Scientific American.

Inventions. Hew

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Preventing Cars Running off the Track. In our list of claims this week, the patent granted to G. P. Ketchum, of Bedford, Ind., embraces peculiar features to prevent the cars running off the track in consequence of passing over obstacles thereon. Upon one of the axles of each truck, a pair of arms are placed loosely, and the arms of each pair of trucks are connected by a longitudinal rod, and so arranged that when either pair of wheels are thrown off the rails, the ends of the arms mentioned will come in contact with the rails and serve as guides.

Improvement in Flour Bolting.

The patent just granted to F. B. Hunt, and Elias Nordyke, of Richmond, Ind., whose claims are published in this week's list, embraces the expanding and contracting of the rotating brushes which act against the inner surface of the wire cloth of the bolt, and force the flour through the meshes, these brushes bearing with a greater or less pressure against the wire cloth, according as they are adjusted. Adjustable spouts are also employed and so arranged, that the bolted flour, may be separated at various points underneath the bolt according to the nature of the grain that is being ground.

Grain Separator and Smut Machine.

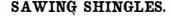
The nature of the improvement on separa tors and smut machines, for which a patent has just been granted to John Bean and B. Wright, of Hudson, Mich., as set forth in the claims of this week, consists in combining the grain separator with the smut apparatus in such a manner that the air in passing to the fan of the separator goes through the smut screen, and materially assists in cleansing the grain more perfectly than' by other machines.

Shingle Machine.

The annexed engraving is a perspective view of a shingle machine, for which a patent was granted to Charles J. Conrod, of Lower Augusta Township, Pa., on the 19th of last Sept.

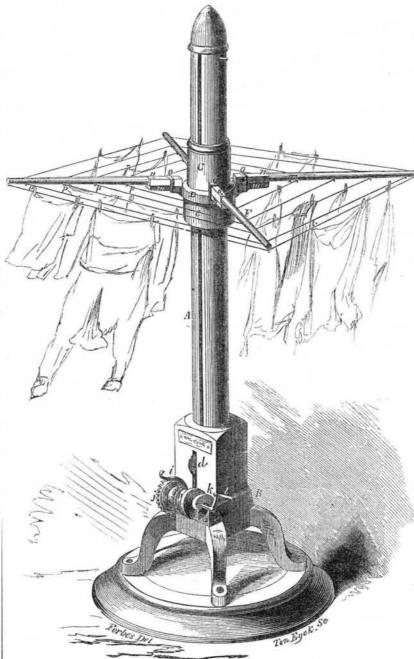
The nature of the improvement consists in lant army in the Crimea have suffered bita new mode and combination of parts, whereterly from the scarcity of fuel, as well as by the thickness of the shingles to be sawed the difficulty of cooking their food, and it is gauged with great facility, and at either was to remedy these distressing evils that end, according to the thickness and taper this contrivance was devised by its inventors. required. a is a strong table-shaped frame, We understand that it was long since apwhich supports a circular saw, i, fixed upon proved of by the government authorities, an arbor having suitable bearings. Upon to whom it was referred for examination; the two longest rails or timbers of the frame but, although it can be supplied at 17s. per are secured two iron plates, h, with flanges stove, our paralyzing and deplorable system or ways upon which the carriage frame, b, of routine has hitherto prevented the necesmoves, aided by grooved castors or friction sary supply being forwarded to the Crimea. wheels. The frame, b. is furnished with an The company have themselves sent out 100 iron plate on each of the shorter or cross of the stoves, while the apathy and incapacbars, one of which has notches in its upper ity of the official department which assumes edge one inch apart, and the other notchto manage the war, is, in addition to many es, alternately, three-fourths and one quarother causes of reproach, exemplified in their ter of an inch apart. On the carriage not having as yet followed that spirited exframe, b, and within its shorter beam there ample .-- [London Mining Journal. is placed the register carriage or frame, c, it has a pin or single tooth projecting from Opening of the Panama Railroad. each of its under sides, which rest in the The Panama Railroad was completed on notches of iron plate named, and is provided the 8th of last month, and the first train with dogs to grasp and hold the block or passed over it on that day. It caused great shingle bolt, f, about the center of the frame ; excitement among the native population, c, extends a slotted piece, carrying ways upvery few of them having ever seen a locoon its inner sides, upon which the double motive. This railroad connects the Atlantic grooved pulleys, d, traverse freely, having a with the Pacific Ocean. Hereafter those hooked projection from their axis, projecting who go from this city to the Pacific regions, through the slot, to which is fastened a cord need not fear the loss of health by fever, as passing over a pulley journalled in a projecformerly, when crossing the Isthmus. The tion from the frame, a, and sustains a countime in crossing will only be about four terbalance weight, k, the function of which hours, in comfortable cars, perfectly secludis to draw the frome, c, forward when it is ed from the weather. The Pacific Mail elevated and disengaged from the notchesin Steamship Company intend keeping one of the plates, or either of them, by the action their steamers ready at Panama, waiting for of the crooked lever, gg'. When the mapassengers from the Atlantic States, so that chine is to be used, the sawyer takes his stathey will not be required to wait, but protion with his left hand towards the shingle ceed at once from the railroad to California. bolt, f, and brings the bolt up to the saw, The English papers state that a very large he strikes or presses the shorter lever, g, dark spot can be seen in London near the which, by lifting the frame, e, allows the The annexed figure is a perspective view inventor, James R. Higgins, of Rockport, weight, k, to move the end of the frame, c, of a clothes drying machine, for which the Ind., has taken measures to secure a patent. center of the sun's disk.

which is nearest to the sawyer, three-fourths | the left hand, and a shingle is cut; it is then | A is a hollow wooden post with a vertical of an inch; the power being applied to the drawn back, and by striking the short lever slot cut in it. It is secured to a proper base, circular saw, i, in any convenient manner, nearest the end, is moved one-fourth of an B; C is a band, and D is a collar placed



other end is moved one inch, and another | til the whole is cut up at the rate of about shingle is cut, which will be of the same ta twelve shingles per minute. per and thickness as the first one. The op-More information may be obtained by leterations, as described, are then repeated un- er addressed to Mr. Conrod.

CLOTHES DRYING MACHINE.



the carriage frame, b, is pushed forward by inch, and by striking the long lever, g', the around it, and resting upon a flanch, e; m m are four radial projections on the collar, to which arms, F F are secured by screws, n n, and clamps, o; hooks, p p are secured to the undersides of the arms, and cords or lines are strung around, as shown, upon which to hang the clothes. On the base, B, in the slot of the post, there is a pulley, d, over which, from the drum or windlass, k, there passes a cord, h, up in the post, and over a small pulley (not shown) at the top. This cord is attached by one end to a hook in the inside of a flanch, e, and a pawl, i, holds the windlass from turning. By turning the crank, l, of the small windlass, the flanchand collar, C, with the clothes, is elevated to any point on the post, and the pawl, i, by catching into the ratchet teeth, j, will retain the clothes driers, which may be termed " a reel." at any point, to which it is raised. This clothes reel, be it observed, is capable of turning round by the collar, C, being adapted to rotate on its flange. By taking out the ratchet, i, from its teeth, j, the clothes reel will descend by its own gravity.

> The construction and operation of this clothes drying machine is so simple that all will understand it from this illustration and description, and more information may be obtained about it by letter addressed to Mr. Higgins.

New Portable Stove.

At the Society of Arts, on Wednesday, a portable stove for heating and cooking, called the Crimean Army Stove, constructed by Price's Patent Candle Company, was exhibited in full action. It is made of thin wrought iron, without any flue, may be used on any table and in any room, and was designed by the inventors for the use of the army, for whom it seems peculiarly suited. It is simple and compact in its arrangement. The fuel employed is cocoa-nut stearine, in cakes, burnt by means of six wicks introduced into each cake, the cake fitting into a tin dish, made exactly to contain it. No smoke is produced, and the stove is capable of boiling, baking, and broiling, and the whole is comprised in a cube of about 16 inches. The cost of fuel burnt is at the rate of 1d. per hour, a cake lasting eight hours. Our gal-