

the backs or inner sides of the rollers at top or bottom, in such a manner that any strain brought to bear on the outside of the rollers is sustained by said flanges and the gudgeons of the rollers are entirely relieved and not liable to get injured by shot or shell which may strike said rollers. The invention consists, finally, in the employment of india-rubber or other suitable packing inserted into the faces and backs of the rollers, in such a manner that said rollers will close perfectly water-tight and prevent the water from entering the ports or embrasures. W. S. Auchincloss, of New York city, is the inventor of this improvement, which has also been secured by foreign patents.

Valve Gear of Steam Engines.—This invention relates more especially to valve gear which is permanently and positively connected both with the induction or cut-off valves of the same and with a regulator, but which is yet variable under the control of the regulator to regulate the velocity of the engine by means of those valves. The principal object of the invention is so to connect the regulator with the valve gear, that a slight force only need be exerted by the regulator to materially alter the admission of steam to the cylinder, and by that means make the cut-off sensitive to slight variations in speed; and to this end it consists in a novel system of right and left-hand screws, racks and pinions, combined with the regulator and with the levers or their equivalents, with which the valves are connected, whereby friction rollers or other devices attached to the said levers are shifted upon the varying face or between the varying faces of a cam by which the operation of the valve is produced, and thereby obtain the necessary variations in the operation of the valves to regulate the velocity of the engine. Tisdale Carpenter, of Providence, R. I., is the inventor of this improvement.

40,896.—Paddle Wheel.—E. H. Bailey, Philadelphia, Pa.: I claim the two sets of inclined floats, D and D' and E and E', in combination with the annular plates, G and G', when the two sets of floats and the whole of the parts are constructed and arranged as set forth for the purpose specified.

40,897.—Corrugating Machine.—John G. Baker, Washington, D. C., assignor to Samuel J. Seely, New York City. Ante-dated Dec. 6, 1863:

I claim, first, Corrugating sheet metals, &c., between alternating die-jaws (or their equivalents), in such a manner as to form but one bend or angle in the sheet at a time.

Second, The die-jaws, 1, 2, 3, and 4, constructed and operating substantially as described.

Third, The logs, I, and J, constructed and operating substantially as described.

Fourth, Feeding the sheet of metal by its own gravity in combination with the corrugating jaws (or their equivalents), substantially as described.

Fifth, The shoes, O, constructed and operating substantially as described for the purpose of making either waved or ridged corrugations with the same set of dies or die jaws.

40,898.—Signal Switch for Railroads.—Horace H. Barnes, Mexico, N. Y.:

I claim the arrangement of the segment rack, F, pinion, I, shaft, G, lantern, J, and box, K, with the switch lever, C, and frame, D, in the manner herein shown and described.

[This invention consists in a novel application of a lantern or lamp to the lever of a switch, as hereinafter shown and described, whereby the lantern or lamp will be turned automatically as the switch is moved or adjusted, and different colored lights exposed to show the position of the switch during the night.]

40,899.—Machine for bending Angle Iron.—David Bell, Buffalo, N. Y.:

I claim shaping angle cars for iron ship building by means of the table, A, (including the adjustable pins, G), and sliding pressure bar, B, and jaws, C, operated by a screw, substantially as described.

40,900.—Corn Planter.—Wm. F. Blandin, Macomb, Ill.:

I claim, first, The adjustable shares, i, constructed, arranged and operating as and for the purposes herein specified.

Second, I claim the combination and arrangement of the crank shaft, O, provided with the arms, n, the lever, b, and connecting rod, m, for the purpose shown and set forth.

Third, I claim the removable combined tube and drill point, e, provided with the pin, p, in combination with the hopper of a corn planter, substantially as herein shown and described.

Fourth, I claim the combination and arrangement of the roller, C, provided with the pins, d, the crank shafts, h and e, the connecting bar, a, and the rollers, L, L, and combined tube and drill point, e, constructed and operating as and for the purposes herein described.

40,901.—Gaiter Boot Protector.—Frank M. Blodgett, Boston, Mass.:

I claim the combination of the ankle or leglet, A, and the frontlet gaiter, B, the same being arranged and applied together substantially as specified.

I also claim the combination and arrangement of the leg band or back piece, C, with the frontlet gaiter, B.

I also claim the combination of the ankle, A, the frontlet, B, and the back band, C, the whole being made, arranged and applied together, substantially as specified.

40,902.—Gate.—Franklin F. Blood, Janesville, Wis.:

I claim a gate balanced by a weight, B, or by a box cased up on the standards, C, and filled with sand or other substance, when combined with a friction roller, b, and hanging knives, D, and used for the purposes as herein described and set forth.

40,903.—Washing Machine.—I. J. K. Boyce, Napoleon, Ohio:

I claim the inwardly inclined presser board, B, attached to curved rods, C, which extend through slots in the top of the box, A, and are operated by a pendulum arm, D, in combination with the inwardly inclined end, g, and curved corner, h, of said box, all constructed and operating in the manner and for the purpose herein shown and described.

[This invention relates to an improvement in that class of washing machines, in which the clothes are exposed to the action of a reciprocating pressure by placing them between said presser and the end of the box or tub.]

40,904.—Protecting Lead Pipe against the action of Water.—Leopold Brandeis, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

I claim the production of sanitary pipe by the application at 22° Fahr. of a solution of sulphuric acid or an alkali to the inside of lead pipe or lead cisterns or leaden vessels for the purpose of forming a sulphide of lead, so that water will afterward not act on the pipe or vessel and cannot get contaminated by running through or by remaining standing in such pipe or vessel.

40,905.—Valve Gear for Steam Engines.—Tisdale Carpenter, Providence, R. I.:

I claim the employment in a steam or other engine of one or more right and left-hand screws, ff, pinions h, and racks, i, i, combined with each other with the regulator and with the induction valve operating mechanism, and co-operating substantially as described to produce the necessary variations in the operation of the valves for the regulation of the engine.

40,906.—Balance.—H. W. Catlin, Burlington, Vt.:

I claim, first, The plunger, J, connected to the scale beam, E, and immersed in quicksilver or other fluid or semi-fluid contained in a proper vessel, K, to operate as and for the purpose specified.

Second, The weight indicator or formed of the diagonally graduated plate, M, connected to the beam, E, as shown in connection with one or two stationary index plates, O, O, arranged substantially as set forth.

40,907.—Corset.—L. L. Chapman, Camden, N. J.:

I claim in ladies corsets, constructed to have the breast puffs, elastic shoulder braces, and stay pieces, as described and set forth, the employment of the short, straight clasp spring steel springs, arranged in front so as to be entirely below and free from the puffs, B, B, as herein described and set forth, in combination with the single cord lacing, D, D, in the back of the corset and adjustable in front as described, the said springs and lacing operating together in the said shoulder braces and stay pieces, substantially in the manner described for the purposes specified.

40,908.—Evaporator for Saccharine Liquids.—J. C. Chesney, Abingdon, Ill.:

I claim the employment or use of a furnace, A, with two or more fire-places, B, C, one above the other, in combination with a vertical flue, E, two or more horizontal flues, B' C', and suitable pans, B* C* and dampers, h, c', all constructed and operating in the manner and for the purpose substantially as shown and described.

40,909.—Cultivator.—Marcus Milton Clark, Industry, Ill.:

I claim the vertically adjustable stirrups, f, and hinged plow beams, F, in combination with the frame, A, running on wheels, B, which can be turned in either direction by a hand lever, D; all constructed and operating in the manner and for the purpose herein shown and described.

[This invention relates to an improvement in that class of cultivators which straddle one row and pass over the growing plants, and the principal object of the improvement is to enable the driver to govern the motion of the cultivator so that the same follows the sinuosities of the rows with care and facility.]

40,910.—Hauling or Driving Chains or Belts.—Wm. Clissold, Dudbridge, England:

I claim the compound links, a, with the wood-filling pieces, d, d, in combination with the coupling plates, b, or their equivalent, substantially as described.

40,911.—Clasp for Harness Tugs.—L. D. Cowles, Armada, Mich.:

I claim the box, C, in combination with the crimped or corrugated plate, B, and strap, A, and the plate or lever, D, one or more, provided with the clamps formed of the projections, b, b, and roller, c, or their equivalents, all arranged to operate as herein set forth.

[The object of this invention is to obtain a simple and efficient device which will supersede the ordinary tug buckle, and is an improvement on a clasp for the same purpose, for which Letters Patent

were granted to this invention, bearing date Feb. 17, 1863. This invention consists in the employment or use of a box provided with a lever and clamp, in connection with a corrugated plate and strap.]

40,912.—Clasp for Harness Tugs.—L. D. Cowles, Armada, Mich.:

I claim the box composed of two parts, A, B, connected together by the pins, e, on the part, B, fitted in eccentric slots, f, f, in plates, C, C, pivoted to the part, A, substantially as shown to form a new and improved clasp for harness tugs as set forth.

[This invention relates to a new and improved clasp to supersede the ordinary tug buckle for harness, and it consists in the employment or use of what may be termed a box formed of two parts connected together by means of pins and eccentrics arranged in such a manner that the two parts may be opened and closed with the greatest facility, and one strap firmly secured in the box and connected with the other strap which is permanently secured to the box, and the strap first named readily released so as to be "taken up" or "let out" when necessary.]

40,913.—Apparatus for lifting and removing Wheel Tires.—George W. Creamer, Fillmore, Pa.:

I claim, first, The tongs, A, A', a2, checks, a3, rod, C, arm, D, handle, E, and bar or ear, F, employed in the manner described to elevate and convey wheel tires.

Second, In combination with two pairs of tongs, I claim the rigid rod, B, operating as described to adapt the tongs to act in conjunction, and either grasp or release the tire.

[This is a very useful invention for the purpose of taking the tire from the fire in which it is heated and setting it upon the wheel without exposing the operators to heat or smoke, or compelling them to support the weight in a constrained posture.]

40,914.—Washing Fluid.—Parmer R. Cross, Lowell, Ind.:

I claim the washing fluid, composed of the herein described ingredients, in the proportions specified, substantially as and for the purposes set forth and described.

40,915.—Cultivator.—John R. Davis, Bloomfield, Iowa:

I claim in combination with the pivoted cultivator frames, I, J, J', K, L, also the hooked foot levers, N, N', rods, P, and staples, Q, all constructed, arranged, and operating as specified, so that either or both the frames may be readily raised by the feet of the driver and retained by hooking the treadles into the staples, Q, as explained.

[By means of this invention the plow on both sides may be raised either separately or simultaneously by the feet of the operator, and retained at any desired height.]

40,916.—Skate Fastening.—C. T. Day, Newark, N. J.:

I claim the bars, F, F I, constructed, arranged, and applied to the skate, substantially as shown, so as to be capable of being moved in a longitudinal and lateral direction and clamp or grasp the sole of the boot or shoe, in the manner and for the purpose specified.

I further claim the screw rod, J, and nut, H, applied to the bars, F, F I, to operate in the manner and for the purpose set forth.

[This invention relates to a new and improved mode of attaching the skate to the boot or shoe and it consists in the employment or use of clamps arranged and applied to the skate in such a manner that a combined lateral and longitudinal adjusting movement is given them for the purpose of grasping the sole of the boot or shoe and firmly securing the skate to the same. The invention further consists in operating the clamps by means of a screw-rod and nut, arranged with the clamps in such a manner that all of the latter will be operated or moved simultaneously in securing the skate to the boot or shoe.]

40,917.—Machine for Polishing Rice.—Silas Dodson, Bloomsburg, Pa.

I claim the employment of the rings, r, in combination with the screen, H, and the bars, l, in the manner and for the purpose herein shown and described.

In combination with the inclined adjustable rotating polisher, I, I claim giving an independent rotary motion to the inclined screen, H, as and for the purpose herein shown and described.

40,918.—Hair Dye.—Dominique Duprat, New York City:

I claim a hair dye composed of the ingredients herein specified and mixed together, substantially in the manner and about in the proportion set forth.

[This invention consists in a composition of pomade or fat scented with some perfume, nitrate of silver and gallic acid mixed together so as to produce a hair dye capable of restoring the original color to hairs of all shades.]

40,919.—Operating Gun Carriage.—John Ericsson, New York City:

I claim, first, The employment for controlling and checking the recoil of gun carriage and for holding the same stationary while loading, and at other times, of a self-acting friction brake or clutch detached from the carriage but geared therewith, substantially as herein described.

Second, The employment for the purpose of running the gun-carriage out or in, of the same system of gearing by which the gun-carriage is geared with the aforesaid friction-brake or clutch, substantially as herein specified.

Third, So applying and arranging the two portions, Q, R, of the friction-brake or clutch in connection with the gearing by which the gun is worked, and so arranging a movable stop to act on teeth provided on one portion of the brake or clutch that by a mere shifting of the stop the brake or clutch is brought either to a condition to check the recoil or prevent the movement of the carriage, or to a condition to permit it to run freely, substantially as herein specified.

40,920.—Artificial Fuel.—Thomas M. Fell, Brooklyn, N. Y. Ante-dated Dec. 4, 1863:

I claim the within-described artificial fuel manufactured from anthracite and asphaltums in the manner described.

40,921.—Skate.—Martin Feurstein, Williamsburg, N. Y.:

I claim a skate iron, A, provided with two or more hinged dogs, b, c, as and for the purpose described.

Also inserting the dog or dogs in slots, d, as and for the purpose specified.

[The object of this invention is to enable unpracticed skaters to strike out with their skates without the liability of slipping backwards or in a lateral direction, whereby they are caused to lose their balance and to fall.]

40,922.—Forage Ration.—Matthew Fletcher, Louisville, Ky.:

I claim the forage ration composed of proper relative proportions of certain sorts of food when the former is secured and stored within the latter, both constituting one bale or package, made substantially in the manner and for the purpose described.

40,923.—Clothes and Hat Hook.—George B. Fowler, New York City:

I claim the claw, a, and brad or brads, b, in combination with the bracket, B, A, constructed and operating in the manner and for the purpose substantially as herein shown and described.

40,924.—Compound Oil for Burning and Lubricating.—R. A. Gilman, Woodland, Wis. Ante-dated Nov. 21, 1863:

I claim combining animal fats, such as tallow and lard, &c., with mineral hydro-carbon oils, such as petroleum, coal oil, &c., by mixing them in the proportion herein specified, and heating them to a temperature of 185° Fahr. (more or less), with or without the addition of lime and sulphate of zinc, for the purpose described.

[This invention consists in heating animal fats, such as tallow, lard, &c., together with mineral hydro-carbon oils, such as petroleum, coal oil, &c., in such a manner and to such a temperature that said animal fats unite and combine with the mineral oils and the mixture becomes liquidified and suitable for lubricating and burning purposes.]



ISSUED FROM THE UNITED STATES PATENT-OFFICE FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 15, 1863. Reported Officially for the Scientific American.

Pamphlets containing the Patent Laws and full particulars of the mode of applying for Letters Patent, specifying size of model required, and much other information useful to inventors, may be had gratis by addressing MUNN & CO., Publishers of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, New York.

40,892.—Printing Press.—John F. Allen & R. W. McGowan, New York City:

I claim the cylinders, B F F', in combination with the reciprocating form bed, H, all arranged to operate in the manner substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

[This invention relates to a new and improved printing press for printing with a plurality of colors simultaneously or at one operation, the sheet to be thus printed upon being required to pass but once through the press. The invention consists in the employment or use of a rotary cylinder, in combination with a series of cylindrical forms or type-cylinders, and a reciprocating form or type bed; all arranged to effect the desired end.]

40,893.—Operating Gun Carriage.—S. J. Ashley, San Francisco, Cal.:

I claim the gearing together of the front and back traverse wheels by means of a system of gearing in such manner that the power is applied to produce the motion of both sets of wheels simultaneously by power applied through a crank shaft or its equivalent at or near the rear end of the chassis, or in such position as may be most convenient, substantially as and for the purpose herein specified.

40,894.—Apparatus for Amalgamating Precious Metals.—J. B. Attwater, Chicago, Ill.:

I claim the employment or use of one or more reciprocating frames, H, provided with arms or levers, f, having bars, h, or their equivalents attached to form elevators, in connection with the tray or box, A, all arranged to operate in the manner substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

[This invention consists in the employment or use of one or more reciprocating frames composed of a series of bars constructed in such a manner and arranged in connection with a tray or vessel to hold the quicksilver and "tailings," that both the small and large particles of metal contained in the tailings will be brought in contact with the quicksilver, and a thorough amalgamation effected.]

40,895.—Port Closer for Vessels of War.—Wm. Stuart Auchincloss, New York City:

I claim first, The employment or use for a port hole closer of two rollers, A, each being made to rotate independently of the other and provided with a cavity, b, as described, so that by turning the rollers to the proper position an opening is obtained which allows of giving to the gun any desired elevation, or of training the same to an angle of 45° or more, substantially as set forth.

Second, The combination of the flanges, B, with the rollers, A, constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose herein shown and described.

40,966.—Car Coupling.—John Van Dyne, Crum Elbow, N. Y. : I claim the arrangement of the cam, F, jaws, B, and springs, C, with the guides, D, D', head, A, and shackle, E, in the manner herein shown and described.

[The object of this invention is to simplify the car coupling by dispensing with certain parts thereof, and at the same time render the coupling more efficient than it originally was.]

40,967.—Tool for Fastening Boiler Tubes.—Aaron Van Guysling, North Greenbush, N. Y. : I claim, first, The application of the handle, F, to the sleeve, A, to operate in combination with the segmental expanders, D, and conical mandrel, C, in the manner and for the purpose substantially as described.

Second, So arranging the segmental expanders, D, in relation to each other and to the sleeve, A, that the same when not expanded leave no gaps between their adjoining edges, and when expanded they embrace the largest possible part of the inner surface of the tube as set forth.

This invention is intended as an improvement on a tool for attaching tubes to boilers, on which a patent was granted to Thomas Frosser, April 17, 1849. The improvement relates to the slotted sleeve which forms the guide for the segmental expanders, and which is provided with a handle so that after the conical mandrel has been inserted, the tool can be turned, and that by this action the joints between the tools and tube-stub is rendered smooth, free from ridges or wrinkles and perfectly tight.]

40,968.—Confining the ends of Elliptic Springs.—Richard Vose, New York City : I claim the combination of curved, tension-spring plates, with elastic bearing plates, in the construction of a tension elliptic spring, when said tension plates are self-retained in their proper positions, and left free to expand independently of each other, substantially as is herein set forth and described.

I claim also the use of hollowed caps to retain and secure the ends of the elastic plates, in an elliptical or semi-elliptical tension plate spring, substantially in the manner and for the purpose herein set forth.

40,969.—Shingle Machine.—Martin Weaver, Millersburgh, Pa. Ante-dated Dec. 1, 1863 : I claim, first, The combination of the horizontal circular saw, C, adapted to cut on both sides of the horizontal endless chain, E, and gage blocks, K, all arranged and operating as herein set forth.

Second, The combination of the tables, N, N', with the rollers, M, M', endless chain, F, gage blocks, K, K', and double-acting saw, C, all constructed and operating as described.

[By means of this invention shingles are sawn at two places on a shingle machine as fast as two operators can place the blocks in position.]

40,970.—Portable Photographic Gallery.—Samuel Weaver, Gettysburgh, Pa. : I claim the enlargement of a portable daguerrean gallery or house, by means of the elongated sliding bars, C, friction roller boxes, D, movable sides, G, and friction rollers, E, as arranged, and operating substantially in the manner herein specified.

40,971.—Vegetable Cutter.—Amos H. Wellington, Woodstock, Vt. : I claim my improved machine or combination and arrangement of the vertical conical hopper, B, the two retainers or cutting boards, L, L', and a vertical hollow cone or frustum, C, provided with knives having throats opening into the interior space or chamber of the said cone or frustum, the whole being substantially as and for the purpose and to operate as hereinbefore specified.

40,972.—Shuttle Fastening.—Gilbert D. Whitmore, Boston, Mass. : I claim the above-explained improved blind fastener, having a handle, E, and two or any other suitable number of inclined cam slots, e, made and applied together and arranged with respect to a spring-bolt, A, and its case, B, substantially in manner and so as to operate therewith and with catches, F, H, disposed as specified.

40,973.—Cultivator.—Erastus Wilcox, Delhi, Iowa : I claim the combination and arrangement of the frame, A, B, B', bars, D, D', and adjustable standards, F, F', wheels, H, H', inclined bars, I, I', and J, J', stands, N, N', and T, T', bars, L, and handles, J', J', shovels, Q, Q', and V, with cultivating shovels, S, and X, the whole constructed as described.

40,974.—Fan Blower.—William Winter, Plainfield, N. J. : I claim the annular air-chamber, A, and double-conical cavity, B, with central aperture, C, in combination with triangular rotary wings, B', constructed and operating substantially as and for the purpose shown and described.

40,975.—Cast-iron Building Pieces.—Robert Wood, Philadelphia, Pa. : I claim building pieces consisting of hollow cast-iron shells, having projections and holes arranged substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

40,976.—Refrigerator.—W. M. Baker (assignor to himself and W. R. Heath), Walpole, Ind. : I claim the air-tubes, I, J, and air-chamber, H, in combination with the ice-chamber, D, and ventilator, K, all being arranged in relation with the inner case, B, to operate in the manner substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

[This invention relates to an improvement on a refrigerator for which Letters Patent were granted to this inventor, bearing date July 13, 1863. The object of the invention is to supply the interior of the refrigerator with cold dry air and to carry off from the former all gaseous impurities.]

40,977.—Cooling and Discharging Fermented Liquors.—Felix Brunnon (assignor to himself and Joseph N. Naglee), Philadelphia, Pa. : I claim a vessel, A, of any suitable form for containing ice and water, and the weighted inverted vessel, D, in combination with the cocks and tubes herein described, or any equivalent to the same, the whole operating substantially as described, for the purpose specified.

40,978.—Primed Metallic Cartridge.—Silas Crispin, New York City, assignor to Thomas Poultney, Baltimore, Md. : I claim, first, The combination of a thin-wrapped metal and paper cartridge case with a primer, so securely fastened together as to form a primed expanding wrapped metal and paper cartridge, substantially as above described.

Second, The combination of a thin-wrapped metal cartridge case and a primer, so securely fastened together as to constitute a primed expanding wrapped metal cartridge, substantially as described.

40,979.—Corn Harvester.—Edward J. Eno (assignor to Stephen H. Eno), Jacksonville, Ill. : I claim, first, The rising and falling plates, I, I', operated by the part pinion, J, J', in combination with the guide arms, e, and the endless apron, Q, all being placed within or attached to a box, C, applied to the body of a cart or wagon, to operate substantially as and for the purpose herein set forth.

Second, The particular manner of attaching the box, C, to the wagon body, to wit, by means of the posts, D, and keys, E, as herein set forth.

[This invention relates to a new and improved machine for detaching the ears of corn from the standing stalks, and depositing the former in a cart or wagon as the latter is drawn along over the field and in proper relation with the rows of corn.]

40,980.—Spindle Bolsters of Spinning Machines.—Richard Fethney, Manchester, England, assignor to Lewis Leigh, Seymour, Conn. Patented in England Nov. 5, 1861 : I claim, first, The tubular bolster for spindles, herein described, provided with spherical bearing fitting a recess in the spindle rail, for the purposes and substantially as specified.

Second, I claim the means, substantially as described, for preventing the rotation of said bolster and retaining it in its recess in the spindle rail as set forth.

40,981.—Lever Jack.—Thomas M. Kane (assignor to himself and Ogden Howell), Goshen, N. Y. : I claim the construction of the uprights, in combination with the lever block and clevis, when constructed, arranged and combined as herein described and for the purposes set forth.

40,982.—Fan Blower.—M. V. Noble, St. Anthony, Minn., assignor to himself, J. C. Nobles and Eliza C. Suydam : I claim, in combination with a fan case having closed eyes, and a divided fan, the double sets of inlet and exit air ducts or passages, C' and D, D', constructed, arranged and operating together for the purpose of drawing in and forcing through it counter currents of pure and impure air, substantially as and for the purpose described.

40,983.—Mode of Fastening Bales of Merchandise.—T. W. Reilly (assignor to Hector H. McClean), New Orleans, La. : I claim the buckle, A, with tongues, d, d, and center piece, C, as fully represent d in the drawings.

40,984.—Manufacture of Artificial Stone.—F. M. Ruschhaupt, New York City, assignor to J. G. Kershaw, Philadelphia, Pa. : I claim the manufacture of artificial stone from lime, clay and gelatinous silicic acid, mixed and pressed substantially as set forth, for the purpose specified.

40,985.—Hoop Skirt.—S. S. Sherwood, Acquackanonk, N. J., assignor to himself and Alexander Douglas, English Neighborhood, N. J. : I claim the combination with the tapes, A, woven with loops or which equivalent, and the bases, B, B', the cords or straps, F, F', when the latter are secured outside of the tapes, and not through them, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

40,986.—Turbine Water Wheels.—Seth Whalen, Balston Spa, N. Y., assignor to himself and Hannah Whalen, Burnt Hills, N. Y. : I claim the guide wheel, g, with the chutes, l, l, and central discharge wheel, k, with the buckets, 2, 2, substantially as specified, in combination with the stop water or cap, i, extending from the guide wheel, g, to the shaft, h, as and for the purposes specified.

I also claim the follower blocks, n, and keys or wedges, 5, in combination with the stop water or cap, i, for the purposes and as specified.

40,987.—Mill for Grinding Fruit, Grain, &c.—Wm. N. Whiteley, Jerome Fassler and O. S. Kelly, Springfield, Ohio : First, We claim the three grinding rollers in combination with the metal segments, k, k, constructed substantially as described for the purposes set forth.

Second, In combination with the frame and grinding rollers arranged substantially as described, we claim arranging the gearing which communicates motion to or between the rollers on the ends of the shafts outside of the journal boxes and frame, substantially as described.

Third, We claim, in combination with the ribbed segment, N, the spiral, crushing and feeding roller arranged over the grinding rollers, H and H', substantially as described and shown, to crush and feed the apples uniformly to the grinding rollers, and to regulate the pressure.

Fourth, We claim two spiral-ribbed grinding rollers running together at different velocities, with the ribs of one roller crossing the ribs on the other at an angle where the grinding is effected, in combination with the crushing and feeding roller arranged above them.

Fifth, We claim the combination of the hopper, Q, ribbed segment, N, segments, R, R', and rides, L, L', with the rollers, M, forming the crushing box, constructed so as to be readily removed, as described, for washing and cleaning the mill.

40,988.—Metallic Cartridge.—T. J. Rodman, Watertown, Mass., and Silas Crispin, New York City, assignors to Thomas Poultney, Baltimore, Md. : We claim, first, The thin metal-wrapped cartridge case, made substantially in the manner described and for the purpose set forth.

Second, We claim the combination of a thin metal-wrapped cartridge case combined with an internal or external strengthening disk or cups, whether this disk or cup is made of paper, metal, or an elastic material, substantially as above described.

RE-ISSUES.

1,589.—Loom.—Thomas Lovelidge, Philadelphia, Pa. Patented Feb. 14, 1860 : I claim yarn-delivering mechanism, consisting of a toothed wheel and a detent or escapement lever, or their equivalents, applied to or operating with the yarn beam, substantially as set forth, when the said mechanism is controlled by the tension of the yarn, through the medium of the devices herein set forth, or the equivalent to the same.

1,590.—Preparation of Straw for Paper Pulp.—J. B. Palser and Gardner Howland, Fort Edward, N. Y. Patented June 21, 1859. Re-issued July 3, 1860 : I claim the process of subjecting straw or similar stalks to the simultaneous action of an alkaline agitator, and a high temperature, such as is produced by contact with a surface heated by steam heat, whereby such a change is effected in the organization of the glutinous or resinous matters contained in the material that the fibrous material can be separated from them by washing.

1,591.—J. B. Palser and Gardner Howland, Fort Edward N. Y. Patented March 20, 1860 : We claim a new article of manufacture the staple fiber made substantially as herein set forth.

1,592.—Sewing Machine.—William Stanley (assignee by mesne assignments of A. H. Hook), New York City. Patented Nov. 30, 1859 : I claim the combination of the lever, s, m, n, arm, k, spring, o, and cam, p, constructed and arranged substantially as and for the purpose specified.

The combination of the two washers or plates, z, z, concave at the center and rounded at their outer edges, with a center pin, and any suitable means to give such plates pressure, substantially as and for the purposes set forth.

DESIGNS.

1,876.—Metal Tea Set.—Ernest Kaufman, Philadelphia, Pa. 1,877 and 1,878.—Stove Plates.—D. E. Paris, Troy, N. Y.

EXTENSIONS.

Machinery for Making Cord.—W. E. Nichols, East Hadam, Conn. Patented Dec. 11 1849. Re-issued Jan. 20, 1857 : I claim, first, Twisting or controlling the twist of the strands while the main frame is revolving to lay them into cord, by causing an even-faced wheel attached concentrically to and revolving with the bobbin frame to travel over a fixed and smooth surface, friction causing the frame to revolve.

Second, Revolving the bobbin frames on their own axes to twist the strands, at the same time that they are carried round a common center to twist the cord by rolling them on the surface of a stationary annular inclined track toward the inner or outer periphery of which they can be adjusted, so as to vary the relative twist of the strands and cord, substantially as herein set forth.

Third, I claim the construction and arrangement of the central stem or spindle of the bobbin frame, operating substantially as herein set forth; whereby the yarns are collectively subjected to progressively increasing tension, and twist, from the commencement to the end of the process of laying them into the strand, whereby the latter is rendered smooth and regular in its figure and of uniform density and strength, and subjected to uniform tension, while being laid into the cord.

Loom for Weaving Figured Fabrics.—Moses Marshall, Lowell, Mass. Patented Dec. 11, 1849. Re-issued April 24, 1860 : I claim combining with the jacks that operate the series of leaves of heddles, and with the lifter and depresser and pattern chain, or any equivalent apparatus for determining the pattern, a mechanism for holding the jacks either in their elevated or depressed position, when not required to be operated, substantially as and for the purpose specified.

I also claim imparting an irregular motion, substantially such as herein described, to the jacks, by means of eccentric cog wheels, substantially as and for the purpose specified.



O. M. B., of Conn.—By covering the surface of your galvanizing vessel with powdered charcoal, lampblack or soot, you not troubled with disagreeable fumes.

O. E. M., of Ill.—We have never seen a casting (part of which was chilled) rendered malleable, with the chilled part preserved in the original condition.

T. C., of R. I.—You state that an article recently patented in England has been introduced and sold here, and you ask—"if I obtain an assignment from the patentee and take out a patent here, can I prevent the further manufacture of the article by other parties?" We reply you can; but the inventor must make the application for the patent in his own name and assign the whole right to you, in which case the patent would issue to you as assignee.

T. G. S., of C. W.—We have no business information concerning House's mode of operating window blinds. Unless you get the facts from him we do not know in what other way you can do so.

L. D. G. of N. J.—Address J. C. Hoadley & Co., Lawrence, Mass., for a small engine for farm purposes. We are glad to see that you are so sensible as to contemplate using steam on your farm instead of depending on hand labor. English farmers are derided sometimes for their oldfogy ideas, but they are about twenty-five years ahead of their brethren in our country in this respect. Knitting machines are in practical operation, and there are many that come within the range of ordinary family use. The wind dial and register is about a century old, if not more.

C. E. F., of N. Y.—Your method of expressing cider appears to be new, and we do not see any reason why the plan would not work well, though there may be practical difficulties which could only be found out by experiment.

R. S. S. H., of Md.—The *New England Farmer* is published in Boston. You had better send on \$2 and subscribe for it, and we have no doubt the editor will answer your enquiry.

A. C. E., of Mass.—You ask if there would be much risk in your going to Buffalo "to get a situation as second engineer on a propeller." You are just as competent to answer such a question as we are. We know nothing whatever about situations on Buffalo propellers.

H. H., of Ohio.—If an invention has been in use in your town for five years a valid patent could not be obtained for it—you can continue the use of the invention without danger of molestation. We thank you for your efforts to increase the circulation of our paper in your neighborhood.

G. W. F., of Ohio.—We cannot tell you how to split stones by chemical means so as to be of any practical value.

H. W. F., of C. W.—Clean your coins with dilute sulphuric acid; one part of acid in ten of water will answer very well. If there are dates upon them this will bring them out, if not, not. Nothing can bring out the date of coin which has been worn off; there are some old coin washers in this city, we are told, who have a simple method for bringing out dates—that is to manufacture 'em.

J. L. H., of Mich.—"Campin's Practical Mechanics," contains a portion of the information you seek. We cannot see how it is that correspondents write to us for information upon matters that we have just printed whole columns about in the *SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN*. A little more attention would save trouble on all sides.

Money Received.

At the Scientific American Office, on account of Patent Office business, from Wednesday, Dec. 16, to Wednesday, Dec. 23, 1864 :—

- J. O. H., of Pa., \$44; B. E., of N. Y., \$25; J. M., of N. Y., \$25; L. S., of N. Y., \$41; H. H. E., of Conn., \$16; L. O. C., of Pa., \$20; W. H. B., of Cal., \$20; E. C., of N. Y., \$40; W. F. O., of Mass., \$45; O. & F., of Mass., \$20; R. T., of N. Y., \$20; G. B., of N. J., \$16; J. E., of N. Y., \$16; R. H., of Mass., \$20; G. G. H., of Conn., \$45; C. C. C., of N. Y., \$45; J. E., of N. Y., \$100; F. McC., of Conn., \$50; V. H. H., of N. Y., \$12; S. L., of Ohio, \$16; D. & K., of Cal., \$30; G. B. McD., of Ky., \$16; G. R. V., of N. Y., \$30; H. C., of Ohio, \$47; H. W. B., of Iowa, \$16; E. M. K., of Iowa, \$16; J. T., of Ind., \$16; A. & H., of Conn., \$30; T. A. M., of Pa., \$16; C. W., of Mich., \$25; A. J. M., of N. Y., \$32; J. B. H., of R. I., \$100; W. H., of N. Y., \$12; W. L., of N. Y., \$48; W. M. K., of N. Y., \$41; J. B., Jr., of N. Y., \$20; H. S. B., of La., \$15; R. S. C., of Iowa, \$45; W. M. D., of N. Y., \$41; B. A. H., of Iowa, \$45; E. C. C., of Ill., \$41; T. R. C., of Mass., \$45; G. S. F., of Mass., \$20; W. H., of N. Y., \$22; N. C. W., of N. Y., \$25; H. H. H., of Ohio, \$16; D. L., of Vt., \$20; C. T., of N. J., \$16; M. B., of Ky., \$26; J. W. P., of Mass., \$35; J. Z., of Ill., \$15; H. S. S., of Mass., \$16; A. L. S., of Conn., \$25; G. T. B., of Mass., \$16; R. G., of Mass., \$20; G. S., of Maine, \$16; T. J. B., of Wis., \$16; A. A., of Ill., \$16; N. J. A., of Ill., \$16; P. B., of N. J., \$25; G. C., of Conn., \$16; S. D. T., of Mass., \$16; M. H. M., of Ohio, \$16; F. C., of Mass., \$35; A. S., of N. Y., \$20; P. B., of Bavaria, \$16; J. T. L., of N. Y., \$12; J. D., of N. Y., \$20; S. F., of N. Y., \$45; J. C., of N. J., \$20; S. B., of N. Y., \$20; M. F., of Conn., \$20; H. & H., of N. Y., \$25; P. C., of N. Y., \$96; W. F., of Mo., \$20; L. C., of Russia, \$16; E. & H., of Mass., \$20; W. X. S., of Mass., \$20; E. W., of N. Y., \$16; G. O. W., of Mass., \$25; B. & G., of Conn., \$25; J. P. B., of Ill., \$50; A. G. W., of Cal., \$30; J. W. D., of Mich., \$15; T. & S., of Wis., \$16; G. H. S., of Conn., \$16; S. D. D., of Iowa, \$16; S. & S., of Ill., \$15; T. S. M., of Ohio, \$16; T. J. T., of Md., \$16; G. H. E., of Mass., \$15; N. H. R., of N. J., \$16; J. S., of Mo., \$16; W. H., of Pa., \$16.

Persons having remitted money to this office will please to examine the above list to see that their initials appear in it, and if they have