Scientific American.

How to Manufacture Saltpeter. MESSRS. EDITORS-Depending, as we do, up-

on a foreign country for a supply of one of the "sinews of war," it becomes a matter of duty as well as of inclination, to endeavor to curtail in some measure the extent of our dependence. Your suggestion to "the powers that | be," to offer rewards for the discovery of de-improvement from the constructions of the ing well cased and carefully managed, the difposits of the substance in question, &c., as is previous century. The corn mills in England, | ference cannot be much." Allow me to sugthe case with any suggestion laying the most Scotland, and Ireland, had also been nearly gest for your consideration, as well as that of remote claim to merit or value, is likely to fall stationary for the same period of time, with "H. H.," and your readers generally, the folupon barren ground.

Thus thinking, I should like to propose the following queries to our scientific men: First, late Mr. Rennie. At the close of the last, or ments have demonstrated that for each inch in between such documents and deeds, and other is there any difficulty or objection to the manufacture of nitrate of potash in this country tury, the Americans, as well as ourselves, in- engine will perform a duty of one million as well as in France, Holland, and Germany? Those countries, not being able to purchase by which a considerable amount of labor was with the consumption of 94 lbs. of coal; thus from Great Britain, were obliged to look to saved, and the operations of grinding rendered a 10-inch cylinder will lift ten million pounds, men together. their own resources, and have manufactured it more complete; and from time immemorial it a 50-inch cylinder fifty million pounds, en 80artificially for years, on quite an extensive scale, from refuse animal and vegetable matter, combined with hydrate of lime and earth-old or second-hand mortar or plaster usually. This compound is disposed in beds, covered in from the rain, but admitting a free supply of atmospheric air, frequently turned over with a spade, best mills on this principle. Like those of this will not quite come up to this figure. But al- fice. and treated with a copious supply of putrid country, they are nearly all of them continu- lowing the two to be on an equality in this reurine. When after a considerable period the ous in the process of cleaning the grain, grind- spect, we derive the following principle from in these hasty remarks, I would, however, sug salt is judged to have been formed, to the ing, and dressing the flour. The millstones the foregoing-the economy of the one is to amount of four or five ounces to the cubic foot, are generally driven by straps or belts, whilst that of the other as the diameter of the one is it is lixiviated, and the solution treated with those in England are almost entirely driven to that of the other. For example, let us comwood ashes, which decomposing the earthy by gearing. nitrates, the earths are precipitated, and the nitrates unite with the potassa of the ashes. The solution is now cooled, and the lixivial contributors have shown no small degree of age pressure on the piston of 15 lbs. to the salt orystallizes in dirty white crystals, which skill in the numerous forms and devices by square inch, this being the most economical as to secure a corresponding practice in the Ofis the crude nitrate of potash, containing from | which they respectively recommend their ma- pressure for the condensing engine, in the one | fice, as I understand the practice to be. 75 to 80 per cent. of pure niter.

Thenard of Paris.

North and South Carolina, and Georgia, ex- | its cistern, is placed below, in the center of the ameter, the duty will be but thirty-eight and a mere examiner. To all practical purposes hausted ?

posits,) formed quite an item in the mineral thence ascends to the top of the mill, and in perform about 40 per cent. more economically themselves,) whittled away by a class of wealth of these States, more especially Ten-, its passage gives motion to the different manessee and Kentucky, from which most of the chines for dressing, cleansing, elevating, &c. niter used in the last war was obtained.

western slopes of the Andes especially, and the in the London Mechanics' Journal. He was ap- contingencies, and holding the advantages of doubt should ensue to the benefit of the appliwhole equatorial region generally, embracing pointed a special commissioner, we believe, the Cornish engine at as cheap a rate as is cant, and the Patent Office should be required the Steppes of Brazil, the whole of Ecuador, from England to France for this purpose, but possible, I should not hesitate to guarantee for to conform to such rule. Peru, Bolivia, Venezuela, and as far south as although he is an eminent engineer, and by it a saving at the very least of 25 per cent, Uruguay-those immense plains trodden by in Scotland before he took up his residence in same work now in use, or known by the me- the patented improvement. countless hordes of animals, and basking in England.) this report of his on flour mills is chanical world. the fervor of a tropical sun—is it not highly very barren of useful information, and does There may be, and if I am rightly informed, has been private, or merely transient, or which probable that we should there find vast depos- injustice to himself. We have been informed there are some specimens of a so-called Cor- has not been continued in use should bar a its of this explosive material?

yourselves more particularly:-Has there ever, flour mills are far in advance of those in Eu- ; (non-condensing) engine, as there are miserable the above to be viewed as suggestions for the been any attempt made to use the chloride of proper in the use of improved machinery. Had failures in every class of engine built, scattered consideration of those who propose to offier a nitrogen as a destructive agent in war? and we a more minute account of the flour mills of broad-cast throughout the land-but of these more systematical and comprehensive reform. has there been any form of fire arm invented Europe, their defects, or wherein they fall I do not speak. I compare engines properly for the use of chlorate of potassa as an ex- short of American mills, might be pointed out. constructed from approved models, of such plosive agent. QUIEN SABE.

Chicago, Ill.

arms.

Iron Steam Battery,

shot and shell proof," for which Congress has amount of flour received was to the wheat as we would like to know the why and the where-Magazine :-

grounds of Mr. Stevens, Hoboken, extending increased; thus giving evidence of a growing ginc of fifty inches, if the same quantity of the health. It is our opinion, that no habit from the coffer dam at the margin of the river, preference for American ground flour. From steam is used by both—the Cornish using as tends more to good health than clean feet and to nearly the middle, and beneath one of the all that we can learn, American flour mills are much during one, as the other during two sin- clean dry stockings, so as to allow the free principal streets; within the enclosure around the best in the world. the adjacent grounds, is a building for necessary machinery adapted to punching, shearing, and drilling the sheets of iron, with lathes and other tools necessary for a machine shop, all thracite regions this year, was about 6,400,000 ter mechanic, we learn that the average num- in the Sea of Azof, in the form of large and driven by a steam engine, besides other neces- tuns-an increase over 1854 of 700,000 tuns. ber of miles run last month (November,) on destructive sea worms peculiar to those waters. sary buildings of a secondary importance.- It is believed that Pennsylvania has realized the Albany and Utica division of the above. These attack the uncoppered parts under the The vessel is now covered with her outside about \$19,000,000 for these black diamonds. named railroad, was 16 83-100 to one pint of water line of the ships, and bore through them shell, and sufficiently developed to enable us to In the course of twenty years from this d te, oil, and during October 17 miles. The pas- with the rapidity of an old carpenter handling judge of the feasibility of the design. Herdi- the coal of Pennsylvania will realize yearly senger engines oil up every sixteen miles run- an auger. Vessels navigating these seas have mensions are as follows: 400 feet long, 45 more money than ever was obtained in a sin- ning, and use more oil than the freight engines. to be sheathed to the water line, or else wide, and 21 feet deep; she is to be provided gle year from the golden fields of California. Engine No. 56, David Apps, engineer, averaged their days are soon numbered.

with ten boilers, and two propellers driven by eight engines."

Flour Mills.

Thirty years ago, the flour mills of France, rude construction, and exhibited few traces of that "the double-acting condensing engine bethe exception, probably, of some changes and lowing statement of facts : improvements effected by Smeaton and the about the commencement of the present cen- the diameter of cylinder, the condensing steam sealed instruments where two witnesses are troduced the system of creepers and elevators, pounds-i. e., lift one million pounds 1 foot prevent much trouble. One witness can easily has been the custom to drive the millstones inch cylinder eighty millions, &c., the S0-inch from a large spur wheel, round which they cylinder averaging eight times as much as the of application, which in our country would rewere placed, in the middle of the mill. This 10-inch cylinder, with the same amount of fuel hibitions have given examples of some of their fully equal this duty, while the crank engine would not now be favored by our Patent Of-

ment are numerous and interesting; and the 100-horse power, and working under an averchinery to public attention. A flour mill, by case, viz., of the single-acting or Cornish en-A very elaborate description of the process Bourdon, of five pairs of stones, and driven by gine, the cylinder being fifty inches in diameis given by (I believe) M. M. Lavoisier and a turbine, on the principle of Poncelet, de- ter, the duty will be fifty millions; in the other serves especial notice, from the novelty of its case, viz., of the double-acting condensing enstones, five in number, and the main shaft or three-eight millions. At one time, not very remote, they (the de- spindle penetrates the first floor, and from

Third, is it not highly probable that the machinery of the French Exhibition, published ulars cared for alike. But allowing for all by millers who had worked as journeymen in inish engine here and there whose duty will patent. Not having time to examine minutely And fourth, and lastly, Messrs. Editors, to England, Germany, and France, that American scarcely exceed that of a good high-pressure the present state of the law, the writer wishes In the last number of Hunt's Merchant's Maga _ also, I am happy to add, some are in operation zine, we find an account of the commercial In- 1 indifferent parts of our country. [So far as we can learn, no successful exper- dustry of the city of Glasgow, by D. O. Kelliment, at least, has ever been made to use the ogg, Esq., late U. S. Consul at that place, in chloride of nitrogen or the chlorate of potassa, which we find it stated, that in 1852, 16,569 as a substitute for common gunpowder in fire quarters of wheat, and 20,609 barrels of Amer- another; and to the above statement of ex- ering the feet during wet, sloppy weathican flour were received at that port, while in perience relating to the superior economy of er, but they should never be worn on any other the first six months of 1853, 10,469 quarters the Cornish single-acting, over the common occasion; their sole use should be to keep out of wheat, and 25,515 barrels of American flour condensing double-acting steam engine, we water. They should therefore be put off when-Mr. Stevens' "great iron steam battery, both were received. In the first year named, the cannot offer a single contrary statement. But ever the wearer enters a house, and be worn as appropriated some \$800,000, is in progress. 1 24-100 to 1, while in the succeeding year the fore of this economy. Should not the common and both retain and restrain the perspiration To work in quietness at it, says the Nautical amount of flour had increased in the ratio of condensing engine, with a cylinder of 38 3-8 of the feet. The air cannot be excluded from 2 62-100 to 1, the wheat importation had but | inches diameter, having a double stroke, be them, or from any other portion of the body, for "An excavated dry dock was built on the slightly, while that of the flour had greatly considered of equal area with the Cornish en- any length of time, without sensibly affecting

Pennsylvania Coal.

The whole amount of coal sent from the an-

The Condensing and Cornish Engine. MESSRS. EDITORS-I notice in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of Nov. 3d, an answer to an interro- No. 40, averaged 28 77-100 miles. gatory of H. H., of Virginia, respecting the relative economy of the Cornish engine, and and most other parts of the continent, were of the double-acting condensing engine, stating

Long experience and a variety of experi-The contributions to the Corn Mill Depart- double-acting condensing engine, each of about him of effecting the general object proposed.

same power, each clothed in the same manner, judicate upon such subjects. [The above is from Fairbairn's paper on the expanding its steam equally, and in all partic-

J. WEST.

Norristown, Pa., Dec. 1855.

the superior economy of one engine above are very comfortable and valuable for covgle strokes. What is the difference ?

Oil on the New York Central Railroad.

From the Report of Edward H. Jones, mas-

29 97-100 miles running to one pint of oil, and Robert F. Freeman, engineer of locomotive

Reform in the Patent Laws.

MESSRS. EDITORS-You have announced your intention of proposing amendments to the existing Patent Laws. Permit me to suggest a few hints and queries.

1. I perceive no necessity for more than one witness to the drawings or specification. It should be sufficient for the Justice who administers the oath to attest to the signatures of the intending patentee. There is no analogy usually required. This amendment would be procured, but it is not so easy to get two

2. Does not the English practice allow the applicant to introduce into one patent varieties quire more than one patent? It seems to me arrangement of the grinding process is still in -the steam pressure on the piston being the to be important that a certain latitude should use in many parts of France, and several ex- same in each case. The Cornish engine will be allowed to inventors, which, probably,

> Without undertaking to be sufficiently exact gest whether some provision like the following would not be advisable :

The applicant should be permitted to include pare the duties of a Cornish engine and a in one patent the various methods occurring to

I think that, in fact, this permission is allowed by the existing law, but not so explicitly

3. I do not like the practice of compelling the applicant to disclaim whatever may occur to the examining officer as not within the claim. Let the applicant make his claim, and Second, are the deposits formerly found in design, and the facility by which the stones gine, the cylinder being of but half the area let the construction of his claim be the office Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, Maryland, can be stopped and started. The turbine, with or say, thirty-eight three-eighth inches in di- of a judicial court, if need be, and not that of the great majority of applicants must submit Hence it appears that a Cornish engine will to have their claims, (which ought to speak for than a double-acting condensing engine of the persons certainly not the best qualified to ad-

> 4. I think there should be an an express prcvision of law that in all cases of doubt, the

5. Something definite should also be enacted the Llanas of Buenos Ayres, Paraguay, and trade a millwright (having learned his trade over any other engine or machine doing the as to what shall be considered a prior use of

It seems to me that no use or practice which

When to Wear India Rubbers.

A. B.

We have noticed that many persons in our city wear india rubber overshoes in cold dry weather, to keep their feet warm. This is an [Experience is the best, yea, the only test of injurious and evil practice. India rubbershoes perspiration of the nether extremities.

Russian Sea Worms.

The British fleet has found a terrible enemy