, as set forth

47,905.—Sewing Machine.—George Rehfuss (assignor to the American Button-hole Sewing Machine Co.),
Philadelphia, Pa:
I claim, First. The arm, I, with its notched projection, k, or its equivalent, when arranged to vibrate round the needle to operate on the thread held by the loop carrier, m, substantially as described. Second, The sleeve, H, with its spiral opening, I, and arm, I, in combination with the needle bar, D, and pin, I, the whole being arranged and operating substantially as and for the purpose specified. Third, The guard, n, arranged on the plate, L, in respect to the looper, m, substantially as set forth for the purpose described. Fourth, The road, E, and lever, G, in combination with the needle bar, D, and its spiral spring, a', the whole being arranged and operating substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

47,906.—Surveying Instrument.—Karl Schou (assignor

ating substantially as and for the purpose set forth.

47,906.—Surveying Instrument.—Karl Schou (assignor to himself and G. H. Hull), Latayette, Ind:

I claim, first, a surveying instrument provided with a wheel, B, in dex, I, cylinder, E, and tracing device or pencil, substantially in the maner and to the purpose set of the edition of the speed of the period of the speed of the period of the speed of the speed of the strument is drawn, consisting of the pendulum over which the instrument is drawn, consisting of the pendulum overlyind, carriage, F, friction disk, t, wheel, r, and cog wheels, a y z, or any equivalent means.

Third, The method of regulating the motion of the ground, substantially as herein set forth, consist ng of the wheel, s, friction disk, c', pinnon, 't, cog wheels, g' F', and tooched rack, a', or any other equivalent means.

which, , cos wheels, F, F, and coolers laws, g, or any other equivient means. Fourth, The combination of the pendulum weight, J, carriage, I, cog wheels, g, into disks, c't, paper cylinder. E_{g} , rack, g', with acing device and index, k', all constructed and operating substan ally as and for the purpose set forth. Fith. The elbow lever, o' o's, in combination with the pendulum eight, J, and carriage, F, applied substantially as set forth, so that motion of the pendulum weight in either direction causes the carriage to move towards the centre of the wheel, T.

This invention relates to a surveying instrument which serves to record the distance between two or more points on the surface of the ground and also to trace on a strip of paper the distance and the neral formation of the ground between said points.]

47,907.—Coupling Shafts of Boring Tools.—Albert A. Wilson, Green Point, N.Y., assignor to himself and Hoffman Atkinson, Rouseville, Pa:

I claim providing the sleeve in connection with any two parts of the stem or shaft of tools, and arranging the same in combination with the key, substantially as and for the purpose described.

Second, The combination of the screw thread, g, shoulder, e, shoulder, a, and sleeve, C, in the construction of the coupling ends of well bored shafts or stems, substantially as and for the purpose nerein described.

17,908.—Excavator.—James Hodges, of Penny Hill.
Bagshot, England. Patented in England, June 17.

1865:
Idam, First, The excavating of peat or other substance by me of rotating screw excavators, one or more arranged with shield scraper, or their equivalents, all placed on or connected with a fing vessel, or a carriage mounted on wheels, substantially as scribed.

The squeezer composed of the rotating cylinder, provide tets and a series of pressure rollers, or their equivalent d in connection with the screw excavators, for the purpose

necified.

Thir., The pulping machine, composed of the periorated diahragms and revolving knives, arranged within a suitable case to perate substantially as described.

Fourth, The combination of the screw excavators, endless elevators or carriers, squeezing device, and pulping mechanism, all aranged on or applied to a floating vessel, or a vehicle mounted on theels, substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

47,909.—Printing Ink.—Anatole A. Hulot, Paris, France: I claim, First, The manufacture of typographic ink, capable of being washed out when printed on movable adhesive and postage stamps, labels or designs requiring to be dated, agaed, marked, or otherwise written upon with common ink, as herinbefore described, Second, The application of the said typographic ink to the printing of typographic or copper plate stamps of all kinds, either with delible black or with fast colors; and to relieve stamps with colored grounds and delible vignettes for envelopes, to bank notes and other documents, where it is required to prevent the printing from being was hed out.

as hed out.
Third, the application of the said ty ographic ink to imitate we recolor pictures, with one or more colors, and printed on paper ellum, and also to printing in tinctorial colors on silk, cotto col, and other textile fabrics.

wool, and other textile fabrica.
47.910.—Telegraphic Posts.—Francis Webb Shields, No.3
Delahay street. Westminster, England. Patented
in England, October 6, 1864:
I claim the construction of telegraph posts of separate parts, one
of which is suitable for being driven into the ground, while the
other is provided with means for securing the insulator, and is suitable for being attached to the part in the ground, substantially as
herein described.

REISSUES.

REISSUES.

1,963.—Raking Attachment to Harvesters.—Robert D.
Brown, Covington, Ind. Patented April 7, 1863.
Rei sued Feb. 21, 1865:
Iclaim the continuously revolving rake, B, carried forward over the platform and back beneath the same by means of drivingchains, helts, or their equivalents, and elevated to its working position during its forward motion and retracted in passing beneath the platform by means of a crank arm, D, or its equivalent working in a slot, for the purposes specified.

Second, I claim governing the position of the rake teeth by the partial rotation of the rake head, which travels parallel with the cutter bar, by means of an endless belt or chain when the said rotation is effected by the traversing of a writ attached to the rake head, in a slot of the required configuration.

Third, The intermittent cradle, F f, ope ated as desc ibed, in combination with the continuously revolving rake, B, for the purposes set forth.

1,964.—Harve ter.—Edwin Jones, Cleveland, Ohio, salgnor of Charles Tulker and J. A. Sprague, Mantua, Ohio. Patented Aug. 4, 1857:

J. claim. First, Arranging the finger bar, or beam in amoving machine, upon the right faste did of the frame which supports the curver and gearlag, and on a line, or nearly so, with the front of sald frame, in combination with a support which supports the curver and gearlag, and on a line, or nearly so, with the front of sald frame, in combination with a support which supports the curver and gearlag, and on a line, or nearly so, with the front of sald frame, in combination with a support which supports the curver and gearlag, and on a line, or nearly so, with the front of sald frame, in combination with a time to qualities of the ground in dependent of the up and down motions of the frame, substantially as described.

Second, The combination with a tempta bar, or sentanting a recipressiting entire in the combination of the guards are also free to rock or roll up, and then back again to the same horizontal plane, upon an axis of motion past the back of the flager beam free to rock or roll up, and then back again to the same horizontal plane, upon an axis of motion past the back of the flager beam. In a mowing machine with the major frame of the jung and down motions of the hinged support which the larger beam free to rise bodily or at either end, as described, of a knucke or sto, separate from the hinge to prevent downward deflection when the beam is rame, of the support which is a population of the main frame, of the main frame of the main frame of the main frame of the main frame and a cutting apparate from the hinge to prevent downward deflection when the beam is raised and support which the finger beam frame, above the proportion of the main frame, and down motions of the main frame and down motions of the main frame of the up and down motions of the main frame of the up and down motions of the main frame and down motions of the main frame, and down motions of the main frame of t

upon the small wheel which serves as the fulform of the lifting lever.

Yeventh, Plinging the shoe to which the heel of the finger beam is attached in a mowing machine, to a support which extends back and divides, and is in turn,hinged to the frame which supported the gearing by its two forks of branches, whereby said hinged support is rendered more firm and secure.

Eighth, The combination of lever, X, wheel, Y, and rod, a, with hinged laver, Z, when applied to a hinged floating finger beam, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Ainth, The combination of the main frame, A, hinged floating finger heam, draft tongue and wivels, B and G, substantially as described.

Tenth, The combination of lever, X, wheel, Y, and rod, b, with hinged lever, Z', when applied to a hinged floating finger beam, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

Eleventh, The companion of the pendant, K, with the pitmen, I and L, as and for the purposes shown and described.

Twelfth, The combination and arrangement of the gears, C D D', and G G', substantially as set forth.

1,965.—Magazine Fire-arm.—Edward Stabler, Sandy Springs, Md. Patented March 14, 1865:
I claim, First, Limiting or arresting the movement of the carrier block, in the class of fire-arms herein described, at any desired point, for the purpose of converting the arm from a repeater into a single loader, substantially as described.
Second, I claim the stop, b, or its equivalent, in combination with the rotating carrier block, of a magazine gun, operating as and for the purposes herein set forth.

6.—Ship Knee.—Robert Thomas, Buffalo, N. Y. Patented July 19, 1864:

Patented July 19, 1864: I claim a ship knee, made partly of wood (as represented by the chuck, H), and partly of iron (as represented by the iron-plate piece, G), for the purposes and substantially as set forth.

1,967.—Harvester.—Cyrenus Wheeler,Jr., Poplar Ridge, N. Y., assignee by mesne assignment of E. B For-bush. Patented April 17, 1855. Reissued April 26, 1859

20, 1859:
I claim, First, In a harvesting machine where the cutting app aratus is placed opposite or nearly opposite the center of the driving wheel, so constructing the main frame that the rear cross timber shall project inwardly at an angle towards the center line of the machine, anbstantially as represented by the cross timber, A3. Second, A gear frame, C, having suitable bearings formed therewith for supporting the crank and bevel wheel shafts with the gearing mounted thereon, in a compact working position, substantially as described.

as described.

Third, A gear key, F, in combination with the gearing shaft, D2, constructed and used substantially as described.

1,968.—Harvester.—Cyrenus Wheeler, Jr., Poplar Ridge, N. Y., assignee by mesne assignment of E. B. Forbush. Patented April 17, 1855. Re-issued April

bush. Patented April 17, 1855. Re-issued April 26, 1859:

I claim a huged supporting piece, H, having sockets, H', formed therein for holding illvergent ingers, thereby forming a skeleton track clearer, substantially as described.

1,969.—Harvester.—Cyrenus Wheeler, Jr.,Poplar Ridge, N. Y., assignee by mesne assignment of E. B. Forbush. Patented April 17, 1855. Reissued April 26, 1859:

I claim, in combination with a cutting apparatus placed in rear of a line drawn through the front of the driving wheel, and a grain platform having a side delivery, a seat for the raker, supported upon or by the main frame, and located behind the line of the cutters and at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the 'alling grain and deliver the grain at the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain platform and so arranged the grain and the side of the grain platform and so arranged that the raker may sit facing the grain plat

_Harvester.—Cyrenus Wheeler, Jr.,Poplar_Ridge N. Y., assignee by mesne assignment of E. B. Forbush. Patented April 17, 1855. Reissued April

bush. Patented April 17, 1855. Reissued April 26, 1859:

I claim, First, Providing and using a strengthening bar in the construction of a removable grain platform, so as to give additional strength and stiffness to the platform, for the purposes and substantially as described.

Second, The combination of a removable grain platform, with a short finger bar and main frame of a mowing machine, substantially as described, for the purpose of converting a mowing machine into a reaping machine, without change a finger bar or cutters, the combination and connection being such that that the strength of the grain platform is united with the strength of the finger bar to prevent the platform or finger bar from materially bending or springing when the machine is used for reaping grain, substantially as described.

1,971.—Harvester.—Cyrenus Wheeler, Jr., Poplar Ridge,
 N. Y., assignee by mesne assignment of E. B. Forbush. Patented April 17, 1852. Reissued April 26,

1039: I claim, First, Forming a recess in the outside shoe in rear of the atters, substantially as shown at K, and for the purpose set forth. Second, The locks or catches, Z Z, formed in the clamp, for the urposes set forth.

1,972.—Harvester.—Cyrenus Wheeler, Jr., Poplar Ridge, N. Y., assignee by mesne assignment of E. B. Forbush. Patented July 20, 1855. Reissued July 8, 1856, and again reissued April 19, 1859:

I claim, First, to connecting the cutting apparatus, having a shore and separate finger bar to the main frame of the machine that it may be adjusted to different highes for reaping, or lowered to the ground for mowing without changing the position of the main frame, substantially as described.

Second, Connecting the finger bar to the grain side of the main frame and supporting thing one end only, by means of an adjustable device and the inwarily projecting ends of the cross pieces of the main frame, substantially as set forth.

EXTENSIONS.

Machine for Arranging and Feeding Screw Blanks.—
Thomas J. Sloan, New York City. Patented Feb.
25, 1851. Reissued March 29, 1853, and extended
Feb. 24, 1865:
I claim the litters which select and lif the blanks, etc., from the
hopper, substantially as specified, in combination with ways or conduc ors, or the equivalents thereof, substantially as specified, into or
onto which the blanks etc., are transferred, as specified.
And I also claim glving the litters, or to the inclined or their equivalents, a lateral motion, in combination with a stopor detector, substantially as specified, for the purpose of arresting the operation of
the litters until a further supply is required, as specified.
And, finally, it daim the sliding carrier, with its recess for receivling and holding the screw blanks, substantially asspecified, in combination with the spring fingers, substantially asspecified, for taking
the screw blanks from the carrier and presenting them to the jaws,
as specified.

Steam Engrine Governor — Junius Judson Rochester

bifiation with the spring fingers, substantially as specified, for taking the screw bianks from the carrier and presenting them to the jaws, as specified.

Steam Engine Governor.—Junius Judson, Rochester, N. Y. Patented March 4, 1851. Reissued Feb. 28, 1865, and extended March 3, 1865:

Iclaim as my invention communicating the action of a governor to its valve or valves, gaze, or equivalent regulating device, in such a manner that when the speed of the engine or motor becomes low, either from increase or resistance to overcome, or from diminution of pressure of the motive power, the said valve or equivalent will be accelerated or caused to move through a comparatively large apace, to uncover or cover a comparatively large area of the valve or gate opening, so as to add to, or take from, the engine or motor, by a given change of its speed, comparatively large amounts of power; and, also, when the speed becomes high, el-her from dimin whon of resistance to overcome, or from increase of pressure of the motive power, the said valve or equivalent will be by a like change of speed retarded or caused to move through a comparatively small space to uncover or cover a comparatively small area of valve opening, so as to add to or take from the engine or motor, under all variations of the power of resistance, substantially as herein set forth.

Steam Drilling Machine.—Joseph W. Fowle, Boston, Mass. Patented March 11, 1851, and extended March 6, 1865:

I claim the combination of a direct action steam drill, in which hoth engine and drill are mounted on a frame, which slides in a sw nging frame, capable of being adjusted in any required postion with the apparatus. Substantially as hereinabove described, which is connected with and actuated by the crosshead of the engine, for causing the sliding frame to move along the swinging frame toward the rock.

Design for a School Desk.—Wm. P. Uhlinger, Philadelphia, Pa. Patented Oct. 8, 1861. Extended March 20, 1865:

I claim the ornamental configuration of the cast-iron uprights, B,

represented in the annexed drawing.

Window-curtain Fixtures.—Silas S. Putnam, Dorchester, Mass. Patented April 15, 1851. Reissued March 31, 1857. Extended March 28, 1865:

I claim attaching the curtain to its roll by a piece or strip, which fits into a groove in the roll, and is secured thereto by caps at the ends, in the manner substantially as herein set forth.

ends, in the manner substantially as herein set forth.

Compound Metallic Door for Vaults, Safes, Etc.—Ira I.,

(ady, New York City. Patented April 29, 1851.

Extended April 29, 1865:

I claim a door or wall for a vault or safe, made by securing to each other, at a certain distance apart, two plates of sheet metal, provided with a rim or curb, and filling the vacant space between them with immaleable east-fron poured in while melted, substantially in the manner herein described.

the manner herein described.

Limekiln.—Richard E. Schroeder, Rochester, N. Y. Patented May 6, 1851:

I claim the flues, d d, encircling the cupola, and provided with apertures or flues, e e e e, for admitting the heat and flame to the action upon the limestone from various points, substantially as described, in combination with the air chamber, k, encircling the cupola, as described, and

I also claim the aperture, p, and passage therefrom, for saving the heat arising from the manufactured lime while being removed, all operating conjointly in the manner and for the purpose herein fully set forth.

set forth.

Manufacture of India-rubber.—Henry B. Goodyear,
New Haven, Conn., administrator of Nelson Goodyear, deceased. Patented May 6, 1851. Reissued
(No. 556) May 18, 1858. Extended May 5, 1865:
I claim the combining of sulphur and india-rubber or other vulcanizable guin, in proportions substantially as specified, when the same is subjected to a high degree of heat, substantially as specified, according to the vulcantizing process of Charies Goodyear, for the purpose of producing a substantially as under possessing the properties or qualities substantially such as described; and this I claim whether the said compound of sulphur and gum be or be not mixed with the other ingredients, as set forth.

Manufacture of India-rubber.—Henry B. Goodyear, New Haven, Conn., administrator of the e tate of Nelson Goodyear, deceased. Patented May 6, 1851. Reissued (No. 557) May 18, 1858. Extended May 5,

1865:
I claim the new manufacture or substance hereinahove described, and composed of indis-rubber or other vulcanizable gum and sulphur, in the proportions substantially such as described, and, when accoporated, subjected to a high degree of heat, as set forth, and this I claim whether other ingredients be or be not used in the preparation of the said manufacture, as herein described.

arat on of the said manufacture, as herein described.

Mode of Preventing the Entrance of Dust, Etc., into Railroad Car.—Edward Hamilton, Chicago, Ill., assignor to Nelson Goodycar, deceased. Patented May 27, 1851. Reissued Feb. 15, 1853. Extended May 8, 1865:

I claim inducing outward currents of air through the windows of

railroad cars. to prevent the entrance of dust, etc., by the action of the surrounding air on deflectors combined with the sides of the car substantially as specified, and operating on the principle set forth.

substantially as specified, and operating on the principle set forth.

Coffin.—An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Salmon

D. Fisk, deceased. Approved Feb. 17, 1865. Patented Nov. 14, 1848. Reissued March 6, 1860:
First, Claims the manufacturing of coffins of cast or raised metal,
when made substantially in the form and manner above described;
that is to say, corresponding nearly with the human farm, and making the coffin in two nearly equal parts or shells united by a flanch,
substantially as set forth.

Second, The manufacture of coffins of raised or cast metal, in two
shells each, formed with recesses of greater or less depth, which
shall respectively constitute a portion of the receptacle of the corpse;
thus approximating the coffin more nearly in shape to that of the
human body than could otherwise be done.

J. C. Dickey, Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Patented

June 3, 1851:
I claim the center, E, with three or more arms to support a cord, netting or other cloth, for the purpose of exposing cloths, clothes, glue, fruits, seeds, etc., with facility to be dried; so constructed that the arms may be raised up and brought together, to expedite the collection or the articles dried, and so that it may be conveniently removed when not in use, substantially as described.



MATENTS

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In connection with the publication of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, have act

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last ex-Commissioners of Patents.

MESSRS. MUNN & CO.:—I take pleasure in stating that, while I held the office of Commissioner of Patents, MORE THAN ONE-FOURTH OF ALL THE SUSINESS OF THE OFFICE CAME THROUGH YOUR HANDS. I have no doubt that the public confidence thus indicated has been fully deserved, as I have always observed, in all your intercourse with tuly deserved, as I have always observed, in any out interestant the office, a marked degree of promptness, skill, and fidelity to the interests of your employers.

Yours very truly,

CHAS. MASON.

Judge Mason was succeeded by that eminent patriotand statesman Hon. Joseph Holt, whose administration of the Patent Office was so distinguished that, upon the death of Gov. Brown, he was appoint to the office of Postmaster-General of the United States. Soon after entering upon his new duties, in March, 1859, he addressed to us the

entering upon his new duties, in maion, ites, the following very gratifying letter.

Mgsbbb Munn & Co.:—It affords me much pleasure to bear testmony to the able and efficient manner in which you discharged your cutus as Solicitors of Patents, while I had the honor of bolding the silice of Commissioner. Your business was very large, and you sustained (and I doubt not justly deserved) the reputation of energy, marked ability, and uncompromising fidelity in performing your professional engagements.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

J. Holt.

Hon. Wm. D. Bishop, late Member of Congress from Connecticut, succeeded Mr. Holt as Commissioner of Patents. Upon resigning the office he wrote to us as follows:

Magna. Munn & Co. — It gives me much pleasure to say that, during the time of my holding the office of Commissioner of Patents, a verylarse proportion of the business or inventors before the Patent Office was transacted through your agency; and that I have ever found you faithful and devoted to the interests of your clients, as well as eminently qualified to berform the duties of Patent Attorneys with skill and accuracy. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, WM. D BISHOP.

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Persons desiringto tile a caveatean have the papers prepared in the diortest time by sending a sketch and description of the invention. the Government fee for a caveat is \$10. Apamphlet of advice regarding applications for patent and caveats is furnished gratis, on application by mail. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park Row, New

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Every applicant for a patent must furnish a model of his invention. is susceptible of one; or, if the invention is a chemical production, he mustfurnish samples of the ingredients of which his composition consists, for the Patent Office. These should be securely packed, the inventor's name marked on them, and sent, with the Government fees, by express. The express charge should be pre-paid. Small models from a distance can often be sent cheaper by mail. The safestwayto femit gnoney is by a draft on New York, payable to the order of Messrs. MUNN & CO. Persons who live inference parts of the country can usually purchase frafts from their merchants on their New York correspondents; but, if not convenient to do so, there is out little risk in sending bank bills by mail, having the letter regis tered by the postmaster. Address MUNN & CO., No. 37 Park Row, New York.



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E. A. H., of Ill.-Allotropic sulphur gradually returns to its normal condition. The new atomic weights adopted by Miller, we judge, are coming into general recognition.

A. M. D., of Mass.—Perhaps niter might be separated from maple sugar by crystalizing the sugar. The best plan would be not to put any niter into the sugar.

W. A. B., of Conn .- There is much difference of opinion in regard to the best kind of water wheel. In the cotton man-ufactories of New England undershot breast wheels were in almost universal use, but they are now being superseded to a great extent by turbines. All the best turbines you will find illustrated in the HENTIFIC AMERICAN

W. W., of Me .- Any substance which will cosquiate vegetable a!bumen tends to preserve timber from decay, Corro sive sublimate is the most efficient, as it gives up its chlorine which combines with the albumen to form muriate of albumen. I'erhaps the chloride of zinc acts in the same way.

A. S., of Conn.-The only use of oil on a belt is to make it soft and pliable, when it gets dry and hard; besides, there is a certain glutinous consistency to coarse, heavy oils, which, in concetion with the dirt afloat in the shop, cause the belt to adher well to the surface of the pulley.

W. F. R., of Mass.-The training requisite for a person desiring to become a locomotive engineer or engine-driver, is to work for three or four years where such machines are built, keep his eyes open, his ears open, read and study all he can, ask questions, and, in short, become thoroughly conversant with his prospective business. If he cannot get a situation then he is not worth one, and will never be. We will add that the common way is to "fire" on an engine for six months; at the end of that time the man that never saw a locomotive before is supposed to be ca

A Reader, of Me.—We can only direct you to the columns of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN for a practical recipe on a tin

W. A. S., of N. Y.-The beverage called soda water is water impregnated with carbonic acid. Water has the property of absorbing its own volume of carbonic acid gas at all pressures, and the beverage is prepared by compressing the gas with a force pump, thus multiplying the quantity in a given volume, or by simply generating the gas in a close vessel containing the water in such quantity as to produce pressure. Carbonic acid taken into the lungs produces immediate death, but in the stomach it is agreeable, and congenial to most systems.

F. S. B., of N. Y .- Pale lacquer for brass is, alcohol, 2 gals.; cape aloes, cut small, 3 oz.; pale shellac, 1 lb.; gan

oz, or in that proportion.

M. S. F., of Mo.—We are informed by one of our large wool dealers that foreign wool is generally imported in bales pretty firmly pressed—about the same as cotton; and that it is not

W. H. G., of N. Y .- Talent is the first thing necessary to success as a designer of ornamental work. A man may be good artistbut havelittle originality; without this he is lost in crowd. Text books can be had in all stores for artist's materials Designs are patentable, as you can see at any time by turning to the list of patent claims.

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