# 178

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[Reported Officially for the Scientific American.] LIST OF PATENT CLAIMS

#### Issued from the United States Patent Office FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEB. 5, 1856.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING FER. 5, 1836. BELL STENCH TRAP-Chas. H. Eush, of Fall River, Mass. : I do not claim as new in themselves the periora-ied plate, or grating, or bell, or cup, with surrounding chamber and central exit pipe, arranged as described, to form, in combination, a stink trap for sinks, as such is old, and commonly know mas the bell stench trap. But 1 claim providing the said grating or perforated plate, 5, of the sink with a funel neck or tube. F, ar-ranged centrally, over, and in combination with the bel or cup, 2, made separate or detached from the grating for operation together, as shown and described, for greater convenience in the use and better cleanism of the trap, with total exemption from escape of effuvia in the apart-ment wherein the sink is placed under every use of the trap, by finnel or otherwise, as set forth.

CORN DRYEN-Solomon Fernheisel, of TyroneTown-ship, Pa. 1 claim the perforated pipes, no's. 2 and 3, in combination with the hopper placed above the hot air chamber, A, as described, so as to allow the air to pass be-tween the inner perforated pipe and the smoke pipe, while the hot air from chamber D passes between the outer perforated pipe and the exterior pipe or casing. (), substantially in the manner and for the purposes set forth.

ORE WASHER—Wm. Ball, of Chicopee, Mass.: I claim in machines for washing pulverized ores, the trough, 1, constructed with the ledge, K, as described, and operated in connection with a head of water kept above the level of the said ledge, in the manner set forth.

RAKING ATTACHMENT TO HARVESTERS. A. H. Caryl, of Sandusky, O. 1 do not claim a reciprocating rake placed beneath the platform, C, for that has been previ-ously used. . But I claim operating the rake, that is, the rod. E. pro-

ously used. But I claim operating the rake, that is, the rod, B, pro-vided with teeth. b, by means of the weight, I, andpuliey, G, the weight and pulley being connected to the rod, E, by chains, I, and otherwise arranged substantially as shown and described.

and described. PHOTOGRAPHIC PLATE FOR VISE—Levi Chapman, of New York City : I do not claim fitting a jaw with a limit-ed motion contined with a sliding jaw, retained by a ratchet or pius, as metallic vises have heretoiore been constructed on this plan. But i claim the arrangement of the jaw, d d, with the piece, s, between the slides, 4 4, and between the cross piece, e, a cited on by the crank piece, f, or is equivalent, when comLined with the jaw, changeable in the grooves, 2 2, in the sides, b) of the trough, in the manner and for the purposes specified.

the purposes specified. LUGS FOR CAST-IRON SHINGLES.—John Cook, of Westmoreland, N. Y.: 1 do not pretend to have invented cast-ironishingles, or giving them any particular form or external shape, nor do 1 claim them with the rib, a, or the halfround flange, b, or the lap, c, or the elevations, g, as all these contrivances have been hereiofore in use. But 1 claim the projection, e, with the nail hole, f, on the under side of the shingle for fastening the same to the rib, either on its upper or lower edge, at choice, and for securing the nail from the wet, thereby preventing it from rusting and becoming loose.

from rusting and becoming loose. PUMPS—Edward N. Dickerson, of New York City, and Elisha K. Root, of Hartford, Coun.: We claim, first, two buckets working in pump barrels, so arranged that the column to be raised passes through both in succession, in combination with the spiral cans or their equivalents, so arranged as to move said buckets with uniform velocity, and to maintain, practically, a uniform and constant life-ing action upon the water, substantially in the manner described. Second, imparting to the column of water, by means of a reciprocating pump, a constant and uniform flow through the ascending main, substantially as described.

HEATING FEED WATER APPARATUS FOR LOCOMO-TIVES-Peter S. Ebbert, of Uhicago, Ill. I claim the auxiliary pipe, y, as arranged, in relation to that part of the main pipe containing a valve, so that communication may exist Letween the water space of the boiler, and the interior of the feed water pipes in the smoke stack, when the feed pump is not in operation, as set forth.

Saw SET-John G. Ernst, of York, Pa. I claim the expanding arms, a a a, in connection with the plate, c, and screw nut, b, arranged and operated in the manner described.

CUTTING FILES-Major H. Fisher, of Sing Sing, N. Y., assignor to Jos. A. Hyde, of Bridgewater, Mass.: I claim the suiding and soff adjusting chisel holder, g, constructed and operated substantially as described.

and operated substantially as described. THREE WHEELED VEHICLES-Elisha S. French, of Binghamton, N. Y.: I claim the combination and ar-rangement at the rear of the vehicle, substantially as shown and described, of the castor hung swiveling wheel, P, in such connection with the perch or body, that while in the iorward run of the vehicle the said wheel runs in a parallel course, central to the ether two advance wheels, and at considerable distance behind them, it in backing the vehicle is caused to occupy a like parallel and cen-tral position, with its rimor tire in direction of the travel but in clover proximity to the fore wheels, and on the reverse side of the swivel towards the front end of the vehicle, and out of the way, as it were, whereby addition. al tacilities are afforded for backing the vehicle in a crowded thoroughner, and the other advantages specified are obtained. Free Watter Apparents to Stram Bothers...

FEED WATER APPARATUS TO STEAM BOILERS.-Thos. Firth, of Cincinnati, O. : I claim the arrangement of the pistons, q. beam. 10, pine, 29 29, attached to the valve, 12, and spring, 13, or their equivalents, for giving motion to the steam valve, 12, for admitting steam to and from the steam cylinders. 4 4, and pipes attached thereto.

BENCH VISE-Thos. Gissinger, of Alleghany, Pa.: I claim the projection, g, and the projections, 1 and K, ar-ranged as described, and for the purpose set forth.

BENDING SHIP's Hooks-Elisha Harris, of Providence, R. I.: I claim the roller or former. A, of the intended form of the interior of the hook provided with a pocket or rlamp for securing the eye of the blank during the bend-ing operation, sustantially as described.

MAKING ROPE-Ol ver S. Hazard and Isaac Peck, of Coventry, R. I.: We claim the movable self-adjusting trumpet guide, Z, as described.

BRICK PRESSE-Henry J, Hughes, of Davenport, lowa: I claim, firstly, the table actuated as described, or by any other equivalent means, by which the bricks are dis-charged after being pressed and by which they are borne away from the press head. Secondly, the specific arrangement described, for oil-ingthe mold during its passage up and down over the head.

HOT AIR FURNACES-Samuel Macfarran, of Philadel-phia, Pa.: I claim, first, connecting with the inner end of the bottom plate, Q, of the space, for supplying the fur-nace with fuel, a ring. N, for supporting and holding to gether the segmental plates of the fire pot, so as to enable sqid ring to be held firmly by its connection, with the plate, Q, which is secured to the front part of the furnace, as described.

plate, 0, which is socired to the non-part & metalized. Second, I claim arranging the adjustable horizontal p ato, e, having spaces in its edges in which the heating pipes fit above the fire pot, and capable of being raised and lowered for the double purpose of diverging the heat entirely around the said heating pipes and in contact with the sheet-iron radiating casing, and regulating the draft of the furnace, and in fact, converting into an air tight heat-er if desired, substantially as described.

CARRIAGE SPRINGS-Richard Montgomery, of New York City : I claim the corrugated spring, D, when used in connection with the spring, A, substantially as de-

WEIGHING SCALES-S. S. Mills & M. Bissell, of Charles-ton, S. C.: We claim connecting the scale beam, A, with arms, a a' a', two or more, and otherwise arranged asshown, so that either of the weights on the arms may, when not in use, be placed in line with the fulcrum of the beam, substantially as described and for the purpose spe-cified.

FLOUR BOLTS-Stephen C. Mendenhall, of Richmond, 1 Claim first the direct and positive expansion and raction of the valves, g g, between fixed and vary-oints in the manner and for purpose set forth. cond, I also claim the combination of the expanding and contracting valves, g g g, with the cords, d d d, pul-leys, ff f, drums, x x, and indicators, j j j, or their equiv-alents for the purpose specified.

FIRE POKERS-George R. Moore, of Mount Joy, Pa.: I claim the arrangements, or any of their equivalents, by which the several motions of the poker are obtained. Also the arrangement or its equivalent, for contracting the handle of the poker at pleasure.

LANTERNS-Francis Morandi, of Boston, Mass. : I claim the funnel, D, applied to the lantern, in the manner and for the purpose substantially us set forth.

FASTENING FOR THE HINGES OF DAGUERREOTVPE CASES-Samuel Peck, of New Haven, Conn.: I claim the combination of the metal straps or supports with the material of the case when the same is plastic, so as to strengthen the case and form a secure fastening for the hinges, substantially as set forth.

METTALLIC PENS-Myer Phiness, of New York City: I claim the spring, a, when placed upon the upper side of the pen, and so constructed and arranged as to serve the twofold purpose described.

OSCILLATING ENGINES\_Juan Pattison, of Brooklyn N. Y.: I claim the arrangement of parts, viz.: the arched steam pipe saddle, hollow valve, and cheat, substantially as described, for passage and distribution of steam on cyl-inders of oscillating steam engines.

HARVESTERS-B. F. Ray, of Baltimore, Md.: I claim, first, providing the main or driving wheel of reaping and mowing machines, with a stationary guard plate in the manner and for the purpose described. Second, the sliding bar arranged in the same horizon-tal plane with and perpendioular to the axie of the driv-ing wheel of reaping and mowing machines, in combina-tion with the bell crank, for the purpose of giving direct and positive motion to the cutting apparatus when ar-ranged obliquely to the line of draft, substantially as de-scribed.

ranged obliquely to the line of draft, substantially as de-scribed. Third, forming in the sliding bar a slot for the reception and operation of the bell crank, as set forth.

Third, forming in the sliding bar a slot for the reception and operation of the bell crank, as set forth. SAW MILLS-John S. Snider, of Lancaster, Ohio i I claim such construction of the scale wheel and its com-bination with the large cog wheel, G, that the position of the lever when on its rest, will be always zero, and that the log may be moved at both its ends equally any re-quired distance, by raising the lever from its rest and countingone-eighthofra ninch. (or a differentifraction, ac-cording to the cast of the wheels.) for each cog that the pawl may pass over and pressing the lever down again up, on its rest, when the requisite distance is obtained, so that the setting of the log requires no calculation or reference to a scale, and may be done with perfect accuracy by the ear or by the eyo, and it is thus set at both ends by a sin-gle scale wheel and a single pawl, and thus set necessari-the ends are set each by its separate framing. I also claim the combination of wheels which are so adjusted as to effect the above-named objects, and also to give greater power to the lever in moving heavy logs and more accuracy in adjusting them, as the log is thus made to move slow in proportion to the motion of the lever, and is not subject to be put out of its place by its own momen-tum, or by the spring of the rodz. In this construction and combination the journal and the printon wheel and scale wheel are cast together, and the rod passes through the journal, and moves with it, so that the lever, when pressed down, moves the pinion wheel which gives motion to the wheel, which moves the head block alide, and at the silde only, and is not put to the strain requisite to move both slides, and with therm moth ends of a heavy log. The combin adion and construc-tion which produces the effect, I also claim. Szwnx Mackurzs-Alfred Swingle, (asignor to El-mer Townsend.) of Boton, Mass. : I do not claim a tension

SEWING MACHINES—Alfred Swingle, (assignor to El-mer Townsend.) of Boston, Mass. : I do not claim a tension apparatus composed of a spring shearing against a fixed surface or another spring, the thread being down between the two

surface or another spring, the thread being down between the two. But I claim as a tension apparatus the combination of a rotary grooved roller, and a pressure roller operating by means of a spring or its equivalent, essentially as specified, the same when a wax thread is used, producing advanta-ges substantially as stated.

CONSTRUCTING CAST TRON BUILDINGS.—Harriet V Terry, admrx, of Wm. D. Terry, dec., of Boston. Mass. : I would state that I do not claim the boxes and ties when used separately, as this has been done before. But I claim forming cast-iron hollow walls for build-ings by means of the combined use of the boxes, places, and tie pieces, provided with rebates and tongues for firmly uniting them together, aubstantially in the manner de-scribed.

ALARM LOCK-S. J. Frank, of Guilford Center, N. Y. Iclaim the use of the spring, G, and rod, j, when used in connection with the plate, L, arranged and operated in the manner set forth.

WROUGHT IRON SHAFTS-Otis Tufts, of Boston, Mass. : I claim constructing large wrought-iron shafts with pieces separately wrought and fastened together, substantially as described.

As described. SOFTENING LEATHER-John B. Wentworth, of Lynn-Mass.: I do not claim boarding a skin by doubling it and performing the remainder of the operation between two boards, by manual labor in the usual way. I claim the combination of the roller by the rotary boarder, F. and the baror concare, E. arranged and made to operate together, substantially asset forth. Laloo claim the combination of the holding and draft

I also claim the combination of the holding and draft mechanism, or rollers, III, with the boarding mechan-ism or rollers, the boarder and concave or bars, as speci-fied.

Is nor rollers, the boarder and concave or bars, as speci-fied. I also claim the napping or filing mechanism, or roller, M, and bed, L, in combination with the boarding mechan-ism, and the holding and feed rollers thereof. I also claim combining with the movable table or bed, k, the rollers, G H, and bed, L, so that they may be moved simultaneously by wither, towards or away from the board. er, F, the bed, E, and rollers, I and M. I also claim when the boarder is made of a series of separate rubbers springs, and holding frame, as set forth, applying the sectional rubber to the frame by means sub-stantially as described, viz., by a bar f, and movable end, b, whereby the rubbers may be cither detached from the frame, or maintained without it, as specified. Gasar way Gasa Hagyrgraps. Ahner Whitely of

Traine, or maintained without it, as specified. Grain ways Grass Harvestrer-Abner Whitely, of Springfield, O.: I do not claim oscillating the finger bar about an axis within itself, irrespective of the relations be-tween the main frame and the master wheel shaft, as de-scribed, or otherwise, the result being substantially the same, that the driver is enabled, while the team is in mo-tion, and the master wheel shaft being rigidly connected with the main frame to change the angle of the fingers and cutters without moving the finger har from the ground BELT FASTENINGS-AbnerWhitely, of Springfield, O. : I claim the hook, B, made as described, for the purposes

set forth. DOCTORS OF CALICO PRINTING MACHINES-JOHN Standing, of Fall River, Mass., (assignor to himself and James Barendale, of Providence, R. I.): 1 do not clairu applying to the shaft of the doctor a mechanism for im-parting to it a variable reciprocating motion, as such by no means is new, but having invented for such purpose a new mechanism which is very simple in its construction and efficient in operation, one possessing decided advan-tages over most ifnot all others in use to effect such a re-sult.

sult. I claim the combination of the eccentric to the crank, k, the connecting rod, I, and lever, G, so applied to the shaft, C, and the shaft of the doctor, and made to operate the doctor, substantially as specified. WRITING DESKS-C. H. Bergmann, of New York City: I claim to construct the upper box of writing desks with adjustable or expanding sides, in the manner and substan-t ally as specified.

CHAMBERED BREECH LOADING CANNON-C. C. Ter-rell, of Shullsburgh, Wis. (asignor t) himself and Samuel Crawford, of Mineral Point, Wis.) : Though 1 donot claim the invention of the wedge to force a movable chambered breech into connection with the barrel, I clain the com-bination of lock lever, N, the wedge, i and the two, h h, in any manner substantially as described, for the purpose of forcing up and drawing back the breech to and from the barrel. Second, I claim the priming tube, m, combined with the stationary priming magazine, P, to take a new priming therefrom everytime the position of the breech is changed by attaching it to the lock lever, N, and furnishing it with a wedge or inclined projection. 14, to open the valve of the magazine, when the lever is raised to unlock the breech substantially as described. Third, the combination and arrangement of the ham-mer triggr, and mainspring with a lock lever, N, which is employed to lock and unlock the breech to and from the barrel, substantially as the foreth. ATTACKING COMPOSITION SOLES TO BOOTS AND

ATTACHING COMPOSITION SOLES TO BOOTS AND SHORS-John M. Wimley (assignor to himself and W. H. Penrose.) of Philadelphia, Pa.: I do not claim the mold, not do I confine my claim to any particular form of the staples or nails by which the sole is secured to the boot or whee shee. I claim the use of the staples, D D, in the manner stantially as described, for the purpose of attaching position soles to boots and shoes. RE-ISSUES.

position voles to boot all dances. RE-ISUES. TONGUING A'D GROONING MACHINES-C.W.Brown, of Boston, Mass. Patented originally Aug. 14th, 1344: 1 claim giving a lateral movement to either ei the edge cutters by any suitable arrangement of mechanical devices, while the board is being fed through the machine, so as to addpt the board is being fed through the machine, so as to addpt the solard is being fed through the box or bearing of the shaft or filthed of the edge cutters, so as to side laterally guide bur, which harting said box or bearing to a sliding guide bur, which harting said box or bearing to a sliding guide bur, which harting said box or baring to a sliding set forth, the machanical arrangement and operation be-ing substantially as specified. Third, I claim the combination of the sliding bolls, r' s', with the turning rod. o' o', having right angular arms, n' ", p' o', and pauk, 1', and ratchet wheel, k', on the end of the afaft, which the weight, i, turns or revolves said com-bination being arranged substantially as specified. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENT.

Said weight, 1, upon the shining guide bar, d'. as specified. ADDITIONAL IMPROVEMENT. CANDLESTICKS-Abner Whitely, of Springfield, Ohio. Patented originally Jan. 8, 1856 : I claim, first, securing the lip, A. to the stem, D. and within the slide, E E, as described, where by I am enabled to use a solid lip, and avoid all leakage. Second. I claim the open slide, as described, for avoid-ing damage, as set forth.

ing damage, as set forth. ORNAMENTAL FELT CLOTH-O. B. Tomlinson, of Ath-ens, Pa. Patented originally May 16, 1854 : I claim the manufacturing of ornamental feltrabries by placing losse woven or knii felting or shrinking fabrics, of any color or design upon the surface of a sheet of batting composed of any felting or shrinking substance, and shrinking the same ornamenting fabric, or fabrics into the body of the felt, in the manner substantially as described, to form an orna-mental felt fabric of the character and quality described, for the purpose set forth.

HYDRAULIC HEATERS-L. W. Leeds and R. M. Smith-of Philadelphia, Pa. Patented originally May 16, 1854 ' We do not claim hexagonal tubes, as we are aware they have been heretofore used in stores and furnaces. We claim the use of the radial ribs, d d, in combination with the tubes, F F, irrespective of form of said tubes for the purpose set forth.

DESIGNS. GATES-H. E. Wesche, (assignor to Robt. Wood,) of Philadelphia, Pa.

California Items.

COAL-A coal bed has actually been discovered, and the coal thoroughly tested in San Francisco. The locality of the mine is 30 miles from Stockton, on a spur of the Coast Bange mountains. The steamer Cornelia tried a quantity of the coal in running down and up San Francisco Bay; it burned with a clear flame, and produced very little ash. There are at present six men engaged in mining the coal. The vein at first showed a thickness of 14 inches; but now, at a depth of 16 feet from the surface, it has widened to 3 feet 9 inches. and delivered at San Francisco for \$7 pertun. These coals can be run down on an inclined railroad to the city of Stockton, without the use of engines; the weighted cars going down on one side on a double track, can draw up the empty cars to the mine by a rope on the other track. Coal is more useful than gold; therefore this discovery will prove to be of great value to the Pacific States.

TABLE MOUNTAIN GOLD-Tunnels have been runinto this mountain to reach what is supposed to be the bed of an ancient river, where some rich gold deposits have been found. The old river appears to have run at one time between steep banks. Lava from a distant volcano flowed into the river bed, filling it up, and fourche, in Louisiana, were margined with a then rose like a wall above its banks. The course of the river was thereby changed .-The amount of labor and expense requisite to tunnel this old mountain varies. Therimrock is harder the lower down it is worked, and if says the Thibodeaux (La.) Minerva. the tunnel is too high for the bed of the river in the basin under the mountain, the labor is lost.

LARGE ARTESIAN WELL-In the city of San Jose there is a splendid large artesian well in one of the streets. It is formed at the top into a basin, six feet in diameter, and resembles a huge bowl. The supply of water is large, it is to be conveyed by pipes through different streets.

Explosion-The Stockton Republican gives an account of an explosion which recently took place at the flouring mill in that city .-The accident was caused by the collapsing of a flue of the boiler, and the boiler, 40 feet long, was hurled to a distance of 140 feet, against a house, which it demolished.

New York Docks A city which is now the third shipping port

in the world might be able to afford respectable and convenient docks for the use of its shipping. This is not the case with New York city, at whose wharves are to be seen forests of masts belonging to the ships of all nations. The Mayor, in his late Annual Message, directs the attention of our citizens to our miserable dock architecture, and gives our merchants a well merited rebuke for their indifference and neglect in providing proper dockage. He says :-

"We present a singular contrast, in this respect, to every other seaport of any magnitude known to ancient or modern commerce. The quays and docks of London, Liverpool, and indeed, nearly all the English ports, are first class, and even our Canadian neighbors excel us in such works.

"At St. Petersburg, in Russia, there is one granite pier of four miles in extent. At Havre, the docks are the principal structures of importance, having cost immense sums, and are justly the pride of its citizens. Indeed, there is not a city of Europe, possessing navigation, which does not surpass us in the necessary provision for the proper convenience and protection of its shipping." How true all this is : it makes us somewhat ashamed of having boasted of the enterprise of our merchants. Our docks are a disgrace to our city; but we must put the blame on our merchants, for if they had moved right in the matter we would have had good docks before this.

Atvarious times for years we have directed attention to the building of stone piers and docks, and the erection upon them of fire-proof storehouses or sheds for the protection of merchandize while being shipped and unshipped during rainy weather, but no attention seems to have been paid to our suggestions. Peter Cooper has proposed to employ the city poor (those who are able to work) in quarries, getting out stone, for building docks. This is a good idea, and would, no doubt, effect a considerable saving of city funds. But will it ever be carried out? The plan being a good one, there does not appear to be any doubt of its not being carried out.

## The Cold; the Cold.

The past month and the beginning of this one will be long remembered, in the annals of our country, for the intense cold experienced over such a wide extent of territory. Away down in Texas the river Brazos was frozen over, and the ice so thick that teams were crossing on it. In Virginia the snow was deeper than it had been for 60 years, and It is calculated that this coal can be mined the cold was so severe that great numbers of birds, and wild animals perished. At St. Paul, in Minnesota, the thermometer had ranged from 20° to 40° below zero for three weeks. The atmosphere there, however, was dry and still, and persons did not feel the cold more keenly than those in New York, where winds usually prevail during cold. In Cincin nati, the thermometer was as low as 18° be low zero. On the borders of Tennessee the thermometer was 5° below zero on the 23rd ult. The cold in the city of New York has been very moderate in comparison with that experienced in some places further south and west of the Alleghanies. On the morning of the 22nd ultimo, the shores of the Bayou Lasheet of ice, six feet in width. The "oldest inhabitant" being consulted, declared that such a thing had never occurred before. A portion of the ice was two inches thich. So

> We are indebted to Hon. George Vail, M. C., for useful public documents. we hope Mr. Vail will be prepared, when the proper time comes, to lend his valuable assistance in bringing round the much needed reformin our present defective patent system; and also to resist the Woodworth Patent Re-extension whenever it comes up for tangible action in the House of Representatives.

### The Persia.

This large new iron steamship arrived on the 9th inst., after a stormy passage of fourteen days. We have not had time to visit her on going to press, but will be able to do so, and present a description of her engineering arrangement in our next number.

- CARLA